(Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable)

The Directors have taken all reasonable care to ensure that the facts stated herein are true and accurate in all material respects and that there are no other material facts the omission of which would make misleading any statement herein, whether of fact or opinion. The Directors accept responsibility accordingly.

The Company is a UCITS for the purposes of the UCITS Directive and the Directors propose to market the Shares in accordance with the UCITS Directive in certain Member States of the European Union and elsewhere. The Company is registered pursuant to Part I of the Law. The registration does not imply approval by any Luxembourg authority of the contents of this Prospectus or the portfolio of securities held by the Company. Any representation to the contrary is unauthorised and unlawful.

Investors should not treat the contents of this Prospectus as advice relating to legal, taxation, investment or other matters. If you are in any doubt about the contents of this Prospectus, the risks involved in investing in the Company or the suitability for you of investment in the Company, you should consult your stockbroker, accountant, solicitor, independent financial adviser or other professional adviser.

This Prospectus is valid only if it is accompanied by the latest key investor information document ('**KIID**'), the latest annual report, and also the latest semi-annual report if this was published after the latest annual report. These documents are available free of charge from the registered office of the Company and from the Company's agents as well as on the website www.jupiteram.com and shall be deemed to form part of this Prospectus. Prospective investors shall be provided with the latest version of the KIID in good time before their proposed subscription of shares in the Company.

Prospective purchasers of Shares should inform themselves as to the legal requirements, exchange control regulations and applicable taxes in the countries of their respective citizenship, residence or domicile. No person is authorised to give any information or to make any representations concerning the Company other than as contained in this Prospectus and in the documents referred to herein, and any purchase made by any person on the basis of statements or representations not contained in or inconsistent with the information and representations contained in this Prospectus shall be solely at the risk of the investor.

The Company draws prospective Shareholders' attention to the fact that any investor will only be able to fully exercise his investor rights directly against the Company (notably the right to participate in general Shareholder meetings), if the investor is registered himself and in his own name in the Shareholders' register of the Company. In cases where an investor invests in the Company through an intermediary investing into the Company in its own name but on behalf of the investor, it may not be possible for the investor to exercise certain Shareholder rights directly against the Company. Investors are advised to take independent legal advice on their rights.

This Prospectus may be translated into other languages. Any such translation shall only contain the same information and have the same meaning as the English language Prospectus. To the extent that there is any inconsistency between the English language Prospectus and the Prospectus in another language, this English language Prospectus will prevail, except to the extent (but only to the extent) that the law of any jurisdiction where the Shares are sold requires that in an action based upon a statement in the Prospectus in a language other than English, the version of the Prospectus on which such action is based shall prevail.

This Prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to purchase Shares in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so. The distribution of this Prospectus and the offering of the Shares in certain jurisdictions may be restricted. Persons interested in acquiring Shares should inform themselves as to (i) the legal requirements within the countries of their nationality, residence, ordinary residence or domicile for such acquisition (ii) any foreign exchange restrictions or exchange control requirements which they might encounter on the acquisition or sale of Shares and (iii) the income tax and other taxation consequences which might be relevant to the acquisition, holding or disposal of Shares. Prospective investors' attention is also drawn to 'Risk Factors' on pages 35 to 46 and in the Information Sheets as they relate to specific Funds.

The Shares are not available for investment by any U.S. Person.

The Shares have not been, and will not be, registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 (the '**1933 Act**'), as amended, or the securities laws of any of the states of the United States of America and the Company has not been, and will not be, registered under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Therefore, the Shares may not be directly or indirectly offered or sold in the United States of America or to or for the benefit of a 'U.S. Person' as defined in Regulation S of the 1933 Act, except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the 1933 Act. For the purpose of this paragraph, 'the United States of America' includes its possessions, its territories and all areas subject to its jurisdiction and a 'U.S. Person' is a national, citizen or resident of the United States of America or a corporation or partnership organised under the laws of the United States of America.

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA"), a portion of the 2010 Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act, became law in the United States in 2010. It requires financial institutions outside the US ("foreign financial institutions" or "FFIs") to pass information about "Financial Accounts" held by "Specified US Persons", directly or indirectly, to the US tax authorities, the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") on an annual basis. A 30% withholding tax is imposed on certain US source income (including dividends and interest) and gross proceeds from the sales or other disposal of property that can provide US source interest or dividends paid to a FFI that fails to comply with this requirement. On 28 March 2014, the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg entered into a Model 1 Intergovernmental Agreement ("IGA") with the United States of America and a memorandum of understanding in respect thereof. The Company would hence have to comply with such Luxembourg IGA, as implemented into Luxembourg law by the law of 24 July 2015 relating to FATCA (the "FATCA Law") in order to comply with the provisions of FATCA rather than directly complying with the US Treasury Regulations implementing FATCA. Under the FATCA Law and the Luxembourg IGA, the Company may be required to collect information aiming to identify its direct and indirect Shareholders that are Specified US Persons for FATCA purposes ("reportable accounts"). Any such information on reportable accounts provided to the Company will be shared with the Luxembourg tax authorities which will exchange that information on an automatic basis with the Government of the United States of America pursuant to Article 28 of the convention between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with respect to Taxes in Income and Capital, entered into in Luxembourg on 3 April 1996. The Company intends to comply with the provisions of the FATCA Law and the Luxembourg IGA to be deemed compliant with FATCA and will thus not be subject to the 30% withholding tax with respect to its share of any such payments attributable to actual and deemed U.S. investments of the Company. The Company will continually assess the extent of the requirements that FATCA and notably the FATCA Law place upon it.

To ensure the Company's compliance with FATCA, the FATCA Law and the Luxembourg IGA in accordance with the foregoing, to the extent permitted by applicable laws and regulations, the Company may, acting in good faith and on reasonable grounds:

- a. request information or documentation, including W-8 tax forms, a Global Intermediary Identification Number, if applicable, or any other valid evidence of a Shareholder's FATCA registration with the IRS or a corresponding exemption, in order to ascertain such Shareholder's FATCA status;
- b. report information concerning a Shareholder and his account holding in the Company to the Luxembourg tax authorities if such account is deemed a US reportable account under the FATCA Law and the Luxembourg IGA;
- c. deduct applicable US withholding taxes from certain payments made to a Shareholder by or on behalf of the Company in accordance with FATCA, the FATCA Law and the Luxembourg IGA; and
- d. divulge any such personal information to any immediate payor of certain U.S. source income as may be required for withholding and reporting to occur with respect to the payment of such income.

The price of Shares and the income from them may go down as well as up – accordingly, prospective investors' attention is drawn to the section headed 'Risk Factors' of this Prospectus.

Enquiries or Complaints

Any investor enquiries or complaints should be submitted to the Administrator's office at 6 route de Trèves, Senningerberg L-2633 Luxembourg or by telephone +352 46 26 85 973 or fax +352 22 74 43 or email <u>talux.funds.queries@jpmorgan.com</u> and the Administrator will respond to any enquiry or complaint in writing. Under the circumstances where performance related complaints are received, the Administrator will forward the complaint to the Investment Manager for a response.

As an alternative, for investors who are resident in the Asia Pacific region, any enquiries or complaints may be submitted to JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. Hong Kong Branch (the "Hong Kong Representative") at 21/F, JPMorgan Tower, 138 Shatin Rural Committee Road, Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong or by telephone +852 2800 1523 or fax +852 2800 0351 or email Jupiter.asia.investorservices@jpmorgan.com, and whereupon the Hong Kong Representative will forward the enquiries or complaints to the Administrator for response.

The complaints handling policy established by the Management Company for the Company may be requested by contacting the Administrator at the email address <u>talux.funds.queries@jpmorgan.com</u> or fax number 00352 22 74 43.

January 2016

Contents

Management and Administration	4
Definitions	6
Key Features	12
Dividend Policy	14
How to Subscribe, Convert and Redeem	15
Investment Restrictions	23
Risk Factors	34
Taxation	45
General Information	49
Jupiter Asia Pacific	63
Jupiter China Select	66
Jupiter Dynamic Bond	73
Jupiter Europa	87
Jupiter European Feeder	
Jupiter European Growth	
Jupiter European Opportunities	103
Jupiter Global Convertibles	107
Jupiter Global Ecology Growth	113
Jupiter Global Emerging Markets Unconstrained	119
Jupiter Global Equities	129
Jupiter Global Financials	134
Jupiter India Select	140
Jupiter Japan Select	146
Jupiter New Europe	150
Jupiter North American Equities	155
Jupiter Strategic Total Return	159

Management and Administration

Board of Directors	Adrian Creedy (Chairman)	Chief Operating Officer and Company Secretary, Jupiter Fund Management PLC, London	
	Garth Lorimer-Turner	Managing Director, Cohort Limited, Bermuda	
	Jacques Elvinger	Avocat, Elvinger Hoss Prussen, Luxembourg	
	Patrick Zurstrassen	Director, The Director's Office, Luxembourg	
	Paula Moore	Director, Jupiter Unit Trust Managers Limited, London	
Management Company	Jupiter Unit Trust Managers Limited	1 Grosvenor Place, London SW1X 7JJ, United Kingdom (prior to 2 nd January 2016)	
		The Zig Zag, 70 Victoria Street London SW1E 6SQ United Kingdom (on or around 2 nd January 2016)	
Investment Manager	Jupiter Asset Management Limited	1 Grosvenor Place, London SW1X 7JJ, United Kingdom (prior to 2 nd January 2016)	
		The Zig Zag, 70 Victoria Street London SW1E 6SQ United Kingdom (on or around 2 nd January 2016)	
Custodian, Paying Agent and Administrator	J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A.	6 route de Trèves, Senningerberg L-2633 Luxembourg	
Distributor	Jupiter Asset Management Limited	1 Grosvenor Place, London SW1X 7JJ, United Kingdom (prior to 2 nd January 2016)	
		The Zig Zag, 70 Victoria Street London SW1E 6SQ United Kingdom (on or around 2 nd January 2016)	
Auditors	Ernst & Young S.A.	7, rue Gabriel Lippmann, L-5365 Munsbach, Luxembourg	
Legal Advisers	Elvinger Hoss Prussen	2, Place Winston Churchill, L-1340 Luxembourg	
Registered Office	The Jupiter Global Fund	6 route de Trèves, Senningerberg L-2633 Luxembourg	

UK Representative	Jupiter Asset Management Limited	1 Grosvenor Place, London SW1X 7JJ, United Kingdom (prior to 2 nd January 2016)
		The Zig Zag, 70 Victoria Street London SW1E 6SQ United Kingdom (on or around 2 nd January 2016)

Definitions

£, GBP or Sterling	All references to £, GBP or Sterling are to the legal currency of the UK.	
€, EUR or Euro	All references to €, EUR or Euro are to the legal currency of the countries participating in the European Monetary Union in accordance with the Treaty on European Union (signed in Maastricht on 7th February, 1992).	
Acc or Accumulation	A Class of Shares for which income is accumulated.	
Accounts	Any profit and loss account, balance sheet or report of the Directors published to Shareholders in respect of the Company and/or one or more Funds.	
Administrator	J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A.	
Aggregate Operating Fee	The aggregate rate of operational fee paid by the Company to the Management Company, as further described on page 56 of the section headed 'General Information' and as set out in the relevant Information Sheet for each Share Class.	
Application Form	The application form provided by or on behalf of the Company to be completed by subscribers for Shares.	
Articles	The articles of incorporation of the Company as amended from time to time.	
AUD or Australian Dollars	All references to AUD are to Australian Dollars, the legal currency of Australia.	
Base Currency	The currency of denomination of a Fund as set out in the relevant Information Sheet.	
Benchmark	The benchmark used for the purposes of comparing the performance of, and/or calculating the Performance Fee payable (if any) for, a Fund, as specified in the relevant Information Sheet.	
Business Day	For all Funds other than Feeder Funds, a full day on which banks in Luxembourg are open for business. For Feeder Funds, a full day on which banks in Luxembourg and the United Kingdom are open for business.	
Central Depository	Clearstream, Euroclear and other Correspondents, through which Shares may be made available.	
CHF or Swiss Franc	All references to CHF or Swiss Francs are to the legal currency of Switzerland.	
Class	Each Class of Shares within a Fund corresponding either to a specific fee structure or some other differentiating factor as may be determined by the Directors.	
Class Currency	The currency of denomination of a Class as set out in the relevant Information Sheet.	
Class E Shares	A Class of Shares available only through certain distributors in certain jurisdictions with prior approval with the Investment Manager.	
Class I Shares	A Class of Shares reserved for Institutional Investors.	

Class L or D Shares	A Class of Shares available for subscription by retail investors.	
Class Z Shares	A Class of Shares available for subscription by retail investors. The Class Z Shares are only available with the Investment Manager's prior written consent.	
СNН	Chinese offshore Yuan Renminbi, accessible outside the PRC and traded primarily in Hong Kong. The government of the PRC introduced this currency in July 2010 to encourage trade and investment with entities outside the PRC. The value of CNY (onshore) and CNH (offshore) may be different.	
CNY or Yuan Renminbi	All references to CNY are to Yuan Renminbi, the legal currency of the People's Republic of China.	
Commitment Approach	Has the meaning set out on page 30 of the section headed 'Investment Restrictions'.	
Company	The Jupiter Global Fund which term shall include any Funds from time to time thereof.	
Correspondent	A sub-custodian, agent or delegate duly appointed by the Custodian.	
CSSF	Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier, the regulatory and supervisory authority in Luxembourg.	
CSSF Circular 11/512	The CSSF circular 11/512 on risk management rules of 30 May 2011.	
Custodian	J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A.	
Custodian Agreement	The agreement between the Company and the Custodian under which the Company has appointed the Custodian to act as custodian to the Company in accordance with the Law.	
Dealing Deadline	The cut off time for dealing in the Shares as specified in the Information Sheet for each Fund.	
Directors / Board of Directors	The board of directors of the Company.	
Dist	A Class of Shares for which there is no automatic reinvestment of dividends.	
Distribution Agreement	The agreement between the Management Company and the Distributor, under which the Management Company has delegated its marketing functions to the Distributor.	
Distributor	The company having been appointed by the Management Company as a distributor, such term to include sub-distributors appointed by the Distributor pursuant to authority granted by the Management Company.	
Efficient Portfolio Management	In accordance with the EU Eligible Assets Directive 2007/16/EC, Grand Ducal Regulation of 8 February 2008 and CSSF Circular 08/356, efficient portfolio management, refers to the use of techniques and instruments (including financial derivative instruments) which fulfil the following criteria:	
	• They are economically appropriate in that they are realised in a cost effective way;	
	• They are entered into for one or more of these aims:	

	THE JUPITER GLOBAL FUND	
	reduction of risk;	
	reduction of cost; and	
	generation of additional capital or income for the Fund with a level of risk which is consistent with the risk profile of the Fund and the risk diversification rules laid down in article 43 of the Law;	
	Their risks are adequately captured by the risk management process for the Fund.	
FCA	The Financial Conduct Authority of the United Kingdom or any successor authority or authorities in the United Kingdom.	
Feeder Fund	A Fund qualifying as a feeder UCITS as defined in article 77 (1) of the Law.	
Fund	A compartment of the Company within the meaning of article 181 of the Law, to which corresponds a distinct part of the assets and liabilities of the Company and described in the relevant Information Sheet.	
HSC	A Class of Shares for which passive currency hedging is applied.	
Inc or Income	A Class of Shares for which income is distributed in the form of dividends. "A Inc" refers to Classes which pay annual dividends (if declared), "Q Inc" refers to Classes which pay quarterly dividends (if declared) and "M Inc" refers to Classes which pay monthly dividends (if declared).	
Information Sheets	The information sheets attached to (and forming part of) this Prospectus relating to each Fund.	
Initial Charge	The initial charge payable on any given Class of Shares, as described in the Information Sheet for each Fund.	
Institutional Investors	Investors that qualify as institutional investors within the meaning of article 174 of the Law.	
Investment Management Agreement	The agreement between the Investment Manager and the Management Company, under which the Management Company has delegated its investment management functions to the Investment Manager.	
Investment Manager	Jupiter Asset Management Limited.	
Investment Restrictions	The investment restrictions set out in the section entitled 'Investment Restrictions' of this Prospectus.	
Jupiter Group	Jupiter Fund Management plc, a company incorporated in the UK together with its subsidiaries (which includes the Management Company and the Investment Manager).	
KIID	The Key Investor Information Document which must be provided to prospective investors in good time prior to subscription in accordance with article 161 of the Law.	
Law	The law of 17 December 2010 concerning undertakings for collective investment, as may be amended in the future.	

	1	
Management Company	Jupiter Unit Trust Managers Limited.	
Management Company Services Agreement	The agreement between the Company and the Management Company under which the Company has designated the Management Company to act as management company of the Company in accordance with the Law.	
Master Fund	A Fund qualifying as a master UCITS as defined in article 77 (3) of the Law and article 58 (3) of the UCITS Directive.	
Minimum Holding	The minimum holding for any Class as specified in the Information Sheets.	
Minimum Incremental Investment	The minimum incremental investment amount as specified in the Information Sheets.	
Minimum Initial Investment	The minimum initial investment amount as specified in the Information Sheets.	
NAV or Net Asset Value	The net asset value of each Fund, Class or Share, as determined in accordance with the Articles.	
NOK or Norwegian Krone	All references to NOK are to Norwegian Krone, the legal currency of Norway.	
Personal Account Number	The number allocated to Shareholders for use when subscribing for, converting or redeeming Shares.	
Prospectus	This document together with the Information Sheets.	
Redemption Price	The NAV per Share of the relevant Class (less, where applicable, the Redemption Charge, as described under the heading 'How to Redeem Shares' in the section entitled 'How to Subscribe for, Convert and Redeem Shares' in this Prospectus).	
Regulated Market	The market defined in article 4 paragraph 1 item 14 of the Directive 2004/39/CE of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21st April 2004 on Markets in Financial Instruments as well as any other market which is regulated, operates regularly and is recognised and open to the public.	
Reporting Fund	A Class which has been accepted into the reporting Fund regime as laid out in the UK Offshore Funds (Tax) Regulations 2009.	
SEK or Swedish Krona	All references to SEK are to Swedish Krona, the legal currency of Sweden.	
SFC	The Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong.	
SGD or Singapore Dollars	All references to SGD or Singapore Dollars are to the legal currency of Singapore.	
Shareholder(s)	Registered holder(s) of Shares.	
Shares	Shares of no par value in a Class of a Fund in the Company.	
SICAV	Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable.	
Stock Exchange	A Stock Exchange is a Regulated Market on which securities issued by public listed companies may be bought or sold and which operates in accordance with strict rules, regulations and guidelines.	

Subscription Price	The NAV per Share of the relevant Class (plus, where applicable, an Initial Charge).	
Transferable Securities	(i) Shares and other securities equivalent to shares; (ii) bonds and other debt instruments; and (iii) any other negotiable securities which carry the right to acquire any such transferable securities by subscription or exchanges.	
U.S. Person	The term 'U.S. Person ' means with respect to individuals, any U.S. citizen (and certain former U.S. citizens as set out in relevant U.S. Income Tax laws) or 'resident alien' within the meaning of U.S. income tax laws and in effect from time to time. With respect to persons other than individuals, the term 'U.S. Person' means (i) a corporation or partnership or other entity created or organised in the United States or under the laws of the United States or any state thereof; (ii) a trust where (a) a U.S. court is able to exercise primary jurisdiction over the trust and (b) one or more U.S. fiduciaries have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust; and (iii) an estate (a) which is subject to U.S. tax on its worldwide income from all sources; or (b) for which any U.S. Person acting as executor or administrator has sole investment discretion with respect to the assets of the estate and which is not governed by foreign law. The term 'U.S. Person' also means (i) any entity organised principally for passive investment such as a commodity pool, investment company or other similar entity (other than a pension plan for the employees, officers or principals of any entity organised and with its principal place of business outside the United States) which has as a principal purpose the facilitating of investment by a United States person in a commodity pool with respect to which the operator is exempt from certain requirements of Part 4 of the United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission by virtue of its participants being non United States persons and (ii) any other "US Person" as such term may be defined in FATCA.	
UCI	Has the meaning set out on page 27 of the section headed 'Investment Restrictions'.	
UCITS	Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities.	
UCITS Directive	Directive 2009/65/EC.	
ИК	The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.	
Underlying Fund	An undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) within the meaning of Article $1(2)$ of the UCITS Directive or another undertaking for collective investment within the meaning of the first and second indents of article 1 (2) of the UCITS Directive which qualifies as an eligible investment under section (1)(a)(iv) of the Investment Restrictions.	
United States	The United States of America (including the States and the District of Columbia), its territories, its possessions and any other areas subject to its jurisdiction.	
US\$, USD or US Dollars	All references to US\$, USD or US dollars are to the legal currency of the United States.	
Valuation Day	The day on which a NAV is calculated, as stated in the Information Sheet for each Fund.	

Valuation Point	1.00pm (Luxembourg time) on a Valuation Day, or such other time as may be stipulated in the relevant Information Sheet, being the time as of which the NAV is calculated for each Class.	
VaR	Has the meaning set out on page 30 of the section headed 'Investment Restrictions'.	

Key Features

Structure

The Company is an open-ended investment company incorporated under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg as a *Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable* ('**SICAV**') with an umbrella structure. In accordance with the Articles, the Company may issue multiple Classes in several Funds. A separate pool of assets and liabilities is maintained for each Fund and is invested in accordance with the investment objective applicable to the relevant Fund.

Unless otherwise indicated in the relevant Information Sheet, the assets of the different Classes within a Fund will be commonly invested but a Class specific sales or redemption charge structure, fee structure, Minimum Initial Investment, Minimum Incremental Investment, Minimum Holding requirement, dividend policy or hedging strategy may be applied. Shares will be issued, redeemed and converted at prices computed on the basis of the NAV per Share of the relevant Class, as calculated by the Administrator in accordance with the Articles.

The Directors may, at any time, create additional Funds and/or Classes whose investment objectives may differ from those of the existing Funds and/or Classes.

Investment Objectives

The Company provides a choice of Funds each investing in a particular market or group of markets or investing on the basis of a specific investment theme. The particular investment objective of each Fund is set out in the Information Sheet relevant to that Fund. The Directors may, at their discretion, alter investment objectives provided that any material change in the investment objective is notified to Shareholders at least one month prior to effecting such change in order that those Shareholders affected by such change may redeem or convert their Shares, without cost.

The Funds

As at the date of this Prospectus the Company comprises the following Funds:

- The Jupiter Global Fund Jupiter Asia Pacific
- The Jupiter Global Fund Jupiter China Select
- The Jupiter Global Fund Jupiter Dynamic Bond
- The Jupiter Global Fund Jupiter Europa
- The Jupiter Global Fund Jupiter European Feeder
- The Jupiter Global Fund Jupiter European Growth
- The Jupiter Global Fund Jupiter European Opportunities
- The Jupiter Global Fund Jupiter Global Convertibles
- The Jupiter Global Fund Jupiter Global Ecology Growth
- The Jupiter Global Fund Jupiter Global Emerging Markets Unconstrained
- The Jupiter Global Fund Jupiter Global Equities
- The Jupiter Global Fund Jupiter Global Financials
- The Jupiter Global Fund Jupiter India Select
- The Jupiter Global Fund Jupiter Japan Select
- The Jupiter Global Fund Jupiter New Europe
- The Jupiter Global Fund Jupiter North American Equities
- The Jupiter Global Fund Jupiter Strategic Total Return

Use of financial derivative instruments

As at the date of this Prospectus, only Jupiter Europa, Jupiter Global Financials and Jupiter Strategic Total Return are permitted to make use of financial derivative instruments as a core part of their investment strategy. More specifically, these Funds might be expected to use financial derivative instruments:

• as a fundamental part of their investment objective;

- in almost all market conditions; and
- in circumstances which would materially increase the risk profile of the Fund from that which would be expected from its non-derivative investment activities.

Please refer to pages 35-46 'Risk Factors' and pages 60-61 'Risk Management Process' for further information of the risk factors associated with the use of financial derivative instruments and the risk management process adopted by the Management Company respectively.

General Investment Considerations

Investment in the Company carries with it a degree of risk and there can be no assurance that a Fund's investment objectives will be attained. Different risks may apply to different Funds. Details of risks specific to an investment in a particular Fund are disclosed in the relevant Information Sheet and are therefore not disclosed in the main body of this Prospectus. The general risk factors applicable to all Funds are disclosed under the heading 'Risk Factors'. The attention of potential investors is drawn to the taxation risks associated with investing in the Company under the heading 'Taxation'.

Price Information

The prices of the Shares are determined as at the Valuation Point on each Valuation Day. Price information will be published as set out in the Information Sheet for each Fund and in such other media as may be required in the jurisdictions in which the Funds are distributed or otherwise as may be approved by the Directors from time to time. Price information is also published on the Jupiter Group's website at www.jupiteram.com and is also available on Bloomberg's website.

Prices are published for information only and are not an invitation to subscribe for, redeem or convert Shares at the published price. None of the Company, the Management Company, the Investment Manager, the Distributor or the Custodian, Paying Agent and Administrator accepts responsibility for any manuscript or printing error in publication or any failure to publish prices by the media.

Subscription and Redemption

Details of the Subscription and Redemption procedures are set out in section headed 'How to Subscribe, Convert and Redeem Shares' of this Prospectus and further details are also set out in the Information Sheet for each Fund. Shares may normally be subscribed, redeemed or converted on any Valuation Day at prices based on the NAV per Share of the relevant Class within the relevant Fund calculated at the relevant Valuation Point.

Listing

The Company may apply to list some or all of the Classes of the Company on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. If a listing is to be applied for, or has already been obtained, the position will be specified in the Information Sheet for the Fund concerned.

Investment Restrictions

The investment and borrowing restrictions applying to the Company and each Fund are set out in the section headed 'Investment Restrictions' as supplemented in the attached Information Sheets (where appropriate).

No Cross Liability

The assets of each Fund will be separate from those of all other Funds and will be invested separately in accordance with the investment objective and policies of such Fund. All liabilities attributable to a particular Fund shall be binding solely upon that Fund. For the purpose of the relations between Shareholders, each Fund shall be deemed to be a separate entity.

Dividend Policy

Capital Appreciation

The principal investment objective of each Fund is to achieve long term capital appreciation and the generation of income will not be an overriding consideration in determining investment policy.

Classes for which Income is Accumulated

Certain Classes of each Fund are identified in their Information Sheets as having a policy of accumulation of income ('Acc'). No dividends will be paid to Shareholders in these Classes.

Classes for which Income is Distributed

Income attributable to Shareholders in Classes which are identified in the relevant Information Sheets as making dividend payments on an annual basis ('A Inc') will, at the discretion of the Board of Directors, generally be paid on the tenth Business Day after the Company's financial year end (being 30 September) to Shareholders in the relevant Class whose names appear on the register of Shareholders (the "Register") on the penultimate Business Day in September of the financial year concerned.

Income attributable to Shareholders in Classes which are identified in the relevant Information Sheets as making dividend payments either quarterly ('Q Inc'), or monthly ('M Inc'), will, at the discretion of the Board of Directors, generally be paid on the tenth Business Day after the relevant month or quarter end date to Shareholders in the relevant Class whose names appear on the Register on the penultimate Business Day in the quarter or month concerned.

Payment and Automatic Reinvestment of Dividends

All dividends will, unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Information Sheet, be automatically reinvested into Shares in the same Class (at no initial charge) for the account of the Shareholders concerned.

Classes for which there is no automatic reinvestment of dividends are referred to as 'Dist' in their Class name in the Information Sheets and their dividend policy is described accordingly.

Where dividends are not reinvested, in the case of joint Shareholders, payment will be made to the first named Shareholder. Payment of dividends will ordinarily be made in the Class Currency of the Shares concerned.

All dividends on Shares to the value of less than ≤ 100 (or its equivalent in the Base Currency of the particular Fund) will, however, be automatically reinvested for the account of the Shareholder (at no initial charge). Dividends which are not automatically reinvested and which are not collected within five years will lapse and accrue for the benefit of the relevant Fund in accordance with Luxembourg law.

Capital Gains and Dividends

Capital gains will not be distributed.

The Company will not pay dividends out or effectively out of capital by charging all or part of the Funds' fees and expenses to the capital of the Funds.

How to Subscribe, Convert and Redeem

How to Subscribe

Applications for Shares may be made directly to the Administrator or through the Distributor. Initial Application Forms must be sent to the Administrator by mail, (or by a method otherwise specified from time to time at the discretion of the Board of Directors). Afterwards, subsequent Application Forms may be sent to the Administrator by fax. The Administrator will accept subsequent subscription requests (following an initial subscription submitted by mail) by fax (or in such format or method and under such conditions as shall be deemed acceptable by the Administrator from time to time and subject to applicable legal and regulatory provisions). The acceptance of Application Forms will be subject to the Minimum Initial Investment and/or Minimum Holding requirements and the receipt and acceptance by the Administrator of any information and documentation required under relevant anti-money laundering laws, regulations and internal procedures. The Minimum Holding stated in the relevant Information Sheet is exclusive of any Initial Charge.

A Shareholder may be permitted to make an initial investment amounting to less than the Minimum Initial Investment and/or the Minimum Holding at the discretion of the Board of Directors, such discretion being delegated to the Investment Manager. A Shareholder may also be permitted to make an incremental investment amounting to less than the Minimum Incremental Investment at the discretion of the Board of Directors, again with such discretion being delegated to the Investment Manager.

For Applications received by the Administrator prior to the Dealing Deadline in respect of a Valuation Day, Shares will be purchased at the Subscription Price of the relevant Fund, calculated as at the Valuation Point on such Valuation Day. An Initial Charge, if applicable, will be deducted from the purchase monies paid by the investors and may be paid to or retained by intermediaries or the Distributor. Applications received by the Administrator after the Dealing Deadline in respect of a Valuation Day will be dealt at the Valuation Point on the following Valuation Day.

To qualify for the allotment of Shares, on a particular Valuation Day, an applicant should ensure that a duly completed and signed Application Form, together with the cleared subscription monies and any other declarations and information required by the Administrator, is delivered to the Administrator prior to the Dealing Deadline in respect of that Valuation Day.

By prior agreement with the Company, the subscription monies relating to an application for the allotment of Shares, on a particular Valuation Day may be paid to the Administrator up to three Business Days after the applicable Valuation Day (or on such other basis as may be indicated in the Information Sheet for the relevant Fund and agreed between the Company and the applicant). Such late payments may only be made in respect of applications for which this arrangement has been specifically approved by the Company, such approval being delegated to the Investment Manager.

The Company may, at the discretion of the Board of Directors, such discretion being delegated to the Investment Manager, levy an interest charge on the late receipt of subscription monies.

Payment should be made in any freely convertible currency, which is accepted by the Administrator. The settlement currency of the subscription is to be indicated on the investor instruction, otherwise the subscription will be effected in the relevant Class Currency.

A contract note confirming the issue price, any applicable Initial Charge and the number of Shares issued will normally be forwarded by the Administrator within two Business Days following the relevant Valuation Day. No Share certificates will be issued. Shareholders will receive an annual statement of account and a Personal Account Number evidencing their holding.

The Shares have been accepted for clearance through Euroclear and Clearstream under the common code numbers indicated on the Information Sheets. Investors having access to an account with Euroclear or Clearstream should provide details of their Euroclear or Clearstream account number in their application to the Administrator.

Methods of payment

Payment may be made to the Administrator by SWIFT transfer. Any charges incurred on transfers will be deducted from the amount transferred.

Fight against Money Laundering and Financing of Terrorism

Pursuant to international rules and Luxembourg laws and regulations comprising, but not limited to, the law of November 12, 2004 on the fight against money laundering and financing of terrorism, as amended, and circulars of the CSSF, obligations have been imposed on all professionals of the financial sector to prevent the use of undertakings for collective investment for money laundering and financing of terrorism purposes. As a result of such provisions, the

registrar agent of a Luxembourg undertaking for collective investment must in principle ascertain the identity of the subscriber, related parties, proxy holders and beneficial owners, in accordance with Luxembourg laws and regulations. The registrar agent may require subscribers to provide any document it deems necessary to effect such identification.

In case of delay or failure by an applicant to provide the documents required, the application for subscription (or, if applicable, for redemption) will not be accepted. Neither the Company nor the Administrator has any liability for delays or failure to process deals as a result of the applicant providing no or only incomplete documentation.

Shareholders may be requested to provide additional or updated identification documents from time to time pursuant to ongoing client due diligence requirements under relevant laws and regulations and internal requirements.

Late Trading and Market Timing

Late trading ("Late Trading") is to be understood as the acceptance of a subscription or redemption order after the cut-off time for the relevant Valuation Day and the execution of such order at the price applicable on such Valuation Day. Market timing ("Market Timing") is to be understood as an arbitrage method through which an investor systematically subscribes and redeems Shares within a short time period, by taking advantage of time differences and/or imperfections or deficiencies in the method of determination of the Net Asset Values concerned.

The Company shall comply with any relevant provisions contained in CSSF Circular 04/146 of 17 June 2004 concerning the protection of undertakings for collective investment and their investors against Late Trading and Market Timing practices.

The Company reserves the right to refuse orders from any person who is engaging in Late Trading activities and to take appropriate measures to protect Shareholders. Subscriptions or redemptions received by the Company after the relevant Dealing Deadline will be dealt on a forward pricing basis as more fully described in sections "How to Subscribe" and "How to Redeem Shares".

In order to protect the interests of the Company and the Shareholders against Market Timing practices, the Company reserves the right to reject any application to subscribe or convert for Shares from any investor engaging in such practices or suspected of engaging in such practices and to take such further action as it, in its discretion, may deem appropriate or necessary.

General

The Company reserves the right to reject any application for Shares in whole or in part without stating reasons. Shares will only be allotted if cleared subscription monies are received by the Administrator with the Application Form unless otherwise agreed at the discretion of the Board of Directors, such discretion being delegated to the Investment Manager. The Company may, if agreed in the sole discretion of the Directors, satisfy any subscription for Shares in specie, in which case a report from the Company's auditors on the value of any assets accepted by way of in specie subscription will generally be obtained.

No Shares may be issued in a particular Fund during any period in which the calculation of Net Asset Value relating to such Fund has been suspended.

How to Redeem Shares

Redemption requests should be in writing and sent to the Administrator. The Administrator will also accept redemption requests in electronic format (in such format or method and under such conditions as shall be deemed acceptable by the Administrator from time to time and subject to applicable legal and regulatory provisions). Requests should:

- (a) state the Fund(s), Class(es) and relevant ISIN numbers of the Shares in respect of which the application is being made;
- (b) state the name of the Shareholder(s) and the Personal Account Number of such Shareholder; and
- (c) state the number of Shares or amount in cash to be redeemed.

Payment of redemption proceeds will be made in accordance with settlement currency indicated on the instruction. If investors wish to make any change in the redemption payment instruction, such change must be by written notice to the Administrator signed by the sole investor or all joint investors. The Administrator will be deemed to be authorised to act on any redemption instruction received from any person purporting to be the Shareholder and reciting the Personal Account Number.

In the event that any information and documentation required under relevant anti-money laundering laws, regulations and internal procedures has not been provided to the Administrator, the redemption will be acted upon but the redemption proceeds will not be paid to the investor. Instead, the monies will be held on a non-interest generating account and the investor will bear all associated risks until the required due diligence is provided to the Administrator.

For redemption requests that are received by the Administrator prior to the Dealing Deadline in respect of a Valuation Day, Shares will be redeemed at the Redemption Price of the relevant Fund calculated as at the Valuation Point on such Valuation Day. Redemption requests received by the Administrator after the Dealing Deadline on a Valuation Day will be dealt with at the Valuation Point on the following Valuation Day.

There is no redemption charge on redemptions unless otherwise specified in the Information Sheets of a Fund. Any redemption charge will be retained by the Fund for the benefit of the Class concerned.

A contract note confirming the details of the redemption will normally be forwarded by the Administrator within two Business Days following the relevant Valuation Day.

Unless otherwise specified on the redemption request, redemptions will be effected in the Class Currency of the relevant Class. Redemption proceeds will generally be paid on the third Business Day after the later of the date on which the applicable Redemption Price is determined and receipt by the Company of a written redemption request (or on such other basis as may be specified in the Information Sheet for the relevant Fund). For Feeder Funds, redemption proceeds will generally be paid on the fifth Business Day after the later of the date on which the applicable Redemption Price is determined and receipt by the Company of a written redemption request as may be specified in the Information Sheet for the relevant Fund).

There is no minimum number of Shares, or minimum value of Shares, which may be redeemed in any one redemption transaction except that in the event of an applicant requesting the redemption of part only of his holding of Shares which would, if carried out, leave the applicant holding less than the Minimum Holding, the Directors may, if they think fit, either redeem the whole of that applicant's holding in that Class or convert the remainder of that applicant's holding into the corresponding L Class for the currency and distribution policy of the Class of the Fund concerned.

Redemption in kind

The Board of Directors may, at the request of a Shareholder, agree to make, in whole or in part, a distribution in kind of securities of the Fund to that Shareholder in lieu of paying to that Shareholder redemption proceeds in cash. The Board of Directors will agree to do so if they determine that such a transaction would not be detrimental to the best interests of the remaining Shareholders of the relevant Fund. Such redemption will be effected at the Net Asset Value of Shares of the relevant Class of the Fund which the Shareholder is redeeming, and thus will constitute a pro rata portion of the Fund's assets attributable in that Class in terms of value. The assets to be transferred to such Shareholder shall be determined by the Board of Directors, with regard to the practicality of transferring the assets and to the interests of the Fund and continuing participants therein and to the Shareholder. The selection, valuation and transfer of assets shall be subject to the review and approval of the Board of Directors and shall be processed within the conditions set forth by applicable laws and regulations, and where applicable subject to the review of the Company's auditors. The costs for such redemption in kind, in particular the costs of the special audit report, will be borne by the Shareholder requesting the redemption in kind or by a third party, but will not be borne by the Company unless the Board of Directors considers that the redemption in kind is in the interest of the Company or made to protect the interests of the Company.

Limitation on Redemption

The Company shall not be bound to redeem on any Valuation Day Shares representing more than 10% of the Net Asset Value of any Fund (net of subscriptions on the same Valuation Day). For this purpose conversions of Shares out of a Class shall be treated as redemptions of such Shares. Redemption requests received on a Valuation Day may, in the absolute discretion of the Directors, be scaled down pro-rata so that Shares representing not more than 10% of the Net Asset Value of any Fund may be redeemed on a Valuation Day. In these circumstances redemptions may be deferred by the Company to the next Valuation Day after the date of receipt of the redemption request. Redemptions that are deferred when processed will be effected in priority to the redemption requests received on such following Valuation Day.

The Company and/or the Administrator will accept Shareholder instructions to redeem by facsimile at the Shareholder's own risk and provided that the Shareholder has executed a facsimile instruction indemnity form. Redemption requests may not be withdrawn except in the event of a suspension set out under the section headed 'Suspension of Dealings in Shares' or deferral of the right to redeem Shares of the relevant Class. Shares redeemed by the Company will be cancelled.

