

LYXOR NEW ENERGY UCITS ETF

rapport
annuel

FONDS COMMUN DE PLACEMENT - FCP DE DROIT FRANÇAIS

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Management company	LYXOR INTERNATIONAL ASSET MANAGEMENT 17, cours Valmy – 92987 Paris La Défense Cedex.
Depository and Custodian	SOCIÉTÉ GÉNÉRALE 75886 Paris Cedex 18.
Underwriters	SOCIÉTÉ GÉNÉRALE 75886 Paris Cedex 18.
Auditors	PRICEWATERHOUSE COOPERS AUDIT 63, rue de Villiers - 92208 Neuilly-sur-Seine Cedex.

INFORMATION ON THE INVESTMENTS AND MANAGEMENT

Classification:

International equities.

At least 60% of the MF is permanently exposed in a foreign equity market or in equity markets of several countries, possibly including the French market. The MF is an index-based fund of the UCITS ETF type.

Terms of determination and allocation of amounts available for distribution:

The management company reserves the right to capitalise and/or distribute all or part of the amounts available for distribution, one or more times each year. The net capital gains generated will be capitalised.

Management objective:

The MF's management objective is to replicate the evolution of the World Alternative Energy Index CW Net Total Return index (the "Benchmark Indicator"), listed in euros (EUR), while insofar as possible minimizing the tracking error between the MF's performances and those of the Benchmark Indicator.

The anticipated level of the ex-post tracking error under normal market conditions is 0.30%.

Benchmark Indicator:

The benchmark indicator is the World Alternative Energy Index CW Net Total Return index (net dividends reinvested) ("Cap-Weighted").

The Benchmark Indicator is an equity index calculated by DOW JONES, maintained by SAM (Sustainable Asset Management) and published by the SOCIÉTÉ GÉNÉRALE group.

The Benchmark Indicator is a reference index dedicated to the renewable energy sector. In September 2007, the Benchmark Indicator was made up of 20 securities.

The Benchmark Indicator is made up of securities listed on the markets in Europe, America and Asia, of which the bulk of their incomes comes from one of the three following business sectors:

- Renewable energy (sun, wind, biomass),
- Energy efficiency (better use of energy sources, notably through electric meters and superconductors),
- Decentralisation of power supplies (electricity generation near the consumer, notably via micro-turbines and fuel cells). None of these three business sectors can include more than 10 securities.

The weighting of the Benchmark Indicator is calculated on the basis of the floating capitalisations of each of the components and no component can represent more than 10% of the Benchmark Indicator.

The monitored performance is that of the Benchmark Indicator closing prices.

An exhaustive description and the complete methodology for the construction of the Benchmark Indicator as well as information on the composition and relative weights of the Benchmark Indicator's components are available on the Internet site:

<https://www.sginde.fr/index.php?id=122&bbg=WAEXPC>

Benchmark Indicator revision and composition

The Benchmark Indicator is analysed and rebalanced quarterly, after the closing of the 3rd Friday in March, June, September and December. Its composition is reviewed twice a year, in June and December.

The exact composition of the Benchmark Indicator and the rules of revision of its composition are available on the Internet site: www.sgindex.fr/index.php?id=122&bbg=WAEXPC

The rebalancing frequency indicated above does not affect the cost of implementing the Investment strategy.

BENCHMARK INDICATOR PUBLICATION

The Benchmark Indicator is calculated daily using the official closing prices of the exchanges where the constituent stocks are listed.

The Benchmark Indicator is also calculated and published in real time every day that the Benchmark Indicator is published. The Benchmark Indicator is available in real time via Reuters and Bloomberg.

Reuters code: WAEXC

Bloomberg code: WAEXC

The Benchmark Indicator's closing price is available on the Internet site: www.sgindex.com.

Investment strategy:**1. Strategy employed**

The MF will comply with the investment rules dictated by the European Directive no. 2009/65/EC dated 13 July 2009.

In pursuit of the greatest possible correlation with the performance of the Benchmark Indicator, the MF will achieve its management objective using the indirect replication method which means that it will enter into one or more OTC swap contracts enabling it to achieve its investment objective. The objective of these swap contracts will be to exchange (i) the value of the MF's assets, which will consist of balance sheet assets (excluding any securities received as guarantees), for (ii) the value of the securities that underlie the Benchmark Indicator.

The securities held as assets by the MF may notably be securities that make up the Benchmark Indicator, as well as other international equities, from all economic sectors, listed on all markets, including the small caps markets.

The basket of assets held may be adjusted daily such that its value will generally be at least 100% of the net assets. When necessary, this adjustment will be made to ensure that the counterparty risk arising from the aforementioned swap contract will be entirely neutralized.

Information relative to (i) the updated composition of the basket of the balance sheet assets held in the MF's portfolio and (ii) the market value of the future exchange operation entered into by the MF are available on the page dedicated to the MF on the Internet site www.lyxoretf.com. The update frequency and/or the update date of the aforesaid information is also indicated on the same page of the aforesaid Internet site.

As part of the management of its exposure, the MF may be exposed up to 20% of its assets in equities from a single issuing entity. This 20% limit will be checked on each rebalancing date of the Benchmark Indicator, in application of the Benchmark Indicator's calculation method that limits the exposure to each equity of a single issuing entity to 20%, and for which the calculation is carried out by the sponsor or the calculation agent of the Benchmark Indicator. This 20% limit can be increased to 35% for a single issuing entity when this proves to be justified by exceptional conditions within the market, notably when certain securities are heavily dominant and/or in the event of high volatility of a financial instrument or of securities from an economic sector represented by the Benchmark Indicator, in particular in the event of a public offering affecting one of the securities making up the Benchmark Indicator or in the event of a significant restriction of liquidity affecting one or more financial instruments making up the Benchmark Indicator.

In the present case, the manager intends to primarily use the following assets:

2. Balance sheet assets (excluding integrated derivatives)

The MF may hold, in compliance with the ratios contained in the regulation, international equities (from all economic sectors, listed on all markets), including within the small cap markets.

The aforementioned equities will be chosen on the basis of criteria:

- of eligibility, in particular:

- o Subordination to the main market indices or to the Benchmark Indicator,
- o Liquidity (minimal thresholds applied to mean daily volumes of transactions and to the equity market capitalisation),
- o Rating of the country of the issuer's head office (requirement of a minimal threshold in S&P rating or equivalent).

- of diversification, notably:

- o Issuer (application of ratios applicable to the eligible assets of a UCITS, as specified in Art. R214-21 of the [French] Monetary and Financial Code),
- o Geographical area,
- o Sector.

For more information on the abovementioned eligibility and diversification criteria, in particular the list of the eligible indices, investors can visit the following Internet site: www.lyxoretf.com.

The investment in undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (“UCITS”) that comply with Directive 2009/65/EC is limited to 10% of the net assets. The manager will not invest in units or equities of AIF or other investment funds established on the basis of foreign laws.

When the MF receives securities as guarantee under the conditions and limits of this section’s paragraph 8 below, they will also constitute balance sheet assets received in full ownership by the MF, given that they are received by the MF in full ownership.

As part of the future optimisation of the MF’s management, the manager reserves the right to use other instruments within the limits of the regulations in order to achieve the management objective.

3. Off-balance sheet assets (derivative instruments)

The MF will have recourse to index-linked swaps traded over-the-counter, exchanging the value in the MF’s assets (or of any other financial instrument or asset held by the MF, where appropriate) against the value of the Benchmark Indicator (in compliance with the description contained in this section’s paragraph 1 above).

As part of a future optimisation of the MF management, the manager reserves the right to use other instruments within the limits of the regulations, such as to achieve the management objective, for example including forward financial instruments other than index-linked swaps.

In compliance with its best execution policy, the management company considers that the Société Générale is the counterparty that generally makes it possible to obtain the best possible result with these future financial instruments. These future financial instruments (including index-linked swaps) can therefore be traded with the Société Générale, without prior open competition involving several counterparties.

The counterparty of the aforesaid future financial instruments (the “Counterparty”) will have no discretionary power regarding the composition of the MF’s investment portfolio, nor regarding the underlying assets of the future financial instruments.

4. Securities with integrated derivatives

None.

5. Deposits

Up to a maximum of 20% of its net assets, the MF can have recourse to deposits with credit institutions belonging to the same group as the depositary in order to optimise its cash management.

6. Cash borrowings

Up to a maximum of 10% of its net assets, the MF may temporarily have recourse to borrowings.

7. Temporary securities acquisition and sale operations

None.

The manager will not have recourse to temporary securities acquisition and/or sale operations.

8. Financial guarantees

In all cases in which the MF is subject to a counterparty risk as a result of the deployed investment strategy, notably in the event of the MF’s use of forward swap contracts traded over the counter, the MF can receive securities that are considered as guarantees in order to reduce the counterparty risk related to these operations. The portfolio of received guarantees can be adjusted each day in order for its value to be greater than or equal to the level of the counterparty risk borne by the MF in most cases. The objective of this adjustment will be to ensure that the level of counterparty risk borne by the MF is totally neutralized.

Any financial guarantee received by the MF will be provided to the MF in full ownership and listed in the MF’s account opened in the books of its depositary. As such, the received financial guarantees will be listed amongst the MF’s assets.

Any financial guarantee received by the MF within this framework must comply with the criteria defined by the prevailing laws and regulations, notably in terms of liquidity, valuation, credit quality of the issuers, correlation, risks related to the management of securities, and applicability. The received guarantees must, in particular, comply with the following conditions:

- (a) Any received guarantee must be of high quality, very liquid and traded on a regulated market or in a multilateral trading system with transparent pricing, in order to be sold quickly at a price close to the prior valuation;
- (b) They must be valued at the mark-to-market price at least on a daily basis and assets showing strong price volatility must not be accepted as a guarantee except in case of the application of a sufficiently cautious discount;
- (c) They must be issued by an entity that is independent of the counterparty and must not be highly correlated with the counterparty’s performances;
- (d) They must be sufficiently diversified in terms of countries, markets and issuers, with a maximum exposure per issuer of 20% of the MF’s net asset value;

(e) The MF's Management Company must be able to fully realise them at any time, without consultation with the counterparty nor approval of the latter.

Notwithstanding the condition specified in (d) above, the Fund may receive a basket of financial guarantees with an exposure to a single issuer corresponding to more than 20% of its net asset value provided that:

- such received financial guarantees are issued by (i) a Member State, (ii) one or more of a Member State's local authorities, (iii) a country that is not a Member State (iv) a public international organization to which one or more Member States belong; and
- such financial guarantees consists of at least six different issues of which none exceeds 30% of the MF's assets.