How to Convert Shares

Conversion facilities are available to all Shareholder, except for those invested in Feeder Funds, wishing to convert all or part of their holding from one Fund (excluding Feeder Funds) to another or from one Class within a given Fund (excluding Feeder Funds) to another Class. The attention of Shareholders is drawn to the taxation risks associated with investing in Feeder Funds under the heading 'Taxation'. References to "Funds" in the rest of this section 'How to Convert Shares' shall exclude Feeder Funds.

Conversions between Funds are made at the relevant Subscription Price and Redemption Price and may only be made into the equivalent Class in the Fund into which the Shareholder wishes to convert. For example, a holding in an \notin L Class of a Fund may be converted to a holding in another L Class of the same or different currency denomination. Conversion requests should be presented directly to the Administrator.

Conversion requests should be made in writing and sent to the Administrator. The Administrator will also accept conversion requests in electronic format (in such format or method and under such conditions as shall be deemed acceptable by the Administrator from time to time and subject to applicable legal and regulatory provisions).

Requests for conversions, once made, may not be withdrawn except in the event of a suspension or deferral of the right to redeem Shares of the Class from which the conversion is to be made or deferral of the right to subscribe for Shares of the Class into which conversion is to be made. A conversion fee of up to 1% of the gross amount being switched (as determined below under 'F') may be charged in respect of conversions for the benefit of the Distributor or the intermediaries.

If as a result of a partial conversion of Shares, the Shareholder's balance of Shares in a particular Class falls below the Minimum Holding, the Company may require that these Shares be converted or redeemed. Contract notes will normally be issued within two Business Days following the applicable Valuation Day.

The rate at which all or any part of a holding of Shares (the '**original Fund**') is converted on any Valuation Day into Shares of another Fund (the '**new Fund**') will be determined in accordance with (or as nearly may be) the following formula:

 $A= \frac{((B \times C \times E) - F)}{D}$

Where:

- A is the number of Shares of the new Fund to be allotted;
- B is the number of Shares of the original Fund to be converted;
- C is the NAV per Share of the original Fund ruling on the relevant Valuation Day;
- D is the NAV per Share of the new Fund ruling on the relevant Valuation Day;
- E is, in the case of a conversion involving two Funds which do not have the same Base Currency, the exchange rate determined by the Custodian for converting the currency of B into the currency of A; and
- F is a conversion fee of up to 1% of the gross amount being switched (i.e. B x C).

Shareholders should note that a switch of Shares of one Class for Shares in another Class of another Fund may in some jurisdictions be a realisation for the purposes of capital gains taxation. A Shareholder whose Shares of one Class have been switched into Shares of another Class following submission of a switching request, will not be given a right by law to reverse the transaction except as a new transaction.

Limited Secondary Market

Shareholders should note that the Distributor may, but shall not be obliged to, make a market in Shares and, consequently, acting as principal, acquire and hold Shares. When the Distributor makes a market in Shares, a purchaser will acquire Shares directly from the Distributor and a Shareholder selling Shares will sell them directly to the Distributor rather than from or to the Company. Acquisition and sale of Shares from and to the Distributor may not be made at prices exceeding the relevant NAV per Share plus the Initial Charge or being less than the Redemption Price, respectively. A Shareholder who has acquired Shares through the Distributor may at any time apply directly to the Distributor for the redemption of his Shares. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing contained herein shall oblige the Distributor to make a market in the Shares. Any transferee or purchaser of Shares in the secondary market will be required to comply with the measures aimed towards the prevention of money laundering set out above.

How to Transfer Shares

Transfers of Shares may be effected in writing in any usual or common form acceptable to the Directors, signed by or on behalf of the transferor and the transferee and every transfer shall state the full name and address of the transferor and transferee.

The Directors or the Administrator may decline to register any transfer of Shares where:

- (i) the transfer would result in the beneficial ownership of such Shares by a U.S. Person or otherwise is made in contravention of any restrictions on ownership imposed by the Directors or might result in legal, regulatory, pecuniary, taxation or material administrative disadvantage to the Company or its Shareholders; or
- (ii) the transfer is to a person who, if not already a Shareholder, would as a result of the transfer not hold the Minimum Holding.

The Directors or the Administrator may decline to register a transfer of Shares unless the transfer form is deposited with the Company or its delegate together with such information as may reasonably be required including evidence required to show the right of the transfer to make the transfer and satisfy the Administrator as to its requirements with respect to prevention of money laundering. A potential transferee (not being an existing Shareholder) will be required to complete such documentation as would have been required had that transferee subscribed for Shares before the proposed transfer is approved for registration.

Upon receipt of any information and documentation required under relevant anti-money laundering laws, regulations and internal procedures from the transferor and the transferee the transfer will be processed by the Administrator.

Swing Pricing

With net subscriptions or redemptions the associated investment and/or disinvestment costs for the underlying investment portfolio of a Fund may have an adverse effect on Shareholders' interests. In order to mitigate this effect, commonly referred to as 'dilution', the Board of Directors has discretion to apply a 'dilution adjustment' to subscriptions and / or redemptions of Shares (the 'Dilution Adjustment'). This power has been delegated to the Investment Manager.

If applied, the Dilution Adjustment will be paid into the relevant Fund and will become part of the assets of that Fund for the benefit of its Shareholders.

The need to make a Dilution Adjustment will depend on the volume of net subscriptions or redemptions. The Investment Manager may make a discretionary Dilution Adjustment if, in its opinion, the existing Shareholders (prior to subscriptions) or remaining Shareholders (following redemptions) are likely to be adversely affected. In particular, a Dilution Adjustment may be made by the Investment Manager in the following circumstances:

- where the Fund is, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, experiencing a period of continued decline;
- where the Fund is, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, experiencing a period of continued expansion;
- where the Fund experiences a level of net redemptions or net subscriptions on any Valuation Day which exceeds the threshold determined by the Investment Manager for the Fund; or
- in any other case where the Investment Manager is of the opinion that the interests of Shareholders require the imposition of a Dilution Adjustment.

Where a Dilution Adjustment is made, it will increase the Subscription Price when there are net inflows into the Fund or decrease the Redemption Price when there are net outflows.

The price of each Class in each Fund will be calculated separately, but any Dilution Adjustment will affect the price of Shares of each Class of the relevant Fund identically up to a maximum of 2%.

In circumstances when the Investment Manager elects not to apply a Dilution Adjustment there may be an adverse impact on the total assets of the Fund pursuant to net subscriptions or redemptions. As dilution is directly related to the value of inflows and outflows of money from the Fund, it is not possible to accurately predict whether dilution will occur at any future point in time. Consequently it is also not possible to accurately predict how frequently the Investment Manager will need to impose a Dilution Adjustment.

Because the Dilution Adjustment for each Fund will be calculated by reference to the costs of dealing in the underlying investments of that Fund, including any dealing spreads (which can vary with market conditions), the amount of any Dilution Adjustment applicable to a given Fund will vary over time.

Calculation of Dilution Adjustment:

In applying a Dilution Adjustment, the Investment Manager must use the following basis of valuation:

- When, by reference to any Valuation Point, the aggregate value of the Shares of all Classes of the Fund issued
 exceeds the aggregate value of Shares of all Classes cancelled, any adjustment must be upwards. The Dilution
 Adjustment must not exceed the Investment Manager's reasonable estimate of the difference between what the
 Subscription Price or Redemption Price would have been had the Dilution Adjustment not been taken into
 account and what the Subscription Price or Redemption Price would have been if the assets of the Fund had been
 valued on the best available market offered basis (plus dealing costs); or
- When, by reference to any Valuation Point, the aggregate value of the Shares of all Classes of the Fund redeemed exceeds the aggregate value of Units of all Classes issued, any adjustment must be downwards. The Dilution Adjustment must not exceed the Investment Manager's reasonable estimate of the difference between what the price would have been had the Dilution Adjustment not been taken into account and what the price would have been if the assets of the Fund had been valued on the best available market bid basis (less dealing costs).

Calculation of Net Asset Value

The Net Asset Value per Share of each Class in each Fund will be determined in respect of any Valuation Day in the currency of the relevant Class, as determined by the Board of Directors. It will be calculated on the relevant Valuation Day by dividing the value of the net assets of the Fund attributable to such Class by the number of Shares in issue of that Class. The resulting Net Asset Value per Share will be rounded to the nearest smallest unit of the currency denomination of the Class concerned.

The value of the net assets of each Fund will be determined in accordance with the Articles in the following manner.

The assets of the Company shall be deemed to include:

- (i) all cash balances and deposits, including any interest accrued thereon;
- (ii) all bills and demand notes and accounts receivable (including proceeds of securities sold but not settled);
- (iii) all bonds, time notes, shares, stock, units/shares in undertakings for collective investment, debenture stocks, subscription rights, warrants, options and other investments and securities owned or contracted for by the Company;
- (iv) all stock, stock dividends, cash dividends and cash distributions receivable by the Company to the extent that information thereon is reasonably available to the Company (provided that the Company may make adjustments with regard to fluctuations in the market value of securities caused by trading ex-dividends, exrights, or similar practices);
- (v) all interest accrued on any interest-bearing securities owned by the Company except to the extent that the same is included or reflected in the principal amount of such security;
- (vi) the launch expenses of the Company insofar as the same have not been written off, provided that such preliminary expenses may be written off directly from the capital of the Company; and
- (vii) all other permitted assets of every kind and nature, including prepaid expenses.

The value of such assets shall be determined as follows:

- (i) the value of any cash balances or deposits, bills and demand notes and accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, cash dividends and interest declared or accrued as aforesaid and not yet received shall be deemed to be the full amount thereof, unless in any case the same is unlikely to be paid or received in full, in which case the value thereof shall be arrived at after making such discount as the Company may consider appropriate in such case to reflect the true value thereof;
- the value of securities, money market instruments and/or financial derivative instruments which are listed on any official stock exchange or dealt in on any Regulated Market are valued at the last available price in accordance with the Company's current accounting policies;
- (iii) in the event that any of the securities, including money market instruments or financial derivative instruments held by the Company's portfolio on the relevant day are not listed on any stock exchange or dealt in on any Regulated Market or if, with respect to securities, money market instruments and/or financial derivative instruments listed on any stock exchange or dealt in on any other Regulated Market, the basis of the price as determined pursuant to sub-paragraph (ii) is not representative of the fair market value of the relevant securities, the value of such securities will be determined based on the reasonably foreseeable sales price determined prudently and in good faith;
- (iv) the financial derivative instruments which are not listed on any official stock exchange or traded on any other Regulated Market will be valued in a reliable and verifiable manner on a daily basis and verified by a competent professional appointed by the Company in accordance with market practice;
- (v) units or shares in open-ended investment funds shall be valued at their last available net asset value reduced by any applicable redemption charge;
- (vi) the value of money market instruments neither listed or dealt in on a stock exchange nor dealt in on any other Regulated Market shall be based on the nominal value plus any accrued interest or an amortised cost basis;
- (vii) in the event that the above mentioned calculation methods are inappropriate or misleading, the Directors may adjust the value of any investment or permit another method of valuation to be used for the assets of the Company; and
- (viii) in circumstances where the interests of the Company or its Shareholders so justify (for example, the avoidance of market timing practices), the Directors have delegated to the Investment Manager the discretion to take appropriate measures, such as applying a fair value pricing methodology, to adjust the value of the Company's assets.

In relation to (v) above and wherever practicable, the last available net asset value shall be deemed to include the net asset value calculated on the same Valuation Day for any Underlying Fund which itself has a valuation point at or before the Company's Valuation Point.

The liabilities of the Company shall be deemed to include:

- (i) all loans, bills and accounts payable;
- all accrued or payable administrative expenses (including management and advisory fees, custodian fee and corporate agents' fee as well as the costs of incorporation and registration, legal publications and prospectus printing, financial reports and other documents made available to Shareholders, marketing and advertisement costs);
- (iii) all known liabilities, present and future, including all matured contractual obligations for payments of money or property, including the amount of any unpaid dividends declared by the Company where the Valuation Day falls on the record date for determination of the persons entitled thereto, or is subsequent thereto;
- (iv) an appropriate provision for future taxes based on capital and income to the Valuation Day, as determined from time to time by the Company, and other reserves (if any) authorised and approved by the Directors; and
- (v) all other liabilities of the Company of whatsoever kind and nature except liabilities represented by Shares in the relevant Fund. In determining the amount of such liabilities the Company may calculate administrative and other expenses of a regular or recurring nature on an estimated figure for yearly or other periods in advance, and may accrue the same in equal proportions over any such period.

In calculating the Net Asset Value, the Administrator may rely upon such automatic pricing services as it shall determine or, if so instructed by the Company, the Management Company or the Investment Manager, it may use information provided by particular pricing services, brokers, market makers or other intermediaries. In such

circumstances, the Administrator shall not, in the absence of fraud, negligence or wilful default on the part of the Administrator, be liable for any loss suffered by the Company or any Shareholder by reason of any error in the calculation of the Net Asset Value resulting from any inaccuracy in the information provided by any such pricing service, broker, market maker or other intermediary.

Suspension of Dealings in Shares

The Directors may suspend the determination of the Net Asset Value of any Fund and the issue and redemption of any Fund's Shares to and from its Shareholders and the conversion from and to Shares of the relevant Fund during:

- (i) any period when any of the principal stock exchanges or markets on which any substantial portion of the investments of the Company attributable to such Fund are quoted or dealt in are closed otherwise than for ordinary holidays, or during which dealings therein are restricted or suspended; or
- (ii) the existence of any state of affairs which constitutes an emergency as a result of which disposals or valuation of assets owned by the Company attributable to such Fund would be impracticable; or
- (iii) any breakdown in or restriction in the use of the means of communication normally employed in determining the price or value of any of the investments attributable to such Fund or the current price or values on any stock exchange; or
- (iv) any period when the Company is unable to repatriate monies for the purpose of making payments on the redemption of such Shares or during which any transfer of funds involved in the realisation or acquisition of investments or payments due on redemption of such Shares cannot in the opinion of the Directors be effected at normal rates of exchange; or
- (v) any period when, in the opinion of the Directors, there exist unusual circumstances where it would be impracticable or unfair towards the Shareholders to continue dealing in the Shares of any Fund of the Company; or
- (vi) any period, if the Directors so decide and if the Company or the relevant Fund is being or may be wound up, commencing on or following the date on which notice is given of the general meeting of Shareholders at which a resolution to wind up the Company or the relevant Fund is to be proposed; or
- (vii) any period when the Net Asset Value of any subsidiary of the Company cannot be accurately determined, for example in relation to Feeder Funds, if the relevant Master Fund temporarily suspends trading.

No Share of such a Fund may be issued or redeemed and no conversion of Shares can be made to or from such Fund during such period of suspension. Notice of any suspension will be published in a Luxembourg newspaper and in such other newspapers as the Directors may from time to time determine. Any person applying for the issue, redemption or conversion of Shares of such a Fund will promptly be informed upon making such application. During any such period of suspension, Shareholders who have applied for the issue, redemption or conversion of Shares of any such Fund may revoke their application. In the absence of such revocation, the Subscription or Redemption Price or relevant NAV per Share shall be based on the first calculation of NAV made after the expiration of such period of suspension or deferral.

The suspension in dealing in Shares in any one Fund will have no effect on the calculation of the NAV per Share, the issue, redemption and conversion of the Shares of any other Fund.

Investment Restrictions

The Directors shall, based upon the principle of spreading of risks, have power to determine the investment policy for the investments of each Fund. Except to the extent that more restrictive rules are provided for in connection with a specific Fund as set out in the relevant Information Sheet for that Fund, the investment policy shall comply with the rules and restrictions set out below.

(1) (a) Investments in the Funds may consist of:

- (i) Transferable Securities and money market instruments admitted to official listing on a Stock Exchange; and/or
- (ii) Transferable Securities and money market instruments dealt in on another Regulated Market; and/or Transferable Securities and money market instruments admitted to official listing on a stock exchange in Europe, Asia, Oceania (including Australia), the American continents and Africa or dealt in on another market in the countries referred to above which is regulated, operates regularly and is recognised and open to the public; and/or
- (iii) Recently issued Transferable Securities and money market instruments, provided that the terms of issue include an undertaking that application will be made for admission to official listing on a Regulated Market and such admission is secured within a year of the issue; and/or
- (iv) Units of UCITS authorised according to the UCITS Directive and/or other undertakings for collective investment ('UCI') within the meaning of the first and second indent of article 1, paragraph (2) of the UCITS Directive, whether situated in a member state of the EU ('an EU Member State') or not, provided that:
 - such other UCIs have been authorised under the laws of any member country of the European Union or under the laws of those countries provided that they are subject to supervision considered by the CSSF to be equivalent to that laid down in European Community law and that cooperation between authorities is sufficiently ensured; or
 - the level of protection for unitholders in such other UCIs is equivalent to that provided for unitholders in a UCITS, and in particular that the rules on assets segregation, borrowing, lending, and uncovered sales of Transferable Securities and money market instruments are equivalent to the requirements of the amended UCITS Directive;
 - the business of such other UCIs is reported in half-yearly and annual reports to enable an assessment of the assets and liabilities, income and operations over the reporting period;
 - no more than 10% of the assets of the UCITS or of the other UCIs, whose acquisition is contemplated, can, according to their constitutional documents, in aggregate be invested in units of other UCITS or other UCIs; and/or
- (v) Deposits with credit institutions which are repayable on demand or have the right to be withdrawn, and maturing in no more than 12 months, provided that the credit institution has its registered office in a country which is an EU Member State or if the registered office of the credit institution is situated in a non-EU Member State provided that it is subject to prudential rules considered by the Luxembourg regulator as equivalent to those laid down in European Community law; and/or
- (vi) Financial derivative instruments, including equivalent cash-settled instruments, dealt in on a Regulated Market referred to in sub-paragraphs (i) and (ii) above, and/or financial derivative instruments dealt in over-the-counter ('OTC derivatives'), provided that:
 - the underlying consists of instruments covered by this section (1) (a), financial indices, interest rates, foreign exchange rates or currencies, in which the Funds may invest according to their investment objective;
 - the counterparties to OTC derivative transactions are institutions subject to prudential supervision, and belonging to the categories approved by the Luxembourg supervisory authority;
 - the OTC derivatives are subject to reliable and verifiable valuation on a daily basis and can be sold, liquidated or closed by an offsetting transaction at any time at their fair value at the Board's initiative;

and/or

- (vii) Money market instruments other than those dealt in on a Regulated Market, if the issue or the issuer of such instruments are themselves regulated for the purpose of protecting investors and savings, and provided that such instruments are:
 - (a) issued or guaranteed by a central, regional or local authority or by a central bank of an EU Member State, the European Central Bank, the EU or the European Investment Bank, a non-EU Member State or, in the case of a Federal State, by one of the members making up the federation, or by a public international body to which one or more EU Member States belong; or
 - (b) issued by an undertaking, any securities of which are dealt in on Regulated Markets referred to in (1) (a) (i) and (ii) above; or
 - (c) issued or guaranteed by an establishment subject to prudential supervision, in accordance with criteria defined by Community law, or by an establishment which is subject to and complies with prudential rules considered by the Luxembourg regulator to be at least as stringent as those laid down by Community law; or
 - (d) issued by other bodies belonging to the categories approved by the CSSF provided that investments in such instruments are subject to investor protection equivalent to that laid down in (a), (b) or (c) above and provided that the issuer is a company whose capital and reserves amount to at least 10 million Euro (EUR 10,000,000) and which presents and publishes its annual accounts in accordance with the fourth Directive 78/660/EEC, is an entity which, within a group of companies, is dedicated to the financing of the group or is an entity which is dedicated to the financing of securitisation vehicles which benefit from a banking liquidity line.
- (b) Each Fund may invest a maximum of 10% of its net assets in Transferable Securities and money market instruments other than those referred to under (a) above.
- (2) (a) Each Fund may hold ancillary liquid assets.
 - (b) The Company will ensure that the global exposure relating to financial derivative instruments does not exceed the total net value of the Fund to which they apply.

The exposure is calculated taking into account the current value of the underlying assets, the counterparty risk, foreseeable market movements and the time available to liquidate the positions. This shall also apply to the following subparagraphs.

The Company may invest, as a part of the investment policy of its Funds and within the limits laid down in paragraph (3) (a) (v) and (vi) in financial derivative instruments provided that the exposure to the underlying assets does not exceed in aggregate the investment limit laid down in paragraph (3). When the Company on the behalf of any of its Funds invests in index-based financial derivative instruments, these investments do not have to be combined to the limits laid down in paragraph (3).

When a Transferable Security or money market instrument embeds a financial derivative instrument, the latter must be taken into account when complying with the requirements of this item 2.

(3) (a) (i) The Company will invest no more than 10% of the net assets of any Fund in Transferable Securities or money market instruments issued by the same issuing body.

The Company may not invest more than 20% of the total net assets of such Fund in deposits made with the same body.

The risk exposure to a counterparty of a Fund in an OTC derivative transaction may not exceed 10% of its net assets when the counterparty is a credit institution referred to in (1) (a) (v) above or 5% of its net assets in other cases.

(ii) The total value of the Transferable Securities and money market instruments held by the Company on behalf of the Fund in the issuing bodies in each of which it invests more than 5% of the net assets of such Fund must not exceed 40% of the Net Asset Value of such Fund.

This limitation does not apply to deposits and OTC derivative transactions made with financial institutions subject to prudential supervision.

Notwithstanding the individual limits laid down in paragraph (3) (a) (i), the Company may not combine for each Fund:

- investments in Transferable Securities or money market instruments issued by; and/or
- deposits made with; and/or
- exposures arising from OTC derivative transactions undertaken with a single body;

in excess of 20% of its net assets.

- (iii) The limit of 10% laid down in sub-paragraph (3) (a) (i) above will be increased to a maximum of 35% in respect of Transferable Securities or money market instruments which are issued or guaranteed by an EU Member State, its local authorities or agencies, or by another eligible state or by public international bodies of which one or more EU Member States are members.
- (iv) The limit laid down in the first paragraph of (3) (a) (i) may be a maximum of 25% for certain debt instruments when they are issued by a credit institution which has its registered office in the EU and is subject by law, to special public supervision designed to protect unitholders. In particular, sums deriving from the issue of these debt instruments must be invested in accordance with the law, in assets which, during the whole period of validity of the debt instruments, are capable of covering claims attached to said instruments and which, in the case of bankruptcy of the issuer, would be used on a priority basis for the repayment of the principal and payment of accrued interest.

If a Fund invests more than 5% of its net assets in the debt instruments referred to in the above paragraph and issued by one issuer, the total value of such investments may not exceed 80% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.

- (v) The Transferable Securities and money market instruments referred to in paragraphs (iii) and (iv) above shall not be included in the calculation of the limit of 40% stated in paragraph (3) (a) (ii) above.
- (vi) The limits set out in sub-paragraphs (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) may not be aggregated and, accordingly, investments in Transferable Securities or money market instruments issued by the same issuing body, in deposits or financial derivative instruments made with this body carried out in accordance with sub-paragraphs (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) above may not, in any event, exceed a total of 35% of any Fund's net assets.

Companies which are part of the same group for the purposes of the establishment of consolidated accounts, as defined in accordance with directive 83/349/EEC or in accordance with recognised international accounting rules, are regarded as a single body for the purpose of calculating the limits contained in section (3) (a).

A Fund may cumulatively invest up to 20% of the net assets in Transferable Securities and money market instruments within the same group.

Unless otherwise provided for in the relevant Information Sheet for a particular Fund, a Fund may invest up to 30% of its net assets in China A-Shares.

- (b) (i) Without prejudice to the limits laid down in section 4 below, the limits laid down in section (3) (a) above are raised to a maximum of 20% for investments in shares and/or debt securities issued by the same body when, according to the Prospectus, the aim of the Funds' investment policy is to replicate the composition of a certain stock or debt securities index which is recognised by the CSSF, on the following basis:
 - the composition of the index is sufficiently diversified;
 - the index represents an adequate benchmark for the market to which it refers; and
 - it is published in an appropriate manner.
 - (ii) The limit laid down in (3) (b) (i) above is raised to 35% where that proves to be justified by exceptional market conditions in particular in Regulated Markets where certain Transferable Securities or money market instruments are highly dominant. The investment up to this limit is only permitted for a single issuer.

- (iii) Notwithstanding the provisions outlined in section (3) (a), the Company is authorised to invest up to 100% of the net assets of any Fund, in accordance with the principle of risk spreading, in Transferable Securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by an EU Member State, by its local authorities, or by a non-member state of the European Union accepted to that effect by the CSSF (including member states of the Organisation for Economic Co-Operation and Development, Singapore or any member state of the G20) or by public international bodies of which one or more EU Member States are members, provided that such Fund must hold securities from at least six different issues and securities from one issue do not account for more than 30% of the total net assets of such Fund.
- (4) (a) The Company may not acquire:
 - (i) Shares carrying voting rights which should enable it to exercise significant influence over the management of an issuing body; or
 - (ii) More than:
 - (a) 10% of the non-voting shares of the same issuer; and/or
 - (b) 10% of the debt securities of the same issuer; and/or
 - (c) 25% of the units of the same UCITS and/or other UCI; and/or
 - (d) 10% of the money market instruments of the same issuer.

The limits under (4) (a) (ii) (b, c and d) may be disregarded at the time of acquisition, if at that time the gross amount of the debt securities, or of money market instruments or units or the net amount of the instruments in issue cannot be calculated.

- (b) Paragraphs (4) (a) (i) and (4) (a) (ii) above are waived as regards:
 - (i) Transferable Securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by an EU Member State or its local authorities;
 - (ii) Transferable Securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by a non-member state of the European Union;
 - (iii) Transferable Securities and money market instruments issued by public international bodies of which one or more EU Member States are members;
 - (iv) Shares held by a Fund in the capital of a company incorporated in a non-member state of the EU which invests its assets mainly in the securities of issuing bodies having their registered office in that State, where under the legislation of that state, such a holding represents the only way in which the Fund can invest in the issuing bodies of that state. This derogation, however, shall apply only if in its investment policy the company from the non-member state of the European Union complies with the limits laid down in (3) (a), (4) (a) (i) and (ii), and (5); and
 - (v) Shares held by one or more investment companies in the capital of subsidiary companies which, exclusively on its or their behalf carry on only the business of management, advice or marketing in the country where the subsidiary is located, in regard to the redemption of Shares at the request of Shareholders.
- (a) (i) The Company may acquire units of the UCITS and/or other UCIs as defined under paragraph (1) (a) (iv), provided that, unless otherwise provided in the Information Sheet for any specific Fund, no more than 10% in total of a Fund's net assets be invested in the units of UCITS and/or other UCIs or in any single UCITS or other UCI.
 - (ii) If otherwise provided in the Information Sheet for a Specific Fund to permit for more investment in UCITS and/or other UCIs, the following limits shall apply:
 - the Fund may not invest more than 20% of its net assets in shares or units of the same UCITS or other UCIs referred to under (1) (a) (iv) above.
 - furthermore, investments made in UCIs other than UCITS, may not exceed, in aggregate, 30% of the net assets of the Fund.

(iii) For the purpose of the application of the investment limit, each compartment of a UCITS or UCI with multiple compartments is to be considered as a separate issuer provided that the principle of segregation of the obligations of the various compartments vis-à-vis third parties is ensured.

(b) When the Company invests in the units of other UCITS and/or other UCIs that are managed directly or indirectly by the Management Company and/or the Investment Manager, or a company with which they are linked by common management or control, or by a direct or indirect holding of more than 10% of the capital or the voting rights, no subscription or redemption fees may be charged to the Company on account of its investment in the units of such other UCITS and/or UCIS.

In respect of a Fund's investments in UCITS and other UCIs linked to the Company as described in the preceding paragraph, either no management fee (including any performance fee) will be charged by the Fund to that portion of the Fund's assets invested in UCITS and other UCIs linked to the Company or a reduced management fee of a maximum 0.25% may be charged by the Company. Alternatively, where a Fund invests in UCITS and other UCIs linked to the Company that have a lower management fee than the Fund, the difference between the percentage of the Fund's management fee and the UCITS and UCIs' management fee may be charged to that portion of assets invested in such funds. The Company will indicate in its annual report the total management fee charged both to the relevant Fund and to the UCITS and other UCIs in which such Fund has invested during the relevant period. The maximum total accumulated management fee will be 4.0%.

- (c) The underlying investments held by the UCITS or other UCIs in which the Company invests do not have to be considered for the purpose of the investment restrictions set forth under (3) (a) above.
- (d) In addition, the Management Company and the Investment Manager may not benefit from a rebate on any fees or charges levied by an Underlying Fund or its investment manager.
- (6) In addition the Company will not, unless otherwise indicated in the Information Sheet in relation to a particular Fund:
 - (a) make investments in, or enter into transactions involving, precious metals, commodities, commodities contracts, or certificates representing precious metals, commodities, or commodities contracts, exchange traded funds or financial derivative instruments linked to commodity indices or financial indices including commodity indices. Under no circumstances will the Company acquire commodities or certificates representing commodities;
 - (b) purchase or sell real estate or any option, right or interest therein, provided the Company may invest in Transferable Securities secured by real estate or interests therein or issued by companies which invest in real estate or interests therein;
 - (c) carry out uncovered sales of Transferable Securities or other financial instruments, money market instruments or UCITS and/or other UCIs referred to above;
 - (d) make loans to or act as guarantor on behalf of third parties, provided that for the purpose of this restriction, the following are allowed:
 - (i) the acquisition of eligible investments in fully or partly paid form; and
 - (ii) the permitted lending of portfolio securities; and
 - (iii) this restriction shall not prevent the Company from acquiring Transferable Securities, money market instruments or other financial instruments referred to in paragraph (1) (a) (iv), (vi) and (vii), which are not fully paid;
 - (e) borrow for the account of any Fund amounts in excess of 10% of the total net assets of that Fund taken at market value, any such borrowings to be from banks and to be effected only as a temporary measure for exceptional purposes including the redemption of Shares. However, the Company may acquire foreign currency by means of a back-to-back loan;
 - (f) mortgage, pledge, hypothecate or otherwise encumber as security for indebtedness any securities held for the account of any Fund, except as may be necessary in connection with either (i) transactions associated with foreign exchange, including passive currency hedging as described in section "Currency Exposure and Passive Currency Hedging"; or (ii) the borrowings mentioned in paragraph 1 (6) (e) above, provided that in connection with the borrowings mentioned in paragraph 1 (6) (e) above, such mortgaging, pledging or hypothecating may not exceed 10% of the Net Asset Value of each Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, in connection with OTC derivative transactions including amongst others, swap

transactions, option and forward exchange or futures transactions, the deposit of securities or other assets in a separate account shall not be considered a mortgage, pledge or hypothecation for this purpose;

- (g) underwrite or sub-underwrite securities of other issuers; or
- (h) make investments in any Transferable Securities involving the assumption of unlimited liability.
- (7) To the extent that an issuer is a legal entity with multiple compartments where the assets of a compartment are exclusively reserved to the investors in such compartment and to those creditors whose claim has arisen in connection with the creation, operation or liquidation of that compartment, each compartment is to be considered to be a separate issuer for the purpose of the application of the risk-spreading rules set out in (3) (a), (3) (b) (i) and (5) above.
- (8) During the first six months following its launch, a new Fund may derogate from restrictions (3) and (5) (with the exception of the provisions of (5) (a) (i) above) while ensuring observance of the principle of risk-spreading.
- (9) Each Fund must ensure an adequate spread of investment risks by sufficient diversification.
- (10) The Company will in addition comply with such further restrictions as may be required by the regulatory authorities in which the Shares are marketed.

The Company need not comply with the investment limit percentages when exercising subscription rights attached to securities which form part of its assets.

If the percentage limitations set forth in the above restrictions are exceeded for reasons beyond the control of the Company or as a result of the exercise of subscription rights, it must adopt as a priority objective for its sales transactions the remedying of that situation, taking due account of the interests of its Shareholders.

Master-Feeder Structures

Under the conditions and within the limits laid down by the Law, the Company may, to the widest extent permitted by the Luxembourg laws and regulations, (i) create any Fund qualifying either as a Feeder Fund or as a Master Fund (ii) convert any existing Fund into a Feeder Fund, or (iii) change the Master Fund of any of its Feeder Funds.

A Feeder Fund shall invest at least 85% of its assets in the units or shares of another Master Fund.

A Feeder Fund may hold up to 15% of its assets in one or more of the following:

- ancillary liquid assets in accordance with the terms under 2 (a), above.
- financial derivative instruments which may be used only for hedging purposes.

For the purposes of compliance with Article 42(3) of the Law the Feeder Fund shall calculate its global exposure related to financial derivative instruments by combining its own direct exposure under the terms of second indent above with either:

- the Master Fund's actual exposure to financial derivative instruments in proportion to the Feeder Fund's investments into the Master Fund; or
- the Master Fund's potential maximum global exposure to financial derivative instruments provided for in the Master Fund's management regulations, or instruments of incorporation, in proportion to the Feeder Fund's investment into the Master Fund.

Financial Techniques and Financial Derivative Instruments

The use of financial derivative instruments or other financial techniques and instruments may not cause the Company to stray from the investment objectives set out in the Information Sheets. The use of such instruments may be, for example, to provide long term capital growth and enhance the income return through investing in a diversified portfolio. Subject to the limits set out in the section headed 'Investment Restrictions' above and subject also to any further limits identified in the Information Sheet for each Fund, there is limited use of the financial derivative instruments for investment purposes only. Each of the Funds has the ability: to hedge against directional risk using index futures and/or cash; to hold bonds and warrants on transferable securities; to use options and futures for hedging purposes and for efficient portfolio management; to enter into total return and other swap arrangements (including portfolio swaps); to use forward currency contracts; to effect repurchase transactions (subject to paragraph 6 below); and to hold ancillary liquid assets.

1. Measurement of exposure to financial derivative instruments for risk management purposes

The Management Company may calculate the Fund's global exposure of each Fund on a 'Commitment Approach'. This means that, in respect of each financial derivative instrument, the relevant Fund's commitment may be calculated by adding to the unrealised net present value of each derivative contract an amount corresponding to an 'add-on' percentage applied to the nominal value of that derivative contract. The add-on percentage is determined in accordance with a methodology which takes into account the nature of the asset class underlying the financial derivative instrument, counterparty exposure and market volatility. Further information on this add-on methodology can be obtained by investors upon request from the Management Company or the Investment Manager. The global exposure of a Fund may also be calculated by applying a 'Value-at-Risk' approach.

Further details are set out under the heading 'Risks Related to the Use of Financial Derivative Instruments' on page 35 below and also under the heading 'Risk Management Process' on pages 60-61 below.

Funds calculating their global exposure on a 'Commitment Approach' must comply with the limits and restrictions specified above when using financial derivative instruments. They will generally make use of financial derivative instruments and other techniques and instruments relating to transferable securities for the purpose of efficient portfolio management or for providing protection against exchange rate risks unless otherwise disclosed in the specific investment policy of the relevant Fund (under the conditions and within the limits laid down by law, regulation and administrative practice) or otherwise as further described below.

Subject to the foregoing provisions, the Investment Restrictions relating to the use of financial derivative instruments will not apply to those Funds applying a Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to calculate their global exposure to financial derivative instruments as referred to in CSSF Circular 11/512.

With the VaR process, the risks are measured daily with a 99th percentile confidence interval and a holding period of 20 trading days. The VaR is deemed to be the maximum amount that would be lost with a probability of 99% assuming a holding period for the portfolio of one month. According to this model, the amount is exceeded in 1% of cases. The VaR of the Fund may at no time exceed either twice the VaR of a derivative-free benchmark portfolio or 20%, at the Investment Manager's discretion. Each Fund for which the global exposure is calculated by applying a VaR shall conduct regular stress tests.

2. Use of financial futures contracts, options and warrants in relation to:

a. Securities

The investment strategies permitted of the Funds include transactions in financial futures contracts and options thereon. The Funds may also engage in transactions in options and warrants on portfolio securities, on bond and stock indices and on portfolios of indices.

b. Currencies

The Funds may seek to hedge their investments against currency fluctuations which are adverse to the respective currencies in which these Funds are denominated by utilising currency options, futures contracts and forward foreign exchange contracts. In this regard, the currency exposure of a Fund may be managed with reference to the market benchmark used for the investments of such Fund. In that case, the benchmark will be disclosed in the Information Sheet. The currency exposure resulting from such benchmark may or may not be hedged against the reference currency of the Fund. Within the limits set out herein, each Fund may also use forward foreign exchange contracts, currency options or currency swaps to alter the currency composition of the Fund's portfolio with reference to such benchmarks.

c. Interest rates

The Fund may sell interest rate futures contracts, write call options or purchase put options on interest rates or enter into swap agreements for the purpose of hedging against interest rate fluctuations.

Each Fund may also for a purpose other than hedging, purchase and sell futures contracts and options on any kind of financial instruments within the limitations and conditions specified in these Investment Restrictions.

3. Use of Swap contracts

Subject to the limits set out in the section headed 'Investment Restrictions' above and subject also to any further limits identified in the Information Sheet for each Fund, each of the Funds has the ability to enter into swap arrangements, including total return swaps, portfolio swaps and credit default swaps as each is further described below.

Should a Fund enters into swap arrangements, it will only engage in these transactions with first class institutions specialising in these types of transactions. Such counterparty will not assume any discretion over the composition of the Fund's portfolio or over the underlying assets of the financial derivative instruments. Any use of swaps will be managed solely by the Investment Manager. The underlying assets of a swap arrangement are most likely to relate to some combination of (i) the Benchmark of the relevant Fund or closely related ingestible indices; (ii) the currencies to which the Fund is exposed to through its investment portfolio and/or the Class Currency of the Classes of issue in the Fund; or (iii) the securities that are or could be held by the relevant Fund within the scope of its stated investment policy.

A Total return swaps

A total return swap is a swap agreement in which one party makes payments based on a notional interest rate, (whether at a fixed or variable rate), while the other party makes payments based on the total return on an underlying asset (which includes both any income that it generates and any capital gains or losses).

Total return swaps allow the party receiving the total return to gain exposure and benefit from any gains on a reference asset without actually having to own it. Conversely, total return swaps allow the party offering the total return to buy protection against an anticipated loss in the value of the reference asset.

Total return swaps may be linked to a variety of reference assets, such as (without limitation) currency exchange rates, interest rates, prices and total returns on interest rate indices, fixed income indices, individual transferrable securities and indices and baskets thereof. The form of total return swap commonly associated with the return on transferrable securities is known as a 'portfolio swap'.

B Portfolio swaps

Each Fund may enter into portfolio swaps in which the Fund and a counterparty enter into a total return swap to exchange payments where one or both parties pay a cash amount which replicates the economic performance and cash flows generated by a transferrable security (or a basket or index thereof).

The payments made by the Fund to the counterparty and vice versa under a portfolio swap are calculated by reference to a specific reference asset (usually a transferrable security, a defined basket of transferrable securities or an index) and an agreed upon notional interest rate (as described above).

The reference asset for a portfolio swap would ordinarily be a transferable security or an index associated with a Regulated Market. Settlement of portfolio swaps is always made in cash (rather than by means of delivery of physical goods or securities).