In compliance with the aforesaid conditions, the guarantees received by the MF can include:

- (i) Liquid assets or equivalents, notably including short-term bank assets and money market instruments;
- (ii) Bonds issued or guaranteed by an OECD Member State, by its local public authorities or by supranational institutions and bodies of a Community, regional or worldwide nature, or by any other country, provided that conditions (a) to (e) (above) have been fully met;
- (iii) Equities or units issued by money market funds that calculate a daily net asset value and that have a rating of AAA or equivalent;
- (iv) Equities or units issued by UCITS investing primarily in bonds/equities as indicated in points (v) and (vi) below;
- (v) Bonds issued or guaranteed by first-class issuers, offering suitable liquidity;
- (vi) Equities admitted to trading or traded on a regulated market of an EU Member State, on a stock market of an OECD Member State or on a stock market of another country provided that conditions (a) to (e) (above) have been fully met and that these equities are included within a first-class index.

Policy related to discounts:

The MF's management company will apply a margin to the financial guarantees received by the MF. The applied margins will notably depend on the following criteria:

- Nature of the asset received as guarantee;
- Maturity of the asset received as guarantee (if applicable);
- Rating of the issuer of the asset received as guarantee (if applicable).

Reinvestment of received guarantees:

Financial guarantees received in a non-cash form shall not be sold, reinvested or pledged. Guarantees received in cash shall, at the discretion of the manager, be either:

- (i) deposited with an enabled institution;
- (ii) invested in high-quality State bonds;
- (iii) used for reverse repurchase transactions, on the condition that such transactions are performed with credit institutions which are subject to prudential regulation and on the condition that the UCITS may at any time withdraw the total amount of the liquidity, taking into account accrued interest;
- (iv) invested in short-term money mutual funds, as they are defined in the guidelines for a common definition of European money mutual funds.

Reinvested cash financial guarantees must be diversified, in compliance with the applicable requirements for non-cash financial guarantees.

Risk profile:

The bearer's money will primarily be invested in financial instruments selected by the management company. These instruments will be subject to the vagaries of the markets. Through the MF, the bearer is primarily exposed to the following risks:

- Equity risk

An equity price can vary upward or downward, and it notably reflects the changing risks related to the issuing company or the economic situation of the corresponding market. The equity markets are more volatile than the rate markets, in which it is possible, over a given period and with equal macroeconomic conditions, to estimate the incomes.

- Risk related to low diversification of the Benchmark Indicator

The Benchmark Indicator to which the investors are exposed covers a given region, sector or strategy and therefore does not necessarily allow for as broad a diversification of the assets as would be the case of an index that is exposed to several regions, sectors or strategies. The exposure to such a Benchmark Indicator with such low diversification can result in greater volatility than in more diversified markets. Nevertheless, the diversification rules resulting from the UCITS standards always apply to the MF's underlyings.

- Capital loss risk

The invested capital is not guaranteed. The investor consequently runs the risk of capital loss. The entire or part of the invested amount may not be recovered, notably should the performance of the Benchmark Indicator be negative over the investment period.

- Liquidity risk (primary market)

If, when the MF (or one of its counterparties for future financial instrument (“FFI”)) adjust its exposure, the markets related to this exposure are then limited, closed or subject to significant purchase / sale price discrepancies, the value and/or liquidity of the MF could be negatively affected. Should low volumes of exchanges result in an inability to carry out transactions linked to the replication of the Benchmark Indicator, this can also have consequences on the processes related to the subscription, conversion or redemption of units.

- Liquidity risk on a place of listing

The MF’s equity price can deviate from its indicative net asset value. The liquidity of the MF’s units or equities on a place of listing can be affected by any suspension, that could notably be due to:

- i) Suspension or stoppage of the calculation of the Benchmark Indicator, and/or
- ii) Suspension of the market(s) of the underlyings used by the Benchmark Indicator, and/or
- iii) The impossibility for a given place of listing to obtain or calculate the MF’s indicative net asset value, and/or
- iv) A market maker’s violation of the rules applicable to this marketplace, and/or
- v) A failure of this marketplace’s IT or electronic systems.

- Counterparty risk

The MF is exposed to the risk of bankruptcy, payment default or any other type of default of any counterparty with which it has entered into a contract or transaction. It is particularly exposed to the counterparty risk resulting from its use of FFI traded over-the-counter with Société Générale or with any other counterparty. In compliance with the UCITS regulations, the counterparty risk (whether this counterparty is the Société Générale or any other entity) cannot exceed 10% of the total value of the MF’s assets per counterparty.

In case of a Counterparty’s default, the contract relating to FFIs can be terminated early. The MF will then make every effort to achieve its management objective by signing, if relevant, another contract relating to FFIs with a third party counterparty, under the market conditions prevailing at the time of the occurrence of this event.

The realisation of this risk can notably have impacts on the MF’s ability to achieve its management objective, in particular the replication of the Benchmark Indicator.

When Société Générale is involved as a counterparty of the FFIs, conflicts of interest can arise between the MF’s Management Company and the FFI’s counterparty. The Management Company manages these conflict of interest risks by setting up procedures intended to identify and limit them, and to ensure their equitable resolution, if relevant.

- Risk that the management objective may only be partially achieved

Nothing guarantees that the management objective will be achieved. Indeed, no asset or financial instrument will allow an automatic and continuous replication of the Benchmark Indicator, notably should one or more of the following risks arise:

- Risk related to the use of derivative instruments

In order to achieve its investment objective, the MF uses FFI traded over-the-counter, that can notably take the form of swap contracts that will allow it to obtain the performance of the Benchmark Indicator. These FFIs can result in a series of risks on the level of the FFIs that notably include: counterparty risk, event affecting the hedging, event affecting the Benchmark Indicator, risk related to the tax regime, risk related to the regulations, operational risk and liquidity risk. These risks can directly affect a FFI and can result in the adjustment or early termination of the FFI transaction, which could affect the MF’s net asset value.

- Risk related to a change of the tax regime

Any change to the tax legislation in any of the countries in which the MF is established, authorised for marketing or listed can affect the tax treatment of investors. In this case, the MF’s manager assumes no liability relative to investors with regard to the payments having to be made to any competent tax authority.

- Risk related to a change of the tax regime affecting the underlyings

Any change of the tax legislation applicable to the MF’s underlyings can affect the MF’s tax treatment. Consequently, in case of divergence between the anticipated tax treatment and the one actually applied to the MF (and/or to its counterparty in the FFI), the MF’s net asset value may be affected.

- Risk related to regulations

In case of change of the regulations in any country in which the MF is established, authorised for marketing or listed, the processes for the subscription, conversion and redemption of units may be affected.

- Risk related to the regulations applicable to the underlyings

In case of change of the regulations applicable to the MF's underlyings, the MF's net asset value can be affected, as can the processes for the subscription, conversion and redemption of units.

- Risk related to events affecting the Benchmark Indicator

In case of events affecting the Benchmark Indicator, the manager may, under the conditions and limits of the applicable legislation, have to suspend the subscription and redemption of MF units. The calculation of the MF's net asset value can also be affected.

If the event persists, the MF's manager will decide on measures having to be adopted, which can have an impact on the MF's net asset value. "Events affecting the Benchmark Indicator" are understood to mean the following situations:

- i) The Benchmark Indicator is considered to be incorrect or not reflective of the market's actual evolution,
- ii) The Benchmark Indicator is definitively discontinued by its supplier,
- iii) The supplier of the index is incapable of providing the level or value of the said Benchmark Indicator,
- iv) The supplier of the index makes a significant change to the formula or calculation method of the Benchmark Indicator (other than a minor modification such as the adjustment of the underlyings of this index or of the respective weightings between its various components), that cannot be effectively replicated by the MF at a reasonable cost.
- v) One or more components of the Benchmark Indicator becomes non-liquid, with the listing being suspended on an organised market, or components traded over-the-counter (such as bonds, for example) become non-liquid,
- vi) The Benchmark Indicator's components are impacted by transaction fees relative to the execution, delivery versus payment or specific fiscal constraints, without these fees being reflected in the Benchmark Indicator's performance.

- Securities transaction risk

Should the issuer of a security underlying the Benchmark Indicator undertake an unanticipated review of a securities transaction ("ST"), that contradicts a prior and official announcement that had resulted in a valuation of the ST by the MF (and/or in a valuation of the ST by the MF's counterparty in a future financial instrument), the MF's net asset value may be affected, notably should the actual treatment of the ST by the MF differ from the ST's treatment in the methodology used by the Benchmark Indicator.

- Exchange risk linked to the Benchmark Indicator

The MF is exposed to an exchange risk to the extent that the underlying securities making up the Benchmark Indicator could be listed in a currency other than that of the Benchmark Indicator, or be derivatives of securities listed in a currency other than that of the Benchmark Indicator. Fluctuating exchange rates are then likely to negatively affect the Benchmark Indicator monitored by the MF.

- Exchange risk linked to the D-USD (USD/EUR) unit class

The aforesaid unit class is exposed to an exchange risk given that it is listed in a currency other than that of the Benchmark Indicator. Consequently, the net asset value of the aforesaid unit class can decline despite an increase of the value of the Benchmark Indicator, as a result of exchange rate fluctuations.

- Legal risk

The MF may bear a legal risk related to the conclusion of any Total Return Swap contract (TRS) as laid down in Regulation (EU) 2015/2365.

Subscribers concerned and typical investor profile:

The MF is open to any subscriber.

The investor subscribing to this MF wishes to obtain an exposure to the equity market with companies that have, as their primary source of income, activities related to renewable energy business. The amount that it is reasonable to invest in this MF depends on your personal situation. To determine this amount, you must take into account your personal wealth and/or estate, cash requirements at the present and for five years, but also your desire to take risks or, on the contrary, to prefer a cautious investment. It is also highly recommended to sufficiently diversify one's investments so as to avoid an exposure only to this MF's risks.

Investors are therefore recommended to study their individual situations with their usual estate management advisers. The minimum recommended investment term is greater than 5 years.

Indications on the tax treatment:

Investors should take note that the following information constitutes only a general summary of the tax regime applicable to an investment in a French MF, under the current French tax legislation. Investors are therefore requested to study their personal situations with their usual tax advisers.

France:

The MF can serve as the support for a life insurance contract listed in units of account.

1. On the level of the MF

In France, the co-ownership status of MFs means that they are automatically exempt from corporate tax; by nature, they therefore benefit from a certain degree of transparency. As such, the incomes collected and generated by the MF through its management are not taxable at the level of the MF itself.

Abroad (in countries in which the MF is invested), capital gains on the sale of foreign transferable securities and foreign income received by the MF as part of its management may, if relevant, be subject to tax (generally in the form of a withholding tax). In certain limited cases, the foreign taxation can be reduced or cancelled in the presence of tax agreements that may be applicable.

2. On the level of the bearers of MF units**2.1 Bearers residing in France**

The sums distributed by the MF to French residents as well as the capital gains or losses on transferable securities are subject to the applicable taxation. Investors are invited to study their personal situations with their usual tax advisers.