Portfolio swaps are primarily used to take long or short positions in individual transferable securities. For example, the holder of a 'long' portfolio swap (a long portfolio swap being one that mimics a purchase) can attain not only exact participation in the price movement of that security, but also a credit for the net dividend if the underlying securities go 'ex dividend' during the time that the portfolio swap position is open.

C Credit default swaps

The Company may, at the discretion of the Investment Manager, use credit default swaps. A credit default swap is a bilateral financial contract in which one counterparty (the protection buyer) pays a periodic fee in return for a contingent payment by the protection seller following a credit event of a reference issuer or a basket of reference issuers or a reference index. The protection buyer must either sell particular obligations issued by the reference issuer for its par value (or some other designated reference or strike price) when a credit event occurs or receive a cash settlement based on the difference between the market price and such reference price. A credit event is commonly defined as bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership, material adverse restructuring of debt, or failure to meet payment obligations when due. The International Swaps and Derivatives Association ('ISDA') has produced standardised documentation for these transactions under the umbrella of its ISDA Master Agreement.

Credit default swaps for hedging purposes

For the purposes of efficient portfolio management, the Company may use credit default swaps in order to hedge the specific credit risk of some of the issuers in its portfolio by buying protection.

Credit default swaps for buying protection for the Fund

In addition, the Company may, provided it is in its exclusive interest, buy protection under credit default swaps without holding the underlying assets provided that the aggregate premiums paid together with the present value of the aggregate premiums still payable in connection with the credit default swap purchased together with the amount of the aggregate of premiums paid relating to the purchase of options on Transferable Securities or on financial instruments for a purpose other than hedging, may not, at any time, exceed 15% of the net assets of the Fund to which they relate.

• Credit default swaps for acquiring credit exposure

Provided it is in its exclusive interest, the Company may also sell protection under credit default swaps in order to acquire a specific credit exposure. In addition, the aggregate commitments in connection with such credit default swap sold together with the amount of the commitments relating to the purchase and sale of futures and option contracts on any kind of financial instruments and the commitments relating to the sale of call and put options on transferable securities may not, at any time, exceed the value of the net assets of the Fund to which they relate.

The Company will only enter into credit default swap transactions with institutions specialised in this type of transaction and only in accordance with the standard terms laid down by the relevant ISDA. Each Fund may invest in credit default swaps, provided at all times that the use of credit default swaps will not result in a Fund diverging from its investment strategy.

4. Maximum exposure to financial derivative instruments

The total commitment of each Fund arising from (1) the use of swaps, (2) the purchase and sale transactions of futures contracts and options on any kind of financial instruments and (3) with the amount of commitments relating to the writing of call and put options on Transferable Securities may not exceed at any time the value of the net assets of the relevant Fund.

The writing of call options on Transferable Securities for which the Fund has adequate coverage are not considered for the calculation of the aggregate amount of the commitments referred to above. All such permitted transactions must be effected subject to the limits set out in the section headed 'Investment Restrictions' above and subject also to any further limits identified in the Information Sheet for each Fund.

5. Risks associated with the use of financial techniques and instruments

Use of the aforesaid financial techniques and instruments involves additional risks and there can be no assurance that the objective sought from such use will be achieved. Further details if the risks involved are set out under the heading 'Risks Related to the Use of Financial Derivative Instruments' on pages 35 below.

If any Fund intends to make use of aforesaid financial techniques and instruments, on a regular and ongoing, rather than on an occasional basis, this policy will be disclosed accordingly in the corresponding Information Sheet for the Fund concerned.

6. Securities lending transactions or repurchase agreements or similar over-the-counter transactions

The Company will not enter into securities lending transactions, repurchase agreements or other similar over-thecounter transactions for so long as the Funds remain authorised by the SFC for distribution in Hong Kong and unless otherwise approved by the SFC.

7. Indices

The composition of the underlying index of index-based financial derivative instruments is usually reviewed and rebalanced on a quarterly basis. The rebalancing frequency will have no impact in terms of costs in the context of the performance of the investment objective of the relevant Fund.

8. Commodity Indices

If expressly provided for in the investment policy of a Fund in its Information Sheet, a Fund may get exposure to commodity indices that only consist of different commodities. Sub-categories of the same commodity (for instance, from different regions or markets or derived from the same primary products by an industrialised process) shall be considered as being the same commodity for the calculation of the diversification limits. Sub-categories of a commodity should not be considered as being the same commodity index that are sub-categories of the same commodity should not be considered as highly correlated if 75% of the correlation observations are below 0.8. For that purpose the correlation observations shall be calculated (i) on the basis of equally-weighted daily returns of the corresponding commodity prices and (ii) from a 250-day rolling time window over a 5-year period.

9. Collateral

Where a Fund enters into OTC derivative transactions and efficient portfolio management techniques, all collateral used to reduce counterparty risk exposure shall comply with the following criteria at all times:

- (i) Any collateral received other than cash shall be highly liquid and traded on a Regulated Market or multilateral trading facility with transparent pricing in order that it can be sold quickly at a price that is close to pre-sale valuation. Collateral received shall also comply with the provisions of article 48 of the Law.
- (ii) Collateral received shall be valued on at least a daily basis. Assets that exhibit high price volatility shall not be accepted as collateral unless suitably conservative haircuts are in place.
- (iii) Collateral received shall be of high quality.
- (iv) The collateral received shall be issued by an entity that is independent from the counterparty and is expected not to display a high correlation with the performance of the counterparty.
- (v) Collateral shall be sufficiently diversified in terms of country, markets and issuers. The criterion of sufficient diversification with respect to issuer concentration is considered to be respected if the Fund receives from a counterparty of efficient portfolio management and OTC derivative transactions a basket of collateral with a maximum exposure to a given issuer of 20% of its NAV. When a Fund is exposed to different counterparties, the different baskets of collateral shall be aggregated to calculate the 20% limit of exposure to a single issuer. By way of derogation, a Fund may be fully collateralised in different transferable securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by a Member State, one or more of its local authorities, a member state of the Organisation for Economic Co-Operation and Development, Singapore, members of the G20, or a public international body to which one or more Member States belong. In that case the Fund shall receive securities from at least six different issues, but securities from any single issue shall not account for more than 30% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.
- (vi) Where there is a title transfer, the collateral received shall be held by the Custodian. For other types of collateral arrangement, the collateral can be held by a third party custodian which is subject to prudential supervision, and which is unrelated to the provider of the collateral.
- (vii) Collateral received shall be capable of being fully enforced by the Company at any time without reference to or approval from the counterparty.
- (viii) Non-cash collateral received shall not be sold, re-invested or pledged.
- (ix) Cash collateral shall only be:
 - a. placed on deposit with entities as prescribed in paragraph (1) (a) (v) of section "Investment Restrictions" above;
 - b. invested in high-quality government bonds;
 - c. used for the purpose of reverse repurchase transactions provided the transactions are with credit institutions subject to prudential supervision and the Fund is able to recall at any time the full amount of cash on accrued basis;
 - d. invested in short-term money market funds as defined in the "ESMA Guidelines on a Common Definition of European Money Market Funds".
- (x) Re-invested cash collateral shall be diversified in accordance with the diversification requirements applicable to non-cash collateral.

10. Collateral Policy

Collateral received shall be wholly in cash.

11. Haircut Policy

The following haircuts for collateral in OTC transactions are applied by the Management Company (the Management Company reserves the right to vary this policy at any time in which case this Prospectus will be updated accordingly):

Eligible Collateral	Remaining Maturity	Valuation Percentage
Cash	N/A	100%

Use of the aforesaid techniques and instruments involves certain risks and there can be no assurance that the objective sought to be obtained from such use will be achieved.

Risk Factors

Investors should note the following risk considerations before making any decision to invest in the Funds. It should be noted that the risk factors set out below do not purport to be a complete explanation of the risks involved in investing in the Funds. Prospective investors should read the entire document and consult with their legal, tax and financial advisers before making any investment decision.

General

An investment in the Company is suitable only for investors who are capable of evaluating the risks and merits of such investment and who have sufficient resources to bear any loss which might result from such investment. Potential investors should consult their stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or their independent financial adviser before investing.

Investment in the Company should be regarded as long term in nature. There can be no guarantee that any appreciation in the value of the Company's investments will occur and investors may not get back the full value of their investment. Although it will be the policy of each Fund to diversify its investment portfolio, a Fund may at certain times hold relatively few investments. The Fund could be subject to significant losses if it holds a large position in a particular investment that declines in value or is otherwise adversely affected, including default of the issuer.

There can be no guarantee that the investment objectives of the Company will be met.

The Company and its Funds have limited operating histories. The past performance of assets managed by the Jupiter Group are not necessarily guides to the future performance of any particular Fund.

All investments involve risks and there can be no guarantee against loss resulting from an investment in any Shares, nor can there be any guarantee that a Fund's investment objectives will be attained in respect of its overall performance. Investors should therefore ensure (prior to any investment being made) that they are satisfied with the risk profile of the overall objectives disclosed.

Regulatory Risks

The Company is domiciled in Luxembourg and investors should note that all the regulatory protections provided by their local regulatory authorities may not apply. Investors should consult their financial or other professional adviser for further information in this area.

General Investment Risks

In addition to the opportunities for price gains and earnings, investment in securities also involves risks because the prices could fall below the purchase price paid. Factors affecting the value of securities in some markets and under certain situations cannot easily be determined and the value of such investments may decline or be reduced to zero.

The Company employs a risk management process that enables it to monitor and measure at any time the risk of the positions and their contribution to the overall risk profile of each Fund. The Company will also employ, if applicable, a process for accurate and independent assessment of the value of any OTC derivative instruments. Further information is set out under 'Risk Management Process' on pages 60-61 below.

Risks Related to the Use of Financial Derivatives Instruments

Unless otherwise stipulated in the relevant Information Sheet, the Funds may invest in financial derivative instruments, comprising options, futures, index futures and currency forward contracts for hedging and efficient portfolio management. Further, the Funds may invest in Underlying Funds which use financial derivative instruments extensively or primarily for investment purposes.

The risks associated with using financial derivative instruments (whether for hedging, efficient portfolio management and investment purposes) are set out in the paragraphs titled 'Risks Related to Investments in Equity Related Securities', 'Options', 'Financial Futures Contracts', 'Swaps', 'Portfolio swaps and Participation Notes' and 'Possible Losses in Securities Option Transactions, Financial Futures Contracts, Option Transactions on Financial Futures Contracts and Securities Index Options' below.

Funds using financial derivative instruments for investment purposes are generally associated with greater risk than Funds which use financial derivative instruments only for efficient portfolio management or hedging purposes. These significant additional risks include, for example, market counterparty risk, leverage risk, liquidity risk and operational risk. Losses incurred as a consequence of the use of financial derivative instruments for investment purposes may be substantial and could lead to total capital loss for investors in the Fund(s) concerned. There is a risk of total / significant loss resulting from the use of financial derivative instruments for investment purposes. Where a Fund enters into over-the-counter derivative contracts, it will be exposed to the risk that the counterparty may default on its obligations to perform under the relevant contract. Further, there is risk with such investments, that the more bespoke they become and the more complex they become the harder it is to unwind the positions at market prices.

Basis risk is the risk of loss due to a divergence in the difference between two rates or prices. There will be occasions where the Fund will use financial derivative instruments to hedge out existing market exposure to a particular basket of stocks. Although the underlying constituents of the financial derivative instrument used may be similar to the basket of stocks being hedged against, it is likely that there will be differences in the composition. The hedging arrangement may therefore not fully offset the price change in the basket of stocks being hedged against.

There is also a risk that the Investment Manager will have insufficient cash in the Fund to meet the margin calls necessary to sustain its position in a derivative contract in which case the counterparty will require the investor to place a margin payment with them at the outset of the contract, and this margin payment will be subject to additional top-ups if and when the market moves against the investor. In such circumstances the Investment Manager will either have to close out the position, thus realising a loss, or dispose of other assets in the Fund to raise the required margin call, thus potentially adversely affecting the investment composition of the Fund.

Risks Related to Investments in Equities (including ordinary and preference shares)

Experience has shown that equities and securities of a share-like character are subject to strong price fluctuations. That is why they offer the possibility of considerable price gains, but also involve increased risks. For example, the prices of equities and securities of a share-like character are influenced above all by the profits or otherwise of individual enterprises and sectors as well as macro-economic developments and political perspectives which determine the expectations of the securities markets and thus the movement of prices. All factors affecting the value of securities in some markets and under certain situations cannot easily be determined and the value of such investments may decline or be reduced to zero.

Risks Related to Investments in Fixed-Interest Securities (including convertible debt securities)

A Fund, which invests in fixed-interest securities, is exposed to the following risks associated with investments in fixed-interest securities. If the fixed-interest securities invested by the Fund fall in value, the Fund's value will also be adversely affected.

Credit risk

Investments in fixed-interest securities involve credit risk of the issuers. An issuer suffering an adverse change in its financial condition could lower the credit quality of a security, leading to greater price volatility of the security. A lowering of the credit rating of a security or its issuer may also affect the security's liquidity, making it more difficult to sell. A Fund's investment is also subject to the risk that issuers may not make timely payments on principal and/or interests of the securities they issue. If the issuers of any of the securities in which the Fund's assets are invested default, the performance of the Fund will be adversely affected.

The fixed-interest securities that a Fund invests in may be offered on an unsecured basis without collateral. In such circumstances, the relevant Fund will rank equally with other unsecured creditors of the relevant issuer. As a result, if the issuer becomes bankrupt, proceeds from the liquidation of the issuer's assets will be paid to holders of the relevant fixed-interest instrument issued by it only after all secured claims have been satisfied in full. The relevant Fund is therefore fully exposed to the credit/insolvency risk of its counterparties as an unsecured creditor.

Credit ratings risk

The ratings of fixed-interest securities by credit rating agencies are a generally accepted barometer of credit risk. They are, however, subject to certain limitations from an investor's standpoint. The rating of an issuer is heavily weighted by past performance and does not necessarily reflect probable future conditions. Rating agencies might not always change their credit rating of an issuer in a timely manner to reflect events that could affect the issuer' ability to make scheduled payment on its obligations. In addition, there may be varying degrees of difference in credit risk of securities within each rating category.

Credit rating downgrading risk

The credit rating assigned to a security or an issuer may be re-evaluated and updated based on recent market events or specific developments. As a result, investment grade securities may be subject to the risk of being downgraded to below investment grade securities. Similarly, an issuer having an investment grade rating may be downgraded, for example, as a result of deterioration of its financial conditions. In the event of downgrading in the credit ratings of a

security or an issuer relating to a security, a Fund's investment value in such security may be adversely affected. The manager of the relevant Fund may or may not dispose of the securities, subject to the investment objectives of the relevant Fund. In the event of investment grade securities being downgraded to below investment grade securities and such securities continued to be held by the Fund, the Fund will also be subject to the below investment grade securities risk outlined in the following paragraph.

Below investment grade and unrated securities risk

A Fund may invest in securities which are below investment grade or which are unrated. Investors should note that such securities would generally be considered to have a higher degree of counterparty risk, credit risk and liquidity risk than higher rated, lower yielding securities and may be subject to greater fluctuation in value and higher chance of default. If the issuer of securities defaults, or such securities cannot be realised, or perform badly, investors may suffer substantial losses. The market for these securities may be less active, making it more difficult to sell the securities. Valuation of these securities is more difficult and thus the relevant Fund's prices may be more volatile.

The value of lower-rated or unrated corporate bonds may be affected by investors' perceptions. When economic conditions appear to be deteriorating, below investment grade or unrated corporate fixed-interest securities may decline in market value due to investors' heightened concerns and perceptions over credit quality.

Interest rate risks

Price changes in fixed-interest securities are influenced predominantly by interest rate developments in the capital markets, which in turn are influenced by macro-economic factors. Fixed-interest securities could suffer when capital market interest rates rise, while they could increase in value when capital market interest rates fall. The price changes also depend on the term or residual time to maturity of the fixed-interest securities. In general, fixed-interest securities with shorter terms have less price risks than fixed-interest securities with longer terms. However, they generally have lower returns and, because of the more frequent due dates of the securities portfolios, involve higher re-investment costs.

Valuation risk

Valuation of the Funds' investments in fixed-interest securities may involve uncertainties and judgmental determinations, and independent pricing information may not at all times be available. If such valuations are proven to be incorrect, the Net Asset Value of the relevant Fund, may be adversely affected.

The value of fixed-interest securities may be affected by changing market conditions or other significant market events affecting valuation. For example, in the event of downgrading of an issuer, the value of the relevant fixed-interest securities may decline rapidly.

In particular, the value of lower-rated or unrated fixed-interest securities issued by corporations or financial institutions of lower credit ratings is affected by investors' perceptions. When economic conditions appear to be deteriorating, or where an adverse event happens to the issuer, lower rated or unrated fixed-interest securities issued by corporations or financial institutions of lower credit ratings may decline in market value due to investors' heightened concerns and perceptions over credit quality.

Risks Related to Investments in Fixed-Interest Securities Without Regular Interest Payments and Zero Bonds

Particular attention must be paid to observing the credit worthiness and assessing the issuer of interest-bearing securities without regular interest payments and zero bonds. In times of climbing capital market interest rates, it may be difficult to trade in such bonds, particularly because of their comparatively long term and the absence of continual interest payments.

Risks Related to Investments in Warrants

In addition to the above risks involved with securities and exchange rate changes, warrants carry the risk, but also the opportunity, of what is known as leverage. This leverage is produced, for example, with call warrants through the lower capital investment when the warrants are purchased compared with a direct purchase of the underlying assets. The same applies for put warrants. The greater the leverage, the greater the change of price of the warrant in the event of a change in the prices of the underlying assets (in comparison to the subscription price set forth in the option conditions). The opportunities and risks of warrants increase as the leverage increases. Since warrants are generally issued only for a limited term, it cannot be ruled out that they will be valueless at the date of maturity if the price of the underlying assets falls below the subscription price fixed when the call warrants were issued or exceeds the subscription price fixed when the put warrants were issued.

Risks Related to Investments in Fixed-Interest Securities Without Regular Interest Payments and Zero Bonds

Particular attention must be paid to observing the credit worthiness and assessing the issuer of interest-bearing securities without regular interest payments and zero bonds. In times of climbing capital market interest rates, it may be difficult to trade in such bonds, particularly because of their comparatively long term and the absence of continual interest payments.

Risks Related to Investments in Equity Related Securities

In accordance with the investment restrictions of the Company, certain Funds may invest in equity related securities, including but not limited to financial derivative instruments, options, swaps, futures and forward contracts, warrants, convertible bonds and preference shares. Equity related securities may not be listed and are subject to the terms and conditions imposed by their issuers. There may be no active market in equity related securities and therefore investments in equity related securities can be illiquid. In order to meet realisation requests, the Company relies upon the issuers of the equity related securities to quote a price to unwind any part of the equity related securities that will reflect the market liquidity conditions and the size of the transaction. There is a risk that the issuers of equity related securities will not settle a transaction due to a credit or liquidity problem and the relevant Funds may suffer a loss (including a total loss). Investments in equity related securities do not entitle the investors to the beneficial interest in the underlying securities nor to make any claim against the company issuing the securities. Fluctuations in the exchange rate between the denomination currency of the underlying shares and the equity related securities will affect the value of the equity related securities, the redemption amount and the distribution amount on the equity related securities.

Risks related to Use of Financial Derivative Instruments for Hedging / Efficient Portfolio Management Purposes

In adverse circumstances, the Fund's use of financial derivative instruments may become ineffective in hedging / efficient portfolio management and the Fund may suffer significant losses in relation to use of financial derivative instruments.

Risks Related to Investments in Bonds

Comparatively, the bond market has been less vulnerable to price swings or volatility than other investment products as most bonds pay investors a fixed rate of interest income that is also backed by a promise from the issuer. Apart from the general investment risks, there are also risks which arise from investing in bonds and these include the interest rate risk (bond prices usually fall when the interest rate rises); inflation risk (this usually reduces the purchasing power of a bond) and market risk (the risk that the bond market as a whole would decline).

Depositary Receipts

Investment into a given country may be made via direct investments into that market or by depositary receipts traded on other international exchanges in order to benefit from increased liquidity in a particular security and other advantages. A depository receipt admitted to the official listing on a stock exchange may be deemed an eligible transferable security regardless of the eligibility of the market in which the security to which it relates normally trades.

Credit and Counterparty Risks

Even when the securities to be acquired are selected carefully, the credit risk, i.e. the risk of loss through the inability of issuers to pay (issuer risk), cannot be excluded. The value of a Fund may be adversely affected if any of the institutions with whom the assets of the Fund are invested or deposited suffers insolvency or other financial difficulties. Such deposits may include margin payments to derivative counterparties and cash held on deposit at bank.

The Funds may invest in financial derivative instruments, comprising options, futures, index futures and currency forward contracts for hedging and efficient portfolio management, as more fully described in the investment policy of each Fund. There is a risk that the use of such instruments will not achieve the goals aimed at. Also, the use of swaps and other derivative contracts entered into by private agreements may create a counterparty risk for the Fund concerned.

In certain circumstances, there may be a credit risk with regard to parties with whom the Fund trades and the Fund may also bear the risk of settlement default. These risks may differ materially from those entailed in exchange-traded transactions which generally are backed by clearing organisation guarantees, daily mark-to-market and settlement, and segregation and minimum capital requirements applicable to intermediaries. It may not always be possible for the securities and other assets deposited with custodians or brokers to be clearly identified as being assets of the Fund and the Fund may be exposed to a credit risk in those situations. In addition, there may be practical or time problems associated with enforcing the Fund's rights to its assets in the case of an insolvency of any such party. In such circumstances it is possible that the Fund will not be able to recover any debt in full, or at all.

These risks are mitigated by the fact that the counterparties must be institutions subject to prudential supervision and that the counterparty risk on a single entity must be limited in accordance with the investment restrictions. The secondary market price of such financial derivative instruments will vary in accordance with the market's perception of the credit worthiness of the issuer.

In the event of failure of the counterparty the Company may only rank as an unsecured creditor in respect of sums due from the issuer or broker in question, meaning that the Company may be unable to recover part or all of the assets exposed to that counterparty and any such recovery may be significantly delayed. Such delay or loss would be to the detriment of the Net Asset Value of Shares in the relevant Fund.

Liquidity Risk

In extreme market conditions there may be a lack of liquidity in the market which may adversely affect the ease of disposal of assets and the price at which the securities held by a Fund can be sold. The absence of reliable pricing information in a particular security held by a Fund may make it difficult to assess reliably the market value of assets.

Sector and/or Geographical Concentration

Funds which specialise in investing in a particular market sector or geographical region are likely to be more volatile than funds with a broader range of investments. This risk is greater in relation to investment in emerging market countries which may experience political and economic changes.

Sub-sector Risk on Financial Sector

Funds which specialise in investing in a particular market sector are likely to be more volatile than Funds with a broader range of investments. In light of recent fluctuations in financial market conditions, companies in the financial sector may be more immediately susceptible to the systemic risks applicable to the economies of the countries in which they are based than other sectors of the market.

Options

Options are associated with particular risks which can differ in importance, depending on the position taken:

- The purchase price of a call or put option is lost on the date of maturity.
- If a call option is sold, there is a risk that the Company will no longer be able to participate in especially strong appreciation of the asset. If put options are sold, there is a risk that the Company will be obligated to acquire assets at the exercise price, even though the market value of these assets is significantly lower.
- The value of the Company can be more strongly influenced through the leveraging of options than would be the case if assets were acquired directly.

Financial Futures Contracts

Financial futures contracts are associated with considerable opportunities as well as risks, because only a fraction of the relevant contract size (initial deposit) must be paid immediately. If the expectations of the Investment Manager are not fulfilled, the difference between the price at the time of conclusion and the market price must be borne by the Company by no later than the due date of the transaction. The amount of the possible loss is thus not known in advance and may exceed any collateral provided.

Swaps

Swaps involve a particular contracting party risk in that the contracting party may be unable to meet its payment obligations, or may do so only partially or late. Swaps also involve a market risk arising from fluctuations in exchange rates and interest rates.

In the case of swaps which convert into foreign currency, there are also exchange rate opportunities and risks. Moreover, these swaps are subject to what is called a transfer risk, something which also exists with other swaps involving cross-border transactions.

Credit default swaps may trade differently from the funded securities of the reference entity. In adverse market conditions, the basis (difference between the spread on bonds and the spread on credit default swaps) can be significantly more volatile than funded securities.

Participation Notes

Participation notes involve a particular contracting party risk in that the contracting party may be unable to meet its payment obligations, or may do so only partially or late. They also involve a market risk arising from fluctuations in exchange rates and interest rates.

In the case of participation notes which convert into foreign currency, there are also exchange rate opportunities and risks. Moreover, these participation notes are subject to what is called a transfer risk, something which also exists with other participation notes involving cross-border transactions.

Possible Losses in Securities Option Transactions, Financial Futures Contracts, Option Transactions on Financial Futures Contracts and Securities Index Options

Securities option dealings, financial futures contracts and option dealings on financial futures contracts and securities index options (option rights and warrants) are all forward exchange transactions.

However, since the possible profits arising from such transactions must be set against high possible losses, the investor must realise that:

- the time-limited rights acquired from forward exchange transactions can collapse or suffer a reduction in value;
- the amount of the possible loss is not known in advance and can exceed any collateral provided;
- it may not be possible, or may only be possible at a loss, to effect dealings through which the risks from forward exchange transactions which have been effected are to be excluded or limited; and
- in addition to the above risks, the exercising of two linked forward exchange transactions involves additional risks which depend on the financial futures contracts/securities index options thus created and may result in a loss far above the original investment in the price paid for the option right or warrant.

Currency Exposure and Passive Currency Hedging

Each Class of each Fund will have its own Class Currency and each Fund will have its own Base Currency. The Shares of each Class will be issued and redeemed by reference to the Class Currency concerned. The assets of each Fund may, however, be invested in securities and other investments that are not denominated in its Class Currency and/or Base Currency. Accordingly, the value of such assets may be affected favourably or unfavourably by fluctuations in currency rates and therefore each Fund will necessarily be subject to foreign exchange risks relative to its Class Currency and/or Base Currency.

In particular, a Shareholder who acquires Shares of a Fund will be subject to foreign exchange risk in respect of those assets of that Fund which are denominated in any currency other than the currency of investment in that Fund (irrespective of whether the currency of investment was also the Class Currency and/or Base Currency).

A Shareholder whose assets and liabilities are predominantly in another currency should take into account the potential risk of loss (or gain) arising from fluctuations in value between the currency denomination of the assets of a Fund in which the Shareholder invests and the Shareholder's own currency of investment.

A Shareholder who subscribes for Shares, or requests that redemption payments be made, in a currency other than the Base Currency of the relevant Fund should also take into account the potential risk of loss arising from fluctuations in value between the relevant Class Currency and/or Base Currency and the currency that the Shareholder used to subscribe for Shares or the currency in which the Shareholder requests that redemption payments be made.

In addition, a Shareholder who subscribes for Shares with a Class Currency of CNH should take into account the following foreign exchange risks:

- the availability of CNH is dependent upon factors such as the political and regulatory policies of the People's Republic of China;
- there can be no guarantee that Shares with a Class Currency of CNH will be offered to investors and under what conditions in the future; and
- since the Base Currency of the relevant Fund offering Shares with a Class Currency of CNH may be a currency other than CNH, the ability of that Fund to make redemption payments in CNH depends upon its ability to convert the Fund's Base Currency into CNH, which may be restricted by the availability of CNH, beyond the control of the Investment Manager, and as a result, the redemption payments may need to be made in a currency other than CNH.

Passive currency hedging strategies may be used by the Investment Manager, at its sole discretion, to seek to reduce the impact of adverse movements between the Class Currency and/or Base Currency of a Fund and the currencies of the assets in which a Fund is invested. This may involve the use of foreign exchange transactions and/or currency derivatives. However, there is no guarantee that any hedging techniques will be employed or, if employed, that they will be effective in managing the currency exposures to which a Fund may be subject.

Each Class will be responsible for any currency hedging costs applicable to the assets attributable to it.

Exchange Rate Hedging Transactions

Exchange rate hedging transactions serve to reduce exchange rate risks. As these hedging transactions only protect the Company to a limited extent to one part of the exchange rate losses, it cannot be ruled out that exchange rate fluctuations can have a negative impact on the performance of the Company.

Future Exchange Transactions

The costs and possible losses arising in future exchange transactions through the purchase of the corresponding option rights and warrants reduce the operating profit of the Company. In this respect the notes regarding securities option transactions and financial futures contracts also apply here.

Risk Reduction and Risk Avoidance Measures

The Investment Manager uses modern methods of analysis to optimise the opportunity/risk ratio of an investment in securities. Through shifting and temporarily higher cash balances, the portion of the Company not invested in securities serves the objectives of the investment policy in that it reduces the effect of possible price falls in securities investments. Nevertheless, no assurance can be given that the objectives of the investment policy will be reached.

Risks related to Investments in Emerging and Less Developed Markets

In emerging and less developed markets, the legal, judicial and regulatory infrastructure is still developing but there is much legal uncertainty both for local market participants and their overseas counterparts. Therefore, investing in these markets involves certain risks and special considerations not typically associated with investment in major western jurisdictions. Some markets may carry higher risks for investors who should therefore ensure that, before investing, they understand the risks involved and are satisfied that an investment is suitable as part of their portfolio. Investments in emerging and less developed markets should be made only by sophisticated investors or professionals, such as the Investment Manager, who have independent knowledge of the relevant markets, are able to consider and weigh the various risks presented by such investments, and have the financial resources necessary to bear the substantial risk of loss of investment in such investments.

In general, the securities markets in the emerging and less developed markets are less developed than the major western securities markets. There is less state regulation and supervision of these securities markets, and less reliable information available to brokers and investors than in the major western markets and consequently less investor protection. Their accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and requirements in those markets are in many respects less stringent and less consistent than those applicable in many major western countries. Corporate legislation in the emerging and less developed markets regarding the fiduciary responsibility of directors and officers and protection of shareholders is significantly less developed than in the major western jurisdictions and may impose inconsistent or even contradictory requirements on companies. In addition, less information is available to investors investing in securities of companies in those markets and the historic information which is available is not necessarily comparable or relevant to many major western countries.

Examples of economies that the Investment Manager currently considers to be emerging market economies include, without limitation, countries in Asia, Latin America, the Middle East, southern and eastern Europe, the region formerly known as the USSR, and Africa. These include, again without limitation: Brazil, Chile, China, Colombia, Czech Republic, Egypt, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Korea, Malaysia, Mexico, Morocco, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Russia, South Africa, Taiwan, Thailand, Turkey, Sri Lanka and Pakistan.

Political and Economic Risk Factors of Emerging Markets

There is in some emerging market countries, in which certain Funds may invest, a higher than usual risk of nationalisation, expropriation or confiscatory taxation, any of which might have an adverse effect on the value of investments in those countries. Emerging market countries may also be subject to higher than usual risks of political changes, government regulation, social instability or diplomatic developments (including war) which could adversely affect the economies of the relevant countries and thus the value of investments in those countries.

The economics of many emerging market countries can be heavily dependent on international trade and, accordingly, have been and may continue to be adversely affected by trade barriers, managed adjustments on relative currency values and other protectionist measures imposed or negotiated by the countries with which they trade and international economic developments generally.

Foreign Investment Restrictions

There are, in certain of the countries in which investments of certain Funds are proposed, restrictions on investment by foreign investors. In addition, the ability of foreign investors, such as the Fund, to participate in privatisations in certain foreign countries may be limited by local law, or the terms on which the Fund may be permitted to participate may be less advantageous than those for local investors. These factors and any restrictions introduced in the future could limit the availability to the Fund of attractive investment opportunities.

Settlement and Custodial Risk

Settlement and safe custody of securities in certain emerging countries involve certain risks and considerations which do not normally apply when settling transactions and providing safe custody services in more developed countries. The Custodian will not have absolute liability for the acts, omissions or creditworthiness of local agents, depositaries, registrars or brokers involved in the safekeeping or the settlement of the assets of the Company.

Risks Related to Investment into Undervalued Companies

Funds may invest in entities considered by the Investment Manager to be undervalued. Although undervalued entities can be a great source for growth, they may also present some financial weakness and have an economical uncertain viability or be undergoing mergers, turnarounds or takeovers. Investments in such entities could therefore expose such Funds to higher risks than investment in entities which demonstrate a greater seniority or more stabilised structures and solid financial resources.

Taxation

Any change in the Company's tax status or in taxation legislation could affect the value of the investments held by and the performance of the Company. Representations in this document concerning the taxation of investors in Shares are based upon current tax law and practice which is subject to change.

The Company may from time to time purchase investments that will subject the Company to withholding taxes or exchange controls in various jurisdictions. In the event that withholding taxes or exchange controls are imposed with respect to any of the Company's investments, the effect generally reduces the income or proceeds received by the Company on its investments.

Smaller Companies

The Funds may invest in companies with a market capitalisation of less than €250 million. As smaller companies do not have the financial strength, diversity and resources of larger companies, they may find it more difficult to operate in periods of economic slowdown or recession. In addition, the relatively small capitalisation of such companies could make the market in their shares less liquid and, as a consequence, their share price more volatile than investments in larger companies.

Conflicts of Interest

The Directors, the Investment Manager, the Distributor, the Management Company, the Administrator and the Custodian and their respective affiliates, officers, directors and shareholders, employees and agents (collectively the '**Parties**') are or may be involved in other financial, investment and professional activities which may on occasion cause a conflict of interest with the management of the Company and/or their respective roles with respect to the Company. These activities may include managing or advising other funds, including other Underlying Funds, purchases and sales of securities, investment management services, brokerage services, valuation of unlisted securities (in circumstances in which fees may increase as the value of assets increases) and serving as directors, officers, advisers or agents of other funds or companies, including funds or companies in which the Company may invest.

In particular, the Investment Manager may be involved in advising or managing other investment funds, including other Underlying Funds, which have similar or overlapping investment objectives to or with the Company or Funds. Each of the Parties will use its reasonable endeavors to ensure that the performance of their respective duties will not be impaired by any such involvement they may have and that any conflicts which may arise will be resolved fairly and in the best interests of Shareholders. The Investment Manager will endeavor to ensure a fair allocation of investments among each of its clients. Further details of the Investment Manager's Conflicts of Interest policy are available on request.

Suspension of Share Dealings

Investors are reminded that in certain circumstances their right to redeem Shares may be limited (see page 17 under 'Limitation on Redemption').

Sector and/or Geographical Concentration

Funds which specialise in investing in a particular market sector or geographical region are likely to be more volatile than funds with a broader range of investments. This risk is greater in relation to investment in emerging market countries which may experience political and economic changes.

Performance Fee Risk

The existence of a performance fee on a particular Fund has the benefit that it aligns the Investment Manager's interests more with that of the Shareholders. However, because part of the Investment Manager's remuneration is calculated by reference to the performance of the relevant Fund, there is the possibility that the Investment Manager will be tempted to make investments that are riskier and more speculative than if the remuneration was linked purely to the size of that Fund.

Risk of no Equalisation for Performance Fee

The method of calculating any performance fee may give rise to the risk that a Shareholder redeeming Shares may still incur a performance fee in respect of those Shares, even though a loss in investment capital has been suffered by the redeeming Shareholder.

Segregation of Assets and Liabilities between Classes

The Company is composed of the different Funds listed in the section entitled 'Key Features', each Fund corresponding to a distinct part of the assets and liabilities of the Company. Whilst each Fund may segregate the assets and liabilities attributable to each Class it maintains in its books and records, any third party creditor will be a creditor of the relevant Fund. For example, if a particular Fund defaults under any liability owed to one or more third parties where the relevant liability is attributable to a particular Class, such third party or third parties will have recourse to all the assets of the relevant Fund (i.e. the assets attributable to all Classes, and not just the assets of the Class to which the relevant liability is attributable in the books and records of the Fund) to satisfy such liability or liabilities.

Early Termination of a Fund

The Directors may terminate a Fund in accordance with the provisions set forth under section entitled 'Merger, Liquidation and Reorganization of Funds'. In the event of early termination, the Fund concerned would have to distribute to the Shareholders their pro rata interest in the assets of that Fund. It is possible that at the time of such sale or distribution, certain investments held by the Fund concerned may be worth less than the initial cost of such investments, thereby resulting in a substantial loss to the Shareholders concerned.

Risks related to Investments in Russia

If investment in Russia is authorised in the relevant Information Sheet, certain Funds may invest in securities listed on the RTS Stock Exchange, on the Moscow Interbank Currency Exchange in Russia and on any other Regulated Markets in Russia which may be recognised by the CSSF.

Investments in Russia are currently subject to certain heightened risks with regard to the ownership and custody of securities. In Russia, shareholdings are evidenced by entries in the books of a company or its registrar (which is neither an agent nor responsible to the Custodian). No certificates representing shareholdings in Russian companies will be held by the Custodian or any of its local correspondents or in an effective central depository system. As a result of this system and the lack of effective state regulation and enforcement, the Funds could lose their registration and ownership of Russian securities through fraud, negligence or even mere oversight. However, in recognition of such risks, the Russian correspondent of the Custodian is following increased 'due diligence' procedures. The Russian correspondent has entered into agreements with Russian company registrars and will only permit investment in those companies that have adequate registrar procedures in place. In addition, the settlement risk is minimised as the Russian correspondent will not release cash until registrar extracts have been received and checked. In addition, Russian debt securities have an increased custodial risk associated with them as such securities are, in accordance with market practice, held in custody with Russian institutions which may not have adequate insurance coverage to cover loss due to theft, destruction or default.

Risks related to investment in Underlying Funds

The Investment Manager may not always be provided with detailed information regarding all of the investments made by Underlying Funds because certain of this information may be considered proprietary information by the managers of those Underlying Funds. This potential lack of access to information may make it more difficult for the Investment Manager to select, allocate among and evaluate individual fund managers. Notwithstanding the above, the Investment Manager will act in the best interests of the Shareholders in selecting the Underlying Funds and monitoring the performance of the Underlying Funds on a continuous basis.

Despite the due diligence procedures which will be used to select and monitor the individual Underlying Funds in which the assets of the Funds will be invested, there can be no assurance that past performance information in relation thereto will be indicative of how such investments will perform (either in terms of profitability or correlation) in the future.

Although the Investment Manager will seek to monitor the investments and trading activities of the Underlying Funds in which the Fund has invested, investment decisions will normally be made independently at the level of such Underlying Funds and it is possible that some managers will take positions in the same security or in issues of the same industry or country at the same time. Consequently, the Fund may be concentrated in a particular industry or country. The possibility also exists that one Underlying Fund may purchase an instrument at about the same time as another Underlying Fund decides to sell it. There can be no guarantee that the selection of the managers will actually result in a diversification of investment styles and that the positions taken by the Underlying Funds will always be consistent. These factors may have an adverse impact on the relevant Fund and its investors.