2.2 Bearers not residing in France

Subject to any applicable tax agreements, the amounts distributed by the MF may, in certain circumstances, be subject to a levy or withholding tax in France. Moreover, the capital gains realised on the purchase/sale of the MF's units are generally tax exempt.

Bearers residing outside of France will be subject to the provisions of the tax legislation applicable in their country of residence.

Information on obligatory and automatic exchange of tax information

The management company is liable to collect and transmit information on subscribers to shares in the mutual fund to the competent tax authorities, for the sole purpose of compliance with article 1649 AC of the General Tax Code and Council Directive 2014/107/EU of 9 December 2014, amending Directive 2011/16/EU concerning automatic and obligatory exchange of tax information.

In this regard, subscribers have the right to access, rectify and delete information held concerning them by communicating with the financial institution in compliance with the "IT and liberties" [Data Processing] Act of 06 January 1978, but are also obliged to provide the necessary information for declarations, at the request of the financial institution.

Information relative to the "FATCA" law

France and the United States have signed a Model I intergovernmental agreement ("IGA") for the implementation in France of the American law known as the "FATCA" law that targets tax evasion amongst American taxpayers holding financial assets abroad. The expression "American taxpayers" refers to a natural person who is an American citizen or resident, a partnership or company created in the United States or by virtue of American federal law or of the laws of one of the American States, or a trust if (i) a court located in the United States has, pursuant to the law, the power to issue orders or decisions substantially relating to all questions relative to the trust's administration and if (ii) one or more American taxpayers has/have a right of control over all of the trust's substantial decisions, or over the estate of a deceased person who was a citizen or resident of the United States.

The MF has been registered as a "reporting financial institution" with the American tax authorities. As such, the MF is required to provide the French tax authorities, for 2014 and subsequent years, with information regarding certain holdings or sums paid to certain American taxpayers or to non-American financial institutions considered as non-participants in the FATCA that will be the subject of an automatic information exchange between the French and American tax authorities. Investors will be required to certify their FATCA status to their financial intermediary or to the management company, as relevant.

As a result of the MF's application of its obligations under the IGA as implemented in France, the MF will be considered as complying with the FATCA and should be exempt from the withholding tax established by the FATCA on certain revenues or proceeds from American sources.

For investors whose units are held through an account holder located in a jurisdiction that has not signed an IGA, it is recommended that they should consult this account holder in order to be informed of its intentions with regard to the FATCA. Moreover, certain account holders may be required to collect additional information from investors in order to comply with their obligations under the FATCA or of the country in which the account is held. Also, the scope of the obligations under the FATCA or an IGA can vary according to the account holder's jurisdiction. Investors should therefore check with their usual tax advisers.

For more details, the complete prospectus can be obtained by requesting it from the management company.

- The net asset value is available from the head office of LYXOR INTERNATIONAL ASSET MANAGEMENT. The CIU's complete prospectus and the latest annual and periodic documents are sent within one week of the bearer's written request, submitted to LYXOR INTERNATIONAL ASSET MANAGEMENT, 17, cours Valmy - 92800 Puteaux - France. e-mail: contact@lyxor.com.
- Approval date by the Financial Markets Authority: 2 October 2007.
- Fund creation date: 10 October 2007.

Activity report

The net asset value of the unit D-EUR of the LYXOR NEW ENERGY UCITS ETF MF shows an evolution of 22.42% over the fiscal year (dividends reinvested) and stands at EUR 20.1056 on 30/06/2017, meaning a unit performance of -43.52% since inception (dividends reinvested).

The fund replicates the performance of the WldAltEngyCW-TR index, listed in Euro (EUR), representative of the 20 largest active market capitalisation in the alternative energy sector at the global level, that regroups the segments of renewable energy, energy efficiency and distributed energy.

This index has an evolution of 22.93% over the fiscal year.

This gap between the annual performance of the UCITS and that of its Benchmark Index can be explained by the result of the various parameters listed below:

- The operating and management fees as well as the external management fees of the management company,
- The costs for accessing the local markets of the securities of the replicated indexing,
- The costs or gains related to the instruments used as part of the replication of the indexing.

In pursuit of the greatest possible correlation with the performance of the WldAltEngyCW-TR index, the MF will achieve its management objective using the indirect replication method which means that it will enter into one or more OTC swap contracts enabling it to achieve its investment objective. The objective of these swap contracts will be to exchange (i) the value of the MF's assets, which will consist of balance sheet assets (excluding any securities received as guarantees), for (ii) the value of the securities that underlie the WldAltEngyCW-TR index.

The equities in the MF's assets will notably be equities making up the WldAltEngyCW-TR index, as well as other European equities, from all economic sectors, listed on all markets, including the small caps markets.

The fund's risk and yield profile has been classed as category 6 given its exposure to the Benchmark Index.

On 30/06/2017, the tracking error reached the level of 0.1011% for the MF. The level of the target tracking error for the period was of 0.3%.

The discrepancy between the target tracking error and the actual tracking error was not significant which shows a compliance with the TE objective set at the beginning of the year.

The counterparty for the Index-Linked Swaps obtained by the fund is: Société Générale.

The figures referring to past performance relate to past periods and are not a reliable indicator of future results.

Regulatory information

Transfer commission (*not audited by the auditor*)

None.

Provisions for providing the investors with the various documents and reports relative to the management company's voting policy and its implementation.

The "voting policy" document, the report from the management company on the conditions whereby it exercised the voting rights of the CIU that it manages and the information relative to the vote on each resolution can, pursuant to article 322-75, 322-76 and 322-77 of the Financial Markets Authority General Regulations, be consulted either on the management company's website or at its head office (upon request).

Overall risk of the CIU

The management company's method for measuring the overall risk of the CIU: the method chosen is the commitment method.

ESG criteria

Pursuant to articles L.533 22-1 and D.533-16-1 of the [French] Monetary and Financial Code,

1. Description of Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) criteria (reference II-2°)

Lyxor is a signatory to the United Nations Principles for Responsible Investment (UN PRI) and has adopted a responsible investment policy that sets out the values and practices established by our organization to integrate environmental, social and governance ("ESG") issues in its investment solutions. Lyxor's SRI Policy is available on the website Lyxor.com and is revised each year.

For this fund the SRI Policy includes the following key areas:

a) Description of the nature of the main criteria considered for ESG issues and the reasons for choosing them (reference III-1°-a)

The ESG thematic approach consists in choosing the companies active in themes or sectors related to sustainable development such as renewable energies, water, health, or more generally climate change, eco-efficiency, demographic ageing. The firms are eligible if the portion of their turnover which is earned from said economic sector exceeds a specific threshold, or if they are dominant in said market.

For this fund whose replication mode is indirect, Lyxor applies an exclusion of issuers that are associated with serious and repeated breaches of UN Global Compact Principles and mandatory requirements related to controversial sectors and products.

b) Information used for the analysis carried out on ESG criteria (reference III-2°)

The inclusion of ESG risks and opportunities into traditional management and investment decisions must be based on appropriate research sources.

The integration process focuses on the potential impact of ESG issues on companies (positive and negative), which may affect the investment decision.

Lyxor is using a variety of external information sources, including the following extra-financial rating agencies: MSCI-ESG Research, Vigeo-Eiris, ISS Ethix and Sustainalytics.

Each partnership has been put in place following a rigorous selection based on tenders and due diligence processes addressing specific topics.

c) Methodology and implementation of this analysis (reference III-3°a)

The LYXOR WORLD WATER UCITS ETF is an exchange traded fund which aims at reproducing the World Water CW Net Total Return benchmark index.

At Benchmark index level:

The World Water Index CW Net Total Return index is calculated by Dow Jones from a range of values performed by ROBECO SAM (Sustainable Asset Management).

The index is revised every six months and rebalanced every quarter. More information can be found on www.sgindex.com.

At Lyxor Fund level:

For this swap based ETF, Lyxor applies an exclusion of issuers that are associated with serious and repeated breaches of UN Global Compact Principles and mandatory requirements related to controversial sectors and products.

The SRI exclusion list is composed of the Defense exclusion list, completed by a body of other stock-listed firms, identified as being non compliant with the UN Global Compact, of which the Bank is a member, by an external source.

Specific controls are performed (pre & post trade) within the Risk department on the fund, in total independence of operational teams.

The post trade control frequency is based on publication of this fund's NAV. All breaches to this list are notified to Managers for immediate resolution.

In the specific case of an indirect replication, the financial exposition via the derivative product is reported on a monthly basis.

d) Description of how the results of the analysis are integrated in investment policies (reference II-2°-d)

At benchmark index level:

The values are weighted by market capitalization but no equity may weigh more than 10% in order to maintain an efficient diversification

The World Water (WOWAX and WOWAXcw) indexes aim at showing the water global sector performance, including infrastructures, products & equipment for water supply and treatment.

At Lyxor fund Level:

In the specific case of an ETF whose replication mode is indirect, the exclusion described above is applied to the assets directly held by the fund.

Portfolio ESG Rating as of June 30, 2017

ESG score	Environmental	Social	Governance
5.99	6.58	4.92	6.16

Distribution of the companies according to their ESG rating.

Leaders (AAA,AA)	34%	% Portfolio rated	99%
Average (A, BBB,BB)	62%		
Laggards (B,CCC)	4%	Nb Securities rated	19

Portfolio Exposure to ESG Controversies

Shows the percentage of portfolio securities with Red, Orange, Yellow and Green flagged ESG controversies

Red Flag	0%
Orange Flag	0%
Yellow Flag	7%
Green Flag	93%

- Red indicates involvement in one or more very severe controversies;
- Orange indicates involvement in one or more serious and structural controversies;
- Yellow indicates involvement in serious and non-structural controversies;
- Green indicates involvement in moderate controversies which do not constitute a breach of these requirements .

ESG Rating methodology (Corporate & Government issuers)

The ESG note calculated with the portfolio measures the capacity of underlying issuers to handle key risks and opportunities related to environmental, social and governance factors. The rating scale ranges from 0 (high risk) to 10 (low risk).

The issuers ratings are calculated in absolute value on each pillar and under theme. They are comparable for any sector. For Sectors and Themes, the portfolio-level score is based only on the subset of securities that have relevant scores. Issuers weights of the subset are rebalanced to equal 100%.

The weightings of the three criteria, Environmental, Social, and Governance, take into account the specific issues of each sector.

For Corporate: Metrics exposure and management of ESG issues cover the following themes:

- Environment: Pollution, Waste Management, Sustainable Use of Resources, Climate Change
- Social: Employment, Social Relationships, Health and Security, Training, Compliance with ILO Agreements
- Governance: Administrative or Supervisory Board, Audit and Internal Control, Officers Compensation

For Governments: Metrics exposure and management of ESG issues cover the following themes:

- Environment: Env Externalities, Natural Resources
- Social: Human Capital, Economic Environment
- Governance; Financial Governance, Political Governance

Source: The Company gross ESG data are provided by the MSCI agency

2. Description of the integration of the ESG analysis results criteria, in particular exposure to climate risks, in investment policy (Reference II-2°)

Lyxor is progressively increasing an ESG & Carbon rating capacity with a proprietary approach for its vehicles.