Potential investors must be aware that Underlying Funds will be subject to management fees and other expenses. As a result, Shareholders may suffer management fees and expenses incurred both at the level of the Company and the Underlying Funds in which the Company invests. There may also be a duplication of subscription and/or redemption fees, provided that where the Fund invests in schemes managed by the Management Company, the Investment Manager or their connected persons, all initial charges on the Underlying Funds must be waived. In addition, the Management Company and the Investment Manager may not benefit from a rebate on any fees or charges levied by an Underlying Fund or its investment manager.

Furthermore, there can be no assurance that the liquidity of the Underlying Funds will always be sufficient to meet redemption request. In particular, the Underlying Funds may impose redemption gates in certain situations, which means that the Underlying Funds may not always be able to satisfy redemption requests from the Fund as and when made. Also, there is no assurance that the valuation of the Underlying Funds will be carried out on a daily basis and there may be difficulties in valuing the relevant Underlying Funds held by a Fund. These factors may have an adverse impact on the relevant Fund and its investors.

Risks Related to Investment in Exchange Traded Funds ("ETFs")

The trading prices of units/shares in an ETF may differ significantly from the net asset value of the units/shares of such ETF due to, disruptions to creations and realisations (for example, as a result of imposition of capital controls by a foreign government) and supply and demand forces in the secondary trading market for units/shares in the ETF. In addition, factors such as fees and expenses of an ETF, imperfect correlation between the ETF's assets and the underlying securities within the relevant tracking index, rounding of share prices, adjustments to the tracking index and regulatory policies may affect the ability of the manager of an ETF to achieve close correlation with the tracking index for the relevant ETF. An ETF's returns may therefore deviate from that of its tracking index.

There can be no assurance that an active trading market will exist or be maintained for units/shares of an ETF on any securities exchange on which units/shares of an ETF may trade. The units/shares of the ETFs which a Fund may invest in may be traded at large discounts or premiums to their net asset value. These factors may have an adverse impact on the Net Asset Value of the relevant Fund.

Risks related to Feeder Funds

Feeder Funds invest in Master Funds and as such, Feeder Funds are subject to the specific risks applicable to the relevant Master Fund. Before investing in a Feeder Fund, prospective investors should familiarise themselves with the risk factors associated with the relevant Master Fund as disclosed in its prospectus or scheme particulars as well as its KIIDs or other documents of the Master Fund.

Feeder Funds are also exposed to fluctuations in value of the relevant Master Fund. Although the Master Fund's investments are diversified, the investments of the Feeder Fund are not. Please refer to the Feeder Fund information sheets to obtain additional information on the relevant Feeder Fund's master portfolio.

Prospective investors must also be aware that the performance and returns of Feeder Funds may not fully align with that of the relevant Master Funds due to the way in which Feeder Funds are operated and/or the way in which their assets are invested. For example, the Feeder Fund may not fully invest all of its assets in the Master Fund (some assets may be invested for cash management purposes as an example), currency conversions may not take place at the same time and/or rate, and the share classes of the Feeder Fund and Master Fund may bear different ongoing charges and expenses.

The attention of Shareholders is also drawn to the taxation risks associated with investing in Feeder Funds under the heading 'Taxation'.

Risks related to Investments in Convertible Securities

Convertible bonds are corporate bonds with an option that allows an investor to convert the bond into shares at a given price at specified times during the life of the convertible bond. This exposure to equity movements can lead to more volatility than could be expected from a comparable conventional corporate bond.

Investments in convertible bonds are subject to the same interest rate, credit and prepayment risks associated with comparable conventional corporate bonds. Price changes in fixed-interest securities are influenced significantly by interest rate developments in the capital markets, which in turn are influenced by macro-economic factors. The values of convertible securities also may be affected by changes in the credit rating, liquidity or financial condition of the issuer. The Fund may also be exposed to the credit and insolvency risks of the issuers of the securities.

Risks related to Investments in Commodities (including commodities indices)

Commodities, to which some of the Funds may be exposed through the use of financial derivative instruments, are assets that have tangible properties, such as oil, metals, and agricultural products. An investment in commodities may not be suitable for all investors. Commodities and commodity-linked securities and derivatives may be subject to heightened risks and may be affected by overall market movements, changes in interest rates, and other factors such as weather, disease, embargoes, and international economic, regulatory and political developments, as well as the trading activity of speculators and arbitrageurs in the underlying. The commodity markets (including the markets for commodity-linked securities and derivatives) may be subject to a degree of volatility that may prove higher than in equity or bond markets due to their sensitivity to the development of commodity prices and their substantial exposure to emerging markets.

Risk related to Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ('FATCA')

The withholding tax regime of FATCA became effective in phases since 1 July 2014. Although the Company will attempt to satisfy any obligations imposed on it to avoid the imposition of the FATCA withholding tax, no assurance can be given that the Company will be able to satisfy these obligations. If the Company becomes subject to a withholding tax as a result of the FATCA regime, the value of the Shares held by the Shareholders concerned may suffer material loss.

Risks related to the European sovereign risks crisis

The Funds invest in equity or equity-related securities whereby the issuers have their registered office or exercise a predominant part of their economic activities in Europe. In light of the current fiscal conditions and concerns in relation to the sovereign risk of certain European countries, there is an increased amount of volatility, liquidity, price and foreign exchange risk associated with investments in Europe. The performance of the Funds could deteriorate significantly should an adverse credit event occur such as, but not limited to, the downgrade of the sovereign credit rating of a European country or withdrawal from the Euro currency by one or more member states of the European Monetary Union.

Taxation

The following information is based on the laws, regulations, decisions and practice currently in force in Luxembourg and is subject to changes therein, possibly with retrospective effect. This summary does not purport to be a comprehensive description of all Luxembourg tax laws and Luxembourg tax considerations that may be relevant to a decision to invest in, own, hold, or dispose of shares and is not intended as tax advice to any particular investor or potential investor. Prospective Investors should consult their own professional advisers as to the implications of buying, holding or disposing of Shares and to the provisions of the laws of the jurisdiction in which they are subject to tax. This summary does not describe any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, locality or other taxing jurisdiction other than Luxembourg.

Taxation of the Company

The Company is not subject to taxation in Luxembourg on its income, profits or gains.

No stamp duty, capital duty or other tax will be payable in Luxembourg upon the issue of the Shares of the Company.

The Company is however subject to a subscription tax (*taxe d'abonnement*) levied at the rate of 0.05% per annum based on its Net Asset Value at the end of the relevant quarter, calculated and paid quarterly. A reduced subscription tax of 0.01% per annum is applicable to individual compartments of UCIs with multiple compartments referred to in the Law, as well as for individual classes of securities issued within a UCI or within a compartment of a UCI with multiple compartments, provided that the securities of such compartments or classes are reserved to one or more institutional investors.

Subscription tax exemption applies to (i) investments in a Luxembourg UCI subject itself to the subscription tax, (ii) UCI, compartments thereof or dedicated classes reserved to retirement pension schemes, (iii) money market UCIs, and, (iv) UCITS and UCIs subject to the part II of the Law qualifying as exchange traded funds.

Withholding tax

Interest and dividend income received by the Company may be subject to non-recoverable withholding tax in the source countries. The Company may further be subject to tax on the realised or unrealised capital appreciation of its assets in the countries of origin.

Distributions made by the Company are not subject to withholding tax in Luxembourg.

The Company is not subject to net wealth tax.

Taxation of the Shareholders

Luxembourg resident individuals

Capital gains realised on the sale of the Shares by Luxembourg resident individuals Investors who hold the Shares in their personal portfolios (and not as business assets) are generally not subject to Luxembourg income tax except if:

(i) the Shares are sold before or within 6 months from their subscription or purchase; or

(ii) if the Shares held in the private portfolio constitute a substantial shareholding. A shareholding is considered as substantial when the seller, alone or with his/her spouse and underage children, has participated either directly or indirectly at any time during the five years preceding the date of the disposal in the ownership of more than 10% of the capital or assets of the company.

Distributions made by the Company will be subject to income tax. Luxembourg personal income tax is levied following a progressive income tax scale, and increased by the solidarity surcharge (*contribution au fonds pour l'emploi*) giving an effective maximum marginal tax rate of 43.6%. An additional temporary income tax of 0.5% (*impôt d'équilibrage budgétaire temporaire*) will be due by Luxembourg resident individuals subject to Luxembourg State social security scheme in relation to their professional and capital income.

Luxembourg resident corporate

Luxembourg resident corporate investors will be subject to corporate taxation at the rate of 29.22% (in 2015 for entities having their registered office in Luxembourg-City) on the distribution received from the Company and the gains received upon disposal of the Shares.

Luxembourg resident corporate Investors who benefit from a special tax regime, such as, for example, (i) an undertaking for collective investment subject to the Law, (ii) specialized investment funds subject to the law of February 13, 2007 on specialised investment funds, or (ii) family wealth management companies subject to the law of May 11, 2007 on family wealth management companies, are exempt from income tax in Luxembourg, but instead

subject to an annual subscription tax (*taxe d'abonnement*) and thus income derived from the Shares, as well as gains realized thereon, are not subject to Luxembourg income taxes.

The Shares shall be part of the taxable net wealth of the Luxembourg resident corporate investors except if the holder of the Shares is (i) a UCI subject to the Law, (ii) a vehicle governed by the law of March 22, 2004 on securitization, (iii) a company governed by the law of June 15, 2004 relating to the investment company in risk capital, (iv) a specialized investment fund subject to the law of February 13, 2007 on specialised investment funds or (v) a family wealth management company subject to the law of May 11, 2007 on family wealth management companies. The taxable net wealth is subject to tax on a yearly basis at the rate of 0.5%.

Non Luxembourg residents

Non-resident individuals or collective entities who do not have a permanent establishment in Luxembourg to which the Shares are attributable, are not subject to Luxembourg taxation on capital gains realized upon disposal of the Shares nor on the distribution received from the Company and the Shares will not be subject to net wealth tax.

European Savings Directive

The Council of the European Union (the EU) has adopted on 3 June 2003 a Council Directive 2003/48/EC on the taxation of savings income in the form of interest payments (the "Savings Directive"). Under the Savings Directive, EU Member States (the "Member States") are required to provide the tax authorities of another Member State with information on payments of interest or other similar income (within the meaning of the Savings Directive) paid by a paying agent (within the meaning of the Savings Directive) to an individual beneficial owner who is a resident, or to certain residual entities (within the meaning of the Savings Directive) established, in that other Member State.

Under the Luxembourg law dated 21 June 2005 (the "2005 Law"), implementing the Savings Directive, as amended by the Law of 25 November 2014, and several agreements concluded between Luxembourg and certain dependent or associated territories of the EU ("Territories"), a Luxembourg-based paying agent is required as from 1 January 2015 to report to the Luxembourg tax authorities the payment of interest and other similar income paid by it to (or under certain circumstances, to the benefit of) an individual or certain residual entities resident or established in another Member State or in the Territories, and certain personal details on the beneficial owner. Such details will be provided by the Luxembourg tax authorities to the competent foreign tax authorities of the state of residence of the beneficial owner (within the meaning of the Savings Directive).

Under current legislation, distributions by the Company will fall within the scope of the Savings Directive if the Company invests 15 % or more of its assets in debt claims (within the meaning of the Savings Directive).

Payment of proceeds upon the sale, refund or redemption of Shares in the Company will fall within the scope of the 2005 Law if the Company invests directly or indirectly 25 % or more of its assets in debt claims within the meaning of the 2005 Law.

However, on 24 March 2014 the Council of the European Union adopted Council Directive 2014/48/EU amending the Savings Directive (the "Amending Directive"). Member States have to adopt and publish by 1 January 2016, the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with the Amending Directive. The Amending Directive enlarges inter alia the scope of the Savings Directive by extending the definition of interest payments and will cover income distributed by or income realised upon the sale, refund or redemption of shares or units in undertakings for collective investment or other collective investment funds or schemes, that either are registered as such in accordance with the law of any of the Member States or of the countries of the European Economic Area which do not belong to the EU, or have fund rules or instruments of incorporation governed by the law relating to collective investment funds or schemes and irrespective of any restriction to a limited group of investors, in case such undertakings, funds or schemes invest, directly or indirectly, a certain percentage of their assets in debt claims as defined under the amended Savings Directive.

Investors should consult their professional advisors on the possible tax and other consequences with respect to the implementation of the Amending Directive.

Common Reporting Standard ("CRS")

The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development received a mandate by the G8/G20 countries to develop a global reporting standard to achieve a comprehensive and multilateral automatic exchange of information ("AEOI") in the future on a global basis. The CRS will require Luxembourg financial institutions to identify financial assets holders and establish if they are fiscally resident in countries with which Luxembourg has a tax information sharing agreement. Luxembourg financial institutions will then report financial account information of the assets holder to the Luxembourg tax authorities, which will automatically transfer this information to the competent foreign

tax authorities on a yearly basis.

This action has been enacted by a Council Directive 2014/107/EU of 9 December 2014 amending Council Directive 2011/16/EU as regard to mandatory exchange of information in the field of taxation (the "CRS Directive"). The CRS provides for the first AEOI under CRS for the data relating to 2016 to be applied within the European Member States from 1st January 2017.

Tax Considerations for Individuals Resident in the United Kingdom

UK Shareholders should note that all those Classes which are identified as 'Reporting Funds' in the Information Sheets to this Prospectus have been awarded Reporting Fund status by HM Revenue & Customs in the UK. The total reportable income for those Classes which are classified as Reporting Funds for UK tax purposes will be published online at: www.jupiteram.com. Once this status is obtained for a Class it should remain in place providing that all annual reporting requirements are satisfied by the Class. The Directors intend to ensure that these conditions are met. The current official list of reporting funds may be viewed on the HM Revenue & Customs website at https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/offshore-funds-list-of-reporting-funds.

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ('FATCA')

The Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act (the 'Hire Act') was signed into US law in March 2010. It includes provisions generally known as FATCA. The intention of these is that details of US investors holding assets outside the US will be reported by financial institutions to the IRS, as a safeguard against US tax evasion. This regime became effective in phases from 1 July 2014. The Company has registered with the IRS as a 'Foreign Financial Institution' and intends to fully comply with the FATCA regime. An intergovernmental agreement has been signed between Luxembourg and the USA in March 2014 and consequently the requirements to report on those financial accounts within the scope of the regime will be to the Luxembourg authorities under 'model 1' IGA arrangements. All prospective investors/Shareholders should consult with their own tax advisors regarding the possible implications of FATCA on an investment in the Company. Although the Company will attempt to satisfy any obligations imposed on it to avoid the imposition of the FATCA withholding tax, no assurance can be given that the Company will be able to satisfy these obligations. If the Company becomes subject to a withholding tax as a result of the FATCA regime, the value of the Shares held by the Shareholders concerned may suffer material loss.

Feeder Funds

Conversions between Classes from and including the Feeder Fund are not permitted and Shareholders should note that conversions between Classes in a Feeder Fund will be treated as a redemption of Shares in the original Class and a subscription of Shares in the new Class. This event may realise a taxable gain or loss under the laws of the country of the Shareholders tax residence. A Shareholder whose Shares of one Class have been converted into Shares of another Class following submission of a conversion request will not be given a right by law to reverse the transaction except as a new transaction.

Taxation of investments of Jupiter India Select Fund in India through Jupiter South Asia Investment Company (the "Subsidiary")

On the basis that it is a Mauritian tax resident, the Subsidiary will benefit from the tax advantages available to it under the India-Mauritius double tax treaty, which became effective on 1 July 1983. Capital gains resulting from the purchase and sale by the Subsidiary of stocks on the Indian stock exchanges will be exempt from Indian tax on the basis that the Subsidiary is able to benefit from the provisions of the India-Mauritius double tax treaty. The sale and purchase of stocks and securities through a stock exchange in India is subject to Indian Securities Transaction Tax.

The above-stated tax treatment under the India-Mauritius tax treaty will be available provided the Subsidiary does not have a permanent establishment or its effective management and control in India. No guarantee or warranty can be given nor should be assumed that the tax benefits of the treaty will continue to be available in future periods due to, changes in the regulatory environment in Mauritius, India or the European Union. Should the tax benefits of the treaty cease to be available, the Company reserves the right to transfer such assets directly to the Jupiter India Select Fund. Any such change could increase the taxes paid by the Jupiter India Select Fund or the Subsidiary and adversely affect the returns of the Jupiter India Select Fund. The Company is not liable for any loss which may arise for a Shareholder as a result of any change of the applicable tax laws or change in the interpretation by the Courts or tax authorities.

General

The above statements regarding taxation are based on advice received by the Company regarding the law and practice in force at the date of this document. Prospective investors should be aware that levels and bases of taxation are subject to change and that the value of any relief from taxation depends upon the individual circumstances of the tax payer.

It is expected that Shareholders in the Company will be resident for tax purposes in many different countries. Consequently, no attempt is made in the Prospectus to summarise the taxation consequences for each investor. These consequences will vary in accordance with the law and practice currently in force in a Shareholder's country of citizenship, residence, domicile or incorporation and with his personal circumstances.

Shareholders should ascertain from their professional advisers the consequences to them of acquiring, holding, redeeming, transferring, selling or converting Shares under the relevant laws of the jurisdictions to which they are subject, including the tax consequences and any exchange control requirement. These consequences, including the availability of and the value of tax relief to Shareholders, will vary with the law and practice of the Shareholder's country of citizenship, residence, domicile or incorporation and with their personal circumstances.

General Information

Corporate Information

The Company is an open-ended investment company which qualifies as an Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities ('**UCITS**') under Part I of the Law. It was incorporated in Luxembourg as a *Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable* ('**SICAV**') on 22 September 2005 for an unlimited duration. Its Articles were published in the *Mémorial, Recueil des Sociétés et Associations* of 11 October 2005. The Articles were last amended on 31 July 2015 and published in *Mémorial, Recueil des Sociétés et Associations* on 15 September 2015. It is registered with the Luxembourg Register of Commerce under number B 110.737.

The Shares are of no par value. The capital of the Company is equal to its net assets expressed in Euro and the minimum capital is €1,250,000.

Management Company

The Directors have designated Jupiter Unit Trust Managers Limited as Management Company of the Company to perform investment management, administration and marketing functions for the Company.

The Management Company was incorporated in the form of a private limited company on 11 April 1986 for an unlimited duration. As at the date of this Prospectus, it had a subscribed capital of £300,000 divided into three hundred thousand (300,000) £1 shares, fully paid-up. Upon incorporation, the articles of association of the Management Company were filed with Companies House and were last modified on 30 September 2008. Jupiter Unit Trust Managers Limited is authorised as a management company managing UCITS governed by the UCITS Directive.

The Management Company is authorized and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA").

As of the date of this Prospectus, the Management Company's Board of Directors consists of:

- Rupert Corfield, Head of Risk, London responsible for operational and investment risk across the Jupiter Group;
- Adrian Creedy, Chief Operating Officer, London responsible for management of operations including compliance, fund administration, legal and HR and is Company Secretary of Jupiter Fund Management plc;
- Philip Johnson, Chief Financial Officer, London responsible for management of finance, risk, investment operations and IT across the Jupiter Group and is a member of the Jupiter Fund Management plc board and Executive Committee;
- Paula Moore, Director, London responsible for the management of fund and client servicing operations;
- Robert Parker, Compliance Director, London responsible for compliance arrangements across the Jupiter Group; and
- Maarten Slendebroek, Chief Executive Officer, London responsible for running the Jupiter Group's business worldwide.

Pursuant to the Management Company Services Agreement, the Management Company may delegate the performance of any of its functions to any party in accordance with the terms of the Management Company Services Agreement.

The Management Company delegated its investment management functions to the Investment Manager.

In the context of its administration functions, the Management Company has entered into an agreement with the Administrator pursuant to which the Administrator agreed to act as the Company's central administration agent, registrar and transfer agent and to perform other administrative duties in relation to the Company.

In the context of its marketing function, the Management Company has entered into an agreement with the Distributor pursuant to which the Distributor agreed to act as distributor of the Shares in the Company with power to appoint sub-distributors.

The Management Company will monitor on a continual basis the activities of the third parties to which it has delegated functions. The agreements entered into between the Management Company and the relevant third parties provide that the Management Company can give at any time further instructions to such third parties, and that it can withdraw their mandate with immediate effect if this is in the interest of the Shareholders.

The Management Company remains liable for the acts and omissions of persons to whom it may delegate any functions (including critical or important operational functions) or any relevant services and activities (both as interpreted in accordance with the relevant UK rules) to be provided under the Management Company Services Agreement.

The Management Company Services Agreement made between the Company and the Management Company comprises provisions pursuant to which, in the absence of fraud, negligence or wilful misconduct on the part of the Management Company, the Management Company shall not be liable towards prospective investors, Shareholders, its officers, the Company or any other person with respect to any act or omission in connection with the duties and obligations performed by the Management Company pursuant to the Management Company Services Agreement. The Management Company Services Agreement further provides that the Company will indemnify the Management Company, its governing body members, officers and employees, for amongst others, all costs, expenses, losses, damages, liabilities, demands, charges and claims of any kind or nature whatsoever incurred directly by the Management Company or made against it while taking any action properly in accordance with the Management Company Services Agreement.

The Management Company also acts as the management company for other investment funds; the list of these other investment funds is available upon request.

The Management Company Services Agreement has been entered into for an unlimited period of time and may be terminated by either party via a termination notice sent to the other party providing for a notice period of not less than six (6) months. The Management Company Services Agreement may also be terminated upon shorter notice in certain circumstances (in the event there is a material breach of the agreement by either party not remedied within a certain delay, or as required by applicable laws and regulations or by a competent authority) or with immediate effect (e.g. in the event that a party goes into liquidation or similar circumstances or in the event that a party is in material breach of any provision of the agreement and such breach is incapable of being remedied).

The Custodian and Paying Agent in Luxembourg

The Company has appointed J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A. as Custodian and Paying Agent.

J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A. was incorporated in Luxembourg as a public limited company ("société anonyme") on 16 May 1973; it is licensed to engage in all banking operations under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. The Custodian has a fully paid up subscribed capital of USD 11 million.

The Custodian is responsible for the safekeeping of cash and securities deposits in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Custodian Agreement. In particular, and upon the instructions of the Company, it will execute all financial and foreign exchange transactions and provide all banking facilities in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Custodian Agreement. The Custodian will further, in accordance with the Law:

- ensure that the sale, issue, redemption and cancellation of Shares effected by the Company or on its behalf are carried out in accordance with the Law and the Articles;
- ensure that in all transactions involving the assets of the Company, any consideration is remitted to it within the customary settlement dates; and
- ensure that the income of the Company is applied in accordance with the Articles.

The Custodian is responsible for the safekeeping of the subscription monies on their receipt from the Paying Agent and, following the investment of subscription monies, is responsible for the supervision of the assets of the Company which are held to the order of and registered in the name of the Company or in the name or to the order of the Custodian on the Company's behalf.

Assets of the Company held directly with the Custodian will be held in a separate client account and will be separately designated in the books of the Custodian as belonging to the Company. Assets other than cash, which are so segregated, will be unavailable to the creditors of the Custodian in the event of its bankruptcy or insolvency. Assets deposited as margin and cash need not be segregated and may become available to the creditors of brokers in case of bankruptcy or similar events.

The Custodian has no decision-making discretion relating to the Company's investments. The Custodian is a service provider to the Company and is not responsible for the preparation of this Prospectus or the activities of the Company and therefore accepts no responsibility for the accuracy of any information contained in this Prospectus or the validity of the structure and investments of the Company.

The Custodian may appoint Correspondents to hold the assets of the Company. The liability of the Custodian shall not be affected by the fact that it has entrusted all or some of a Fund's assets in its safekeeping to such Correspondents. The Custodian will exercise care and diligence in choosing and appointing the Correspondents so as to ensure that each Correspondent has and maintains the expertise, competence and will maintain an appropriate level of supervision over any Correspondent and will make appropriate enquiries periodically to confirm that the obligations of the Correspondent continue to be competently discharged. The fees and other remuneration of any Correspondent appointed by the Custodian shall be paid by the Management Company.

In respect of any losses to the Company arising from any Correspondent, including losses resulting from the fraud, negligence or wilful default of any Correspondent, the Custodian shall, besides others, and without prejudice to its liability in relation to its general duty of supervision of assets of the Company, use its reasonable endeavours to exercise such rights as are available to it in the local market against the relevant Correspondent and account to the Company for any recovery, and in the case of a liquidation, bankruptcy or insolvency of any Correspondent, the Custodian will use all reasonable endeavours to recover any securities or other property held and to recover any losses suffered by the Company as a direct consequence of such liquidation, bankruptcy or insolvency.

The rights and duties of the Custodian are governed by a Custodian Agreement which may be terminated by the Company or the Custodian on 6 months' notice. However, on termination, the Custodian shall continue to act as Custodian pending replacement within two months and until the assets of the Company have been transferred to the successor custodian. The fees and expenses payable to the Custodian are described under 'Charges and Expenses'.

The Custodian shall not, in the absence of fraud, negligence or wilful misconduct, be liable to the Company for any act or omission in the course of or in connection with the performance by the Custodian of its duties. The Custodian Agreement includes provisions whereby, in the absence of fraud, negligence or wilful misconduct on the part of the Custodian, its affiliates, its sub-custodians, and their respective nominees, directors, officers, employees and agents, the Company agrees to indemnify the Custodian, its affiliates, its sub-custodians, and their respective nominees, directors, officers, employees and agents for any liabilities incurred by them in connection with the performance of the Custodian's duties under the Custodian Agreement.

The Management Company has entered into an information sharing agreement with the Custodian to regulate the flow of information deemed necessary to allow the Custodian to perform its obligations under the Law, other laws, regulations or administrative provisions which are relevant for the Custodian and the Custodian Agreement.

As the Company's Paying Agent, J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A. is responsible for the payment of distributions, if any, and of the redemption proceeds to the Shareholders.

Investment Manager

The Management Company has delegated investment management functions to the Investment Manager.

The Investment Manager shall manage the investments of the Funds in accordance with stated investment objectives and restrictions. The terms of the appointment of the Investment Manager are specified in the Investment Management Agreement.

The Investment Manager may, in its discretion, purchase and sell securities through dealers who provide research, statistical and other information to the Investment Manager. Such supplemental information received from a dealer is in addition to the services required to be performed by the Investment Manager and the expenses which the Investment Manager incurs while providing advisory services to the Company will not necessarily be reduced as a result of the receipt of such information.

The Investment Manager is authorized and regulated by the FCA in the UK. The Investment Manager is responsible for loss to the Company to the extent that such loss is due to the negligence, bad faith, wilful default or fraud of the Investment Manager or its employees (as adjudged by a final court of competent jurisdiction).

The Investment Management Agreement has been entered into for an unlimited period of time and may be terminated by either party via a termination notice sent to the other party providing for a notice period of three (3) months. The Investment Management Agreement may also be terminated with immediate effect in certain circumstances (e.g. in the event there is a material breach of the agreement by either party not remedied within a certain delay, in the event that a party goes into liquidation or similar circumstances, for regulatory reasons or if the Management Company deems it in the interest of the Shareholders).

Background to the Jupiter Group

The ultimate parent company of the Investment Manager and the Management Company is Jupiter Fund Management plc, a company incorporated in England and Wales. Both the Investment Manager and Management Company are wholly owned subsidiaries of a Jupiter Group company. The Jupiter Group was established in its current form in 1985 and has since built a reputation for asset management with an emphasis on performance and client service.

The Jupiter Group is an investment management business focused on generating medium to long-term investment out-performance across its range of investment capabilities, which include UK, European and emerging markets equities, specialist equities (such as financial sector equities) and multi-manager products as well as fixed income and absolute return strategies.

Administrator

The Management Company has delegated its administration functions to J.P.Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A., the Administrator.

The Administrator is, *inter alia*, responsible for keeping the accounts of the Company and for calculating the Net Asset Value.

The Administrator also acts as domiciliary agent and registrar and transfer agent for the Company.

The Administrator shall not, in the absence of fraud, negligence or wilful default, be liable to the Company for any loss or damage suffered by the Company in the course of or in connection with the performance by the Administrator of its duties. The service agreement entered into between the Administrator, the Management Company and the Company (the "Administration Agreement") includes provisions whereby, in the absence of fraud, negligence or wilful default on the part of the Administrator and its affiliates and nominees and their respective directors, officers, employees or agents, the Company agrees to indemnify the Administrator for liabilities incurred by the Administrator while performing its duties for the Company.

The Administration Agreement has been entered into for an unlimited period of time and may be terminated by either party via a termination notice sent to the other parties providing for a notice period of six (6) months. The Administration Agreement may also be terminated upon shorter notice in certain circumstances (e.g. in the event of the termination of the Custodian Agreement) or with immediate effect (e.g. in the event there is a material breach of the agreement by a party not remedied within a certain delay, in the event that a party goes into liquidation or similar circumstances, for regulatory reasons or if this is deemed by the Company and the Management Company to be in the best interest of the Shareholders).

The Administrator has no decision-making discretion relating to the Company's investments. The Administrator is a service provider to the Company and is not responsible for the preparation of this Prospectus or the activities of the Company and therefore accepts no responsibility for the accuracy of any information contained in this Prospectus or the validity of the structure and investments of the Company.

Distributor

The Management Company has appointed the Distributor on a non-exclusive basis to distribute and promote the sale of Shares worldwide.

The Distribution Agreement allows the Distributor to appoint delegates, subject to the prior approval of the Management Company and, to the extent necessary, to prior regulatory approval.

Pursuant to the Distribution Agreement, the Distributor shall not, in the absence of negligence, bad faith, fraud or wilful default on its part, be liable to the Company, any Shareholder or the Management Company.

The Distribution Agreement has been entered into for an unlimited period of time and may be terminated by either party via a termination notice sent to the other party providing for a notice period of three (3) months. The Distribution Agreement may also be terminated with immediate effect in certain circumstances (e.g. in the event there is a material breach of the agreement by either party not remedied within a certain delay, in the event that a party goes into liquidation or similar circumstances or if the Management Company deems it in the interest of the Shareholders).

Types of Shares

The Company is offering Shares in different Classes as further detailed in the Information Sheet with respect to each Fund. The relevant Information Sheet indicates the Base Currency and the Class currency in which such Shares are offered for subscription and redemption. The Shares being offered hereby may be subject to different sales charges, management fees and other fees. Investors should refer to the relevant Information Sheet for confirmation as to which Classes a Fund offers. Shares will be issued in registered form only. The ownership of Shares is evidenced by an entry in the share register. Following initial application, each Shareholder will be advised of a Personal Account Number and provided with an annual statement of account by the Administrator. The Personal Account Number should be quoted in all further communication with the Administrator. Non-certificated Shares enable Shareholders to request conversions and redemptions on any Valuation Day without delay.

Shares may be made available through, but not limited to the Administrator or the Distributor as defined in the 'Definitions' section of this Prospectus.

All Shares must be fully paid-up; they are of no par value and carry no preferential or pre-emptive rights. Each Share, whichever Fund and Class it belongs to, is entitled to one vote at any general meeting of Shareholders, in compliance with Luxembourg law and the Articles.

Fractional registered Shares are issued to a one hundredth of a Share. Such fractional Shares shall not be entitled to vote but shall be entitled to a participation in the net results and in the proceeds of liquidation attributable to the relevant Class of Shares in the relevant Fund on a pro rata basis. Shareholders should note that fractional Shares may not currently be held within uncertificated accounts with Euroclear.

Overseas Investors and Restricted Shareholders

The Directors may restrict the ownership of Shares by any person, firm or corporation where such ownership would be in breach of any regulatory or legal requirement or may affect the tax status of the Company. Any restrictions applicable to a particular Fund or Class shall be specified in the relevant Information Sheet for such Fund or Class.

Any person who is holding Shares in contravention of the restrictions set out above or, by virtue of his holding, is in breach of the laws and regulations of any competent jurisdiction or whose holding could, in the opinion of the Directors, cause the Company to incur any liability to taxation or to suffer any pecuniary disadvantage which any or all of them might not otherwise have incurred or sustained or otherwise in circumstances which the Directors believe might be prejudicial to the interests of the Shareholders, shall indemnify the Company, the Management Company, the Investment Manager, the Custodian, the Administrator and Shareholders for any loss suffered by it or them as a result of such person or persons acquiring or holding Shares in the Company.

The Directors have power under the Articles to compulsorily redeem and/or cancel any Shares held or beneficially owned in contravention of any restrictions imposed by them or in breach of any law or regulation.

None of the Company, the Investment Manager, the Distributor, the Management Company, the Administrator or the Custodian or any of their respective directors, officers, employees or agents will be responsible or liable for the authenticity of instructions from Shareholders reasonably believed to be genuine and shall not be liable for any losses, costs or expenses arising out of or in conjunction with any unauthorised or fraudulent instructions. The Distributor and the Administrator shall, however, employ reasonable procedures to confirm that instructions are genuine.

Accounting Year, Reports and Accounts

The accounting year of the Company ends on 30 September of each year and accounts were published for the first time in respect of the financial period ended 30 September 2006.

Within four months of the close of each financial year, the Company will prepare an annual report providing information on the assets of the Company and each individual Fund giving details of their management and the results achieved. Such report will be audited by the approved statutory auditor (*réviseur d'entreprises agréé*) of the Company.

The Company undertakes that the accounting of the Company shall at any time be in compliance with the generally accepted accounting principles ('**GAAP**') in Luxembourg.

Within two months of the close of the first half of each financial year, the Company will also prepare a semi-annual report providing information on the assets of the Company and each individual Fund and their management during the corresponding half year.

These reports will be available to Shareholders at the registered office of the Company, the Custodian and from every Paying Agent and the Distributor and also from www.jupiteram.com.

Meetings of Shareholders

The annual general meeting of Shareholders will be held at 10.00am (Luxembourg time) on the second Friday in the month of January, at the registered office of the Company or such location as shall be notified by the Company Secretary in the notice of that meeting. If such a day is not a Business Day, the annual general meeting shall be held on the next following Business Day. Notices of general meetings, including of general meeting of Shareholders in one Class, are given in accordance with Luxembourg law and if specified in the Articles or legally required, by publication in the *Mémorial C, Recueil des Sociétés et Associations* and in a Luxembourg newspaper and in such other newspapers as the Directors may from time to time determine. Notices will specify the place and time of the general meeting, the conditions of admission, the agenda, the quorum and the voting requirements and will be given in accordance with all applicable laws. The requirements as to attendance, the quorum and majorities at all general meetings will be those laid down in the Articles and Luxembourg law.

Charges and Expenses

The Company shall pay out of the assets of the Funds all expenses payable by the relevant Funds which shall include but not be limited to the Aggregate Operating Fee and the Investment Manager fees (as detailed hereafter)

Aggregate Operating Fee

To seek to protect the Shareholders from fluctuations in ordinary operating expenses, the Company shall pay to the Management Company a fixed level of fee (the "Aggregate Operating Fee"), which will be determined as an annual percentage of the Net Asset Value of the Class of Shares for each Fund, and the Management Company will be responsible for paying all of the ordinary fees and expenses out of the Aggregate Operating Fee received by it, including (but not limited to) the following:

- (i) Management Company fees and expenses;
- (ii) Custodian, fund accounting, transfer agency and fiduciary fees: J.P.Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A., acting as Administrator and Custodian, is entitled to receive custodian fees, fund accounting fees, transfer agency fees and fiduciary fees. The custodian fee consists of safekeeping, administration and transaction charges;
- (iii) Set up costs incurred in connection with the launch of a new Fund;
- (iv) Costs of operating special purpose subsidiaries;
- Any fees and expenses involved in registering and maintaining the registration of the Fund with any governmental agencies or stock exchanges in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and in any other country together with associated support fees;
- (vi) Paying agent fees;
- (vii) Distribution fees;
- (viii) Costs of agents employed by the Company, Correspondents and permanent representatives in places of registration;
- (ix) Financial and regulatory reporting costs;
- (x) Governmental charges, taxes and duties;
- (xi) Costs related to the preparation and filing of tax or other reports in respect of the operations of the Company or its Shareholders;
- (xii) Costs related to the preparation and publication of data, literature and shareholder communications, including the costs of preparing, printing and distributing prospectuses, KIIDs, explanatory memoranda, periodical reports or registration statements, and the costs of any reports to Shareholders;
- (xiii) Directors' remuneration, their insurance coverage and reasonable travelling costs and out-of-pocket expenses in connection with board meetings;
- (xiv) Legal fees; and
- (xv) Audit fees.

Save for the payment of the Aggregate Operating Fee and the other charges and expenses described below, the Company shall have no obligation with respect to the ordinary operating expenses.

The Board of Directors will, together with the Management Company, review the level of the Aggregate Operating Fee at least annually. In conducting such review, the Directors and the Management Company will have regard to, amongst other things, the amount of the Company's aggregate operating expenses (of which the Aggregate Operating Fee will form the substantial part) compared to:

(a) until the end of the financial year ending on 30 September 2017, the level of the Company's aggregate ordinary operating expenses as set out in the Company's audited accounts for the financial year ended 30 September 2015; and (b) the level of the aggregate operating expenses of companies comparable to the Company.

The Board of Directors will only agree an amendment to the level of the Aggregate Operating Fee where it believes it is in the best interests of Shareholders to do so.

The Board of Directors has the discretion to vary the effective level of the Aggregate Operating Fee paid by each Class (with the agreement of the Management Company) up to the level set out in the Information Sheet for each Fund. Different rates may apply across the Funds and Share Classes.

The Board of Directors may also increase the level of the Aggregate Operating Fee set out in the Information Sheet for each Fund applicable to any Share Class at any time at its discretion in which case the Prospectus will be updated accordingly. In such a case, the relevant Shareholders will benefit from a one-month prior notice period in which they may request the redemption of their Shares free from any charge. The Aggregate Operating Fee will accrue on a daily basis. The Aggregate Operating Fee will, in the first instance, be applied against any income in the relevant Fund. The Aggregate Operating Fee is accrued at each calculation of the Net Asset Value and is disclosed in the relevant KIID from time to time by comprising part of the ongoing charges of a Share Class.

The Company's annual accounts and semi-annual accounts will set out the Aggregate Operating Fee applicable to each Share Class for the period covered by such accounts.

For the avoidance of doubt, the Aggregate Operating Fee are exempt from Value-Added tax (VAT), Goods and Services Tax (GST) and similar taxes that might apply in any jurisdiction.

Investment Manager Fees

The Investment Manager's fees will be paid by the Company to the Management Company for onward transfer to the Investment Manager.

The Investment Manager shall be entitled to receive a management fee from the Management Company out of the assets of the Company in relation to each Class of each Fund as specified in the relevant Information Sheet. If the management fee is expressed as a maximum fee, the fee actually charged will be published in the annual and semiannual reports. Such fee shall be accrued on a daily basis and calculated as at each Valuation Point and shall be payable monthly in arrears. The Investment Manager shall be entitled to reimbursement of all reasonable out-ofpocket expenses incurred by it. The Company shall bear the cost of any value added tax applicable to any fees or other amounts payable to or by the Investment Manager in the performance of its duties.

The Investment Manager may also become entitled to a performance fee ('**Performance Fee**') calculated by reference to the out-performance of the Net Asset Value per Share in any given Class over the total return of the relevant Benchmark for that Class over the course of a Performance Period (as defined below).