In addition to such rating, with regard to the communication on how climate risks are taken into account and the contribution of a portfolio to the energy and ecological transition and its alignment with the international goal of limiting global warming to 2 degrees by the year 2100, we have decided to apply the following exposures calculated at portfolio level:

- Portfolio Carbon Footprint
- Portfolio exposure to transition risk (brown area)
- Portfolio exposure to issuers offering environmental solutions (green area)

Measuring the GHG emissions of its investments is seen as a first step. This will provide investors with an indication of their financed emissions.

Portfolio Carbon Footprint

Carbon Emissions tons CO2e / \$M invested	Carbon Intensity tons CO2e / \$M sales	Weighted Average Carbon Intensity tons CO2e / \$M sales
600.0	1,192.9	918.6

As of	June 30, 2017
% Portfolio rated (weight)	100%
% Scope 1 reported (vs estimated)	99%
% Scope 2 reported (vs estimated)	61%

Scope 1 & 2 estimations are based on MSCI methodology

Carbon Rating methodology

Definition: The carbon footprint aims to account for the greenhouse gas emissions produced by the companies held in portfolio. The carbon emissions are calculated from the Carbon Emissions tons CO2e/\$M invested: It measures the volume of greenhouse gas emissions (GHG) for which the portfolio is responsible in proportion to its capital share.

Carbon Intensity tons CO2e / \$M sales: Carbon emissions are calculated from a company's estimated volume of direct (scope 1) and indirect (scope 2 only) greenhouse gas emissions on its turnover.

Weighted Average Carbon Intensity tons CO2e / \$M sales measures a strong carbon portfolio exposure to issuers in scope 1 and 2.

Scope: Carbon emissions mean scope 1 + scope 2

Scope 1 emissions: direct greenhouse gas emissions (combustibles, cryogenic fluids, fuel consumption of owned vehicles)

Scope 2 emissions: indirect emissions (electricity, generated steam)

Source: The Company gross carbon data are provided by the MSCI agency

Please note the carbon metrics are applicable to equity portfolios, the Weighted Average Carbon Intensity metric (in tons CO2/\$M revenue) (#3), is also applicable to portfolios comprising bond issuers.

Portfolio exposure to transition risk

The data below represent portfolio exposure to issuers with fossil energy reserves (in terms of the weight of the portfolio), which may be stranded in the context of a low carbon transition. Thermal coal reserves have the highest level of carbon and therefore are the most dangerous.

The brown area is defined as the percentage of MWh generated from fossil energies or share of company's turnover generated through fossil energies or share of the portfolio invested in fossil fuel extraction (to reflect products and services exposed to fossil energies).

(% Weight of portfolio)

All Reserves	4%
Thermal Coal	4%
Natural Gas	0%
Oil	0%

Portfolio exposure to issuers offering environmental solutions

The data represent the portfolio's exposure to issuers offering environmental solutions (in terms of the weight of the portfolio) and the type of solutions proposed: energy efficiency, alternative energy, sustainable water, pollution prevention or sustainable construction. These emitters are likely to benefit from a low carbon transition.

The Green area is defined as the percentage of outstandings invested in companies whose activity contributes to the struggle against climate change (to reflect eco-solutions / green products)

% Issuers with a turnover dedicated to environmental solutions between:

[0-19.9%]	46%
[20-49.9%]	8%
[50-100%]	42%

Information on the compensation policy:

The management company has established a compensation policy in compliance with the regulations in force. This policy complies with the economic strategy, the objectives, and the values and interests of the management company and the Funds which it manages, as well as those of the investors in these Funds, and includes measures designed to avoid conflicts of interest.

The compensation policy of the management company implements a balanced system whereby the compensation of the employees concerned is based on the below principles, in particular:

- the compensation policy of the management company is compatible with efficient and healthy risk management, encouraging such an approach, and discouraging any risk-taking which would be incompatible with the risk profiles, the present brochure, or the other governing documents of the Funds managed by the management company;
- the compensation policy was adopted by the Supervisory Board of the management company, which adopts and re-examines the general principles of such policy at least once a year;
- personnel engaged in monitoring functions are compensated in accordance with the achievement of the objectives linked to their position, regardless of the performance of the sectors that they monitor;
- when the compensation varies according to performances, its amount is established by combining the evaluation of the performance of the person concerned and the valuation of the business unit or the Funds, and with regard to their risks and the results of the entirety of the management company during the evaluation of individual performances, taking financial and non-financial criteria into account;
- an appropriate balance is established between the fixed and variable components of the overall compensation;
- above a certain threshold, a large portion (which in all cases is at least 50% of the entire variable component of the compensation) consists of exposure to an index the components and the operational rules of which guarantee the alignment of the interests of the personnel concerned and those of the investors;
- above a certain threshold, a substantial portion (and in all cases at least 40%) of the variable component of the compensation is delayed for an appropriate period;
- variable compensation, including the delayed part, is only paid or acquired if it is compatible with the overall financial situation of the management company and if it is justified by the performances of the business unit, the Funds and the person concerned.

The updated details of the compensation policy are available on the following website: <http://www.lyxor.com/fr/menu-corporate/nous-connaître/mentions-reglementaires/>

Transparency of securities financing operations and reuse of financial instruments SFTR regulation
(Accounting currency of the CIU)

1. General information.

1.1. Amount of securities and raw materials loaned in proportion with the total assets that can be loaned, defined as excluding the cash and cash equivalents.

	Securities lending
% of assets that can be loaned	-

1.2. Amount of the assets committed to each type of securities financing operation and total return swap, expressed in absolute value (in the currency of the collective investment undertaking) and in proportion with the assets under management of the collective investment undertaking.

	Securities lending	Securities borrowing	Repo operations	Reverse repo operations	TRS
Absolute value	-	-	-	-	100,963,985
% of assets under management	-	-	-	-	200.04

2. Concentration data

2.1. The ten biggest issuers of guarantees for all types of securities financing operations and total return swaps (breakdown of the volumes of guarantees and raw materials received, with the names of the issuers).

1	Name	RIO TINTO PLC
	Amount	896,595
2	Name	NEOPOST SA
	Amount	758,041
3	Name	RHEINMETALL AG
	Amount	745,088
4	Name	ALLIANZ SE
	Amount	508,063
5	Name	COVESTRO AG
	Amount	169,972
6	Name	TECHNIPFMC PLC
	Amount	127,083
7	Name	TULLETT PREBON PLC
	Amount	61,017
8	Name	TOTAL FINA ELF CAPITAL
	Amount	55,275
9	Name	VICAT
	Amount	50,446
10	Name	SIEMENS AG
	Amount	120

2.2. The ten main counterparties for each type of securities financing operation and total return swap separately (name of the counterparty and gross volume of operations in progress).

		Securities lending	Securities borrowing	Repo operations	Reverse repo operations	TRS
1	Name	-	-	-	-	SOCIETE GENERALE
	Amount	-	-	-	-	100,963,985

3. Aggregated operation data for each type of securities financing operation and total return swap separately, broken down according to the following categories.

3.1. Type and quality of the guarantees.

	Securities lending	Securities borrowing	Repo operations	Reverse repo operations	TRS
Cash	-	-	-	-	-
Security	-	-	-	-	3,372,019
Rating or literary	Not applicable				

3.2. Guarantee maturity.

	Securities lending	Securities borrowing	Repo operations	Reverse repo operations	TRS
Under 1 day	-	-	-	-	-
1 day to 1 week	-	-	-	-	-
1 week to 1 month	-	-	-	-	-
1 to 3 months	-	-	-	-	-
3 months to 1 year	-	-	-	-	-
More than 1 year	-	-	-	-	-
Open	-	-	-	-	3,372,019

3.3. Guarantee currency.

		Securities lending	Securities borrowing	Repo operations	Reverse repo operations	TRS
1	Currency	-	-	-	-	EUR
	Amount	-	-	-	-	2,287,324
2	Currency	-	-	-	-	GBP
	Amount	-	-	-	-	957,612
3	Currency	-	-	-	-	USD
	Amount	-	-	-	-	127,083

3.4. Maturity of the securities financing operations and total return swaps.

	Securities lending	Securities borrowing	Repo operations	Reverse repo operations	TRS
Under 1 day	-	-	-	-	-
1 day to 1 week	-	-	-	-	-
1 week to 1 month	-	-	-	-	-
1 to 3 months	-	-	-	-	100,963,985
3 months to 1 year	-	-	-	-	-
More than 1 year	-	-	-	-	-
Open	-	-	-	-	-

3.5. Countries where the counterparties are established.

	Securities lending	Securities borrowing	Repo operations	Reverse repo operations	TRS
1 Country	-	-	-	-	FRANCE
Amount	-	-	-	-	100,963,985

3.6. Settlement and clearing.

	Securities lending	Securities borrowing	Repo operations	Reverse repo operations	TRS
Tripartite	-	-	-	-	-
Central counterparty	-	-	-	-	-
Bilateral	-	-	-	-	100,963,985

4. Data on the reuse of guarantees (collateral).

Financial guarantees received in a non-cash form shall not be sold, reinvested or pledged.

5. Retention of the guarantees received by the collective investment undertaking in connection with securities financing operations and total return swaps.

Number of custodians	1
1 Name	SOCIETE GENERALE
Amount	3,372,019

6. Retention of the guarantees provided by the collective investment undertaking in connection with securities financing operations and total return swaps.

The custodian, Société Générale S.A., exercises three types of responsibility; respectively, the monitoring of the regularity of the decisions of the management company, the monitoring of cash flows of the CIU and the custody of the assets of the CIU.

Société Générale S.A also works with a limited number of sub-custodians, selected according to the most rigorous quality standards, including the management of possible conflicts of interest which may arise from these appointments. The Custodian has established an effective policy for identification, prevention and management of conflicts of interest, in compliance with national and international regulations as well as international norms.

7. Data on the earnings and costs for each type of securities financing operation and total return swap.

The CIU shall utilise over-the-counter index-linked swaps trading the value of the CIU's assets (or, as the case may be, any other asset held by the CIU) against the value of the Benchmark Indicator.

The revenue and costs linked to these Total Return Swaps (TRS) are included in the assessment of the instruments as well as in the result presented in the statement of net assets and the statement of net asset values.

Statutory auditor's report



STATUTORY AUDITOR'S REPORT
ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the year ended 30 June 2017

LYXOR NEW ENERGY UCITS ETF
UCITS CONSTITUTED AS A FONDS COMMUN DE PLACEMENT
Governed by the French Monetary and Financial Code (Code monétaire et financier)

Management Company
LYXOR INTERNATIONAL ASSET MANAGEMENT
17, cours Valmy
92800 PUTEAUX

Opinion

In compliance with the assignment entrusted to us by the management company, we conducted an audit of the accompanying financial statements of LYXOR NEW ENERGY UCITS ETF, a UCITS constituted as a fonds commun de placement, for the year ended 30 June 2017.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets and liabilities and of the financial position of the fund at 30 June 2017 and of the results of its operations for the year then ended, in accordance with French accounting principles.

Basis of our opinion

Audit standards

We conducted our audit in accordance with professional standards applicable in France. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion. Our responsibilities under these standards are described in the section "*Statutory Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements*" in this report.

Independence

We conducted our audit engagement in accordance with the applicable rules on independence, from 1 July 2016 and up to the date of this report, and in particular we did not provide any non-audit services prohibited under Article 5, paragraph 1 of Regulation (EU) No. 537/2014 or by the auditors' professional code of ethics.

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LYXOR NEW ENERGY UCITS ETF

Justification of our assessments - Key audit matters

In accordance with the requirements of articles L.823-9 and R.823-7 of the French Commercial Code (Code de commerce) relating to the justification of our assessments, we bring to your attention the key matters as regards to the risk of material misstatement that, in our professional judgement, were the most significant for the audit of the financial statements and our responses to these risks.

These assessments were made as part of our audit of the financial statements, taken as a whole, and therefore contributed to the opinion we formed which is expressed above. We do not provide an opinion on individual items in the financial statements.

<i>Key audit matters</i>	<i>Audit response to cover these risks</i>
<p>The main risks of the fund relate to the financial instruments in its portfolio.</p> <p>Any error in valuing or recording these financial instruments could lead to a misstatement in the calculation of the fund's net asset value and in the financial statements.</p> <p>We therefore focused our work on the valuation and existence of the financial instruments in the portfolio.</p> <p>Valuation of financial instruments traded on a regulated or equivalent market</p> <p>Valuation of the fund's financial instruments traded on a regulated or equivalent market is not complex as it is based primarily on listed prices provided by independent sources.</p> <p>However, the related amounts are significant and could lead to a material misstatement.</p> <p>The value of the financial instruments traded on a regulated or equivalent market is recorded in the balance sheet and presented in the detailed portfolio provided in the notes to the financial statements. The valuation rules for these financial instruments are disclosed in the "Significant accounting policies" note to the financial statements.</p>	<p>We compared the year-end valuation of the fund's financial instruments traded on a regulated or equivalent market with observable prices obtained from market databases.</p>

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LYXOR NEW ENERGY UCITS ETF

<p>Valuation of financial contracts traded over the counter</p> <p>As part of its investment strategy, the fund uses over-the-counter swaps. The valuation of these swaps is not observable on a regulated or equivalent market. The valuation of over-the-counter swaps is therefore a key audit matter.</p> <p>The value of the swap is recorded under the line item "financial contracts" in the balance sheet and presented in the detailed portfolio provided in the notes to the financial statements. The commitment related to the swap is presented in the off-balance sheet statement. The valuation rules for these financial instruments are disclosed in the "Significant accounting policies" note to the financial statements.</p>	<p>We verified that the swap's valuation as recorded at year-end agreed to the value communicated by the counterparty to the swap.</p> <p>We gained an understanding of the internal control procedure performed by the management company over swaps valuation. We verified that this procedure had been applied at year-end.</p>
<p>Existence of financial instruments</p> <p>The portfolio's financial instruments are held in custody or maintained by the fund's depository. The depository certifies the existence of financial instruments at year-end.</p> <p>There is nonetheless a risk that these financial instruments could be inaccurately or only partially recorded in the fund's accounting.</p> <p>The existence of these financial instruments is a key audit matter as the related amounts are material and could lead to a material misstatement.</p>	<p>We verified the existence of the portfolio's financial instruments by reviewing the fund's reconciliation between the fund's financial instruments held at year-end and these identified by the depository in an account opened in the fund's name. Any material differences were examined, if applicable using trade tickets or contracts.</p>

Verification of the management report and other documents addressed to unit-holders

In accordance with professional standards applicable in France, we have also performed the specific verifications required by French law.

We have no matters to report as to the fair presentation and the consistency with the financial statements of the information given in the management report, and in the documents addressed to the unit-holders with respect to the financial position and the financial statements.

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LYXOR NEW ENERGY UCITS ETF

Disclosures arising from other legal and regulatory requirements

Appointment of the Statutory Auditors

We were appointed as Statutory Auditor of LYXOR NEW ENERGY UCITS ETF, a UCITS constituted as a fonds commun de placement, by the management company on 1 July 2013.

At 30 June 2017, our firm was in the fourth consecutive year of its engagement, i.e. the fourth year following the admission of the fund's securities for trading on a regulated market.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

It is the management company's responsibility to prepare the fund's financial statements presenting a true and fair view in accordance with French accounting principles and to implement the internal control that it deems appropriate for the preparation of financial statements that do not contain material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing in the financial statements, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the fund or to cease operations.

It is the management company's responsibility to monitor the preparation of financial information and oversee the efficiency of the internal control and risk management system and the internal audit system relating to the preparation and processing of financial and accounting information.

These financial statements have been prepared by the management company.

Statutory Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Audit purpose and approach

It is our responsibility to prepare a report on the financial statements. Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, taken as a whole, are free of material misstatement. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with professional standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As indicated in article L.823-10-1 of the French Commercial Code, our statutory audit of the financial statements is not to guarantee the viability or the quality of your management.

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LYXOR NEW ENERGY UCITS ETF

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with professional standards applicable in France, the Statutory Auditor uses professional judgement throughout the entire audit.

He also:

- identifies and assesses the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, designs and performs audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtains audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for his opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtains an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control;
- evaluates the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management in the financial statements;
- concludes on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the fund's ability to continue as a going concern. Such conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are not provided or inadequate, to issue a qualified opinion or a disclaimer of opinion;
- evaluates the overall presentation of the financial statements and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

2017.10.20 09:54:55 +0200

Neuilly sur Seine, date of e-signature

Document authenticated by e-signature
 The Statutory Auditor
 PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit
 Marie-Christine Jetil

ANNUAL ACCOUNTS

BALANCE SHEET assets

	30.06.2017	30.06.2016
Currency	EUR	EUR
Net fixed assets	-	-
Deposits	-	-
Financial instruments	50,495,617.56	46,919,442.08
• EQUITIES AND SIMILAR SECURITIES		
Traded on a regulated or similar market	48,318,971.65	46,919,442.08
Not traded on a regulated or similar market	-	-
• BONDS AND SIMILAR SECURITIES		
Traded on a regulated or similar market	-	-
Not traded on a regulated or similar market	-	-
• DEBT SECURITIES		
Traded on a regulated or similar market		
<i>Negotiated debt securities</i>	-	-
<i>Other debt securities</i>	-	-
Not traded on a regulated or similar market	-	-
• COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT UNDERTAKINGS		
General purpose UCITS and Investment Fund intended for non-professionals and equivalent, of other countries	-	-
Other Funds intended for non-professionals and equivalent, of other EU member states	-	-
General purpose professional Funds and equivalent, of other EU member states and listed securitisation entities	-	-
Other professional investment Funds and equivalent of other EU member states and non-listed securitisation entities	-	-
Other non-European entities	-	-
• TEMPORARY SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS		
Receivables representing financial securities under reverse repurchase agreements	-	-
Receivables representing loaned financial securities	-	-
Financial securities borrowed	-	-
Financial securities under repurchase agreements	-	-
Other temporary transactions	-	-
• FINANCIAL CONTRACTS		
Operations on a regulated or similar market	-	-
Other operations	2,176,645.91	-
• OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	-	-
Receivables	1,002,313.65	528,651.75
Future foreign exchange operations	-	-
Other	1,002,313.65	528,651.75
Financial accounts	1.72	1,572,763.84
Liquidity	1.72	1,572,763.84
Other Assets	-	-
Total assets	51,497,932.93	49,020,857.67

BALANCE SHEET liabilities

	30.06.2017	30.06.2016
Currency	EUR	EUR
Shareholders' equities		
• Capital	42,957,886.08	55,498,890.10
• Non-distributed prior net capital gains and losses	-	-
• Carried forward	-	-
• Net capital gains and losses of the fiscal year	6,911,717.28	-10,211,676.09
• Profit and loss during the fiscal year	601,521.95	938,782.07
Total shareholders' equity <i>(amount representing the net assets)</i>	50,471,125.31	46,225,996.08
Financial instruments	-	670,119.85
• SALE OPERATIONS ON FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	-	-
• TEMPORARY FINANCIAL SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS		
Debts representing financial securities under repurchase agreements	-	-
Debts representing borrowed financial securities	-	-
Other temporary transactions	-	-
• FINANCIAL CONTRACTS		
Operations on a regulated or similar market	-	-
Other operations	-	670,119.85
Debts	1,026,807.62	2,124,741.74
Future foreign exchange operations	-	-
Other	1,026,807.62	2,124,741.74
Financial accounts	-	-
Bank loans and overdrafts	-	-
Loans	-	-
Total liabilities	51,497,932.93	49,020,857.67

Off-balance sheet commitments

	30.06.2017	30.06.2016
Currency	EUR	EUR
Hedging		
• Commitments on regulated or similar markets		
- Futures market	-	-
- Options market	-	-
- Credit derivatives	-	-
- Swaps	-	-
- Contracts for Differences (CFD)	-	-
• Over-the-counter commitments		
- Futures market	-	-
- Options market	-	-
- Credit derivatives	-	-
- Swaps	-	-
- Contracts for Differences (CFD)	-	-
• Other commitments		
- Futures market	-	-
- Options market	-	-
- Credit derivatives	-	-
- Swaps	-	-
- Contracts for Differences (CFD)	-	-
Other operations		
• Commitments on regulated or similar markets		
- Futures market	-	-
- Options market	-	-
- Credit derivatives	-	-
- Swaps	-	-
- Contracts for Differences (CFD)	-	-
• Over-the-counter commitments		
- Futures market	-	-
- Options market	-	-
- Credit derivatives	-	-
- Performance swaps	100,963,984.50	106,091,149.62
- Contracts for Differences (CFD)	-	-
• Other commitments		
- Futures market	-	-
- Options market	-	-
- Credit derivatives	-	-
- Swaps	-	-
- Contracts for Differences (CFD)	-	-

Profit and loss account

	30.06.2017	30.06.2016
Currency	EUR	EUR
Earnings on financial transactions		
• Earnings on deposits and financial accounts	-	-
• Earnings on equities and similar securities	-	-
• Earnings on bonds and similar securities	-	-
• Earnings on debt securities	848,420.05	1,249,611.25
• Earnings on temporary financial securities acquisitions and sales	-	-
• Earnings on financial contracts	-	-
• Other financial products	-	-
Total (I)	848,420.05	1,249,611.25
Charges on financial operations		
• Charges on temporary financial securities acquisitions and sales	-	-
• Charges on financial contracts	-	-
• Charges on financial debts	-1.65	-2.43
• Other financial charges	-	-
Total (II)	-1.65	-2.43
Profit and loss on financial operations (I - II)	848,418.40	1,249,608.82
Other earnings (III)	-	-
Management fees and depreciation charges (IV)	-297,419.46	-259,305.75
Net profit and loss of the fiscal year (L.214-17-1) (I - II + III - IV)	550,998.94	990,303.07
Adjustment of the fiscal year's incomes (V)	50,523.01	-51,521.00
Advances on profit and loss paid for the fiscal year (VI)	-	-
Profit and loss (I - II + III - IV +/- V - VI):	601,521.95	938,782.07

1 Accounting rules and methods

The annual accounts are presented in the form required by Regulation ANC 2014-01 that repealed the amended CRC Regulation 2003-02.