With respect to each Class subject to a Performance Fee, the '**Performance Period**' will commence on the date of first issue of Shares of that Class and end on 30 September following their issue. Thereafter, the Performance Period will correspond to the Company's accounting period ending on 30 September in each year.

If the Investment Management Agreement is terminated or a Class is wound-up or otherwise ceases to be a Class of the Company, the Performance Period with respect to that Class or Classes, as the case may be, will end on the date of such termination, winding-up or date upon which the Class ceases to be a Class of the Company. The termination of the Investment Management Agreement will have no effect on the High Watermark (being any accrued underperformance relative to the Benchmark from previous Performance Periods which needs to be recovered before any Performance Fee can be accrued in a given Performance Period).

Performance Fee Calculation

The calculation of the Performance Fee, where applicable, may be expressed as follows:

 $PF = (A \times (B - C - D)) \times (E \times F)$

Where:

- A = the percentage of the Performance Fee in respect of each Class as specified in the relevant Information Sheet for each Fund;
- B = the percentage total return of the Net Asset Value per Share (having added to this the amount of any dividends per Share paid or payable and any accrual for unpaid Performance Fees during the Performance Period) in the Class from the first Valuation Point in the Performance Period to the last Valuation Point in the Performance Period;

- C = the cumulative percentage shortfall, if any, carried forward from the previous Performance Period(s), being the 'High Watermark';
- D = the percentage total return of the Benchmark for the relevant Class from the first Valuation Point in the Performance Period to the last Valuation Point in the Performance Period;
- E = the Net Asset Value per Share in the Class (having added to this the amount of any dividends per Share paid or payable and any accrual for unpaid Performance Fees during the Performance Period) on the last Valuation Day of the Performance Period; and
- F = the time weighted average of the total number of Shares in issue in the relevant Class during that Performance Period.

In the event that the calculation of (B - C - D) produces a negative result then that shortfall, expressed as a percentage, shall be carried forward to the next Performance Period as a hurdle to the Investment Manager's entitlement to a Performance Fee (identified as the High Watermark in 'C' above).

The Performance Fee is calculated and accrued on each Valuation Day and is payable to the Investment Manager within 30 days of the end of the Performance Period. For the purposes of calculating the Performance Fee accruals, on each Valuation Day the formula for the calculation of the Performance Fee shall be applied as if that Valuation Day were the last Valuation Day in the Performance Period.

For Classes which are denominated in a currency other than that of the Benchmark, the Benchmark shall be redenominated in the currency of the Class or as the Directors may otherwise think fit.

Shareholders should note that the Company does not perform equalisation accounting nor does it issue separate series of Shares on each Dealing Day for the purposes of determining the Performance Fee attributable to each Shareholder in those Classes of the Funds which are identified in the Information Sheets as being subject to a Performance Fee.

The use of equalisation or the issue of series of Shares is designed to ensure that the performance fee payable by each Shareholder is directly referable to the specific performance of that individual Shareholder's shareholding in the Fund.

The methodology for calculating the Performance Fee, as set out above, involves adjusting the issue and redemption price per Share to make provision for an accrual of any Performance Fee upon the issue and redemption of Shares during the course of each financial year. Shareholders may, therefore, be advantaged or disadvantaged as a result of this method of calculation, depending upon the Net Asset Value per Share prevailing at the time when a Shareholder subscribes or redeems (relative to the overall performance of the Fund during the relevant financial year) and the timing of other subscriptions and redemptions to the Fund during the course of such financial year.

For example: a Shareholder who subscribes to the Fund during the course of a financial year when the Net Asset Value per Share is above the return on the Benchmark will pay a Subscription Price which has already been decreased by an accrual for the Performance Fee earned up until that Valuation Day. If the performance of the Fund subsequently degenerates such that the Net Asset Value per Share reduces (but remains above the return on the Benchmark), the Shareholder would be at a disadvantage as he could still be required to bear a Performance Fee calculated on the increase in the Net Asset Value per Unit above the return on the Benchmark.

Conversely, a Shareholder who subscribes to the Fund during the course of a financial year when the Net Asset Value per Share is below the return on the Benchmark and who subsequently redeems prior to the end of such financial year when the Net Asset Value per Share increases up to (but does not exceed) the return on the Benchmark will be advantaged as no Performance Fee will be chargeable in such circumstances.

Both of these scenarios are tempered insofar as the Performance Fee is calculated on the basis of the time weighted average of the total number of Shares in issue in the relevant Class during a given Performance Fee period. Nevertheless, given the large numbers of Shareholders in the Classes of the Funds concerned, the daily frequency of dealings and given also the nominee and dematerialised arrangements through which many of the Company's Shares are held (for example, in Euroclear), the Company does not consider it to be practicable to implement equalisation accounting or issues series of Shares.

Timing

Calculation periods for the Performance Fee correspond to the accounting periods of the Company. The Performance Fee will be payable within 30 days of the end of the accounting period.

Other fees

There are certain other fees that are payable in addition to the Aggregate Operating Fee, the Investment Manager fees and any performance fees.

Each Share Class bears the costs relating to certain transactions such as the costs of buying and selling underlying securities, costs charged by any financial institution or organisation in relation to swap agreements or over-thecounter transactions, bank charges relating to delivery, receipt of securities or to foreign exchange transactions and fees relating to collateral management, transaction costs, stock lending charges, interest on bank overdraft and any other extraordinary fees and expenses.

Each Share Class also bears any extraordinary expenses incurred due to external factors, some of which may not be reasonably foreseeable in the normal course of activity of the Company such as, without limitation, any litigation expenses or any tax, levy, duty or similar charge of fiscal nature imposed on the Company or its assets by virtue of a change of laws or regulations.

Finally, for so long as the Company and any of the Funds remain authorised by the SFC in Hong Kong, the Company has undertaken that no marketing or advertising expenses will be paid by the Company. Any marketing and advertising expenses will instead be paid by the Investment Manager.

Use of Dealing Commission

The Investment Manager may enter into soft commissions arrangements, commonly referred as Commission Sharing Arrangements in the UK, with brokers under which certain business services are obtained and are paid for by the brokers out of the commissions as permitted under the FCA Rules they receive from transactions of the Company. Consistent with obtaining best execution, brokerage commissions on portfolio transactions for the Company may be directed by the Investment Manager to broker-dealers in recognition of research services furnished by them as well as for services rendered in the execution of orders by such broker-dealers.

The soft commission arrangements are subject to the following conditions: (i) the Investment Manager will act at all times in the best interest of the Company and the Management Company when entering into soft commission arrangements; (ii) the research services provided will be in direct relationship to the activities of the Investment Manager; (iii) brokerage commissions on portfolio transactions for the Company will be directed by the Investment Manager to broker-dealers that are entities and not to individuals; and (iv) the Investment Manager will provide reports to the Management Company with respect to soft commission arrangements including the nature of the services it receives.

As a MiFID Investment Firm in accordance with the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive 2004/39/EC, the Investment Manager may have similar or additional obligations under UK requirements.

Liquidation of the Company

In the event of the voluntary liquidation of the Company, such liquidation will be carried out in accordance with the Law by one or several liquidators named by the general meeting of Shareholders effecting such dissolution and which shall determine their powers and their compensation. Such law currently provides for the deposit in escrow at the *Caisse de Consignation* of any amounts which have not been claimed by any Shareholder at the time of the closing of the liquidation. Amounts which have not been claimed from escrow within the prescribed period are liable to be forfeited in accordance with the provisions of Luxembourg law.

Merger, Liquidation and Reorganisation of Funds

The Directors may decide to liquidate a Fund if the net assets of such Fund fall below the equivalent of €10,000,000 or if, at their absolute discretion, the Directors believe that a change in the economic or political situation relating to the Fund concerned would justify such liquidation or if, for financial and commercial reasons, the Directors consider it in the general best interests of the Shareholders to liquidate the relevant Fund, if permitted by, and under the conditions set forth in, the Articles. The decision to liquidate will be published by the Company prior to the effective date of the liquidation and the publication will indicate the reasons for, and the procedures of, the liquidation operations. Unless the Directors otherwise decide in the interests of, or to keep equal treatment between, the Shareholders, the Shareholders of the Fund concerned may continue to request redemption or conversion of their Shares. Assets which could not be distributed to their beneficiaries upon the close of the liquidation of the Fund concerned will be deposited with the *Caisse de Consignation* on behalf of their beneficiaries.

As a general rule, the liquidation shall be closed within a period of nine (9) months from the date of liquidation. However, subject to regulatory approval, this period of liquidation may be extended. Any outstanding amount of the liquidation income that shall not have been distributed before such closure will be deposited with the *Caisse de Consignation* and held at the disposal of the rightful Shareholders until the end of the period of limitation (*prescription*).

The Directors may decide to allocate the assets of any Fund to those of another existing Fund within the Company (the '**new Fund**') and to redesignate the shares of the sub-class or sub-classes concerned as shares of the new Fund (following a split or consolidation, if necessary, and the payment of the amount corresponding to any fractional entitlement to Shareholders). The Directors may also decide to allocate the assets of any Fund to another undertaking for collective investment organised under the provisions of Part I of the Law or under the legislation of a member state of the European Union, or of the European Economic Area, implementing Directive 2009/65/EC or to a compartment within such other undertaking for collective investment.

The mergers will be undertaken within the framework of the Law.

Any merger of a Fund shall be decided by the Directors unless the Directors decide to submit the decision for a merger to a meeting of Shareholders of the Fund concerned. No quorum is required for such a meeting and decisions are taken by a simple majority of the votes cast. In case of a merger of a Fund where, as a result, the Company ceases to exist, the merger shall be decided by a meeting of Shareholders resolving in accordance with the quorum and majority requirements for changing the Articles.

The Directors may also decide to consolidate or split Classes of Shares in any type of Shares or split or consolidate different types of Shares within a Fund. Such decision will be published in the same manner as described in the paragraph on the liquidation of a Fund here above and in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

Under the same circumstances as provided in the paragraph on the liquidation of a Fund here above, the Directors may decide the reorganisation of a Fund, by means of a division into two or more Funds. Such decision will be published in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Such publication will normally be made one month before the date on which the reorganisation becomes effective in order to enable the Shareholders to request redemption of their Shares, free of charge, before the operation involving division into two or more Funds becomes effective.

Liquidation of a Feeder Fund

In addition to the above, the Directors may have to liquidate a Feeder Fund:

- (1) if the relevant Master Fund is liquidated, unless the CSSF grants approval to the Feeder Fund to:
 - (a) invest at least 85% of its assets in shares of another Master Fund; or,
 - (b) amend its investment policy in order to convert to a non-Feeder Fund;

Without prejudice to specific provisions regarding compulsory liquidation, the liquidation of a Master Fund shall take place no sooner than three months after the Master Fund has informed all of its shareholders and the CSSF of the binding decision to liquidate.

- (2) if the Master Fund merges with another UCITS, or is divided into two or more UCITS, unless the CSSF grants approval to the Feeder Fund to:
 - (a) continue to be a Feeder Fund in the same Master Fund or another UCITS resulting from the merger or division of the Master Fund; or,
 - (b) invest at least 85% of its assets in units or shares of another Master Fund; or,
 - (c) amend its investment policy in order to convert into a non-Feeder Fund.

No merger or division of a Master Fund shall become effective, unless the Master Fund has provided all of its shareholders and the CSSF with the information referred to, or comparable with that referred to, in article 72 of the Law, at least sixty days before the proposed effective date.

Creation of new Funds

The Board of Directors of the Company may decide, at any time, to establish new Funds. On the establishment of such additional Funds, the present Prospectus shall be adapted accordingly. Furthermore in the case of Funds or Classes created, which are not yet opened for subscription, the Board of Directors of the Company is empowered to determine at any time the initial period of subscription and the initial subscription price. At the opening of a Fund or Class, the Prospectus and the KIIDs shall, if appropriate, be updated.

Risk management process

The Company employs a risk-management process which enables it, together with the Management Company, to monitor and measure the value of each Fund's investment positions and their contribution to the overall risk profile of each Fund. The risk monitoring process is performed by the Management Company in accordance with the

specifications of the Board of Directors and with a frequency and methodology appropriate to the risk profile of each Fund.

The permanent risk management function is the responsibility of the 'Director of Risk' of the Management Company and is responsible for monitoring the financial risks, paying particular attention to financial derivative instruments and the risks associated therewith

The Management Company shall calculate the Fund's global exposure by using the Commitment Approach, the Valueat-Risk approach or other advanced risk measurement methodologies as may be appropriate.

Each Fund must calculate its global exposure on at least a daily basis and the limits on global exposure must be complied with on an ongoing basis.

The Management Company shall, at the same time, ensure that the method selected to measure global exposure is appropriate, taking into account the investment strategy pursued by the Fund, the types and complexities of the financial derivative instruments used, and the proportion of the Fund's portfolio which comprises financial derivative instruments. Where a Fund employs techniques and instruments including repurchase agreements or securities lending transactions in order to generate additional leverage or exposure to market risk, the Management Company shall take these transactions into consideration when calculating global exposure. The selection of the methodology to calculate global exposure should be based on the self-assessment by the Fund of its risk profile resulting from its investment policy, including its use of financial derivative instruments.

Further information relating to the risk management and control policy, procedures and methods employed by the Management Company are available on request from the Management Company.

Use of the Value-at-Risk (VaR) Approach

A Fund must use an advanced risk measurement methodology (supported by a stress testing program) such as the Value-at-Risk ("VaR") approach to calculate global exposure where:

- 1. it engages in complex investment strategies which represent more than a negligible part of the Fund's investment policy;
- 2. it has more than a negligible exposure to exotic derivatives; and
- 3. the Commitment Approach doesn't adequately capture the market risk of the portfolio.

As a general rule, the Fund should use a maximum loss approach to assess whether the complex investment strategy or the use of exotic derivatives represent more than a negligible exposure. Those investment strategies that can be pursued by the Fund through the use of financial derivative instruments for which the Commitment Approach does not adequately capture the related risks (for instance non-directional risks like volatility risk, gamma risk or basis risk) and/or for which it does not give, with regards to the complexity of the strategy, an adequate and risk sensitive view of the related risks, imply the use of an advanced risk measurement methodology. Some examples of such investment strategies can be:

- hedge fund-like strategies
- option strategies (delta-neutral or volatility strategies)
- arbitrage strategies (interest rate curve, convertible bond arbitrage, etc.)
- complex long/short and/or market neutral strategies
- strategies that use financial derivative instruments to create a highly leveraged investment position

Use of the Commitment Approach

A Fund that is not using an advanced risk measurement methodology to calculate global exposure must apply the Commitment Approach.

Those Funds which only make use of financial derivative instruments for hedging or efficient portfolio management purposes are characterised by a low implied leverage regardless of the distribution assumptions and extreme event assumptions made. The Management Company uses a simple Commitment Approach for these Funds, mapping simple financial derivative instruments (for example swaps and futures) to the underlying and using deltas in the case of options. Since these Funds are subject to daily monitoring the use of Gamma (which measures sensitivity to change in volatility) and Theta (sensitivity to change in time) are considered to be unnecessary. A Fund of this type should, in principle, use the Commitment Approach (unless it adopts internal Value-At-Risk model, in which case it must meet the requirements set out below, or adopts a different approach, with the prior approval of the CSSF). The total

commitment is considered to be the sum of the absolute value of the individual positions, after taking into account netting and cover.

Those Funds which may make use of financial derivative instruments for investment purposes as well as for hedging or efficient portfolio management purposes are characterised by high implicit leverage due to high derivative exposure, which may vary significantly with changes in distribution and 'extreme event' assumptions.

The risk function of the Management Company uses additional quantitative measures in relation to these Funds, such as the Value-At-Risk ('**VaR**') of the portfolio, coupled with ad hoc stress tests and regular back test programs in order to validate the VaR model used.

In practice the risk function of the Management Company monitors the VaR figures on a daily basis with regard to the limits required by the CSSF (being no more than (A) 20% for Funds with an absolute return benchmark (such as LIBOR) or (B) a choice of either an absolute VaR of no more than 20% or a specified VaR relative to the Benchmark for those Funds with an equity index benchmark (such as FTSE World Index), in accordance with the provisions of CSSF Circular 11/512 and the UCITS Directive). The Management Company performs further in depth analysis should any such limit be exceeded.

The quantitative results of exposure coming from the calculation engines system are compared to the various limits set out for the considered Fund (whether relative or absolute) and any breach is further investigated and reported to the Investment Manager for remedial action.

Ad hoc stress tests are also run on a regular basis in order to assess the impacts of low probability events on the Fund. The results of these stress tests scenarios are reported to the Company and the Investment Manager. Similarly, in order to validate the VaR model used, back test programs are run on a regular basis and the results are also reported to the Company and the Investment Manager.

Data Protection - Disclosure of Information

Confidential information concerning the Shareholders which is received by the Company and/or Management Company, the Investment Manager and/or the Administrator in their capacity as a service provider to the Company, or the information given in the subscription documents or otherwise in connection with (i) an application to subscribe for Shares or(ii) the holding of Shares, including details of their shareholding (in each case, whether received from the Shareholders or a third party acting on their behalf) (the "Personal Data") will be stored in digital form and processed in compliance with the applicable laws and regulations, including the Luxembourg law of 2 August 2002 on data protection, as amended, and the financial sector law of 5 April 1993, as amended, as more fully described in the section 'Data Protection' of the Application Form.

Personal Data may be processed and disclosed by the Administrator to any Authorised Entities (as defined hereafter) for the purposes of (i) the provision of custody, fund administration, paying agency, registrar and transfer agency services and any other ancillary and/or related activities by the Administrator, the Investment Manager and the Management Company to the Company, (ii) complying with legal and regulatory obligations, including legal obligations under applicable company law, anti-money laundering legislation and tax law (including FATCA (as described in more detail above) or similar laws and regulations e.g. on the level of the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development) and (iii) performing risk management on an individual basis and within the J.P. Morgan Chase Group (as defined below) and the Jupiter Group globally, including by retaining Personal Data as reasonably required to keep a proof of a transaction or related communications.

If Investors fail to provide the relevant Personal Data as requested by the Administrator ownership of Shares may be prevented or restricted as further detailed in the section headed 'How to Subscribe, Convert and Redeem' above.

Investors are informed and consent that (i) Personal Data may be held and processed on computer and communication systems of, or operated by, any Authorised Entities either in Luxembourg or abroad, and may transit via and/or be processed in countries which may not have data protection requirements deemed equivalent to those prevailing in the European Union, (ii) the Administrator and any other Authorised Entities will keep, process and disclose Personal Data as data processor under the authority of the Company (except where the data processors keep, process and disclose Personal Data by virtue of applicable legal obligations), and (iii) Personal Data may be disclosed to third parties only where necessary for legitimate business interests or compliance with legal and/or regulatory requirements. This may include disclosure to third parties such as auditors, professional advisors, regulators, governmental authorities and/or courts, either in Luxembourg or abroad.

Investors may request access to, rectification of or deletion of any Personal Data in accordance with applicable data protection legislation. Personal Data shall not be held for longer than necessary with regard to the purpose of the data processing as described above, subject always to applicable legal minimum retention periods.

Reasonable measures have been taken to ensure confidentiality of the Personal Data transmitted within the Authorised Entities. However, due to the fact that the information is transferred electronically and made available outside of Luxembourg, the same level of confidentiality and the same level of protection in relation to data protection regulation as currently in force in Luxembourg may not be guaranteed while the information is kept abroad.

The Company,_the Investment Manager and the Management Company will accept no liability with respect to any unauthorised third party receiving knowledge of or having access to Personal Data, except in the case of negligence by the Company, the Investment Manager or the Management Company, respectively.

For the purposes of this Prospectus and the Application Form:

"Authorised Entities" shall mean any of the following: (i) J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A., J.P. Morgan Chase Bank, NA and any other member of the J.P. Morgan Chase Bank group of companies ("J.P. Morgan Chase Group") which may be contracted from time to time by the Administrator to facilitate its provision of services to the Company; (ii) the Management Company, the Investment Manager and/or the Custodian of the Company, as well as the Distributor or their delegates; (iii) a firm in Luxembourg that is engaged in the business of providing client communication services to financial services professionals; (iv) a third party in the UK that holds and processes data, that is an experienced provider of transfer agency software and technology solutions and production services, or (v) any member or affiliate of the Jupiter Group, as decided by the Board of Directors, including where any of such Authorised Entities are present in countries other than Luxembourg where confidentiality and personal data protection laws might not exist or be of a lower standard than in Luxembourg or the European Union.

Communication with Investors

All communications of investors with the Company should be addressed to the Company at its registered office.

Any investor wishing to make a complaint regarding any aspect of the Company or its operations may do so directly to the Company at its registered office.

Documents Available for Inspection

Copies of the following documents are available for inspection during normal business hours on any Business Day at the registered office of the Company:

- (i) the Articles;
- (ii) the Management Company Services Agreement between the Management Company and the Company;
- (iii) the Investment Management Agreement between the Investment Manager and the Management Company;
- (iv) the Custodian Agreement between the Company and the Custodian;
- (v) the service agreement between the Company, the Management Company and the Administrator;
- (vi) the latest annual and semi-annual reports and accounts of the Company (when published);
- (vii) this Prospectus;
- (viii) the KIIDs; and
- (ix) the Application Form.

Copies of all of these documents are also available for inspection during normal business hours on any Business Day at the registered offices of each of the Company, the Custodian and the Paying Agents appointed in each of the countries in which the Funds are authorised for distribution.

Copies of the following documents are available on request from the Distributor, the Custodian or from the Administrator:

- (i) this Prospectus;
- (ii) the Articles;

- (iii) the latest annual and semi-annual reports and accounts of the Company;
- (iv) the KIIDs;
- (v) the Information Sheets; and
- (vi) the Application Form.

Information Sheet

The Jupiter Global Fund -

Jupiter Asia Pacific

Investment Objective

To achieve long term capital growth by investing primarily in quoted companies in any economic sector involved directly or indirectly in the Asian and Pacific Basin markets, excluding Japan.

Investment Policy

The Fund will invest primarily in equity and equity related securities (including listed preference shares, listed convertible unsecured loan stock, listed warrants and other similar securities) of companies which have their registered office in Asia and the Pacific Basin (excluding Japan) or exercise the predominant part of their economic activities in Asia and the Pacific Basin (excluding Japan) in sectors and geographical areas which are considered by the Investment Manager to offer good prospects for capital growth, taking into account economic trends and business developments.

Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund will have the ability: to hedge against directional risk using index futures and/or cash; to hold bonds and warrants on transferable securities; to use options and futures for hedging purposes and for efficient portfolio management; to enter into portfolio swaps; to use forward currency contracts; and to hold liquid assets on an ancillary basis.

Profile of the typical investor

This Fund may be suitable for investors with a broad attitude to risk looking for a long term investment opportunity in line with its Investment Objective and Policy. An investment in the Fund will not be suitable for investors seeking solely an index-linked return on their investment. Investment in the Fund should be regarded as long term in nature and may not be suitable as a short term investment. Typical investors in the Fund are expected to be asset and wealth managers regulated or authorised by the relevant local regulator, retail private clients who will invest through suitably authorised intermediaries and private individuals who are experienced in making equity investments and who have the resources to withstand the risks associated with them.

Base Currency

US Dollar.

Initial Issue of Shares

Shares were initially issued on 30 September 2005 by contribution in kind. Since 5 October 2005, the Shares have been offered to the public at the prevailing Net Asset Value per Share.

Currency of Subscription

Shares of each Class may be purchased in any freely convertible currency at such conversion rates as may be determined by the Custodian and at the exchange rate risk of the investor, as more fully described in the section headed 'How to Subscribe' in this Prospectus.

Valuation Day

Every Business Day in Luxembourg.

Dealing Deadline

5.00pm (Luxembourg time) on the Business Day before every Valuation Day.

Price Information

www.jupiteram.com and at the registered office of the Company on every Valuation Day. Price information is also available on request from the Distributor and from the Administrator in Luxembourg.

Listing

There is currently no intention to list any Class of Shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Global Exposure

The global exposure of the Fund is calculated using the Commitment Approach.

	. .			
Class Name and Class Currency	Class L	Class L	Class D	Class D
	USD	GBP	USD	GBP
	Acc	A Inc	Acc	Acc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0231116830	LU0329070592	LU0946224929	LU0946225140
WKN	A0HF9R	AONBGS	A1W1EX	A1W1EW
Clearstream Common Code	23111683	32907059	094622492	094622514
SEDOL	B4YB2X3	B296198	BBPLVJO	BBPLVK1
MEX Code	TDJGAS	JUASPC	JUDUFC	JUDUCF
Citicode	ТО09	G3Y4	JEYE	JEYF
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	2320050	3521193	21700694	21700695
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.50%	1.50%	0.75%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.22%	0.22%	0.20%	0.20%
Minimum Initial Investment	US\$1,000	£1,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	US\$50	£50	US\$100,000	£100,000
Minimum Holding	US\$1,000	£1,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	US\$10	£10	US\$10	£10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	No	Yes	No	Yes
Benchmark	MSCI AC Asia ex Japan Index			

Benchmark Ticker Code	GDUECAXJ
Passive Currency Hedging	Νο

This Information Sheet forms an integral part of this Prospectus. The information contained in this Information Sheet should be read in conjunction with the full information contained in this Prospectus. In particular, investors should read the risk warnings set out in the section headed 'Risk Factors' above.

Information Sheet

The Jupiter Global Fund -

Jupiter China Select^{*}

Investment Objective

To achieve long term capital growth by investing in companies that are considered by the Investment Manager to be well positioned to benefit from secular trends associated with the environmentally, socially and economically sustainable development of Greater China.

Investment Policy

The Fund will seek to derive its returns through a portfolio of companies that conduct a material proportion of their business in Greater China or derive a material proportion of their earnings from activities in Greater China.

The Investment Manager will seek to identify the secular trends related to important developments in Greater China's economy. The Investment Manager will, as a result, target investments in companies that are both well positioned to benefit from the long term growth characteristics of their sectors and which are able to withstand competitive pressure on their operating margins.

Key growth sectors within the Greater Chinese economy identified by the Investment Manager for investment by the Fund include, without limitation:

• Energy – including clean and renewable energy systems, process and technologies for generation, supply and energy efficiency;

• Water – including water and waste-water services including sewerage infrastructure, waste-water treatment, water supply and new technology-based solutions such as membranes and UV disinfection;

• Agriculture – including foodstuffs, agricultural supplies and logistical services;

• **Transport** – including integrated public transport systems, centralised logistics, vehicle emissions and energy efficiency control systems and technologies;

• Real Estate & Construction – including building and insulation materials and land management;

• Waste Management – including waste reduction and associated technologies, waste to energy and recycling; and

• Healthcare & Education – including private health and education service providers and medical equipment manufacturers.

The Fund is not a screened 'green' or socially responsible investment ('SRI') fund.

Nevertheless, the Investment Manager considers that the environmentally, socially and economically sustainable attributes of investee companies will be key economic indicators in the research and stock selection process.

The Fund will invest primarily in equity and equity related securities (including listed preference shares, listed convertible unsecured loan stock, listed warrants and other similar securities) of companies which conduct a material proportion of their business in Greater China or derive a material proportion of their earnings from activities in Greater China. The Fund is entitled to invest up to 10% of its net assets in companies which operate outside the key growth industry sectors mentioned above.

The Fund will invest predominantly in stock exchange listed shares and securities but may invest up to 10% of its total assets in unlisted shares and securities. Details of the investment instruments which may be held by the Fund are set out on page 71.

For the purposes of hedging and efficient portfolio management and subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund will have the ability: to hedge against directional risk using index futures and/or cash; to hold bonds and warrants on transferable securities; to use options and futures; to enter into portfolio swaps; to use forward currency contracts; and to hold liquid assets on an ancillary basis.

Profile of the typical investor

^{*} Jupiter China Select was known as Jupiter China Sustainable Growth prior to 7 March 2014.

This Fund may be suitable for investors with a broad attitude to risk looking for a long term investment opportunity in line with its Investment Objective and Policy. An investment in the Fund will not be suitable for investors seeking solely an index-linked return on their investment. Investment in the Fund should be regarded as long term in nature and may not be suitable as a short term investment. Typical investors in the Fund are expected to be asset and wealth managers regulated or authorised by the relevant local regulator, retail private clients who will invest through suitably authorised intermediaries and private individuals who are experienced in making equity investments and who have the resources to withstand the risks associated with them.

Base Currency

US Dollar.

Launch Date

11 December 2009.

Currency of Subscription

Shares of each Class can be purchased in any freely convertible currency at such conversion rates as may be determined by the Custodian and at the exchange rate risk of the investor, as more fully described in the section headed 'How to Subscribe' in this Prospectus.

Valuation Day

Every Business Day in Luxembourg.

Dealing Deadline

5.00pm (Luxembourg time) on the Business Day before every Valuation Day.

Price Information

www.jupiteram.com and at the registered office of the Company on every Valuation Day. Price information is also available on request from the Distributor and from the Administrator in Luxembourg.

Listing

There is currently no intention to list any Class of Shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Global Exposure

The global exposure of the Fund is calculated using the Commitment Approach.

Class Name and Class Currency	Class L EUR Acc	Class L USD Acc	Class L GBP A Inc	Class I USD Acc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0329070675	LU0329070832	LU0329070758	LU0522853133
WKN	AONBGU	AONBGW	AONBGV	A1C1SE
Clearstream Common Code	32907067	32907083	32907075	52285313
SEDOL	B2961C1	B2961F4	B2961D2	B3K8ZJ8
MEX Code	JUSTGT	JURCSG	JUSUGW	JUSTGU
Citicode	HVN3	HVN5	HVN4	0XMU

Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	3521289	3521306	3521297	11796339
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%	0.16%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	US\$10,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€50	US\$50	£50	US\$250,000
Minimum Holding	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	US\$10,000,000
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	US\$10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default	Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	No
Passive Currency Hedging	Νο			

Class Name and Class Currency	Class D EUR Acc	Class D USD Acc	Class D GBP Acc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0946224333	LU0946224689	LU0946224846
WKN	A1W1ET	A1W1EU	A1W1EV
Clearstream Common Code	094622433	094622468	094622484
SEDOL	BBPLVF6	BBPLVG7	BBPLVH8
MEX Code	JUDUHC	JUDUWG	JUDUGW
Citicode	JEYB	JEYC	JEYD
Swiss Security Number	21700975	21700976	21700977

(Valorennummer)			
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€100,000	US\$100,000	£100,000
Minimum Holding	€1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000
Performance Fee	None		
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes
Passive Currency Hedging	No		

Investment Instruments which may be held by Jupiter China Select

Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund may invest in the following:

- China B-Shares The Fund may invest in shares of companies incorporated in mainland China that are traded in the mainland B-Share markets. Unlike prices in the A-Share market, the prices of B-Shares are quoted in foreign currencies. The China B-Share market is composed of the Shanghai Stock Exchange (which settles in US Dollars) and the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (which settles in Hong Kong Dollars).
- China H-Shares The Fund may invest in shares of companies incorporated in mainland China and listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. H-Shares are traded in Hong Kong Dollars on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. H-shares are issued by companies incorporated in mainland China, and must meet Hong Kong's listing and disclosure requirements in order to be listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. H-shares may be traded by foreigners and are often the vehicle for extending a Chinese privatisation to foreign investors.
- **Red Chip Companies** The Fund may invest in shares of companies with controlling Chinese shareholders that are incorporated outside mainland China and listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Red Chip shares are traded in Hong Kong Dollars on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.
- China-Related Companies The Fund may invest in shares of China-related companies listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, the Singapore Stock Exchange or other exchanges. A 'China-related' company is a company that (i) is organised in, or for which the principal securities trading market is in, China; or (ii) derives or that is expected to derive 50% or more of its annual revenues primarily from either goods produced, sales made or services performed in China.

- China A-Shares At present, subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions in this Information Sheet, the Fund may gain exposure to A-Shares of Chinese companies listed on the Shanghai and Shenzhen Stock Exchanges indirectly by investing in participation notes (where the return on each participation note is linked to the performance of a particular A-Share). Participation notes are offered by regulated stockbrokers who provide such products on the basis of their own existing qualified foreign institutional investors ('QFII') statuses. Any participation notes in which the Fund may invest will generally be in the form of loan participations. Investment in participation notes involves additional risks, including credit risk (against the issuer of the participation note), interest rate risk and liquidity risk, as each is further described under 'Risk Factors' on page 35 of this Prospectus. The Fund may currently seek exposure to China A-Shares through participation notes. Such exposure will not exceed 10% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, the Fund has not been assigned with QFII status and the Investment Manager has not yet lodged an application for QFII status.
- Short Term Investments The Fund may also invest in money market securities, short term debt securities and other cash equivalents, which may be denominated in Renminbi and other currencies.

What is QFII Status?

Currently, the equity of listed companies in mainland China seeking both domestic and foreign capital includes A-Shares denominated and traded in Renminbi and B-Shares denominated in Renminbi but traded in either US Dollars or Hong Kong Dollars. Foreign investors have historically been unable to participate in the A-Share market. However, investment regulations promulgated by the China Securities Regulatory Commission ('**CSRC**') (the '**Investment Regulations**') provide a legal framework for certain QFIIs, including certain fund management institutions, insurance companies, securities companies and other asset management institutions, to invest in A-Shares on the Shanghai and Shenzhen Stock Exchanges and certain other securities historically not eligible for investment by non-Chinese investors, through quotas granted by the State Administration for Foreign Exchange of the PRC ('**SAFE**') to those QFIIs which have been approved by the CSRC.

A QFII may invest in stocks listed and traded on a stock exchange, bonds listed and traded on a stock exchange, securities investment funds, warrants listed and traded on a stock exchange, and other financial instruments approved by the CSRC (due to technical reasons, QFIIs currently cannot participate in the repurchase of government bonds and trading of corporate bonds). The CSRC grants QFII licences to certain fund management institutions, insurance companies, securities companies and other asset management institutions for investing in Chinese securities markets. Investment companies are not currently within the types of companies that may be granted a QFII licence.

The Investment Manager may apply for a QFII licence upon successful acceptance of which:

- the Investment Manager would be authorised to invest in China A-Shares and other permitted China securities on behalf of the Fund up to a specified investment quota (the 'A-Share Quota'); and
- the Fund may invest through the Investment Manager or otherwise in A-Shares of Chinese companies listed on the Shanghai and Shenzhen Stock Exchanges up to 30% of its net assets in China A-Shares subject to applicable regulatory approval.

Sustainability Assessment of Investments held by Jupiter China Select

The Fund is not intended to form part of the suite of specialist screened green and SRI products managed by the Jupiter Group. The Investment Manager will nevertheless benefit from specialist research and analysis in relation to each of the Fund's holdings from the SRI & Governance equity research team within the Investment Manager.

The SRI & Governance Team will review companies within the Fund's investment portfolio to assess whether they are actively improving their sustainability performance through their products and processes for the commercial benefit of the companies concerned. Their focus will be on the key environmental or social issues that they believe have the potential to affect the Fund's financial performance or risk profile.

The Investment Manager will not be bound to sell or preclude any investment from the Fund's investment portfolio as a consequence of adverse research findings by the SRI & Governance Team. However, positive results are likely to be considered to be a positive indicator of other attractive investment attributes. The Investment Manager and the Fund expressly acknowledge that the strict screening that has enabled the development of green and SRI funds in European and other Western economies is not suitable for investment in China.

The sustainability assessment begins with a review of all publicly available information on a company's sustainability profile, including information on a company's own website or information reported to governmental agencies. The Investment Manager then considers a company's industry to determine what environmental challenges are facing that industry. Factors that the Investment Manager considers during this process include:

• Environmental policy and management system;

- Regulatory compliance;
- Waste reduction and management;
- Resource efficiency;
- Environmental attributes of products;
- Environmental purchasing considerations, and
- Worker environment, health and safety programmes.

The Investment Manager sees its environmental and governance research as an opportunity to create a more comprehensive understanding of a company. The research helps understand how a company approaches its environmental responsibilities and whether consideration is being given to both long term risks and opportunities. The Investment Manager believes that companies that are managing both environmental risks and opportunities operate the most sustainable businesses and will also make the best investments over the long term.

Risk Factors specific to Jupiter China Select

Country Risk

Investing in equities of companies with substantial assets in or revenues derived from China involves special considerations and certain risks not typically associated with more developed markets or economies. The risks inherent in China can generally be expected to result in increased volatility in the shares of companies in greater China and portfolios which invest in them when compared to their counterparts in developed markets. Investment companies investing in China generally can be expected to display greater share price and Net Asset Value volatility than those investing in developed markets.

The Fund's investments are subject to country specific risk factors due to the concentrated strategy of investment in companies that derive a significant share of their business from activities within the People's Republic of China:

- Legal Risk The legal system of the People's Republic of China ('PRC') is based on the PRC Constitution and is made up of written laws, regulations, circulars and directives which may not afford the Company the same level of certainty in relation to matters such as contracts and disputes as may be available in more developed markets. Accordingly, in such circumstances the returns to the Fund may be materially and adversely affected.
- Changes in Government Policies and the Regulatory Environment Certain investments of the Fund may be subject to PRC laws and regulations and policies implemented by the PRC government from time to time. PRC government policies may have a material impact on the industries in which the Fund invests. If any company in which the Fund invests should become subject to any form of negative governmental control, there could be a material adverse effect on the value of the Fund's investments.

The PRC government is still in the process of developing its legal system, so as to meet the needs of investors and to encourage foreign investment. As the PRC economy is developing generally at a faster pace than its legal system, some degree of uncertainty exists in the application of the existing laws and regulations to certain events or circumstances. Some of the laws and regulations, and the interpretation, implementation and enforcement thereof, are still at the experimental stage and are therefore subject to policy changes. Furthermore, precedents on the interpretation, implementation and enforcement of the PRC laws and regulations are limited, and court decisions in the PRC are not binding on lower courts. Accordingly, the outcome of dispute resolutions may not be as consistent or predictable as in other more developed jurisdictions. It may also be difficult to obtain swift and equitable enforcement of the laws in the PRC or the enforcement of a judgement by a court of another jurisdiction. The Company recognises that making investments in PRC companies entails certain ambiguities and risks. The lack of consistency and predictability in the outcome of dispute resolutions, the lack of certainty in the interpretation, implementation and enforcement of the PRC laws and regulations and political system, may affect returns to Shareholders.