Assessment rules

The MF's assets are assessed in compliance with the applicable laws and regulations, and more particularly with the rules defined in regulation no. 2014-01 of the Accounting Regulatory Committee dated 14 January 2014 relative to the chart of accounts of open-ended undertakings for collective investment.

The financial instruments traded on a regulated market are assessed at the closing price on the day before the calculation day of the net asset value.

When these financial instruments are traded on several regulated markets at the same time, the chosen closing price is the one of the regulated market in which they are primarily traded.

However, in the absence of significant transactions on a regulated market, the following financial instruments are assessed using the following specific methods:

- Negotiable debt securities ("NDS") having a residual life upon acquisition that is less than or equal to 3 months are assessed with a straight-line extension over the residual lifespan of the difference between the acquisition value and the redemption value. The management company nevertheless reserves the possibility of assessing these securities at the actual value in case of particular sensitivity to market risks (rates, etc.). The chosen rate is that of the equivalent security issues allocated to the risk margin related to the issuer;
- NDS, of which the residual lifespan at acquisition is greater than 3 months but of which the residual lifespan on the net asset value closing date is equal to or less than 3 months, are assessed by means of a linear distribution, over the residual lifespan, of the difference between the last adopted current value and the reimbursement value. The management company nevertheless reserves the possibility of assessing these securities at the actual value in case of particular sensitivity to market risks (rates, etc.). The chosen rate is that of the equivalent security issues allocated to the risk margin related to the issuer;
- NDS, of which the residual lifespan on the net asset value closing date is greater than 3 months, are assessed at their current value. The chosen rate is that of the equivalent security issues allocated to the risk margin related to the issuer.
- Firm future financial instruments traded on organised markets are assessed at the clearing price on the day before the calculation day of the net asset value. Conditional future financial instruments traded on organised markets are assessed at the market value on the day before the calculation day of the net asset value. Over-the-counter firm or conditional future financial instruments are assessed at the price given by the financial instrument's counterparty. They are presented in the off-balance sheet on the basis of the nominal value defined in the contract.

In the event of the holding of an EMTN, it will be valued on the basis of a market price given by the financial instrument's counterparty.

The management company independently carries out a verification of this valuation.

- Deposits are assessed at their nominal value, plus any related interest that has accrued.
- Subscription warrants, cash certificates, promissory notes and mortgage notes are assessed at their probable negotiation value, under the management company's responsibility.
- Temporary securities acquisitions and sales are assessed at the market price.
- Units and equities of UCITS operating under French law are assessed at the last net asset value known on the calculation date of the MF's net asset value.
- Financial instruments traded on a regulated market for which the price has not been determined or for which the price has been corrected are assessed at their probable negotiation value, under the management company's responsibility.

The exchange rates used for the assessment of financial instruments listed in a currency other than the MF's reference currency are the exchange rates published the fixing WM Reuters on the same day of the MF's net asset value date.

Posting method for the negotiation fees

The chosen method is that of included fees.

Posting method of incomes from fixed income securities

The chosen method is that of the coupon received.

Valuation methods for off-balance sheet commitments

Off-balance sheet operations are valued at the commitment value.

The commitment value for firm futures contracts is equal to the price (in the currency of the CIU) multiplied by the number of contracts multiplied by the face value.

The commitment value for conditional operations is equal to the price of the underlying security (in the currency of the CIU) multiplied by the number of contracts multiplied by the delta multiplied by the underlying face value.

The commitment value for the swap contracts is equal to the contract's nominal amount (in the currency of the CIU).

Operation and management fees

These fees include all of the fees invoiced directly to the MF, except for the transaction fees. The transaction fees include intermediation fees (brokerage, stock exchange tax, etc.) and the transfer commission which, if relevant, may notably be collected by the depository and management company.

For this MF, the following fees can be added to the operation and management fees (see summary Table hereinafter):

- Outperformance commissions: these commissions reward the management company when the MF has exceeded its objectives and are invoiced to the MF;
- Transfer commissions invoiced to the MF.

For more details on the fees actually invoiced to the MF, refer to the Statistical Part of the Key Investor Information Document "KIID".

Fees invoiced to the CIU	Basis	Schedule rate (including tax)
Financial management fees and administrative fees external to the portfolio management company (Auditor, Depository, distribution, lawyers) including tax ⁽¹⁾	Net assets	maximum 0.60% per year
Outperformance commissions	Net assets	None
Transfer commissions	Collection on each transaction	None

⁽¹⁾ including all fees excluding transaction fees, outperformance fees and fees related to investments in UCITS.

Accounting currency

The MF accounting is carried out in Euro.

Indication of accountancy changes declared to each of the bearers individually

- Occurred change: None.
- Future change: None.

appendix

Indication of other changes declared to each of the bearers individually *(Not certified by the auditor)*

- Occurred change: None.
- Future change: None.

Indication and justification of the changes to estimates and application provisions

None.

Indication of the nature of the errors corrected during the fiscal year

None.

Indication of the rights and conditions attached to each category of units

The management company reserves the right to capitalise and/or distribute all or part of the amounts available for distribution, one or more times each year. The net capital gains generated will be capitalised.

appendix

The World Alternative Energy Index CW Net Total Return index is calculated by Dow Jones Indexes, a department of the company Dow Jones & Company, Inc. ("Dow Jones") and compiled by the SAM ("SAM") group. "Dow Jones" and "Dow Jones Indexes" are registered trademarks of Dow Jones & Company, Inc. The investment products based on the World Alternative Energy Index CW Net Total Return are not proposed, guaranteed, sold or promoted by Dow Jones Indexes nor by the company SAM; Dow Jones Indexes and SAM express no opinion on the recommendable nature or not of the investment in the said products. Dow Jones, SAM and their respective affiliated companies, sources and distributing agents (collectively the "Index Parties") decline all liability relative to the Société Générale, Lyxor International Asset Management or to any customer or third party in case of direct or indirect loss or damage resulting from (i) inaccurate or incomplete data provided by World Alternative Energy Index CW Net Total Return, or from delays, interruptions, errors or omissions regarding the said data or all related data (the "Index Data"), or from (ii) any decision or measure taken by Société Générale, Lyxor International Asset Management, any customer or third party on the basis of the Index Data. The Index Parties give no explicit or implicit cert to the Société Générale, Lyxor AM, to any of its customers or any third party with regard to the Index Data, notably any certificate pertaining in any way to the appropriateness, order, accuracy, exhaustiveness, validity, marketing, quality or adequacy for a particular purpose, nor any certificate with regard to the results that may be obtained by Société Générale, Lyxor International Asset Management, any of its customers or third party relative to the use of the Index Data. The Index Parties decline all liability relative to the Société Générale, Lyxor International Asset Management, its customers or third parties in case of operating loss, loss of profits or indirect, special or similar damages of any kind whatsoever, whether consisting of contractual damage, owing to negligence or some other cause, even if they had been informed of the possibility of such damage. There can be no contractual relationship of any kind between Dow Jones or SAM Group and any of the customers of the Société Générale or Lyxor International Asset Management for investment products based on the World Alternative Energy Index CW Net Total Return or linked to the latter. The MF, based on the World Alternative Energy Index CW Net Total Return, is not proposed, guaranteed, sold or promoted by the Index Parties, who express no opinion as to the recommendable nature or not of the investment.

2. Evolution of the net assets

	30.06.2017	30.06.2016
Currency	EUR	EUR
Net assets at the start of the fiscal year	46,225,996.08	46,301,684.72
Subscriptions (including subscription commission acquired by the CIU)	13,008,246.73	12,019,086.25
Redemptions (less the redemption commission acquired by the CIU)	-17,417,191.64	-4,319,380.12
Capital gains generated on deposits and financial instruments	12,419,655.10	3,719,548.89
Capital losses generated on deposits and financial instruments	-2,765,099.72	-12,983,740.32
Capital gains generated on financial contracts	90,832,213.99	54,484,187.09
Capital losses generated on financial contracts	-93,739,849.39	-54,225,690.98
Transaction fees	-	-
Exchange differentials	-474,616.26	-111,572.23
Changes to the estimate difference of the deposits and financial instruments:		
- <i>Estimate difference fiscal year N</i>	-241,382.40	1,260,172.81
- <i>Estimate difference fiscal year N-1</i>	-1,553,922.64	-1,312,540.24
	-1,312,540.24	-2,572,713.05
Changes to the estimate difference of financial contracts:		
- <i>Estimate difference fiscal year N</i>	2,846,765.76	19,440.90
- <i>Estimate difference fiscal year N-1</i>	2,176,645.91	-670,119.85
	-670,119.85	-689,560.75
Previous fiscal year distribution of net capital gains and losses	-	-
Previous fiscal year distribution on profit and loss	-774,611.88	-928,044.00
Net profit and loss of the fiscal year before adjustment account	550,998.94	990,303.07
Advance(s) paid during the fiscal year on net capital gains and losses	-	-
Advance(s) paid during the fiscal year on profit and loss	-	-
Other elements	-	-
Net assets at the end of the fiscal year	50,471,125.31	46,225,996.08

3. Information supplements

3.1 Financial instruments: breakdown by the instrument's legal or economic type

3.1.1 Breakdown of the "Bonds and similar securities" item by type of instrument

	Traded on a regulated or similar market	Not traded on a regulated or similar market
Index-linked bonds	-	-
Convertible bonds	-	-
Fixed-rate bonds	-	-
Variable-rate bonds	-	-
Zero-coupon bonds	-	-
Participating securities	-	-
Other instruments	-	-

3.1.2 Breakdown of the "Debt securities" item by legal or economic type

	Traded on a regulated or similar market	Not traded on a regulated or similar market
Treasury Bills	-	-
Negotiable EUropean Commercial Paper (NEU CP) issued by non-financial issuers	-	-
Negotiable EUropean Commercial Paper (NEU CP) issued by bank issuers	-	-
Negotiable EUropean Medium Term Note (NEU MTN)	-	-
Other instruments	-	-

3.1.3 Breakdown of the "Sale operations on financial instruments" item by instrument type

	Securities under reverse repurchase agreement sold	Securities borrowed sold	Securities acquired with redemption right sold	Short sales
Equities	-	-	-	-
Bonds	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	-	-	-	-
Other investments	-	-	-	-

3.1.4 Breakdown of the off-balance sheet headings by market type (notably rates, equities)

	Rate	Equities	Exchange	Other
Hedging				
Commitments on regulated or similar markets	-	-	-	-
Over-the-counter commitments	-	-	-	-
Other commitments	-	-	-	-
Other operations				
Commitments on regulated or similar markets	-	-	-	-
Over-the-counter commitments	-	100,963,984.50	-	-
Other commitments	-	-	-	-

3.2 Breakdown by rate types of the asset, liability and off-balance sheet items

	Fixed rate	Variable rate	Revisable rate	Other
Assets				
Deposits	-	-	-	-
Bonds and similar securities	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	-	-	-	-
Temporary financial securities operations	-	-	-	-
Financial accounts	-	-	-	1.72
Liabilities				
Temporary financial securities operations	-	-	-	-
Financial accounts	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet				
Hedging	-	-	-	-
Other operations	-	-	-	-

3.3 Breakdown by residual maturity of the asset, liability and off-balance sheet items

	0-3 months	3 months - 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	>5 years
Assets					
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds and similar securities	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-
Temporary financial securities operations	-	-	-	-	-
Financial accounts	1.72	-	-	-	-
Liabilities					
Temporary financial securities operations	-	-	-	-	-
Financial accounts	-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet					
Hedging	-	-	-	-	-
Other operations	100,963,984.50	-	-	-	-

3.4 Breakdown by listing or assessment currency of the asset, liability and off-balance sheet items

This breakdown is given for the main listing or assessment currencies, with the exception of the currency for the keeping of the accounts.

By main currency	JPY	SEK	DKK	Other currencies
Assets				
Deposits	-	-	-	-
Equities and similar securities	6,078,486.92	291,531.10	1,279.78	-
Bonds and similar securities	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	-	-	-	-
CIU	-	-	-	-
Temporary financial securities operations	-	-	-	-
Receivables	-	-	-	-
Financial accounts	-	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-
Liabilities				
Sale operations on financial instruments	-	-	-	-
Temporary financial securities operations	-	-	-	-
Debts	-	-	-	-
Financial accounts	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet				
Hedging	-	-	-	-
Other operations	-	-	-	-

3.5 Receivables and Debts: breakdown by type

Details of the elements comprising the “other receivables” and “other debts” items, notably breakdown of the future foreign exchange operations by type of operation (purchase/sale).

Receivables	1,002,313.65
Future currency exchange operations:	
Future purchases of currency	-
Total traded amount of future Sales of currencies	-
Other receivables:	
Account receivable	1,002,313.65
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
Other operations	-
Debts	1,026,807.62
Future currency exchange operations:	
Future sales of currencies	-
Total traded amount of future Purchases of currencies	-
Other debts:	
Deferred settlements purchases	1,002,313.65
Accrued expenses	24,493.97
-	-
-	-
-	-
Other operations	-

3.6 Shareholders' equity

Unit category issued/redeemed during the fiscal year:	Number of units	Subscriptions		Redemptions	
		Amount	Number of units	Amount	
Unit D-EUR / FR0010524777	636,922	13,008,246.73	893,100	17,417,191.64	
Subscription / redemption commission by unit category:		Amount		Amount	
Unit D-EUR / FR0010524777		-		-	
Retrocessions by unit category:		Amount		Amount	
Unit D-EUR / FR0010524777		-		-	
Commissions acquired by the CIU by unit category:		Amount		Amount	
Unit D-EUR / FR0010524777		-		-	

3.7 Management fees

Operating and management fees (fixed fees) as % of the average net assets	%
Unit category:	
Unit D-EUR / FR0010524777	0.60
Outperformance commissions (variable fees): amount of costs for the year	Amount
Unit category:	
Unit D-EUR / FR0010524777	-
Retrocession of management fees:	
- Total amount of fees retroceded to the CIU	-
- Breakdown by "target" CIU:	
- CIU 1	-
- CIU 2	-
- CIU 3	-
- CIU 4	-

3.8 Commitments given and received

3.8.1	Description of guarantees received by the UCITS with indication of the capital guarantees	None
3.8.2	Description of the other commitments received and/or given.....	None

3.9 Other information

3.9.1	Current value of the financial instruments that are the subject of temporary acquisition:	
	- Financial instruments sold under forward repurchase agreements	-
	- Other temporary operations	-
3.9.2	Current value of the financial instruments comprising security deposits:	
	Financial instruments received as guarantees and not included in the balance sheet:	
	- equities	3,372,018.94
	- bonds	-
	- debt securities	-
	- other financial instruments	-
	Financial estimates given as guarantees and maintained in their original item:	
	- equities	-
	- bonds	-
	- debt securities	-
	- other financial instruments	-
3.9.3	Financial instruments held in the portfolio, issued by entities linked to the management company (fund) or to the financial managers (MF) and CIU managed by these entities:	
	- CIU securities	-
	- Swaps	2,176,645.91

3.10 Allocation of the profit and loss table *(in the CIU accounting currency)***Advances paid during the fiscal year**

Date	Unit category	Overall amount	Unit amount	Total tax credits	Unit tax credits
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
Total advances		-	-	-	-

	30.06.2017	30.06.2016
Allocation of the profit and loss	EUR	EUR
Sums still to be allocated		
Carried forward	-	-
Profit and loss	601,521.95	938,782.07
Total	601,521.95	938,782.07

Unit D-EUR / FR0010524777	30.06.2017	30.06.2016
Currency	EUR	EUR
Allocation		
Distribution	476,955.67	774,611.88
Carried forward for the fiscal year	-	-
Capitalisation	124,566.28	164,170.19
Total	601,521.95	938,782.07
Information relative to the units and resulting in a distribution right		
Number of units	2,510,293	2,766,471
Unit distribution	0.19	0.28
Tax credits linked to the allocation of the profit and loss	-	-

3.11. Allocation table of the distributable sums related to the net capital gains and losses
(in the CIU accounting currency)

Advances on net capital gains and losses paid for the fiscal year

Date	Overall amount	Unit amount
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
Total advances	-	-

	30.06.2017	30.06.2016
Allocation of the net capital gains and losses	EUR	EUR
Sums still to be allocated		
Non-distributed prior net capital gains and losses	-	-
Net capital gains and losses of the fiscal year	6,911,717.28	-10,211,676.09
Advances paid on net capital gains and losses of the fiscal year	-	-
Total	6,911,717.28	-10,211,676.09

Unit D-EUR / FR0010524777	30.06.2017	30.06.2016
Currency	EUR	EUR
Allocation		
Distribution	-	-
Non-distributed net capital gains and losses	-	-
Capitalisation	6,911,717.28	-10,211,676.09
Total	6,911,717.28	-10,211,676.09
Information relative to the units and resulting in a distribution right		
Number of units	-	-
Unit distribution	-	-

3.12 Table of the profit and loss and other characteristic elements of the MF during the last 5 fiscal years*Fund creation date: 10 October 2007.*

Currency					
EUR	30.06.2017	30.06.2016	30.06.2015	30.06.2014	28.06.2013
Net assets	50,471,125.31	46,225,996.08	46,301,684.72	52,309,955.44	44,619,867.83

Unit D-EUR / FR0010524777	Currency of the unit and of the net asset value: EUR				
	30.06.2017	30.06.2016	30.06.2015	30.06.2014	28.06.2013
Number of outstanding units	2,510,293	2,766,471	2,320,110	3,003,610	3,146,110
Net asset value	20.1056	16.7093	19.9566	17.4156	14.1825
Unit distribution on net capital gains and losses (including advances)	-	-	-	-	-
Unit distribution (including advances)*	0.19	0.28	0.40	0.25	0.26
Unit tax credit transferred to holders (natural persons) ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-
Unit capitalisation*	2.80	-3.63	3.54	2.87	0.36

* The amounts of the unit distribution, the unit capitalisation and the tax credits are indicated in the accounting currency of the UCITS. The unit capitalisation corresponds to the profit or loss and the capital gains or losses on the number of outstanding units. This calculation method is applied from 1 January 2013.

⁽¹⁾ Pursuant to the Fiscal Instruction of 4 March 1993 from the Directorate General for taxes, the unit tax credit will be determined on the ex-dividend date by distribution of the total amount of the tax credits between the outstanding equities on that date.

4. Inventory as of 30.06.2017

Security code	Name of the security	Security status	Quantity	Market value	Listing currency	% Net Assets
<i>Investment Securities</i>						
<i>Equity</i>						
DE0005103006	ADVA AG OPTICAL NETWORKING	OWN SPECIFIC	1,104.00	9,968.02	EUR	0.02
NL0000235190	AIRBUS BR BEARER SHS	OWN SPECIFIC	30,559.00	2,200,248.00	EUR	4.36
JP3119600009	AJINOMOTO CO INC	OWN SPECIFIC	31,543.00	597,251.47	JPY	1.18
NL0000009132	AKZO NOBEL NV-CVA	OWN SPECIFIC	28,883.00	2,197,707.47	EUR	4.35
DE0008404005	ALLIANZ SE-NOM	PGARAN	2,947.00	508,062.80	EUR	1.01
DE0008404005	ALLIANZ SE-NOM	OWN SPECIFIC	10,189.00	1,756,583.60	EUR	3.48
BE0974293251	ANHEUSER BUSCH INBEV SA/NV	OWN SPECIFIC	42,040.00	4,065,688.40	EUR	8.06
ES0113211835	BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARGENTA	PGARAN	1.00	7.27	EUR	0.00
ES0113211835	BANCO BILBAO VIZCAYA ARGENTA	OWN SPECIFIC	563,302.00	4,092,389.03	EUR	8.11
ES0113900J37	BANCO SANTANDER SA	PGARAN	1.00	5.79	EUR	0.00
ES0113900J37	BANCO SANTANDER SA	OWN SPECIFIC	52,305.00	302,950.56	EUR	0.60
DE000BASF111	BASF SE	PGARAN	1.00	81.09	EUR	0.00
DE000BAY0017	BAYER AG	PGARAN	1.00	113.20	EUR	0.00
DE000BAY0017	BAYER AG	OWN SPECIFIC	7,412.00	839,038.40	EUR	1.66
SE0000869646	BOLIDEN AB	OWN SPECIFIC	5,350.00	127,854.99	SEK	0.25
ES0140609019	CAIXABANK	OWN SPECIFIC	554,114.00	2,316,196.52	EUR	4.59
FR0000031775	CIMENTS VICAT SA	PGARAN	818.00	50,446.06	EUR	0.10
DE0006062144	COVESTRO AG	PGARAN	2,689.00	169,971.69	EUR	0.34
DE0006062144	COVESTRO AG	OWN SPECIFIC	9,845.00	622,302.45	EUR	1.23
DE0007100000	DAIMLER	PGARAN	1.00	63.37	EUR	0.00
DE0007100000	DAIMLER	OWN SPECIFIC	54,996.00	3,485,096.52	EUR	6.91
DK0010274414	DANSKE BANK A/S	OWN SPECIFIC	38.00	1,279.78	DKK	0.00
DE000EVNK013	EVONIK INDUSTRIES AG	OWN SPECIFIC	48,501.00	1,357,300.49	EUR	2.69
NL0011585146	FERRARI NV	OWN SPECIFIC	14,266.00	1,072,089.90	EUR	2.12
DE0005785802	FRESENIUS MEDICAL CARE AG & CO	OWN SPECIFIC	10,900.00	917,453.00	EUR	1.82