- Economic Considerations The PRC has a long history of pre-planned economic policy and is subject to one, five and 10 year plans formulated by the PRC government. In recent years, the PRC government has introduced various economic reforms aimed at transforming the PRC economy from a planned economy into a market economy with socialist characteristics. These economic reforms allow greater utilisation of market forces in the allocation of resources and greater autonomy for enterprises in their operations. However, many rules and regulations implemented by the PRC government are still at an early stage of development, and further refinements and amendments are necessary to enable the economic system to develop into a more sophisticated form. Further, there can be no assurance that such measures will be applied consistently and effectively or that the Fund's investment returns will not be adversely affected by such reforms. The PRC government has only recently encouraged substantial private economic activity and there can be no assurance that the PRC government's pursuit of economic reforms will be consistent or effective. However, it is considered that the PRC's admittance into the World Trade Organisation will encourage the PRC government to continue to pursue its current strategy of encouraging private economic activity. Many of the reforms are unprecedented or in an experimental stage and are expected to be refined and modified in order to enable the economic system to develop into a more sophisticated form. There is no assurance that the continued introduction of such reforms will not have a material and adverse effect on the returns on the Fund's investments. In addition, the economy of the PRC differs from the economies of most developed countries in many respects, including the amount of governmental involvement, the level of development, the growth rate, the controls on foreign exchange and allocation of resources. The economy of the PRC has experienced significant and consistent growth in the past 20 years but growth has been uneven both geographically and among various sectors of the economy. Economic growth has been accompanied by a period of high inflation. The PRC government has implemented various measures from time to time to control inflation and restrain the rate of economic growth.
- Devaluation or Appreciation in the Value of the Renminbi, Restrictions on Convertibility of the Renminbi and Exchange Control Restrictions in the PRC The external value of the Renminbi is subject to changes in policies of the PRC government and to international economic and political developments. There is therefore a risk that fluctuations in the Renminbi exchange rate may be experienced and any large movement in the value of the Renminbi against the US Dollar could have an adverse effect on the Fund's portfolio of Chinese investments.
- **Tax Uncertainty** Tax laws and regulations in China are under constant development and often subject to change as a result of changing government policy. Such changes may occur without sufficient warning. There is a risk that changes in tax policy and regulations may adversely affect the Fund's return on investments.
- Increased brokerage commissions and transaction charges Brokerage commissions and other transaction costs and custody fees are generally higher in China than they are in Western securities markets.
- Investments in A-Shares The Shanghai and Shenzhen Stock Exchanges divide listed shares into two classes: A-Shares and B-Shares. A-Shares are traded on the Shanghai and Shenzhen Stock Exchanges in Chinese currency with all repatriations of gains and income requiring the approval of SAFE. B-Shares are traded on the Shenzhen and Shanghai Stock Exchanges in Hong Kong Dollars and US Dollars, respectively. QFII historically were unable to participate in the A-Share market. However, pursuant to an administrative notice issued by the CSRC on 24 August 2006 implementing the Investment Regulations, a QFII may invest in stocks listed and traded on a stock exchange, bonds listed and traded on a stock exchange, securities investment funds, warrants listed and traded on a stock exchange and other financial instruments approved by the CSRC. Restrictions continue to exist and capital therefore cannot flow freely into the A-Share market. As a result it is possible that in the event of a market disruption, the liquidity of the A-Share market and trading prices of A-Shares could be more severely affected than the liquidity and trading prices of markets where securities are freely tradable and capital therefore flows more freely. The Company cannot predict the nature or duration of such a market disruption or the impact that it may have on the A-Share market and the short term and long term prospects of its investments in the A-Share market. The Chinese government has in the past taken actions that benefited holders of A-Shares, in which the Chinese government waived a withholding tax on profits generated from investments in A-Shares albeit that such a tax could be levied pursuant to applicable Chinese law. As A-Shares become more available to foreign investors, such as the Fund, the Chinese government may be less likely to take action that would benefit holders of A-Shares.

Definitions used in this Information Sheet

- 'Greater China' means China, Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan; and
- 'Renminbi' means the legal currency of the PRC from time to time.

This Information Sheet forms an integral part of this Prospectus. The information contained in this Information Sheet should be read in conjunction with the full information contained in this Prospectus. In particular, investors should read the risk warnings set out in the section headed 'Risk Factors' above.

The Jupiter Global Fund -

Jupiter Dynamic Bond

Investment Objective

To achieve a high income with the prospect of capital growth from a portfolio of investments in global fixed interest securities.

Investment Policy

The Fund will invest primarily in higher yielding assets including high yield bonds, investment grade bonds, government bonds, convertible bonds and other bonds. The manager will only enter into derivative transactions for the purpose of efficient management of the portfolio including, but not limited to, forward currency transactions to hedge exposures back into Euros, interest rate futures to hedge duration exposure and credit default swaps and options to hedge credit risk, and not for investment.

Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund will have the ability: to hedge against directional risk using index futures and/or cash; to hold bonds and warrants on transferable securities; to use options and futures for hedging purposes and for efficient portfolio management; to enter into portfolio swaps (including credit default swaps); to use forward currency contracts; and to hold liquid assets on an ancillary basis.

Profile of the typical investor

This Fund may be suitable for investors with a broad attitude to risk looking for a long term investment opportunity in line with its Investment Objective and Policy. An investment in the Fund will not be suitable for investors seeking solely an index linked return on their investment. Investment in the Fund should be regarded as long term in nature and may not be suitable as a short term investment. Typical investors in the Fund are expected to be asset and wealth managers regulated or authorised by the relevant local regulator, retail private clients who will invest through suitably authorised intermediaries and private individuals who are experienced in making equity investments and who have the resources to withstand the risks associated with them.

Base Currency

Euro.

Launch Date

8 May 2012.

Currency of Subscription

Shares of each Class may be purchased in any freely convertible currency at such conversion rates as may be determined by the Custodian and at the exchange rate risk of the investor, as more fully described in the section headed 'How to Subscribe' in this Prospectus.

Valuation Day

Every Business Day in Luxembourg.

Dealing Deadline

1.00pm (Luxembourg time) on every Valuation Day.

Price Information

www.jupiteram.com and at the registered office of the Company on every Valuation Day. Price information is also available on request from the Distributor and from the Administrator in Luxembourg.

Listing

There is currently no intention to list any Class of Shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Global Exposure

	THE JUPITER GLOBAL FUND					
Class Name and Class	Class L	Class L	Class L	Class L		
Currency	EUR	USD	GBP	CHF		
	Q Inc	Q Inc HSC	Q Inc HSC	Q Inc HSC		
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0459992896	LU0459992979	LU0459993191	LU0750223447		
WKN	A0YC40	A0YC41	A0YC42	A1JUF3		
Clearstream Common Code	45999289	45999297	45999319	000075022344		
SEDOL	B58YQ00	B56LFY0	B56LCL6	B7NFNX4		
MEX Code	JUPERS	JUDBNS	JUBDRN	JURNDB		
Citicode	0XMM	ΟΧΜΟ	OXMN	ОХМР		
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	11795771	11795772	11795773	18701401		
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%		
Management Fee (up to)	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%		
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%		
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	CHF1,000		
Minimum Incremental Investment	€50	US\$50	£50	CHF50		
Minimum Holding	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	CHF1,000		
Performance Fee	None					
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	CHF10		
Distribution Policy	Quarterly dividend, if declared, to Shareholders whose names appear on the Register on the penultimate Business Day prior to each quarter end date, with automatic reinvestment by default					
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	No		
Passive Currency Hedging	No	Yes	Yes	Yes		

THE JUPITER GLOBAL FUND				
Class Name and Class	Class I	Class I	Class I	Class I
Currency	EUR	USD	GBP	CHF
	Q Inc	Q Inc HSC	Q Inc HSC	Q Inc HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0750223520	LU0750223876	LU0750223959	LU0750224098
WKN	A1JUF4	A1JUF5	A1JUF6	A1JUF7
Clearstream Common Code	000075022352	000075022387	000075022395	000075022409
SEDOL	B7NFPD8	B7NM443	B7NM4P4	B7NM8G3
MEX Code	JUEBND	JUBDAN	JUBCRN	JUNRDP
Citicode	0XMQ	OXMS	OXMR	0XMT
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	18701417	18701423	18701294	18700978
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.14%	0.14%	0.14 %	0.14 %
Minimum Initial Investment	€10,000,000	US\$10,000,000	£10,000,000	CHF10,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€250,000	US\$250,000	£250,000	CHF250,000
Minimum Holding	€10,000,000	US\$10,000,000	£10,000,000	CHF10,000,000
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	CHF10
Distribution Policy	Quarterly dividend, if declared, to Shareholders whose names appear on the Register on the penultimate Business Day prior to each quarter end date, with automatic reinvestment by default			
UK Reporting Fund	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Passive Currency Hedging	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

	THE JOPITER GLOBAL FOND					
Class Name and Class Currency	Class L	Class L	Class L	Class L		
currency	EUR	USD	GBP	CHF		
	Acc	Acc HSC	Acc HSC	Acc HSC		
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0853555380	LU0853555463	LU0853555547	LU0853555620		
WKN	A1J8EQ	A1J8ER	A1J8ES	A1J8ET		
Clearstream Common Code	85355538	85355546	85355554	85355562		
SEDOL	B92QYM8	B92QYN9	B92QYP1	B92QYQ2		
MEX Code	RWLUXE	RWDYNA	RWBOND	RWANCB		
Citicode	GZQL	GZQM	GZQN	GZQO		
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	20038454	20038471	20038477	20038487		
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%		
Management Fee (up to)	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%		
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%	0.20 %	0.20 %	0.20 %		
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	CHF1,000		
Minimum Incremental Investment	€50	US\$50	£50	CHF50		
Minimum Holding	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	CHF1,000		
Performance Fee	None					
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	CHF10		
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Inco	Accumulation of Income				
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	No		
Passive Currency Hedging	No	Yes	Yes	Yes		

THE JOPITER GLOBAL FOND					
Class Name and Class Currency	Class I	Class I	Class I	Class I	
currency	EUR	USD	GBP	CHF	
	Acc	Acc HSC	Acc HSC	Acc HSC	
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0853555893	LU0853555976	LU0853556198	LU0853556271	
WKN	A1J8EU	A1J8EV	A1J8EW	A1J8EX	
Clearstream Common Code	85355589	85355597	85355619	85355627	
SEDOL	B92QYR3	B92QYS4	B92QYT5	B92QYV7	
MEX Code	RWBNDO	RWUSAC	RWDYNV	RWJDBC	
Citicode	GZQP	GZQQ	GZQR	GZQS	
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	20038498	20038504	20038506	20038511	
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%	
Management Fee (up to)	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.14%	0.14%	0.14%	0.14%	
Minimum Initial Investment	€10,000,000	US\$10,000,000	£10,000,000	CHF10,000,000	
Minimum Incremental Investment	€250,000	US\$250,000	£250,000	CHF250,000	
Minimum Holding	€10,000,000	US\$10,000,000	£10,000,000	CHF10,000,000	
Performance Fee	None				
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	CHF10	
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income				
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	No	
Passive Currency Hedging	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	

Class Name and Class	Class D	Class D	Class D	Class D	
Currency	EUR	USD	GBP	CHF	
	Acc	Acc HSC	Acc HSC	Acc HSC	
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0895805017	LU0895805793	LU0895806098	LU0946224093	
WKN	A1JB1A	A1JB09	A1JJ89	A1W1ER	
Clearstream Common Code	089580501	089580579	089580609	094622409	
SEDOL	B71BTN6	B3NFMN9	B8YQRT7	BBPLVC3	
MEX Code	JUYMOB	JUAYBL	JUOGLA	JUDUAP	
Citicode	IB9P	IB9Q	IB9R	JEXZ	
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	20807335	20807336	20807337	21701341	
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%	
Management Fee (up to)	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.18%	0.18%	0.18%	0.18%	
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000	CHF1,000,000	
Minimum Incremental Investment	€100,000	US\$100,000	£100,000	CHF100,000	
Minimum Holding	€1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000	CHF1,000,000	
Performance Fee	None				
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	CHF10	
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income				
UK Reporting Fund	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	
Passive Currency Hedging	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	

THE JUPITER GLOBAL FUND					
Class Name and Class	Class D	Class D	Class D	Class D	
Currency	EUR	USD	GBP	CHF	
	Q Inc	Q Inc HSC	Q Inc HSC	Q Inc HSC	
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0895806171	LU0895806338	LU0895806684	LU0946224259	
WKN	A1JECE	A1JD54	A1JD55	A1W1ES	
Clearstream Common Code	089580617	089580633	089580668	094622425	
SEDOL	B90NC05	B7F1PQ7	B98VV15	BBPLVD4	
MEX Code	JUNDYB	JUBNDM	JUAMLY	JUDUCH	
Citicode	IB9S	IB9T	IB9U	JEYA	
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	20807339	20807340	20807363	21701342	
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%	
Management Fee (up to)	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.18%	0.18%	0.18%	0.18%	
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000	CHF1,000,000	
Minimum Incremental Investment	€100,000	US\$100,000	£100,000	CHF100,000	
Minimum Holding	€1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000	CHF1,000,000	
Performance Fee	None				
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	CHF10	
Distribution Policy	Quarterly dividend, if declared, to Shareholders whose names appear on the Register on the penultimate Business Day prior to each quarter end date, with automatic reinvestment by default				
UK Reporting Fund	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	
Passive Currency Hedging	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	

Class Name and Class Currency	Class L	Class L	Class I	Class I		
cluss currency	SGD	SGD	SGD	SGD		
	M Inc HSC	Acc HSC	M Inc HSC	Acc HSC		
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU1019498267	LU1019498341	LU1019498424	LU1019498697		
WKN	A1XEC8	A1XEC9	A1XEDA	A1XEDB		
Clearstream Common Code	101949826	101949834	101949842	101949869		
SEDOL	BJ8RHX7	BJ8RHY8	BJ8RHV5	BJ8RHW6		
MEX Code	RWJKVC	RWJKHG	RWDYGH	RWMTHN		
Citicode	КЗІК	K3IL	КЗІМ	K3IN		
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	23932454	23932452	23933581	23933583		
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%		
Management Fee (up to)	1.25%	1.25%	0.50%	0.50%		
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%	0.20%	0.14%	0.14%		
Minimum Initial Investment	SGD 1,500	SGD 1,500	SGD 15,000,000	SGD 15,000,000		
Minimum Incremental Investment	SGD 75	SGD 75	SGD 375,000	SGD 375,000		
Minimum Holding	SGD 1,500	SGD 1,500	SGD 15,000,000	SGD 15,000,000		
Performance Fee	None	None				
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	SGD 10	SGD 10	SGD 10	SGD 10		

Distribution Policy	Monthly dividend, if declared, to Shareholders whose names appear on the Register on the penultimate Business Day prior to each month end date, with automatic reinvestment by default	Accumulation of Income	Monthly dividend, if declared, to Shareholders whose names appear on the Register on the penultimate Business Day prior to each month end date, with automatic reinvestment by default	Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	No	No
Passive Currency Hedging	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Class Name and Class Currency	Class L EUR Q Inc Dist	Class L USD M Inc HSC	Class Z EUR Acc	Class Z USD Acc HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0992000496	LU0992293067	LU1074969475	LU1074969558
WKN	A1W8AG	A1W8AH	A1170J	А1170К
Clearstream Common Code	99200049	99229306	107496947	107496955
SEDOL	BGCZHN6	BGCZHP8	BNY7RZ1	BNY7S03
MEX Code	JUAAAG	JUAAAH	RWAAGP	RWAAGT
Citicode	JV6C	W8UL	KKSG	ККЅН
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	22826992	22816036	24807900	24807908
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.25%	1.25%	0.475%	0.475%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%	0.20%	0.18%	0.18%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000	US\$1,000	€150 million	US\$200 million

				1
Minimum Incremental Investment	€50	US\$50	€250,000	US\$250,000
Minimum Holding	€1,000	US\$1,000	€150 million	US\$200 million
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	€10	US\$10
Distribution Policy	Quarterly dividend, if declared, to Shareholders whose names appear on the Register on the penultimate Business Day prior to each quarter end date, with payment (i.e. no automatic reinvestment) by default	Monthly dividend, if declared, to Shareholders whose names appear on the Register on the penultimate Business Day prior to each month end date, with automatic reinvestment by default	Accumulation of In	come
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	Yes
Passive Currency Hedging	No	Yes	No	Yes

Class Name and Class Currency	Class Z GBP Acc HSC	Class Z EUR Q Inc	Class Z USD Q Inc HSC	Class Z GBP Q Inc HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU1074969632	LU1074969715	LU1074969806	LU1074969988
WKN	A1170L	A1170M	A1170N	A1170P
Clearstream Common Code	107496963	107496971	107496980	107496998
SEDOL	BNY7SD6	BNY7S14	BNY7SM5	BNY7S25
MEX Code	RWAAGR	RWAAGQ	RWAAGU	RWAAGS
Citicode	ККЅІ	ккѕј	ККЅК	KKSL
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	24807959	24807972	24807985	24808112
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%

Management Fee (up to)	0.475%	0.475%	0.475%	0.475%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.18%	0.18%	0.18%	0.18%
Minimum Initial Investment	£125 million	€150 million	US\$200 million	£125 million
Minimum Incremental Investment	£250,000	€250,000	US\$250,000	£250,000
Minimum Holding	£125 million	€150 million	US\$200 million	£125 million
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	£10	€10	US\$10	£10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Quarterly dividend, if declared, to Shareholders whose names appear on the Register on the penultimate Business Day prior to each quarter end date, with automatic reinvestment by default			Business Day prior to
UK Reporting Fund	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Passive Currency Hedging	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

Class Name and Class Currency	Class Z CHF Q Inc HSC	Class D EUR Q Inc Dist	Class L SEK Acc HSC	Class I SEK Acc HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU1074970051	LU1076433389	LU1074970135	LU1074970218
WKN	A1170Q	A1170H	A1170G	A1170F
Clearstream Common Code	107497005	107643338	107497013	107497021
SEDOL	BNY7S36	BNY7RY0	BNY7RX9	BNY7SC5
MEX Code	RWAAFS	RWAAFL	RWAAFR	RWAAFM
Citicode	KKSM	KKSF	KKSE	KKSD
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	24808121	24807884	24807848	24807791
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%

Management Fee (up to)	0.475%	0.50%	1.25%	0.50%	
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.18%	0.18%	0.20%	0.14%	
Minimum Initial Investment	CHF 175 million	€1,000,000	SEK 12,000	SEK 100,000,000	
Minimum Incremental Investment	CHF250,000	€100,000	SEK 600	SEK 10,000,000	
Minimum Holding	CHF 175 million	€1,000,000	SEK 12,000	SEK 100,000,000	
Performance Fee	None				
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	CHF10	€10	SEK 100	SEK 100	
Distribution Policy	Quarterly dividend, if declared, to Shareholders whose names appear on the Register on the penultimate Business Day prior to each quarter end date, with automatic reinvestment by default	Quarterly dividend, if declared, to Shareholders whose names appear on the Register on the penultimate Business Day prior to each quarter end date, with payment (i.e. no automatic reinvestment) by default	o e n e r d t c		
UK Reporting Fund	Yes	No	No	No	
Passive Currency Hedging	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	

Class Name and Class Currency	Class L AUD M Inc HSC	Class L AUD Acc HSC	Class L CNH M Inc HSC	Class L CNH Acc HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU1074970309	LU1074970481	LU1074970564	LU1074970648
WKN	A1170B	A1170C	A1170D	A1170E
Clearstream Common Code	107497030	107497048	107497056	107497064
SEDOL	BNY7S92	BNY7SB4	BNY7RV7	BNY7RW8

	THE	JUPITER GLOBAL FUND		
MEX Code	RWAAFN	RWAAFO	RWAAFQ	RWAAFP
Citicode	KKRZ	KKSA	ККЅВ	ККЅС
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	24807598	24807731	24807745	24807755
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%
Minimum Initial Investment	AUD 2,000	AUD 2,000	CNH 10,000	CNH 10,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	AUD 100	AUD 100	CNH 500	CNH 500
Minimum Holding	AUD 2,000	AUD 2,000	CNH 10,000	CNH 10,000
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	AUD 20	AUD 20	CNH 100	CNH 100
Distribution Policy	Monthly dividend, if declared, to Shareholders whose names appear on the Register on the penultimate Business Day prior to each month end date, with automatic reinvestment by default	Accumulation of Income	Monthly dividend, if declared, to Shareholders whose names appear on the Register on the penultimate Business Day prior to each month end date, with automatic reinvestment by default	
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	No	No
Passive Currency Hedging	Yes			

Risk Factors specific to Jupiter Dynamic Bond

A significant proportion of the Fund may be invested in high yield bonds (a type of fixed interest security). These bonds often offer a higher income than bonds which are highly rated by a credit rating agency, however, they also carry a greater risk of not being able to pay the income as promised or return the capital used to purchase the bond.

THE JUPITER GLOBAL FUND

This can lead to the value of Shares falling. Changing market conditions and interest rate levels can also have a larger impact on the value of these bonds compared to other bonds.

There is a risk that the ratings of higher yielding assets, such as investment grade bonds and other fixed interest securities, held in the Fund may be downgraded at any time. This may affect the value of the relevant securities which may in turn affect the prices of the Fund.

The Jupiter Global Fund -

Jupiter Europa

Investment Objective

To generate positive long term returns across varying market conditions principally from a portfolio of investments in European equities and equity related securities.

Investment Policy

The Investment Manager employs an active stock picking approach concentrating on fundamental analysis of individual companies and their valuations. This process is used to identify instances both of under-valued and over-valued securities. Central to the research function is an emphasis on regular contact with senior company management. For companies judged to be under-valued, the Investment Manager will hold a portfolio of physical long positions and will use financial derivative instruments, primarily portfolio swaps, to establish synthetic long positions. For companies judged to be over-valued, the Investment Manager will initiate a synthetic short position, primarily through the use of portfolio swaps.

The Fund has wider investment powers than most of the other Funds within the Company. In particular it has the power to use financial derivative instruments for investment purposes. The purpose behind these wider investment powers is designed to enable the Investment Manager to achieve positive returns across varying market conditions. Specific risks associated with the strategy and the instruments to be used are outlined below. The ability of the Fund to maintain a portfolio of both long and short positions also provides the flexibility to hedge against periods of falling equity markets, to reduce the correlation with broad stock market returns and to minimise the monthly volatility of portfolio returns.

The Fund is not subject to a predetermined country, industry, sector or market capitalisation bias and will not be managed by reference to any European equity index. In seeking to meet the Investment Objective, the Investment Manager will aim to limit volatility through diversified portfolio holdings and sector exposures, active management of the net and gross portfolio exposure, and through the use of financial derivative instruments. The types of financial derivative instruments which the Investment Manager intends to use include portfolio swaps, sector swaps, single stock and equity index options and equity index futures.

The Fund may also invest in cash, fixed interest securities, currency exchange transactions, index related securities, money market instruments and deposits.

To the extent that portfolio swaps are used for investment purposes, the Fund's gross exposure to the market (excluding FX for hedging purposes) shall not exceed 200% of its net assets at any time. As such, the Fund's maximum long exposure to the market for investment purposes shall be 175% of its net assets and its maximum short exposure shall not exceed 35% of its net assets. Nevertheless, the Investment Manager does not seek to adhere to a specified ratio of long/short exposure in the use of portfolio swaps for investment purposes and there may be periods when the investment portfolio is not geared at all through the use of portfolio swaps.

Price Information

www.jupiteram.com and at the registered office of the Company on every Valuation Day. Price information is also available on request from the Distributor and from the Administrator in Luxembourg.

Listing

There is currently no intention to list any Class of Shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Profile of the typical investor

This Fund may be suitable for investors seeking to take advantage of some of the expanded investment powers available under the UCITS Directive and who seek broader risk diversification over the long term. An investment in the Fund will not be suitable for investors seeking solely an equity index-related return on their investment. Investment in the Fund should be regarded as long term in nature and may not be suitable as a short term investment. Typical investors in the Fund are expected to be asset and wealth managers regulated or authorised by the relevant local regulator, retail private clients who will invest through suitably authorised intermediaries and private individuals who are experienced in making equity investments and who understand the nature of financial derivative instruments and the risks associated with them.

Base Currency

Euro.

Launch date

4 January 2010.

The Fund was known as 'The Jupiter Global Fund - Jupiter European Absolute Return' prior to the change of name that was implemented on 18 October 2011.

Currency of Subscription

Shares of each Class may be purchased in any freely convertible currency at such conversion rates as may be determined by the Custodian and at the exchange rate risk of the investor, as more fully described in the section headed 'How to Subscribe' in this Prospectus.

Valuation Day

Every Business Day in Luxembourg.

Dealing Deadline

1.00pm (Luxembourg time) on every Valuation Day.

Global Exposure

The global exposure of the Fund is calculated using the absolute VaR approach. The expected level of leverage for the Fund, calculated on the basis of the sum of the notionals, is 200%, whereas higher levels of leverage are possible.

Class Name and Class Currency	Class L EUR A	Class L EUR B	Class L USD B	Class L GBP B
	Acc	Acc	Acc HSC	Acc HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0459992037	LU0459992110	LU0459992623	LU0459992466
WKN	A0YC43	A0YC44	A0YC48	A0YC46
Clearstream Common Code	45999203	45999211	45999262	45999246
SEDOL	B56T0Z0	B56L9Y8	B55VB54	B56LGL4
MEX Code	JUREAR	JUENSR	RWJUGL	RWJPEU
Citicode	HXO5	HXO6	0IUM	KCY1
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	11008957	11012886	11795766	11525567
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.75%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%

Aggregate Operating Fee	0.27%	0.27%	0.27%	0.27%
Minimum Initial Investment	€10,000,000	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€1,000,000	€50	US\$50	£50
Minimum Holding	€10,000,000	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000
Performance Fee	None	15% of the outperformance of the NAV per Share over EURIBOR (3 months). A High Watermark applies.	15% of the outperformance of the NAV per Share over US Dollar LIBOR (3 months). A High Watermark applies.	15% of the outperformance of the NAV per Share over Sterling LIBOR (3 months). A High Watermark applies.
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	€10	US\$10	£10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Benchmark	EURIBOR (3 month)	EURIBOR (3 month)	US Dollar LIBOR (3 month)	Sterling LIBOR (3 month)
Benchmark Ticker Code	EUR0003M	EUR0003M	US0003M	BP0003M
Passive currency hedging	No	No	Yes	Yes

Class Name and Class Currency	Class D EUR B Acc	Class D USD B Acc HSC	Class D GBP B Acc HSC	Class L SEK B Acc HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0946223442	LU0946223525	LU0946223954	LU1074970994
WKN	A1W1EN	A1W1EP	A1W1EQ	A1170Y
Clearstream Common Code	094622344	094622352	094622395	107497099

SEDOL	BBPLXT4	BBPLV90	BBPLVB2	BNY7S58	
MEX Code	JUDUPS	JUDUSP	JUDUPA	RWAAGW	
Citicode	JEXW	JEXX	JEXY	KKSU	
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	21701112	21701113	21701115	24814080	
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%	
Management Fee (up to)	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	1.50%	
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.27%	
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000	SEK 12,000	
Minimum Incremental Investment	€100,000	US\$100,000	£100,000	SEK 600	
Minimum Holding	€1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000	SEK 12,000	
Performance Fee	15% of the outperformance of the NAV per Share over EURIBOR (3 months). A High Watermark applies.	15% of the outperformance of the NAV per Share over US Dollar LIBOR (3 months). A High Watermark applies.	15% of the outperformance of the NAV per Share over Sterling LIBOR (3 months). A High Watermark applies.	15% of the outperformance of the NAV per Share over the Stockholm Interbank Offered Rate (STIBOR) (3 months). A High Watermark applies.	
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	SEK 100	
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income				
UK Reporting Fund	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	
Benchmark	EURIBOR (3 month)	US Dollar LIBOR (3 month)	Sterling LIBOR (3 month)	3 month Stockholm Interbank Offered Rate (STIBOR) in Swedish Krona	
Benchmark Ticker Code	EUR0003M	US0003M	BP0003M	SIBF3M	

Passive currency hedgingNoYesYesYes
--

Class Name and Class Currency	Class D
Class Name and Class Currency	SEK B
	Acc HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU1074970721
WKN	A1170Z
Clearstream Common Code	107497072
SEDOL	BNY7SN6
MEX Code	RWAAGV
Citicode	KKSV
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	24814086
Initial Charge (up to)	5%
Management Fee (up to)	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.25%
Minimum Initial Investment	SEK 10,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	SEK 1,000,000
Minimum Holding	SEK 10,000,000
Performance Fee	15% of the outperformance of the NAV per Share over the Stockholm Interbank Offered Rate (STIBOR) (3 months). A High Watermark applies.
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	SEK 100
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	Νο
Benchmark	3 month Stockholm Interbank Offered Rate (STIBOR) in Swedish Krona
Benchmark Ticker Code	SIBF3M
Passive currency hedging	Yes

Risk Factors specific to Jupiter Europa

It is the Investment Manager's opinion that the nature of the Fund's investment objective and the maximum capacity constraints of the investment strategy merit a potentially higher fee than is charged by the Investment Manager on some of its other Funds. The Investment Manager recognizes that any such higher fees must be linked to exceptional and sustained performance by the Fund for the benefit of its Shareholders. Accordingly, this Fund carries a Performance Fee on its B Classes which has been designed with a hurdle and an appropriate choice of Benchmark in order to align the Investment Manager's incentive of increased remuneration with the delivery of exceptional returns for Shareholders in the Fund. A higher annual management fee, but no performance fee, is charged on the Fund's A Classes.

Investors should note that the Fund may use Financial Derivative Instruments for investment purposes rather than solely for hedging and efficient portfolio management. This flexibility is intended to enable the Investment Manager to meet the investment objective of the Fund. Such exposure may potentially lead to a high risk of substantial capital loss. There are specific risks associated with the use of Financial Derivative Instruments for investment purposes, which may be summarised as follows:

- Leverage Risk Investment in financial derivative instruments can introduce significant leverage risks and lead to high volatility. This is because typically such instruments require very low margin payment in relation to the amount of underlying exposure, and hence a small price movement in the value of the underlying security may lead to a significant loss or gain on the money actually invested in the financial derivative instrument.
- Directional Risk The Fund has the power to use derivative transactions for both hedging and/or efficient portfolio management and for pure investment purposes. It should be noted that while financial derivative instruments used for hedging purposes can reduce or eliminate losses, such use can also reduce or eliminate gains. When financial derivative instruments are used purely for investment purposes, the Fund will be directly exposed to the risks of the financial derivative instrument and any gains or losses on the financial derivative instrument will not be offset by corresponding losses or gains in other assets within the Fund.
- Short Selling Risk Although the Fund does not have the ability to enter into physical short positions of individual securities, it may use financial derivative instruments to enter into synthetic short positions. While such positions give the potential for the Fund to benefit from falling market prices, it also opens the Fund up to the risk of potentially total loss of the assets of the Fund until such time as the derivative positions are closed out, as there is no upper limit on the price to which the underlying security may rise.
- Counterparty Risk The Fund may enter into derivative transactions in Over-The-Counter markets that expose it to the creditworthiness of its counterparties and their ability to satisfy the terms of such contracts. Where a Fund enters into such derivative contracts, it will be exposed to the risk that the counterparty may default on its obligations to perform under the relevant contract. The Investment Manager will seek to minimise such risk by only entering into transactions with counterparties that it believes to have a high credit rating at the time the transaction is entered into, and by ensuring that formal legal agreements covering the terms of the contract are entered into in advance. In certain circumstances however the Investment Manager may be unable to enforce or rely on rights and obligations arising under such agreements. In the event of bankruptcy or insolvency the Fund may only have the rights of a general creditor and could therefore experience delays in liquidating the position and may incur significant losses. The Investment Manager may use one or more counterparties to undertake derivative transactions and may be required to pledge a Fund's assets as collateral against these transactions. The Investment Manager will seek to further reduce counterparty risk by settling profits or losses on open contracts on a weekly basis.
- Liquidity Risk A number of the financial derivative instruments that the Investment Manager is likely to use will be traded Over-The-Counter, rather than on recognised exchanges. There is risk with such investments, that the more bespoke they become and the more complex they become the harder it is to unwind the positions at market prices. However it is the intention of the Investment Manager to invest mainly in financial derivative instruments which have a liquid underlying investment that is traded on a recognised exchange in order to reduce the exposure to liquidity risk.
- Basis Risk Basis risk is the risk of loss due to a divergence in the difference between two rates or prices. There will be occasions where the Fund will use financial derivative instruments such as sector swaps to hedge out existing market exposure to a particular basket of stocks. Although the underlying constituents of the swap used may be similar to the basket of stocks being hedged against, it is likely that there will be differences in the composition and this may have an adverse impact on the hedging arrangement.

• Cash Flow Risk – With most derivative contracts the counterparty will require the investor to place a margin payment with it at the outset of the contract, and this margin payment will be subject to additional top-ups if and when the market moves against the investor. There is a risk therefore that the Investment Manager will have insufficient cash in the Fund to meet the margin calls necessary to sustain its position in a derivative contract. In such circumstances the Investment Manager will either have to close out the position, or dispose of other assets in the Fund to raise the required margin call.

Definitions used in this Information Sheet

- 'EURIBOR' means the Euro InterBank Offered Rate;
- 'Sterling LIBOR' means the London InterBank Offered Rate denominated in Sterling; and
- 'US Dollar LIBOR' means the London InterBank Offered Rated denominated in US Dollars.

The Jupiter Global Fund -

Jupiter European Feeder

The Fund is a Feeder Fund of the Jupiter European Fund, a unit trust organised under Section 237 of the UK Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (as amended) and authorised and supervised by the Financial Conduct Authority (the "Jupiter European Master Fund").

Investment Objective

To achieve long term capital growth principally through investment in the Jupiter European Master Fund.

Investment Policy

The Fund will invest at least 85% of its net assets in units of the Jupiter European Master Fund. The Fund may also hold up to 15% of its assets in cash, money market securities, short term debt securities and other cash equivalents. The Fund will not invest in nor have the ability to invest in financial derivative instruments.

Profile of the typical investor

This Fund may be suitable for investors with a broad attitude to risk looking for a long term investment opportunity in line with its Investment Objective and Policy. An investment in the Fund will not be suitable for investors seeking solely an index-linked return on their investment. Investment in the Fund should be regarded as long term in nature and may not be suitable as a short term investment. Typical investors in the Fund are expected to be asset and wealth managers regulated or authorised by the relevant local regulator, retail private clients who will invest through suitably authorised intermediaries and private individuals who are experienced in making equity investments and who have the resources to withstand the risks associated with them.

Base Currency

Sterling

Launch Date

28th July 2015

Currency of Subscription

Shares of each Class can be purchased in any freely convertible currency at such conversion rates as may be determined by the Custodian and at the exchange rate risk of the investor, as more fully described in the section headed 'How to Subscribe' in this Prospectus.

Valuation Day

Every Business Day in both Luxembourg and the United Kingdom.

Dealing Deadline

5.00pm (Luxembourg time) on the Business Day before every Valuation Day.

Price Information

www.jupiteram.com and at the registered office of the Company on every Valuation Day. Price information is also available on request from the Distributor and from the Administrator in Luxembourg.

Listing

There is currently no intention to list any Class of Shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Global Exposure

The global exposure of the Fund is calculated using the Commitment Approach.

For the purposes of compliance with Article 42(3) of the Law, the Fund calculates its global exposure related to financial derivative instruments by combining its own direct exposure with the Jupiter European Master Fund's actual exposure to financial derivative instruments in proportion to the Fund's investments into the Jupiter European Master Fund.

Additional Information: Jupiter European Master Fund

Investment Objective

To achieve long term capital growth.

Investment Policy

The Jupiter European Master Fund will invest in companies quoted on a European Stock Exchange.

Subject to the limits set out in the Jupiter European Master Fund's investment restrictions, the Jupiter European Master Fund will have the ability: to hedge against directional risk using index futures and/or cash; to hold bonds and warrants on transferable securities; to use options and futures for hedging purposes and for efficient portfolio management; to enter into portfolio swaps; to use forward currency contracts; and to hold liquid assets on an ancillary basis.

Global Exposure

The global exposure of the Jupiter European Master Fund is calculated using the Commitment Approach.

Risk Profile of the Jupiter European Master Fund

The Jupiter European Master Fund invests in a wide range of company shares, which carry a degree of risk. Investment can fall in value and unitholders may get back less than they invested. The value of an investment will be eroded by inflation, and changes to currency exchange rates may cause the value of the Jupiter European Master Fund to fall, sometimes by a large amount.

Fees Charged by the Jupiter European Master Fund

As a feeder of the Jupiter European Master Fund, the Fund will not be subject to a management fee nor to a subscription, redemption or registration fee. The management fees disclosed in the table below can therefore be considered as the aggregate management fees of the Fund and the Jupiter European Master Fund.

However, the Fund will bear its own operating expenses and fees as well as its proportional share of the Jupiter European Master Fund's operating expenses, including, *inter alia*, depositary, administration and audit expenses. In addition, the Fund shall pay any costs and fees born by the Jupiter European Master Fund but which have been incurred for the benefit of the Fund and its Shareholders; such costs and fees, to include (this list not being exhaustive) costs for preparing specific reports or other specific administrative costs. The amount so born by the Fund will be disclosed in the Fund's KIIDs, which are available on the website www.jupiteram.com and reported in the annual and semi-annual reports of the Company.

Interaction between the Fund and the Jupiter European Master Fund

A number of documents and agreements are in place to govern the coordination of interactions between the Company (in relation to the Fund) and the Jupiter European Master Fund including the master feeder agreement entered into the Company and Jupiter Unit Trust Managers Limited which describes, *inter alia*, the appropriate measures to mitigate conflicts of interest that may arise between the Fund and the Jupiter European Master Fund, the basis of investment and divestment by the Fund, standard dealing arrangements, and events affecting those dealing arrangements. These documents include Fund and Jupiter European Master Fund information sharing arrangements between the depositaries and auditors. The master feeder agreement, the Scheme Particulars, KIIDS and most recent annual and semi-annual reports of the Jupiter European Master Fund are available on request from the Investment Manager electronically or in hard copies. Before investing in the Fund, prospective investors should familiarise themselves with these documents.

Class Name and Class Currency	Class L EUR Acc	Class L GBP Acc	Class Z EUR Acc	Class Z GBP Acc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU1207384451	LU1207384881	LU1207385342	LU1207386589
WKN	A14QSH	A14QSG	A14QSE	A14QSD
Clearstream Common Code	120738445	120738488	120738534	120738658
SEDOL	BWGC650	BWGC649	BWGC627	BWGC616
MEX Code	JUZZE	JUZZD	JUZZB	JUZZA
Citicode	М7РЈ	M7PI	M7PG	M7PF
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	CH27651302	CH27651300	CH27650890	CH27650611
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.50%	1.50%	0.65%	0.65%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.22%	0.22%	0.20%	0.20%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000	£1,000	€150,000,000	£125,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€50	£50	€250,000	£250,000
Minimum Holding	€1,000	£1,000	€150,000,000	£125,000,000
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	£10	€10	
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	
UK Reporting Fund	Yes			
Jupiter European Master Fund Benchmark	FTSE World Europe ex-UK Index			

Benchmark Ticker Code	FTRSERXU
Passive Currency Hedging	Νο

Risk Specific to Jupiter European Feeder

Prospective investors must be aware that the performance and returns of the Fund may not fully align with that of the Jupiter European Master Fund due to the way in which the Fund, being a Feeder Fund, is operated and/or the way in which its assets are invested. For example, the Fund may not fully invest all of its assets in the Jupiter European Master Fund (some assets may be invested for cash management purposes as an example) and the Classes of the Fund may bear different ongoing charges and expenses than those of the Jupiter European Master Fund.