LYXOR NEW ENERGY UCITS ETF

Security code	Name of the security	Security status	Quantity	Market value	Listing currency	% Net Assets
DE0005785604	FRESENIUS SE & CO KGAA	OWN SPECIFIC	11,638.00	873,548.28	EUR	1.73
JP3787000003	HITACHI CONSTRUCTION MACHINERY	OWN SPECIFIC	69,303.00	1,517,988.15	JPY	3.01
DE0005493365	HYPOPORT AG*	OWN SPECIFIC	85.00	9,647.50	EUR	0.02
ES0148396007	INDITEX	PGARAN	1.00	33.61	EUR	0.00
ES0148396007	INDITEX	OWN SPECIFIC	63,151.00	2,122,505.11	EUR	4.21
NL0011821202	ING GROUP NV	PGARAN	1.00	15.10	EUR	0.00
NL0011821202	ING GROUP NV	OWN SPECIFIC	599.00	9,044.90	EUR	0.02
SE0000806994	JM AB	OWN SPECIFIC	5,282.00	163,676.11	SEK	0.32
NL0011794037	KONINKLIJKE AHOLD DELHAIZE	OWN SPECIFIC	117,922.00	1,974,014.28	EUR	3.91
NL0000009827	KONINKLIJKE DSM NV	OWN SPECIFIC	30,776.00	1,958,584.64	EUR	3.88
NL0000009538	KONINKLIJKE PHILIPS N.V.	OWN SPECIFIC	32,110.00	998,460.45	EUR	1.98
DE0006483001	LINDE AG	OWN SPECIFIC	20,408.00	3,383,646.40	EUR	6.70
JP3902900004	MITSUBISHI UFJ FINANCIAL GROUP	OWN SPECIFIC	434,122.00	2,556,922.83	JPY	5.07
ES0105251005	NEINOR HOMES	OWN SPECIFIC	16,209.00	300,514.86	EUR	0.60
FR0000120560	NEOPOST	PGARAN	18,648.00	758,041.20	EUR	1.50
DE000LED4000	OSRAM LICHT	OWN SPECIFIC	20,334.00	1,418,296.50	EUR	2.81
DE0007030009	RHEINMETALL AG	PGARAN	8,964.00	745,087.68	EUR	1.48
GB0007188757	RIO TINTO PLC	PGARAN	24,283.00	896,594.57	GBP	1.78
JP3371200001	SHIN-ETSU CHEMICAL CO LTD	OWN SPECIFIC	17,695.00	1,406,324.47	JPY	2.79
DE0007236101	SIEMENS AG-NOM	PGARAN	1.00	120.35	EUR	0.00
DE0007236101	SIEMENS AG-NOM	OWN SPECIFIC	10,563.00	1,271,257.05	EUR	2.52
GB00BDSFG982	TECHNIPFMC PLC	PGARAN	5,352.00	127,083.24	USD	0.25
FR0000120271	TOTAL	PGARAN	1,277.00	55,274.95	EUR	0.11
GB00B1H0DZ51	TP ICAP PLC	PGARAN	11,465.00	61,016.97	GBP	0.12
DE000TUAG000	TUI	OWN SPECIFIC	3,760.00	47,808.40	EUR	0.09
NL0000009355	UNILEVER CVA	OWN SPECIFIC	31,252.00	1,510,096.64	EUR	2.99
FI0009005987	UPM KYMMENE OYJ	OWN SPECIFIC	33,463.00	835,236.48	EUR	1.65
Total Equity				51,690,990.59		102.42
Total Investment Securities				51,690,990.59		102.42

Security code	Name of the security	Security status	Quantity	Market value	Listing currency	% Net Assets
<i>Interest rate swap</i>						
SWAP03552991	FEES LEG D EUR LYX E	OWN SPECIFIC	1.00	24,493.96	EUR	0.05
SWAP03552985	INDEX LEG D EUR LYX	OWN SPECIFIC	100,963,984.54	50,471,123.59	EUR	100.00
SWAP03553021	VRAC LEG LYX ETF NEW	OWN SPECIFIC	100,963,984.50	-48,318,971.64	EUR	-95.74
<i>Total Interest rate swap</i>				2,176,645.91		4.31
<i>Cash</i>						
<i>AT BANK OR PENDING</i>						
	RECEIVABLE ON SWAP	OWN SPECIFIC	0.00	1,002,313.65	EUR	1.99
	DEF. PURCHASES EUR SECURITIES	OWN SPECIFIC	0.00	-1,002,313.65	EUR	-1.99
	EUR SGP BANK	OWN SPECIFIC	0.00	1.72	EUR	0.00
<i>Total AT BANK OR PENDING</i>				1.72		0.00
<i>MANAGEMENT FEES</i>						
	PRCOMGESTADM	OWN SPECIFIC	0.00	-24,493.97	EUR	-0.05
<i>Total MANAGEMENT FEES</i>				-24,493.97		-0.05
<i>Total Cash</i>				-24,492.25		-0.05
<i>Files</i>						
<i>AD1 REME: Deposit of Collateral (File)</i>						
PDC-01824853	PDC LYXODE000BASFI11	PGAR1	-81.09	-81.09	EUR	-0.00
PDC-01824858	PDC LYXODE000BAY0017	PGAR1	-113.20	-113.20	EUR	-0.00
PDC-01824864	PDC LYXODE0006062144	PGAR1	-169,971.69	-169,971.69	EUR	-0.34
PDC-01824890	PDC LYXODE0007030009	PGAR1	-745,087.68	-745,087.68	EUR	-1.48
PDC-01824869	PDC LYXODE0007100000	PGAR1	-63.37	-63.37	EUR	-0.00
PDC-01822518	PDC LYXODE0007236101	PGAR1	-120.35	-120.35	EUR	-0.00
PDC-01824837	PDC LYXODE0008404005	PGAR1	-508,062.80	-508,062.80	EUR	-1.01
PDC-01824841	PDC LYXOES0113211835	PGAR1	-7.27	-7.27	EUR	-0.00
PDC-01824848	PDC LYXOES0113900J37	PGAR1	-5.79	-5.79	EUR	-0.00
PDC-01824874	PDC LYXOES0148396007	PGAR1	-33.61	-33.61	EUR	-0.00
PDC-01822538	PDC LYXOFR0000031775	PGAR1	-50,446.06	-50,446.06	EUR	-0.10
PDC-01822529	PDC LYXOFR0000120271	PGAR1	-55,274.95	-55,274.95	EUR	-0.11
PDC-01824885	PDC LYXOFR0000120560	PGAR1	-758,041.20	-758,041.20	EUR	-1.50
PDC-01822524	PDC LYXOGB00BDSFG982	PGAR1	-127,083.24	-127,083.24	EUR	-0.25

LYXOR NEW ENERGY UCITS ETF

Security code	Name of the security	Security status	Quantity	Market value	Listing currency	% Net Assets
PDC-01822533	PDC LYXOGB00B1H0DZ51	PGAR1	-53,575.95	-61,016.97	GBP	-0.12
PDC-01824894	PDC LYXOGB0007188757	PGAR1	-787,254.86	-896,594.57	GBP	-1.78
PDC-01824878	PDC LYXONL0011821202	PGAR1	-15.10	-15.10	EUR	-0.00
Total AD1 REME: Deposit of Collateral (File)				-3,372,018.94		-6.68
Total Files				-3,372,018.94		-6.68
Total LYXOR NEW ENERGY UCITS ETF				50,471,125.31		100.00

APPENDIX TO THE REPORT
intended for Swiss subscribers

This appendix makes the annual report with the FINMA requirements for the marketing in Switzerland. **It has not been certified by the accountants.**

Country of origin of the Fund
France.

Representative of the Swiss Fund

Société Générale, Paris, Zurich Branch, has been authorised by the FINMA as the Fund's representative in Switzerland while also assuming the payment service. The prospectus, articles of association, annual and semi-annual reports of the Fund, the KIIDs as well as the list of purchases and sales made by the Fund during the fiscal year can be obtained on request and at no cost from the representative's head office in Switzerland, Société Générale, Paris, Zurich Branch, Talacker 50, PO Box 5070, 8021 Zurich.

Calculation of the Total Expense Ratio (in compliance with the recommendations of the Swiss Funds & Asset Management Association SFAMA)

Annual closing of the fund: 30-June

UCITS management commission: 0.60 % including tax

Average assets of the fund for the period
from 01/07/16 to 30/06/17: 49,544,400.97

Excerpt from the income statement

Expenses in euros	Annual report	Half-yearly report	Annual report
	30/06/2016	31/12/2016	30/06/2017
Fund management commission	259,305.75	145,110.90	297,419.46
Performance fee to be paid to the manager of collective investments of capital	0.00	0.00	0.00
Depository bank commission	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other expenses	0.00	0.00	0.00
Taxes	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total operating expenses	259,305.75	145,110.90	297,419.46

Calculation of the TER (Total Expense Ratio) for 12 months (from 01/07/16 to 30/06/17):

TER, including performance fee

$$(297,419.46 / 49,544,400.97) * 100$$

TER 0.60 %

Performance fee as a share in percentage of the net average assets:

- %

LYXOR NEW ENERGY UCITS ETF
Fiscal year closing on 30/06/2017

Performance of the fund

The details of the performances of the Fund's units calculated in compliance with the principles of the Swiss Fund Association are given below:

	Annual performance from 30/06/2016 to 30/06/2017	Annual performance from 30/06/2015 to 30/06/2016	Annual performance from 30/06/2014 to 30/06/2015
LYXOR NEW ENERGY UCITS ETF (EUR)	+22.42%	-14.50%	+16.29%
WORLD ALTERNATIVE ENERGY INDEX CW (EUR)	+22.93%	-14.20%	+17.13%

Past performances are no indicator of future performances. The performances indicated here do not take into account the impact of possible subscription and redemption commissions and costs of Fund units.