This Information Sheet forms an integral part of this Prospectus. The information contained in this Information Sheet should be read in conjunction with the full information contained in this Prospectus. In particular, investors should read the risk warnings set out in the section headed 'Risk Factors' above and in particular the risk warnings set out under 'Risks related to Feeder Funds'.

The Jupiter Global Fund -

Jupiter European Growth

Investment Objective

To achieve long term capital growth by exploiting special investment opportunities in Europe.

Investment Policy

The Fund will invest primarily in equity and equity related securities (including listed preference shares, listed convertible unsecured loan stock, listed warrants and other similar securities) of issuers which have their registered office in Europe or exercise the predominant part of their economic activities in Europe (including UK) and which are considered by the Investment Manager to be undervalued or otherwise to offer good prospects for capital growth. The Investment Manager will adopt a primarily bottom up approach to selecting investments for the Fund and the Investment Manager will not be tied to investing in constituent companies of the Benchmark.

Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund will have the ability: to hedge against directional risk using index futures and/or cash; to hold bonds and warrants on transferable securities; to use options and futures for hedging purposes and for efficient portfolio management; to enter into portfolio swaps; to use forward currency contracts; and to hold liquid assets on an ancillary basis.

Profile of the typical investor

This Fund may be suitable for investors with a broad attitude to risk looking for a long term investment opportunity in line with its Investment Objective and Policy. An investment in the Fund will not be suitable for investors seeking solely an index-linked return on their investment. Investment in the Fund should be regarded as long term in nature and may not be suitable as a short term investment. Typical investors in the Fund are expected to be asset and wealth managers regulated or authorised by the relevant local regulator, retail private clients who will invest through suitably authorised intermediaries and private individuals who are experienced in making equity investments and who have the resources to withstand the risks associated with them.

Base Currency

Euro.

Issue of Shares

The Fund is a continuation of a sub-fund of a Luxembourg UCITS which was merged into the Company on 21 August 2006. Since the merger, the Shares have been offered to the public at the prevailing Net Asset Value per Share.

Currency of Subscription

Shares of each Class may be purchased in any freely convertible currency at such conversion rates as may be determined by the Custodian and at the exchange rate risk of the investor, as more fully described in the section headed 'How to Subscribe' in this Prospectus.

Valuation Day

Every Business Day in Luxembourg.

Dealing Deadline

1.00pm (Luxembourg time) on every Valuation Day.

Price Information

www.jupiteram.com and at the registered office of the Company on every Valuation Day. Price information is also available on request from the Distributor and from the Administrator in Luxembourg.

Listing

There is currently no intention to list any Class of Shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Global Exposure

Class Name and Class Currency	Class L	Class L	Class I	Class D
currency	EUR	GBP	EUR	EUR
	Acc	A Inc	Acc	Acc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0260085492	LU0329190499	LU0260086037	LU0946223103
WKN	A0J317	AONBGT	A0J319	A1W1EL
Clearstream Common Code	26008549	32919049	26008603	094622310
SEDOL	7510632	B2961B0	B1GC783	BBPLW53
MEX Code	GIPEO	OLEGL	JUEGI	JUDUGR
Citicode	J241	CQT1	J243	JEXU
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	2707263	4310063	2707265	21701098
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.50%	1.50%	0.75%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.22%	0.22%	0.16%	0.20%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000	£1,000	€10,000,000	€1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€50	£50	None	€100,000
Minimum Holding	€1,000	£1,000	€10,000,000	€1,000,000
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	£10	€10	€10

Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	
UK Reporting Fund	No Yes No No				
Benchmark	FTSE World Series Europe Index (Total Return)				
Benchmark Ticker Code	FTREEURO				
Passive Currency Hedging	No				

Class Name and Class Currency	Class D GBP Acc	Class D USD Acc HSC	Class L USD Acc HSC	Class L EUR A Inc Dist
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0946223368	LU0966590910	LU0966834136	LU1074971299
WKN	A1W1EM	A1W4SC	A1W4SD	A1170W
Clearstream Common Code	094622336	096659091	096683413	107497129
SEDOL	BBPLW64	BD674B4	BD674C5	BNY7SK3
MEX Code	JUDURG	JUAAAE	JUAAAF	RWAAHC
Citicode	JEXV	JNPT	JNPU	KKSS
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	21701099	22235295	22235315	24812976
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	0.75%	0.75%	1.50%	1.50%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%	0.20%	0.22%	0.22%
Minimum Initial Investment	£1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	US\$1,000 €1,000	

Minimum Incremental Investment	£100,000	US\$100,000	US\$50	€50	
Minimum Holding	£1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	US\$1,000	€1,000	
Performance Fee	None				
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	£10	US\$10	US\$10	€10	
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Annual dividend, if declared, with payment (i.e. no automatic reinvestment) by default	
UK Reporting Fund	Yes	No	No	No	
Benchmark	FTSE World Series Europe Index (Total Return)				
Benchmark Ticker Code	FTREEURO				
Passive Currency Hedging	No	Yes	Yes	No	

Class Name and Class Currency	Class D
	EUR
	A Inc Dist
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU1074971026
WKN	A1170X
Clearstream Common Code	107497102
SEDOL	BNY7SL4
MEX Code	RWAAHD
Citicode	ккэт
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	24813846
Initial Charge (up to)	5%

Management Fee (up to)	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€100,000
Minimum Holding	€1,000,000
Performance Fee	None
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10
Distribution Policy	Annual dividend, if declared, with payment (i.e. no automatic reinvestment) by default
UK Reporting Fund	Yes
Benchmark	FTSE World Series World Index (Total Return)
Benchmark Ticker Code	FTREEURO
Passive Currency Hedging	No

The Jupiter Global Fund –

Jupiter European Opportunities

Investment Objective

To achieve long term capital growth from investments in companies quoted on a European Stock Exchange.

Investment Policy

The Fund will invest primarily in equity and equity related securities (including listed preference shares, listed convertible unsecured loan stock, listed warrants and other similar securities) of companies which have their registered office in Europe or exercise the predominant part of their economic activities in Europe and in sectors which are considered by the Investment Manager to offer good prospects for capital growth, taking into account economic trends and business developments.

Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund will have the ability: to hedge against directional risk using index futures and/or cash; to hold bonds and warrants on transferable securities; to use options and futures for hedging purposes and for efficient portfolio management; to enter into portfolio swaps; to use forward currency contracts; and to hold liquid assets on an ancillary basis.

Profile of the typical investor

This Fund may be suitable for investors with a broad attitude to risk looking for a long term investment opportunity in line with its Investment Objective and Policy. An investment in the Fund will not be suitable for investors seeking solely an index-linked return on their investment. Investment in the Fund should be regarded as long term in nature and may not be suitable as a short term investment. Typical investors in the Fund are expected to be asset and wealth managers regulated or authorised by the relevant local regulator, retail private clients who will invest through suitably authorised intermediaries and private individuals who are experienced in making equity investments and who have the resources to withstand the risks associated with them.

Base Currency

Euro.

Issue of Shares

The Fund is a continuation of a sub-fund of a Luxembourg UCITS which was merged into the Company on 21 August 2006. Since the merger, the Shares have been offered to the public at the prevailing Net Asset Value per Share.

Currency of Subscription

Shares of each Class may be purchased in any freely convertible currency at such conversion rates as may be determined by the Custodian and at the exchange rate risk of the investor, as more fully described in the section headed 'How to Subscribe' in this Prospectus.

Valuation Day

Every Business Day in Luxembourg.

Dealing Deadline

1.00pm (Luxembourg time) on every Valuation Day.

Price Information

www.jupiteram.com and at the registered office of the Company on every Valuation Day. Price information is also available on request from the Distributor and from the Administrator in Luxembourg.

Listing

There is currently no intention to list any Class of Shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Global Exposure

Class Name and Class	Class L	Class L	Class I	Class D
Currency	EUR	GBP	EUR	EUR
	Acc	A Inc	Acc	Acc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0260086623	LU0300038881	LU0260087274	LU0946222808
WKN	A0J33N	AOMRMO	A0J33Q	A1W1EJ
Clearstream Common Code	26008662	30003888	26008727	094622280
SEDOL	7510643	B1X2281	BGY6X28	BBPLW31
MEX Code	GIPEG	OLEOC	JUEUI	JUDUOP
Citicode	J238	B7B5	J240	JEXS
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	2707257	3212472	2707261	21701094
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.50%	1.50%	0.75%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.22%	0.22%	0.16%	0.20%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000	£1,000	€10,000,000	€1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€50	£50	None	€100,000
Minimum Holding	€1,000	£1,000	€10,000,000	€1,000,000
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	£10	€10	€10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income

UK Reporting Fund	No	Yes	No	No
Benchmark	FTSE World Series Europe Index (Total Return)			
Benchmark Ticker Code	FTREEURO			
Passive Currency Hedging	No			

Class Name and Class Currency Securities Identification	Class D GBP Acc LU0946222980	Class E USD ACC LU1314348712
Number (ISIN)	A1W1EK	N/A
Clearstream Common Code	094622298	131434871
SEDOL	BBPLW42	BYSRK55
MEX Code	JUDUPO	N/A
Citicode	JEXT	MUTZ
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	21701095	30305465
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5.00%
Management Fee (up to)	0.75%	2.00%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%	0.16%
Minimum Initial Investment	£1,000,000	US\$1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	£100,000	US\$100,000
Minimum Holding	£1,000,000	US\$1,000,000

Performance Fee	None	None
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	£10	US\$10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of income
UK Reporting Fund	Yes	No
Benchmark	FTSE World Series Europe Index (Total Return)	FTSE World Series Europe Index (Total Return)
Benchmark Ticker Code	FTREEURO	FTREEURO
Passive Currency Hedging	No	No

The Jupiter Global Fund -

Jupiter Global Convertibles

Investment Objective

To achieve long term capital growth through investment on a global basis in a diversified portfolio of convertible securities.

Investment Policy

Examples of the convertible securities which may be acquired for the Fund include convertible bonds, convertible preference shares, mandatory convertibles and other convertible or exchangeable securities. The Fund may also invest in money market instruments, bonds, equities, warrants, futures, listed options and OTC derivatives.

The Fund is not subject to a predetermined country, industry sector, credit rating or market capitalisation bias. The Fund may invest in securities denominated in any currency. Non-base currency exposure may be hedged back to the base currency to moderate currency exchange risks. More specifically, currency futures, forward and OTC options may be used for this purpose.

Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund will have the ability: to hedge against directional risk using index futures and/or cash; to hold bonds and warrants on transferable securities; to use options and futures for hedging purposes and for efficient portfolio management; to enter into portfolio swaps; to use forward currency contracts; and to hold liquid assets on an ancillary basis including cash.

The Fund may invest in fixed interest securities, equities and equity related securities (including participation notes) issued by governments or companies which have their registered office in emerging market economies or exercise the predominant part of their economic activities in emerging market economies.

The Fund may also invest in fixed interest securities (whether or not of investment grade), currency exchange transactions, index related securities, money market instruments and deposits.

Profile of the typical investor

This Fund may be suitable for investors with a broad attitude to risk looking for a long term investment opportunity in line with its Investment Objective and Policy. An investment in the Fund will not be suitable for investors seeking solely an index linked return on their investment. Investment in the Fund should be regarded as long term in nature and may not be suitable as a short term investment. Typical investors in the Fund are expected to be asset and wealth managers regulated or authorised by the relevant local regulator, retail private clients who will invest through suitably authorised intermediaries and private individuals who are experienced in making equity investments and who have the resources to withstand the risks associated with them.

Base Currency

Euro

Launch Date

1 October 2010.

Currency of Subscription

Shares of each Class may be purchased in any freely convertible currency at such conversion rates as may be determined by the Custodian and at the exchange rate risk of the investor, as more fully described in the section headed 'How to Subscribe' in this Prospectus.

Valuation Day

Every Business Day in Luxembourg.

Dealing Deadline

1.00pm (Luxembourg time) on every Valuation Day.

Price Information

www.jupiteram.com and at the registered office of the Company on every Valuation Day. Price information is also available on request from the Distributor and from the Administrator in Luxembourg.

Listing

There is currently no intention to list any Class of Shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Global Exposure

Class Name and Class Currency	Class L EUR Acc	Class L EUR A Inc	Class L USD Acc HSC	Class L GBP A Inc HSC	Class L CHF Acc HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0522255313	LU0628612318	LU0522255669	LU0522256048	LU0522256394
WKN	A1C1MZ	A1JA8Q	A1C1M0	A1C1M1	A1C1M2
Clearstream Common Code	52225531	000062861231	52225566	52225604	52225639
SEDOL	B3TJYP1	B5BTZR2	B3Q9FJ5	B3XWS09	B3Y8ZC7
MEX Code	RWBORG	JUGBAC	RWBERG	JUAAAD	RWMBRG
Citicode	L1C8	0XMW	L1D0	L1C9	L1D1
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	11796145	19129227	11796147	11796149	11796150
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	CHF1,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€50	€50	US\$50	£50	CHF50
Minimum Holding	€1,000	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	CHF1,000
Performance Fee	None				

Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	€10	US\$10	£10	CHF10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default	Accumulation of Income	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default	Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	No	Yes	No
Benchmark	Thomson Reuters Convertible Global Focus Hedged Index	Thomson Reuters Convertible Global Focus Hedged Index	Thomson Reuters Convertible Global Focus Hedged Index	Thomson Reuters Convertible Global Focus Hedged Index	Thomson Reuters Convertible Global Focus Hedged Index
Benchmark Ticker Code	UCBIFX14	UCBIFX14	UCBIFX14	UCBIFX14	UCBIFX14
Passive Currency Hedging	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

Class Name and Class	Class I	Class I	Class I	Class I
Currency	EUR	USD	GBP	CHF
	Acc	Acc HSC	A Inc HSC	Acc HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0522256634	LU0522256980	LU0522257285	LU0522257442
WKN	A1C1M3	A1C1M4	A1C1M5	A1C1M6
Clearstream Common Code	52225663	52225698	52225728	52225744
SEDOL	B3X0QF4	B3QTHM2	B3TSG41	B3QT335
MEX Code	RWPTRE	JUCONV	JUCPRO	RWOURG
Citicode	L1D2	L1D4	L1D3	L1D5
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	11796191	11788181	11796193	11796195
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	0. 75%	0. 75%	0. 75%	0. 75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.16%	0.16%	0.16%	0.16%

Minimum Initial Investment	€10,000,000	US\$10,000,000	£10,000,000	CHF10,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€250,000	US\$250,000	£250,000	CHF250,000
Minimum Holding	€10,000,000	US\$10,000,000	£10,000,000	CHF10,000,000
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	CHF10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default	Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	No
Benchmark	Thomson Reuters Convertible Global Focus Hedged Index	Thomson Reuters Convertible Global Focus Hedged Index	Thomson Reuters Convertible Global Focus Hedged Index	Thomson Reuters Convertible Global Focus Hedged Index
Benchmark Ticker Code	UCBIFX14	UCBIFX14	UCBIFX14	UCBIFX14
Passive Currency Hedging	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

Class Name and Class Currency	Class D EUR Acc	Class D USD Acc HSC	Class D GBP Acc HSC	Class D CHF Acc HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0946221586	LU0946221669	LU0946221826	LU0946222048
WKN	A1W1EA	A1W1EB	A1W1EC	A1W1ED
Clearstream Common Code	094622158	094622166	094622182	094622204
SEDOL	BBPLV12	BBPLV23	BBPLV34	BBPLV45
MEX Code	JUDUBL	4LSVPD	JUDUCO	JUDUOC
Citicode	JEXK	JEXL	JEXM	JEXN
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	21701322	21701324	21701325	21701326

Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000	CHF1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€100,000	US\$100,000	£100,000	CHF100,000
Minimum Holding	€1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000	CHF1,000,000
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	CHF10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	No
Benchmark	Thomson Reuters Convertible Global Focus Hedged Index			
Benchmark Ticker Code	UCBIFX14	UCBIFX14	UCBIFX14	UCBIFX14
Passive Currency Hedging	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

Class Name and Class Currency	Class D EUR A Inc	Class D USD A Inc HSC	Class D GBP A Inc HSC	Class D CHF A Inc HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0946222121	LU0946222477	LU0946222550	LU0946222634
WKN	A1W1EE	A1W1EF	A1W1EG	A1W1EH
Clearstream Common Code	094622212	094622247	094622255	094622263
SEDOL	BBPLV56	BBPLV67	BBPLV78	BBPLV89
MEX Code	JUDUPI	JUDUIP	JUDUTE	JUDUET

Citicode	JEXO	JEXP	JEXQ	JEXR
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	21701345	21701346	21701348	21701350
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000	CHF1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€100,000	US\$100,000	£100,000	CHF100,000
Minimum Holding	€1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000	CHF1,000,000
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	CHF10
Distribution Policy	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default			
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	No
Benchmark	Thomson Reuters Convertible Global Focus Hedged Index			
Benchmark Ticker Code	UCBIFX14	UCBIFX14	UCBIFX14	UCBIFX14
Passive Currency Hedging	No`	Yes	Yes	Yes

Risk Factors specific to Jupiter Global Convertibles

Investments in convertible bonds are subject to the same interest rate, credit and prepayment risks linked to ordinary corporate bonds. Convertible bonds are corporate bonds with an option that allows an investor to convert the bond into shares at a given price at specified times during the life of the convertible bond. This ability to convert allows the investor to benefit directly from the company's success should its share price rise, while also offering the regular income of a conventional corporate bond investment. This exposure to equity movements can lead to more volatility than could be expected from a comparable conventional corporate bond.

The Jupiter Global Fund -

Jupiter Global Ecology Growth[†]

Investment Objective

To generate long term capital growth from investment worldwide in companies that are responding positively to the challenge of environmental sustainability and climate change.

Investment Policy

The Fund will invest primarily in worldwide equity and equity related securities (including listed preference shares, listed convertible unsecured loan stock, listed warrants and other similar securities). The portfolio will principally comprise of companies considered by the Investment Manager to provide products or services which contribute to environmental improvement, facilitate adaptation to the impacts of climate change or help mitigate the impacts of climate change.

Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund will have the ability: to hedge against directional risk using index futures and/or cash; to hold bonds and warrants on transferable securities; to use options and futures for hedging purposes and for efficient portfolio management; to enter into portfolio swaps; to use forward currency contracts; and to hold liquid assets on an ancillary basis.

Profile of the typical investor

This Fund may be suitable for investors with a broad attitude to risk looking for a long term investment opportunity in line with its Investment Objective and Policy. An investment in the Fund will not be suitable for investors seeking solely an index-linked return on their investment. Investment in the Fund should be regarded as long term in nature and may not be suitable as a short term investment. Typical investors in the Fund are expected to be asset and wealth managers regulated or authorised by the relevant local regulator, retail private clients who will invest through suitably authorised intermediaries and private individuals who are experienced in making equity investments and who have the resources to withstand the risks associated with them.

Base Currency

Euro.

Initial Issue of Shares

Shares were initially issued on 30 September 2005 by contribution in kind. Since 5 October 2005, the Shares have been offered to the public at the prevailing Net Asset Value per Share.

Currency of Subscription

Shares of each Class may be purchased in any freely convertible currency at such conversion rates as may be determined by the Custodian and at the exchange rate risk of the investor, as more fully described in the section headed 'How to Subscribe' in this Prospectus.

Valuation Day

Every Business Day in Luxembourg.

Dealing Deadline

1.00pm (Luxembourg time) on every Valuation Day.

Price Information

www.jupiteram.com and at the registered office of the Company on every Valuation Day. Price information is also available on request from the Distributor and from the Administrator in Luxembourg.

[†] Jupiter Global Ecology Growth was known as Jupiter Climate Change Solutions prior to 1 December 2013.

Listing

There is currently no intention to list any Class of Shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Global Exposure

The global exposure of the Fund is calculated using the Commitment Approach.

Class Name and Class Currency	Class L EUR Acc	Class L USD Acc	Class L GBP A Inc	Class L NOK Acc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0231118026	LU0300038618	LU0279091325	LU0329070162
WKN	A0HF9U	A0MRMZ	AOMRMY	A0NBGQ
Clearstream Common Code	23111802	30003861	27909132	32907016
SEDOL	7510621	B1X2270	B1X2269	B296187
MEX Code	GIJUP3	TDPEPP	OLCCS	JUSONO
Citicode	ZY97	B7D5	B7B4	BAD2
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	2320080	3212426	3212430	3521027
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	NOK 10,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€50	US\$50	£50	NOK 500
Minimum Holding	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	NOK 10,000
Performance Fee	None			

Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	NOK 10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default	Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	No
Benchmark	FTSE World Series World	FTSE World Series World Index (Total Return)		
Benchmark Ticker Code	FTREWRLD			
Passive Currency Hedging	No			

Class Name and Class Currency	Class L SEK Acc	Class D EUR Acc	Class D USD Acc	Class D GBP A Inc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0329070329	LU0994733391	LU0994734282	LU0994734449
WKN	AONBGR	A1W8SL	A1W8SM	A1W8SN
Clearstream Common Code	32907032	099443339	099473428	099473444
SEDOL	B2961L0	BGJZ1L5	BGJZ1M6	BGJZ1N7
MEX Code	TDCCS	JUAAAJ	JUAAAK	JUAAAL
Citicode	B8L7	JVOR	JVOS	TOVL
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	3521047	22882403	22882404	22882405
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.50%	0.5 [‡] %	0.5 [‡] %	0.5*%

 $^{^{\}ast}$ The Management Fee was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50% with effect from 1 January 2015.

Aggregate Operating Fee	0.22%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%
Minimum Initial Investment	SEK 12,000	€1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	SEK 600	€100,000	US\$100,000	£100,000
Minimum Holding	SEK 12,000	€1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000
Performance Fee	None	None		
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	SEK 10	€10	US\$10	£10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	No	Yes
Benchmark	FTSE World Series World Index (Total Return)			
Benchmark Ticker Code	FTREWRLD			
Passive Currency Hedging	No			

Class Name and Class Currency	Class L EUR A Inc Dist	Class D EUR A Inc Dist
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU1074971703	LU1074971612
WKN	A1170R	A1170S
Clearstream Common Code	107497170	107497161
SEDOL	BNY7SF8	BNY7SG9
MEX Code	RWAAGX	RWAAGY
Citicode	KKSN	ККЅО

Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	24808760	24810346	
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	
Management Fee (up to)	1.50%	0.5 [§] %	
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.22%	0.20%	
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000	€1,000,000	
Minimum Incremental Investment	€50	€100,000	
Minimum Holding	€1,000	€1,000,000	
Performance Fee	None		
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	€10	
Distribution Policy	Annual dividend, if declared, with payment (i.	e. no automatic reinvestment) by default	
UK Reporting Fund	Νο	No	
Benchmark	FTSE World Series World Index (Total Return)		
Benchmark Ticker Code	FTREWRLD		
Passive Currency Hedging	No		

Which companies will the Jupiter Global Ecology Growth invest in?

It is the Investment Manager's view that environmental solutions businesses will have deep, long-term structural impact across three key areas – infrastructure, resource efficiency and demographics. The Investment Manager believes the new categories better communicate the link between environmental and economic issues. They also reflect the Investment Manager's belief that investment in environmental solutions businesses is an investment in long-term global structural growth.

Infrastructure - There has been a marked increase in global infrastructure spending in recent years as emerging market economies look to support rapid growth and mature economies seek to modernise. Patterns in both emerging and developed markets have trended towards infrastructure of lower environmental impact (i.e. less pollution, more alternative energy sources etc.) in recognition of its longer-term economic benefits. This is creating opportunities for businesses involved in renewable energy generation, smart electrical grids, clean and wastewater systems, engineering consultants, transport infrastructure and communication networks.

Resource efficiency - Increased global demand for natural resources has stimulated significant investment in resource efficiency (i.e. lower impact methods of using existing resources such as energy, water and land, as well as resource

[§] The Management Fee was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50% with effect from 1 January 2015.

recycling). This is presenting opportunities for businesses involved in energy and water efficiency, wastewater recycling, air pollution technology, waste recycling (from residential to industrial materials) and sustainable agriculture and land management.

Demographics - Rising populations and changing demographic patterns around the world create unique challenges when it comes to environmental and economic sustainability. Ageing populations in the West are putting pressure on healthcare, for example, while a growing global population is affecting agriculture and food production. These challenges have created opportunities for businesses that are providing sustainable, low impact solutions in sustainable consumption, public transport, health, agriculture and education. The Fund continues to use a stockfocused investment approach. Taking a long-term bottom-up approach to investment and every stock within the portfolios is there on its own fundamental merits. These are companies with strong management teams, sound balance sheets and defendable market positions that convert a high proportion of profit into cash. While the Fund is global in scope, specific geographical exposures are a consequence of stock picking process rather than targeted asset allocation.

Full details can be found on Jupiter's website at www.jupiteram.com.

Definitions used in this Information Sheet

- 'NOK' means Norwegian Krone, the legal currency of Norway; and
- 'SEK' means Swedish Krona, the legal currency of Sweden.

The Jupiter Global Fund -

Jupiter Global Emerging Markets Unconstrained

Investment Objective

To achieve long term capital growth through investment in equity and equity-related securities of companies exposed directly or indirectly to emerging market economies worldwide.

Investment Policy

The Fund will invest primarily in equity and equity-related securities (including listed preference shares, listed convertible unsecured loan stock, listed warrants and other similar securities) of issuers which have their registered office in emerging market economies or exercise the predominant part of their economic activities in emerging market economies and which are considered by the Investment Manager to be undervalued or otherwise to offer good prospects for capital growth.

Examples of economies that the Investment Manager currently considers to be emerging market economies include, without limitation, countries in Asia, Latin America, the Middle East, southern and eastern Europe, the region formerly known as the USSR, and Africa. These include, again without limitation: Brazil, Chile, China, Colombia, Czech Republic, Egypt, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Korea, Malaysia, Mexico, Morocco, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Russia, South Africa, Taiwan, Thailand, Turkey, Sri Lanka and Pakistan.

The Investment Manager will adopt a primarily bottom up approach to selecting investments for the Fund and the Investment Manager will not be tied to investing in constituent companies of the Benchmark.

The Fund will invest predominantly in stock exchange listed shares and securities but may invest up to 10% of its total assets in unlisted shares and other transferable securities. Details of the investment instruments which may be held by the Fund are set out on page 130.

The Fund is entitled to invest up to 10% of its net assets in companies which operate or reside outside the geographical scope defined above. The Fund may also invest up to 10% of its total net assets in UCITS or other UCIs which are themselves dedicated to investments in the emerging market economies as listed above.

Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund will have the ability to: (i) invest in equity related securities (including participation notes) issued by companies which have their registered office in emerging market economies or exercise the predominant part of their economic activities in emerging market economies; (ii) hedge against directional risk using index futures and/or cash; (iii) hold bonds and warrants on transferable securities; (iv) use options and futures for hedging purposes and for efficient portfolio management; (v) enter into contracts for differences; (vi) use forward currency contracts; and (vii) hold liquid assets on an ancillary basis.

Profile of the typical investor

This Fund may be suitable for investors with a broad attitude to risk looking for a long term investment opportunity in line with its Investment Objective and Policy. An investment in the Fund will not be suitable for investors seeking solely an index-linked return on their investment. Investment in the Fund should be regarded as long term in nature and may not be suitable as a short term investment. Typical investors in the Fund are expected to be asset and wealth managers regulated or authorised by the relevant local regulator, retail private clients who will invest through suitably authorised intermediaries and private individuals who are experienced in making equity investments and who have the resources to withstand the risks associated with them.

Base Currency

US Dollars.

Launch Date

9 March 2015.

Currency of Subscription

Shares of each Class may be purchased in any freely convertible currency at such conversion rates as may be determined by the Custodian and at the exchange rate risk of the investor, as more fully described in the section headed 'How to Subscribe' in this Prospectus.

Valuation Day

Every Business Day in Luxembourg.

Dealing Deadline

5.00pm (Luxembourg time) on the Business Day before every Valuation Day.

Price Information

www.jupiteram.com and at the registered office of the Company on every Valuation Day. Price information is also available on request from the Distributor and from the Administrator in Luxembourg.

Listing

There is currently no intention to list any Class of Shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Global Exposure

The global exposure of the Fund is calculated using the Commitment Approach.

Class Name and Class Currency	Class L EUR A Inc HSC	Class L USD A Inc	Class L GBP A Inc HSC	Class L EUR A Inc Dist HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU1148007161	LU1148007674	LU1148008136	LU1148008649
WKN	A12GHS	A12GHT	A12GHU	A12GHV
Clearstream Common Code	114800716	114800767	114800813	114800864
SEDOL	BTHH6S6	BTHH6T7	BTHH6V9	BTHH6W0
MEX Code	JUAABD	JUAABE	JUAABF	JUAABG
Citicode	M06O	M06M	M06P	M06Q
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	26394052	26394058	26395602	26395666
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000	\$1,000	£1,000	€1,000

Minimum Incremental Investment	€50	\$50	£50	€50
Minimum Holding	€1,000	\$1,000	£1,000	€1,000
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	\$10	£10	€10
Distribution Policy	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default			Annual dividend, if declared, with payment (i.e. no automatic reinvestment) by default
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	No
Benchmark	MSCI Emerging Markets Index (Total Return)			
Benchmark Ticker Code	GDUEEGF			
Passive Currency Hedging	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

Class Name and Class Currency	Class D EUR A Inc HSC	Class D USD A Inc	Class D GBP A Inc HSC	Class D EUR A Inc Dist HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU1148009373	LU1148009886	LU1148010389	LU1148010892
WKN	A12GHW	A12GHX	A12GHY	A12GHZ
Clearstream Common Code	114800937	114800988	114801038	114801089
SEDOL	BTHH6X1	ВТНН6Ү2	BTHH6Z3	ВТНН705
MEX Code	JUAABU	JUAABV	JUAABC	JUAABT
Citicode	M06V	M06T	M06W	M06X

Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	26395690	26395732	26395776	26395779	
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%	
Management Fee (up to)	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000,000	\$1,000,000	£1,000,000	€1,000,000	
Minimum Incremental Investment	€100,000	\$100,000	£100,000	€100,000	
Minimum Holding	€1,000,000	\$1,000,000	£1,000,000	€1,000,000	
Performance Fee	None				
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	\$10	£10	€10	
Distribution Policy	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by Annual dividend, default default (i.e. n automatic reinvestment) default				
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	No	
Benchmark	MSCI Emerging Markets Index (Total Return)				
Benchmark Ticker Code	GDUEEGF				
Passive Currency Hedging	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	

Class Name and Class	Class I	Class I	Class I	Class L
Currency	EUR	USD	GBP	EUR
	A Inc HSC	A Inc	A Inc HSC	Acc HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU1148011270	LU1148011510	LU1148011940	LU1148012328
WKN	A12GH0	A12GH1	A12GH2	A12GH3
Clearstream Common Code	114801127	114801151	114801194	114801232
SEDOL	BTHH716	BTHH727	BTHH738	BTHH749
MEX Code	JUAABH	JUAABI	JUAABJ	JUAABK
Citicode	M07C	M07A	M07D	M06R
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	26395792	26395797	26395654	26395839
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	1.5%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.16%	0.16%	0.16%	0.22%
Minimum Initial Investment	€10,000,000	\$10,000,000	£10,000,000	€1,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€250,000	\$250,000	£250,000	€50
Minimum Holding	€10,000,000	\$10,000,000	£10,000,000	€1,000
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	\$10	£10	€10
Distribution Policy	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default			Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	No
Benchmark	MSCI Emerging Markets	Index (Total Return)	1	<u> </u>

Benchmark Ticker Code	GDUEEGF			
Passive Currency Hedging	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

Class Name and Class Currency	Class L USD	Class L GBP	Class D EUR	Class D USD
	Acc	Acc HSC	Acc HSC	Acc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU1148012757	LU1148012914	LU1148013136	LU1148013649
WKN	A12GH4	A12GH5	A12GH6	A12GH7
Clearstream Common Code	114801275	114801291	114801313	114801364
SEDOL	BTHH750	BTHH761	BTHH772	BTHH783
MEX Code	JUAABM	JUAABO	JUAABR	JUAABS
Citicode	M06N	M06S	M06Y	M06U
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	26395656	26401032	26401040	26401055
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.5%	1.5%	0.75%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.22%	0.22%	0.20%	0.20%
Minimum Initial Investment	\$1,000	£1,000	€1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	\$50	£50	€100,000	\$100,000
Minimum Holding	\$1,000	£1,000	€1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Performance Fee	None			

Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	\$10	£10	€10	\$10	
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income			
UK Reporting Fund	No	Yes	No	No	
Benchmark	MSCI Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets Index (Total Return)			
Benchmark Ticker Code	GDUEEGF				
Passive Currency Hedging	No	Yes	Yes	No	

Class Name and Class Currency	Class D GBP Acc HSC	Class I EUR Acc HSC	Class I USD Acc	Class I GBP Acc HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU1148013995	LU1148014290	LU1148014613	LU1148014886
WKN	A12GH8	A12GH9	A12GJA	A12GJB
Clearstream Common Code	114801399	114801429	114801461	114801488
SEDOL	BTHH794	ВТНН7В6	ВТНН7С7	BTHH7D8
MEX Code	JUAABQ	JUAABP	JUAABL	JUAABN
Citicode	M06Z	M07E	M07B	M07F
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	26401075	26401112	26401719	26401729
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%	0.16%	0.16%	0.16%
Minimum Initial Investment	£1,000,000	€10,000,000	\$10,000,000	£10,000,000

Minimum Incremental Investment	£100,000	€250,000	\$250,000	£250,000
Minimum Holding	£1,000,000	€10,000,000	\$10,000,000	£10,000,000
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	£10	€10	\$10	£10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	<u>5</u>		
UK Reporting Fund	Yes	No	No	Yes
Benchmark	MSCI Emerging Markets	s Index (Total Return)		
Benchmark Ticker Code	GDUEEGF			
Passive Currency Hedging	Yes	Yes	No	Yes

Investment Instruments which may be held by Jupiter Global Emerging Markets Unconstrained

Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund may invest in the following:

- China B-Shares The Fund may invest in shares of companies incorporated in mainland China that are traded in the mainland B-Share markets. Unlike prices in the A-Share market, the prices of B-Shares are quoted in foreign currencies. The China B-Share market is composed of the Shanghai Stock Exchange (which settles in US Dollars) and the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (which settles in Hong Kong Dollars).
- China H-Shares The Fund may invest in shares of companies incorporated in mainland China and listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. H-Shares are traded in Hong Kong Dollars on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. H-shares are issued by companies incorporated in mainland China, and must meet Hong Kong's listing and disclosure requirements in order to be listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. H-shares may be traded by foreigners and are often the vehicle for extending a Chinese privatisation to foreign investors.
- **Red Chip Companies** The Fund may invest in shares of companies with controlling Chinese shareholders that are incorporated outside mainland China and listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Red Chip shares are traded in Hong Kong Dollars on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.
- China-Related Companies The Fund may invest in shares of China-related companies listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, the Singapore Stock Exchange or other exchanges. A 'China-related' company is a company that (i) is organised in, or for which the principal securities trading market is in, China; or (ii) derives or that is expected to derive 50% or more of its annual revenues primarily from either goods produced, sales made or services performed in China.
- China A-Shares At present, subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions in this Information Sheet, the Fund may gain exposure to A-Shares of Chinese companies listed on the Shanghai and Shenzhen Stock Exchanges indirectly by investing in participation notes (where the return on each participation note is linked to the performance of a particular A-Share). Participation notes are offered by regulated stockbrokers who provide such products on the basis of their own existing qualified foreign institutional investors ('QFII') statuses. Any participation notes in which the Fund may invest will generally be in the form of Ioan participations. Investment in participation notes involves additional risks, including credit risk (against the issuer of the participation note), interest rate risk and liquidity risk, as each is further described under 'Risk Factors' on page 35 of this Prospectus. The Fund may currently seek exposure to China A-Shares through

participation notes. Such exposure will not exceed 10% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, the Fund has not been assigned with QFII status and the Investment Manager has not yet lodged an application for QFII status.

• **Short Term Investments** - The Fund may also invest in money market securities, short term debt securities and other cash equivalents, which may be denominated in Renminbi and other currencies.

What is QFII Status?

Currently, the equity of listed companies in mainland China seeking both domestic and foreign capital includes A-Shares denominated and traded in Renminbi and B-Shares denominated in Renminbi but traded in either US Dollars or Hong Kong Dollars. Foreign investors have historically been unable to participate in the A-Share market. However, investment regulations promulgated by the China Securities Regulatory Commission ('**CSRC**') (the '**Investment Regulations**') provide a legal framework for certain QFIIs, including certain fund management institutions, insurance companies, securities companies and other asset management institutions, to invest in A-Shares on the Shanghai and Shenzhen Stock Exchanges and certain other securities historically not eligible for investment by non-Chinese investors, through quotas granted by the State Administration for Foreign Exchange of the PRC ('**SAFE**') to those QFIIs which have been approved by the CSRC.

A QFII may invest in stocks listed and traded on a stock exchange, bonds listed and traded on a stock exchange, securities investment funds, warrants listed and traded on a stock exchange, and other financial instruments approved by the CSRC (due to technical reasons, QFIIs currently cannot participate in the repurchase of government bonds and trading of corporate bonds). The CSRC grants QFII licences to certain fund management institutions, insurance companies, securities companies and other asset management institutions for investing in Chinese securities markets. Investment companies are not currently within the types of companies that may be granted a QFII licence.

The Investment Manager may apply for a QFII licence upon successful acceptance of which:

- the Investment Manager would be authorised to invest in China A-Shares and other permitted China securities on behalf of the Fund up to a specified investment quota (the 'A-Share Quota'); and
- the Fund may invest through the Investment Manager or otherwise in A-Shares of Chinese companies listed on the Shanghai and Shenzhen Stock Exchanges up to 30% of its net assets in China A-Shares subject to applicable regulatory approval.

Risk Factors specific to Jupiter Global Emerging Markets Unconstrained:

Emerging and Less Developed Markets

In emerging and less developed markets, the legal, judicial and regulatory infrastructure is still developing but there is much legal uncertainty both for local market participants and their overseas counterparts. Some markets may carry higher risks for investors who should therefore ensure that, before investing, they understand the risks involved and are satisfied that an investment is suitable as part of their portfolio. Investments in emerging and less developed markets should be made only by sophisticated investors or professionals who have independent knowledge of the relevant markets, are able to consider and weigh the various risks presented by such investments, and have the financial resources necessary to bear the substantial risk of loss of investment in such investments.

Currency Exposure

Where the Investment Manager deems it appropriate to invest in companies which earn revenues, have expenses or make distributions in the currency of the relevant Territory, currency risks in connection therewith will be borne indirectly by investors. The potential loss resulting from unfavourable currency risks will be considered when making investments.

Corporate Legislation and Jurisprudence

Corporate legislation in the Territories regarding the fiduciary responsibility of directors and officers and protection of shareholders is significantly less developed than in the major Western jurisdictions and may impose inconsistent or even contradictory requirements on companies. Some rights typically sought by Western investors may not be available or enforceable. Also, the legal systems in some of the Territories have not fully adapted to the requirements and standards of an advanced market economy. The rudimentary state of commercial law, combined with a judiciary which lacks experience and knowledge of market traditions and rules, makes the outcome of any potential commercial litigation unpredictable.

Reporting Standards

Accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and requirements in the Territories are in many respects less stringent and less consistent than those applicable in many major Western countries. Less information is available to investors investing in such securities than to investors investing in securities of companies in many major Western countries and the historic information which is available is not necessarily comparable or relevant.

Taxation

Taxation of dividends and capital gains received by foreign investors varies among the Territories and, in some cases may be comparatively high. Many of the Territories purport to offer preferential tax treatment to foreign investors. Such preferences may apply only if a foreign investor's equity stake in the relevant company exceeds a certain percentage or meets other requirements. The Investment Manager will take reasonable steps to mitigate the Fund's tax liabilities.

The Jupiter Global Fund -

Jupiter Global Equities

Investment Objective

To achieve long term total return principally through investment in equities on an international basis.

Investment Policy

The Fund will invest primarily in equity and equity related securities (including listed preference shares, listed convertible unsecured loan stock, listed warrants and other similar securities). Issuers of these securities may be located in any country. The portfolio will principally comprise companies considered by the Investment Manager to offer good prospects for total return. The Investment Manager believes that environmental, social and corporate governance issues can affect the performance of investment portfolios and will therefore take account of these issues provided the primary financial objective is not compromised. The Fund will not have a bias towards any economic sector or company size.

Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund will have the ability: to hedge against directional risk using index futures and/or cash; to hold bonds and warrants on transferable securities; to use options and futures for hedging purposes and for efficient portfolio management; to enter into portfolio swaps; to use forward currency contracts; and to hold liquid assets on an ancillary basis.

Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund may invest in fixed interest securities, equities and equity related securities (including participation notes) issued by governments or companies which have their registered office in emerging market economies or exercise the predominant part of their economic activities in emerging market economies.

Profile of the typical investor

This Fund may be suitable for investors with a broad attitude to risk looking for a long term investment opportunity in line with its Investment Objective and Policy. An investment in the Fund will not be suitable for investors seeking solely an index-linked return on their investment. Investment in the Fund should be regarded as long term in nature and may not be suitable as a short term investment. Typical investors in the Fund are expected to be asset and wealth managers regulated or authorised by the relevant local regulator, retail private clients who will invest through suitably authorised intermediaries and private individuals who are experienced in making equity investments and who have the resources to withstand the risks associated with them.

Base Currency

US Dollar.

Launch Date

11 September 2009.

Currency of Subscription

Shares of each Class may be purchased in any freely convertible currency at such conversion rates as may be determined by the Custodian and at the exchange rate risk of the investor, as more fully described in the section headed 'How to Subscribe' in this Prospectus.

Valuation Day

Every Business Day in Luxembourg.

Dealing Deadline

1.00pm (Luxembourg time) on every Valuation Day.

Price Information

www.jupiteram.com and at the registered office of the Company on every Valuation Day. Price information is also available on request from the Distributor and from the Administrator in Luxembourg.

Listing

There is currently no intention to list any Class of Shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Global Exposure

The global exposure of the Fund is calculated using the Commitment Approach.

Class Name and Class Currency	Class L EUR Acc	Class L USD Acc	Class L GBP A Inc	Class I GBP Acc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0425094264	LU0425094421	LU0425094348	LU0459991906
WKN	A0RMW7	A0RMW9	A0RMW8	A0YC4Z
Clearstream Common Code	42509426	42509442	42509434	45999190
SEDOL	B3X8T48	ВЗХ8ТР9	B3X8T60	B582QF9
MEX Code	TDJUGL	TDJGJG	TDGEC	JUGEGM
Citicode	G7R6	G7R8	G7R7	0XMV
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	10286630	10286756	10829195	11795756
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%	0.16%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	£10,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€50	US\$50	£50	None
Minimum Holding	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	£250,000
Performance Fee	None			

Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	€10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default	Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	Yes
Benchmark	MSCI All Countries World Index			
Benchmark Ticker Code	MXWD			
Passive Currency Hedging	No			

Class Name and Class Currency	Class D EUR Acc	Class D USD Acc	Class D GBP Acc	Class D EUR A Inc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0946220778	LU0946220851	LU0946221073	LU0946221156
WKN	A1W1D4	A1W1D5	A1W1D6	A1W1D7
Clearstream Common Code	094622077	094622085	094622107	094622115
SEDOL	BBPLTV8	BBPLTW9	BBPLTXO	BBPLTY1
MEX Code	JUDUAD	JUDUTI	JUDUIT	JUDUEQ
Citicode	JEXE	JEXF	JEXG	JEXH
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	21701329	21701347	21701359	21701369
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%

Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000	€1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€100,000	US\$100,000	£100,000	€100,000
Minimum Holding	€1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000	€1,000,000
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	€10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	No
Benchmark	MSCI All Countries World Index			
Benchmark Ticker Code	MXWD			
Passive Currency Hedging	No			

Class Name and Class Currency	Class D USD A Inc	Class D GBP A Inc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0946221230	LU0946221404
WKN	A1W1D8	A1W1D9
Clearstream Common Code	094622123	094622140
SEDOL	BBPLTZ2	BBPLV01
MEX Code	JUDUQE	JUDUGO
Citicode	JEXI	JEXJ

Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	21701386	21701390
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	0.75%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%	0.20%
Minimum Initial Investment	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	US\$100,000	£100,000
Minimum Holding	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000
Performance Fee	None	
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	US\$10	£10
Distribution Policy	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default
UK Reporting Fund	Νο	Yes
Benchmark	MSCI All Countries World Index	
Benchmark Ticker Code	MXWD	
Passive Currency Hedging	No	

The Jupiter Global Fund -

Jupiter Global Financials

Investment Objective

To achieve long term capital growth principally through investment in equities of financial sector companies on an international basis.

Investment Policy

The Fund will invest primarily in an international portfolio of financial services companies worldwide. The Fund will also invest, to a lesser extent, in property related companies. The companies in which the Fund invests are considered by the Investment Manager to be undervalued and exhibit favourable growth prospects arising from characteristics such as proven management or strong products or services. Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund will have the ability: to hedge against directional risk using index futures and/or cash; to hold bonds and warrants on transferable securities; to use options and futures for hedging purposes and for efficient portfolio management; to enter into portfolio swaps; to use forward currency contracts; and to hold liquid assets on an ancillary basis.

The Fund may enter into portfolio swaps relating to indices, sectors, baskets or individual securities for both investment purposes and for hedging or efficient portfolio management. To the extent that portfolio swaps are used for investment purposes, the Fund's gross exposure to the market (excluding FX for hedging purposes) shall not exceed 150% of its net assets at any time. The Fund's maximum long exposure to the market shall be 130% of its net assets and its maximum short exposure shall not exceed 20% of its net assets.

Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund may invest in fixed interest securities, equities and equity related securities (including participation notes) issued by governments or companies which have their registered office in emerging market economies or exercise the predominant part of their economic activities in emerging market economies.

Profile of the typical investor

This Fund may be suitable for investors with a broad attitude to risk looking for a long term investment opportunity in line with its Investment Objective and Policy. An investment in the Fund will not be suitable for investors seeking solely an index linked return on their investment. Investment in the Fund should be regarded as long term in nature and may not be suitable as a short term investment. Typical investors in the Fund are expected to be asset and wealth managers regulated or authorised by the relevant local regulator, retail private clients who will invest through suitably authorised intermediaries and private individuals who are experienced in making equity investments and who have the resources to withstand the risks associated with them.

Base Currency

Euro.

Launch Date

1 November 2006.

Currency of Subscription

Shares of each Class may be purchased in any freely convertible currency at such conversion rates as may be determined by the Custodian and at the exchange rate risk of the investor, as more fully described in the section headed 'How to Subscribe' in this Prospectus.

Valuation Day

Every Business Day in Luxembourg.

Dealing Deadline

1.00pm (Luxembourg time) on every Valuation Day.

Price Information

www.jupiteram.com and at the registered office of the Company on every Valuation Day. Price information is also available on request from the Distributor and from the Administrator in Luxembourg.

Listing

There is currently no intention to list any Class of Shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Global Exposure

The global exposure of the Fund is calculated using the Relative VaR Approach. The expected level of leverage for the Fund, calculated on the basis of the sum of the notionals, is 200%, whereas higher levels of leverage are possible.

Class Name and Class Currency	Class L EUR Acc	Class L USD Acc	Class L GBP A Inc	Class D EUR Acc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0262307480	LU0262307720	LU0262308454	LU0946220265
WKN	A0KEM3	A0KEM4	A0KEM5	A1W1D1
Clearstream Common Code	26230748	26230772	26230845	094622026
SEDOL	B1GC772	B1X2292	B1GC761	BBPLTR4
MEX Code	JUGANC	TDGFNC	JUGFL	JUDUEU
Citicode	J262	B7B6	J261	JEXB
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	2707272	3212484	2707273	21701101
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%	0.20%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	€1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€50	US\$50	£50	€100,000

THE JUPITER GLOBAL FUND

Minimum Holding	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	€1,000,000
Performance Fee	None.			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	€10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default	Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	No
Passive Currency Hedging	No			

Class Name and Class Currency	Class D USD Acc	Class D GBP Acc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0946220349	LU0946220695
WKN	A1W1D2	A1W1D3
Clearstream Common Code	094622034	094622069
SEDOL	BBPLTS5	BBPLTT6
MEX Code	JUDUUE	JUDUDA
Citicode	JEXC	JEXD
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	21701116	21701319
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	0.75%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%	0.20%

Minimum Initial Investment	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	US\$100,000	£100,000
Minimum Holding	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000
Performance Fee	None.	
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	US\$10	£10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	No	Yes
Passive Currency Hedging	Νο	

Class Name &Class Currency	Class L
currenty	USD
	ACC HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU1314348803
WKN	N/A
Clearstream Common Code	131434880
SEDOL	BYSRK77
MEX Code	N/A
Citicode	MUUA
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	30305459
Initial Charge (up to)	5.00%
Management Fee (up to)	1.50%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.22%
Minimum Initial Investment	US\$1,000

Minimum Incremental Investment	US\$50
Minimum Holding	US\$1,000
Performance Fee	None
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	U\$\$10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of income
UK Reporting Fund	No
Passive Currency Hedging	Yes

Risk Factors specific to Jupiter Global Financials

Investors should note that the Fund may use financial derivative instruments extensively for investment purposes rather than solely for hedging and efficient portfolio management. This flexibility is intended to enable the Investment Manager to meet the investment objective of the Fund. Such exposure may potentially lead to a high risk of substantial capital loss. There are specific risks associated with the use of financial derivative instruments for investment purposes, which may be summarised as follows:

- Leverage Risk Investment in financial derivative instruments can introduce significant leverage risks and lead to high volatility. This is because typically such instruments require very low margin payment in relation to the amount of underlying exposure, and hence a small price movement in the value of the underlying security may lead to a significant loss or gain on the money actually invested in the financial derivative instrument.
- Directional Risk The Fund has the power to use derivative transactions for both hedging and/or efficient portfolio management purposes and for pure investment purposes. It should be noted that while financial derivative instruments used for hedging purposes can reduce or eliminate losses, such use can also reduce or eliminate gains. When financial derivative instruments are used purely for investment purposes, the Fund will be directly exposed to the risks of the financial derivative instrument and any gains or losses on the financial derivative instrument will not be offset by corresponding losses or gains in other assets within the Fund.
- Short Selling Risk Although the Fund does not have the ability to enter into physical short positions of individual securities, it may use financial derivative instruments to enter into synthetic short positions. While such positions give the potential for the Fund to benefit from falling market prices, it also opens the Fund up to the risk of potentially total loss of the assets of the Fund until such time as the derivative positions are closed out, as there is no upper limit on the price to which the underlying security may rise.
- Counterparty Risk The Fund may enter into derivative transactions in over-the-counter markets that expose it to the creditworthiness of its counterparties and their ability to satisfy the terms of such contracts. Where a Fund enters into such derivative contracts, it will be exposed to the risk that the counterparty may default on its obligations to perform under the relevant contract. The Investment Manager will seek to minimise such risk by only entering into transactions with counterparties that it believes to have a high credit rating at the time the transaction is entered into, and by ensuring that formal legal agreements covering the terms of the contract are entered into in advance. In certain circumstances however the Investment Manager may be unable to enforce or rely on rights and obligations arising under such agreements. In the event of bankruptcy or insolvency the Fund may only have the rights of a general creditor and could therefore experience delays in liquidating the position and may incur significant losses. The Investment Manager may use one or more counterparties to undertake derivative transactions and may be required to pledge a Fund's assets as collateral against these transactions. The Investment Manager will seek to further reduce counterparty risk by settling profits or losses on open contracts on a weekly basis.
- Liquidity Risk A number of the financial derivative instruments that the Investment Manager is likely to use will be traded over-the-counter, rather than on recognised exchanges. There is risk with such investments, that the

more bespoke they become and the more complex they become the harder it is to unwind the positions at market prices. However it is the intention of the Investment Manager to invest mainly in financial derivative instruments which have a liquid underlying investment that is traded on a recognised exchange in order to reduce the exposure to liquidity risk.

- **Basis Risk** Basis risk is the risk of loss due to a divergence in the difference between two rates or prices. There will be occasions where the Fund will use financial derivative instruments such as sector swaps to hedge out existing market exposure to a particular basket of stocks. Although the underlying constituents of the swap used may be similar to the basket of stocks being hedged against, it is likely that there will be differences in the composition and this may have an adverse impact on the hedging arrangement.
- Cash Flow Risk With most derivative contracts the counterparty will require the investor to place a margin payment with them at the outset of the contract, and this margin payment will be subject to additional top-ups if and when the market moves against the investor. There is a risk therefore that the Investment Manager will have insufficient cash in the Fund to meet the margin calls necessary to sustain its position in a derivative contract. In such circumstances the Investment Manager will either have to close out the position, or dispose of other assets in the Fund to raise the required margin call.

The Jupiter Global Fund –

Jupiter India Select

Investment Objective

To achieve long term capital growth through investment primarily in India and selected opportunities in Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Nepal and the Maldives.

Investment Policy

The Fund's investment policy is to achieve the objective by investing primarily in companies operating or residing in India and selected opportunities in Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Nepal and the Maldives. The Fund may also invest in securities of Indian companies listed on international stock exchanges and depositary receipts representing securities of Indian companies. Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions the Fund may also invest in UCITS or other UCIs which are themselves dedicated to investments in the markets of the countries listed above. The Fund shall be free to invest in companies which are established outside those countries identified above, which in the Investment Manager's opinion, conduct a material proportion of their business in one or more of those countries.

The Fund will invest primarily in companies which have their registered office or exercise the predominant part of their economic activities in (or, in the case of UCITS or other UCIs, are dedicated to investments in) India. The Fund is entitled to invest up to 10% of its net assets in companies which operate or reside outside the investment scope defined above.

Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund will have the ability: to hedge against directional risk using index futures and/or cash; to hold bonds and warrants on transferable securities; to use options and futures for hedging purposes and for efficient portfolio management; to enter into portfolio swaps; to use forward currency contracts; and to hold liquid assets on an ancillary basis.

Mauritian Subsidiary

A Mauritius subsidiary, wholly owned by the Fund, may be used to facilitate an efficient means of investing.

Profile of the typical investor

This Fund may be suitable for investors with a broad attitude to risk looking for a long term investment opportunity in line with its Investment Objective and Policy. An investment in the Fund will not be suitable for investors seeking solely an index-linked return on their investment. Investment in the Fund should be regarded as long term in nature and may not be suitable as a short term investment. Typical investors in the Fund are expected to be asset and wealth managers regulated or authorised by the relevant local regulator, retail private clients who will invest through suitably authorised intermediaries and private individuals who are experienced in making equity investments and who have the resources to withstand the risks associated with them.

Base Currency

US Dollar.

Launch Date

2 May 2008.

Currency of Subscription

Shares of each Class may be purchased in any freely convertible currency at such conversion rates as may be determined by the Custodian and at the exchange rate risk of the investor, as more fully described in the section headed 'How to Subscribe' in this Prospectus.

Valuation Day

Every Business Day in Luxembourg.

Dealing Deadline

5.00pm (Luxembourg time) on the Business Day before every Valuation Day.

Price Information

www.jupiteram.com and at the registered office of the Company on every Valuation Day. Price information is also available on request from the Distributor and from the Administrator in Luxembourg.

Listing

There is currently no intention to list any Class of Shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Global Exposure

The global exposure of the Fund is calculated using the Commitment Approach.

Class Name and Class	Class L	Class L	Class L	Class D
Currency	EUR	USD	GBP	EUR
	Acc	A Inc	A Inc	Acc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0329070915	LU0365089902	LU0329071053	LU0946219846
WKN	AONBGX	A0Q2X7	AONBGY	A1W1DY
Clearstream Common Code	32907091	36508990	32907105	094621984
SEDOL	B2961G5	B39Q902	B2961H6	BBPLTNO
MEX Code	RWJUPE	TDJAMI	RWJUPI	JUDUCA
Citicode	AONM	BR62	ISL5	JEWY
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	3521328	4424818	3521339	21700657
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%	0.20%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	€1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€50	US\$50	£50	€100,000
Minimum Holding	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	€1,000,000
Performance Fee	None			

Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$126.08	£10	€10	
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default	Accumulation of Income	
UK Reporting Fund	No	Yes	Yes	No	
Benchmark	MSCI Gross Emerging Markets India Index (Total Return)				
Benchmark Ticker Code	GDUESIA				
Passive Currency Hedging	No				

Class Name and Class Currency	Class D USD Acc	Class D GBP Acc	
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0946219929	LU0946220000	
WKN	A1W1DZ	A1W1D0	
Clearstream Common Code	094621992	094622000	
SEDOL	BBPLTP2	BBPLTQ3	
MEX Code	JUDUSD	JUDUDS	
Citicode	JEWZ	JEXA	
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	21700659	21700660	
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	
Management Fee (up to)	0.75%	0.75%	
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%	0.20%	

Minimum Initial Investment	US\$1,000,000		£1,000,000		
Minimum Incremental Investment	US\$100,000 f:		£100,000		
Minimum Holding	US\$1,000,000 £1,00		000,000		
Performance Fee	None				
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	US\$10		£10		
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income		Accumulation of Income		
UK Reporting Fund	Yes		Yes		
Benchmark	MSCI Gross Emerging Markets India Index (Total Return)				
Benchmark Ticker Code	GDUESIA				
Passive Currency Hedging	No				

Additional Information Relating to Jupiter India Select

The Company may, from time to time, establish one or more wholly-owned special purpose subsidiaries in order to facilitate a Fund's investment program in certain jurisdictions where the Company believes that this may reduce certain of the costs to a Fund. However, the formation and administration of any such special purpose subsidiaries may result in certain increased expenses to a Fund. In addition, the benefits of conducting investment activities through such subsidiaries may be adversely affected by political or legal developments in countries in which the Funds may invest. For the purposes of investing in India, the Fund may, but shall not be obliged to, invest some or all of its assets through Jupiter South Asia Investment Company Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. Alternatively, the Company may apply to register Jupiter India Select with the Securities Exchange Board of India as a Foreign Institutional Investor sub-account enabling it to directly conduct investment activities in the Indian securities market.

The Company acquired the whole of the share capital of Jupiter South Asia Investment Company Limited, then known as Peninsular South Asia Investment Company Limited (the '**Mauritius Subsidiary**') on 2 May 2008. The Mauritius Subsidiary was originally incorporated under the name of GEM Dolphin South Asia Investment Company Limited in 1995 and changed its name on 21 January 2009 from Peninsular South Asia Investment Company Limited to Jupiter South Asia Investment Company Limited. The Mauritius Subsidiary is licensed under the Financial Services Act 2007. Prior to its acquisition by the Company, the Mauritius Subsidiary was not subject to the constraints set out in the UCITS Directive in relation to its investments. However, the Board of Directors consider that its performance track record would not have been materially different if it had been subject to such restrictions throughout its life and, consequently the Board of Directors consider it to be appropriate for the performance track record of the Mauritius Subsidiary to be identified alongside the track record of the US Dollar L Class of the Fund with effect from 2 May 2008. This date will be clearly identified in any marketing materials produced for the Fund which refer to the transition for the performance track record.

The directors of the Mauritius Subsidiary are:

- Adrian Creedy Chief Operating Officer and Company Secretary, Jupiter Fund Management PLC, London;
- Garth Lorimer-Turner Managing Director, Cohort Limited, Bermuda.
- Jacques Elvinger Partner, Elvinger Hoss Prussen, Luxembourg;

- Deven Coopoosamy Head of Business Development, Cim Fund Services Ltd, Mauritius; and
- Mahmood Bashir Nabeebokus Senior Manager Fund Administration, Cim Fund Services Ltd, Mauritius.

The directors of the Mauritius Subsidiary are responsible for establishing the investment policy and restrictions of the Mauritius Subsidiary and for monitoring its operations. The Mauritius Subsidiary adheres to the investment policy and restrictions contained in this Prospectus which apply to The Jupiter Global Fund – Jupiter India Select and the Company on a collective basis. The Mauritius Subsidiary carries out exclusively activities consistent with passive investment on behalf of the Company and The Jupiter Global Fund – Jupiter India Select.

The Mauritius Subsidiary may hold a substantial proportion of the assets of The Jupiter Global Fund – Jupiter India Select to facilitate efficient portfolio management of the assets. The Mauritius Subsidiary has received a tax residence certificate from the Commissioner of Income Tax in Mauritius, on which basis the Mauritius Subsidiary should be entitled to appropriate relief under the India/Mauritius Double Taxation Treaty. The Mauritius Subsidiary makes direct investment in India. The Jupiter Global Fund – Jupiter India Select is not obliged to hold any of its assets through the Mauritius Subsidiary should the Company choose not to do so.

The Mauritius Subsidiary has appointed Cim Fund Services Ltd., Mauritius to provide company secretarial and administrative services, including maintenance of accounts, books and records. Cim Fund Services Ltd. is incorporated in Mauritius and is licensed by the Mauritius Financial Services Commission to provide, inter alia, company management services to offshore companies. The Mauritius Subsidiary has appointed the Custodian as custodian and the Custodian has appointed J.P. Morgan, Mumbai and J.P. Morgan, Mauritius as its correspondents. Ernst & Young, Mauritius has been appointed auditor of the Mauritius Subsidiary.

As a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company all assets and liabilities, income and expenses of the Mauritius Subsidiary are consolidated in the statement of net assets and operations of the Company. All investments held by the Mauritius Subsidiary are disclosed in the accounts of the Company. All cash, securities and other assets of the Mauritius Subsidiary are held by the Custodian on behalf of the Company.

The use of the Mauritian subsidiary and the tax treatment afforded to it is based on the law and practice currently in force in the relevant countries as understood by the Directors after making all reasonable enquiries. It is subject to any future changes and such changes may adversely affect the returns of the Fund. This includes any circumstances where the India Mauritius Double Tax Treaty may not or ceases to be applied, resulting from, inter alia, any future ruling by the Indian tax authorities.

Furthermore, while the Financial Services Commission of Mauritius has issued guidelines indicating that tax residence certificates are renewable on a yearly basis, there is no guarantee of renewal every year. If the Mauritian subsidiary's tax certificate is not renewed, the Mauritian subsidiary may lose its benefits under the double tax treaty and the Fund would suffer adverse tax consequences.

Risk Factors specific to Jupiter India Select

Registration

The Mauritius Subsidiary is registered with the Securities Exchange Board of India as a Foreign Institutional Investor and as a sub-account enabling it to carry on investment activities in the Indian securities market.

Emerging and Less Developed Markets

In emerging and less developed markets, the legal, judicial and regulatory infrastructure is still developing but there is much legal uncertainty both for local market participants and their overseas counterparts. Some markets may carry higher risks for investors who should therefore ensure that, before investing, they understand the risks involved and are satisfied that an investment is suitable as part of their portfolio. Direct investments in emerging and less developed markets should be made only by sophisticated investors or professionals, such as the Investment Manager, who have independent knowledge of the relevant markets, are able to consider and weigh the various risks presented by such investments, and have the financial resources necessary to bear the substantial risk of loss of investment in such investments.

SAARC Region Securities Market

The South Asia Association for Regional Co-operation^{*} (the 'SAARC regions') stock exchanges and markets have experienced substantial fluctuations in the prices of securities, and no assurance can be given that such volatility will not continue in the future. In addition, certain of the SAARC regions stock exchanges and markets have been subject to temporary closures, broker defaults, failed trades and settlement delays. Certain governing bodies of stock exchanges can impose restrictions on trading in certain securities, limitations on price movements and margin requirements. The SAARC region's securities markets are undergoing a period of growth and changes which may lead to difficulties in settlement and recording of transactions and in interpreting and applying the relevant regulations. In addition, there is a low level of regulation and enforcement activity in such securities markets. Certain regulatory authorities have only recently been given the power and duty to prohibit fraudulent and unfair trade practices relating to securities markets, including insider trading, and to regulate substantial acquisitions of shares and takeovers of companies. Certain securities markets in the SAARC region are not subject to such restrictions.

A disproportionately large percentage of market capitalisation and trading volume in the stock exchanges and markets in the SAARC region is represented by a relatively small number of issues. Significant delays have been common in settling trade on certain stock exchanges and registering transfers of securities. The above factors could negatively affect the Net Asset Value of the Fund, the ability to redeem the Fund's shares and the price at which the Fund's Shares may be redeemed.

Market Characteristics

The disclosure and regulatory standards applicable to Indian companies are in many respects less stringent than in other, more developed, equity markets. Accounting, auditing and financial standards are also less rigorous. The securities market in India is smaller, less liquid and more volatile than more developed stock markets. The equities of smaller or medium-sized Indian companies may be less marketable than securities of similar companies traded on more developed markets and such investments may carry a higher risk than investments in larger Indian companies. Indian stock exchanges have in the past been subject to temporary closures, broker defaults and failed trades. In particular, the settlement systems in the Indian Stock Exchanges are less developed and less reliable than settlement systems in more mature markets and vary considerably between exchanges.

Political and Economic Considerations

The Fund may be affected by political and economic developments in or affecting the SAARC region, including changes in government policy, taxation and social, ethnic and religious instability. The economies of the countries in the SAARC region may differ, favourably and unfavourably, from economies in more industrialised countries in such respects as gross domestic product, rates of inflation, currency depreciation, capital reinvestment, resource self-sufficiency and balance of payments position. The economies in the SAARC region are heavily dependent upon international trade and accordingly have been and may continue to be adversely affected by trade barriers, exchange controls and other protectionist measures imposed or negotiated by the countries with which they trade.

India's population comprises diverse religious and linguistic groups and has been subject to periods of considerable ethnic and religious tension. The government continues to exercise significant influence over many aspects of the economy and there can be no assurance that there will be no change in policies implemented by the present or any future government.

The current regional tensions and/or any escalations therein including any conflicts, could adversely affect the Fund and/or those companies in which it invests and/or could impair the ability of the Fund to realise its investments and/or repatriate the proceeds or returns from such investments.

^{*}Members of the South Asia Association for Regional Co-Operation are India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Nepal and the Maldives.

The Jupiter Global Fund –

Jupiter Japan Select

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to achieve long term capital growth through investing primarily in Japan and in selected opportunities in Asia.

Investment Policy

The Fund will invest primarily in equity and equity related securities (including listed preference shares, listed convertible unsecured loan stock, listed warrants and other similar securities) of companies which have their registered office or exercise the predominant part of their economic activities in Japan (or, in the case of UCITS or other UCIs, are dedicated to investments in Japan). Up to 20% of the Fund's assets (excluding liquid assets) may at any time be invested in other Asian investments.

Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund will have the ability: to hedge against directional risk using index futures and/or cash; to hold bonds and warrants on transferable securities; to use options and futures for hedging purposes and for efficient portfolio management; to enter into portfolio swaps; to use forward currency contracts; and to hold liquid assets on an ancillary basis.

Profile of the typical investor

This Fund may be suitable for investors with a broad attitude to risk looking for a long term investment opportunity in line with its Investment Objective and Policy. An investment in the Fund will not be suitable for investors seeking solely an index-linked return on their investment. Investment in the Fund should be regarded as long term in nature and may not be suitable as a short term investment. Typical investors in the Fund are expected to be asset and wealth managers regulated or authorised by the relevant local regulator, retail private clients who will invest through suitably authorised intermediaries and private individuals who are experienced in making equity investments and who have the resources to withstand the risks associated with them.

Base Currency

US Dollar.

Launch Date

1 July 2009.

Currency of Subscription

Shares of each Class may be purchased in any freely convertible currency at such conversion rates as may be determined by the Custodian and at the exchange rate risk of the investor, as more fully described in the section headed 'How to Subscribe' in this Prospectus.

Valuation Day

Every Business Day in Luxembourg.

Dealing Deadline

5.00pm (Luxembourg time) on the Business Day before every Valuation Day.

Price Information

www.jupiteram.com and at the registered office of the Company on every Valuation Day. Price information is also available on request from the Distributor and from the Administrator in Luxembourg.

Listing

There is currently no intention to list any Class of Shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Global Exposure

The global exposure of the Fund is calculated using the Commitment Approach.

Class Name and Class	Class L	Class L	Class L	Class D
Currency	EUR	USD	GBP	EUR
	Acc	Acc	A Inc	Acc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0425092995	LU0425093290	LU0425093027	LU0946219416
WKN	AORMWY	AORMWO	AORMWZ	A1W1DV
Clearstream Common Code	42509299	42509329	42509302	094621941
SEDOL	B53V2Y2	B53V305	B53V2Z3	BBPQZ37
MEX Code	JUJST	JUJSE	JUJPSL	JUDUER
Citicode	FPK6	FPK8	FPK7	JEWV
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	10286601	10286604	10365964	21700179
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%	0.20%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	€1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€50	US\$50	£50	€100,000
Minimum Holding	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	€1,000,000
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	€10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default	Accumulation of Income

THE JUPITER GLOBAL FUND

UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	No
Benchmark	Japan TOPIX Index			
Benchmark Ticker Code	ТРХ			
Passive Currency Hedging	No			

Class Name and Class	Class D	Class D
Currency	USD	GBP
	Acc	Асс
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0946219507	LU0946219689
WKN	A1W1DW	A1W1DX
Clearstream Common Code	094621950	094621968
SEDOL	BBPLTL8	BBPLTM9
MEX Code	JUDURE	JUDUAC
Citicode	JEWW	JEWX
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	21700181	21700182
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	0.75%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%	0.20%
Minimum Initial Investment	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	US\$100,000	£100,000
Minimum Holding	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000
Performance Fee	None	

Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	US\$10	£10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	Νο	Yes
Benchmark	Japan TOPIX Index	
Benchmark Ticker Code	ТРХ	
Passive Currency Hedging	No	

The Jupiter Global Fund –

Jupiter New Europe

Investment Objective

To achieve long term capital growth through investment primarily in Central and Eastern Europe, Russia and Turkey and, in addition, investment in non-European former member states of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics ('USSR') (collectively the "Territories").

Investment Policy

The Fund's investment policy is to achieve the objective by investing primarily in equity securities. Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions the Fund may also invest in UCITS or other UCIs which are themselves dedicated to investments in the markets of the countries listed above.

The Fund will invest primarily in companies which have their registered office or exercise the predominant part of their economic activities in (or, in the case of UCITS or other UCIs are dedicated to investments in) Central and Eastern Europe, Russia, and Turkey. The Fund is entitled to invest up to one third of the total assets of the Fund (excluding liquid assets) in non-European former member states of the USSR and in companies that operate or reside in Western Europe but which significantly benefit from exposure to one or more of those countries listed herein. The Fund is entitled to invest up to 10% of its net assets in companies which operate or reside outside the investment scope defined above.

Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund will have the ability: to hedge against directional risk using index futures and/or cash; to hold bonds and warrants on transferable securities; to use options and futures for hedging purposes and for efficient portfolio management; to enter into portfolio swaps; to use forward currency contracts; and to hold liquid assets on an ancillary basis.

Profile of the typical investor

This Fund may be suitable for investors with a broad attitude to risk looking for a long term investment opportunity in line with its Investment Objective and Policy. An investment in the Fund will not be suitable for investors seeking solely an index-linked return on their investment. Investment in the Fund should be regarded as long term in nature and may not be suitable as a short term investment. Typical investors in the Fund are expected to be asset and wealth managers regulated or authorised by the relevant local regulator, retail private clients who will invest through suitably authorised intermediaries and private individuals who are experienced in making equity investments and who have the resources to withstand the risks associated with them.

Base Currency

Euro.

Launch Date

5 November 2007.

Currency of Subscription

Shares of each Class may be purchased in any freely convertible currency at such conversion rates as may be determined by the Custodian and at the exchange rate risk of the investor, as more fully described in the section headed 'How to Subscribe' in this Prospectus.

Valuation Day

Every Business Day in Luxembourg.

Dealing Deadline

1.00pm (Luxembourg time) on every Valuation Day.

Price Information

www.jupiteram.com and at the registered office of the Company on every Valuation Day. Price information is also available on request from the Distributor and from the Administrator in Luxembourg.

Listing

There is currently no intention to list any Class of Shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Global Exposure

The global exposure of the Fund is calculated using the Commitment Approach.

Class Name and Class Currency	Class L EUR	Class L USD	Class L GBP	Class D EUR
	Acc	Acc	A Inc	Acc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0300038378	LU0300038535	LU0300038451	LU0946219093
WKN	A0MRMV	A0MRMX	A0MRMW	A1W1DS
Clearstream Common Code	30003837	30003853	30003845	094621909
SEDOL	B1X2236	B1X2258	B1X2247	BBPLTH4
MEX Code	JUNELE	TDGFUC	TDNELG	JUERIU
Citicode	ANQ9	ANRO	ANR4	JEWS
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	3387259	3387264	3387261	21700174
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%	0.20%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	€1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€50	US\$50	£50	€100,000
Minimum Holding	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	€1,000,000
Performance Fee	None	None		

Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	€10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default	Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	No
Benchmark	MSCI Emerging Markets Europe 10/40 Index (Total Return)			
Benchmark Ticker Code	MG40MUE			
Passive Currency Hedging	No			

Class Name and Class	Class D	Class D
Currency	USD	GBP
	Acc	Acc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0946219176	LU0946219259
WKN	A1W1DT	A1W1DU
Clearstream Common Code	094621917	094621925
SEDOL	BBPLTJ6	BBPLTK7
MEX Code	JUERUD	JUERDU
Citicode	JEWT	JEWU
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	21700175	21700176
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	0.75%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%	0.20%

Minimum Initial Investment	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000	
Minimum Incremental Investment	US\$100,000	£100,000	
Minimum Holding	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000	
Performance Fee	None		
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	US\$10	£10	
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	
UK Reporting Fund	Νο	Yes	
Benchmark	MSCI Emerging Markets Europe 10/40 Index (Total Return)		
Benchmark Ticker Code	MG40MUE		
Passive Currency Hedging	Νο		

Risk Factors specific to Jupiter New Europe:

Emerging and Less Developed Markets

In emerging and less developed markets, such as Russia, the legal, judicial and regulatory infrastructure is still developing but there is much legal uncertainty both for local market participants and their overseas counterparts. Some markets may carry higher risks for investors who should therefore ensure that, before investing, they understand the risks involved and are satisfied that an investment is suitable as part of their portfolio. Direct investments in emerging and less developed markets should be made only by sophisticated investors or professionals, such as the Investment Manager, who have independent knowledge of the relevant markets, are able to consider and weigh the various risks presented by such investments, and have the financial resources necessary to bear the substantial risk of loss of investment in such investments.

Smaller Companies

The amount of capital raised in the securities markets of in the territories set out in the Fund's investment policies (the 'Territories') may be substantially less than the amount raised in major Western markets. As a result of lower trading volumes, the Fund's investment portfolio may experience greater price volatility and significantly lower liquidity than a portfolio invested in equity securities of companies based in more developed West European countries or the United States.

In addition to their small size, illiquidity and volatility, the securities markets in the Territories are less developed than the major Western securities markets. There is less state regulation and supervision of these securities markets, and less reliable information available to brokers and investors than in the major Western markets and consequently less investor protection.

The prices at which the Fund may acquire investments may be affected by the market's anticipation of the Fund's investing, by other persons trading on material non-public information, and by brokers trading securities in anticipation of transactions by the Fund in particular securities.

Brokerage commissions and other transaction costs and related taxes on securities transactions in the Territories are generally higher than in Western securities markets.

Currency Exposure

Where the Investment Manager deems it appropriate to invest in companies which earn revenues, have expenses or make distributions in the currency of the relevant Territory, currency risks in connection therewith will be borne indirectly by investors. The potential loss resulting from unfavourable currency risks will be considered when making investments.

Corporate Legislation and Jurisprudence

Corporate legislation in the Territories regarding the fiduciary responsibility of directors and officers and protection of shareholders is significantly less developed than in the major Western jurisdictions and may impose inconsistent or even contradictory requirements on companies. Some rights typically sought by Western investors may not be available or enforceable. Also, the legal systems in some of the Territories have not fully adapted to the requirements and standards of an advanced market economy. The rudimentary state of commercial law, combined with a judiciary which lacks experience and knowledge of market traditions and rules, makes the outcome of any potential commercial litigation unpredictable.

Reporting Standards

Accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and requirements in the Territories are in many respects less stringent and less consistent than those applicable in many major Western countries. Less information is available to investors investing in such securities than to investors investing in securities of companies in many major Western countries and the historic information which is available is not necessarily comparable or relevant.

Taxation

Taxation of dividends and capital gains received by foreign investors varies among the Territories and, in some cases may be comparatively high. Many of the Territories purport to offer preferential tax treatment to foreign investors. Such preferences may apply only if a foreign investor's equity stake in the relevant company exceeds a certain percentage or meets other requirements. The Investment Manager will take reasonable steps to mitigate the Fund's tax liabilities.

The Jupiter Global Fund -

Jupiter North American Equities

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to achieve long term capital growth through investing primarily in North American securities.

Investment Policy

The Fund will invest primarily in equity and equity related securities (including listed preference shares, listed convertible unsecured loan stock, listed warrants and other similar securities) of companies which have their registered office or exercise the predominant part of their economic activities in North America. The portfolio will principally comprise of companies in sectors and geographical areas which are considered by the Investment Manager to offer good prospects for capital growth, taking into account economic trends and business developments.

Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund will have the ability: to hedge against directional risk using index futures and/or cash; to hold bonds and warrants on transferable securities; to use options and futures for hedging purposes and for efficient portfolio management; to enter into portfolio swaps; to use forward currency contracts; and to hold liquid assets on an ancillary basis.

Profile of the typical investor

This Fund may be suitable for investors with a broad attitude to risk looking for a long term investment opportunity in line with its Investment Objective and Policy. An investment in the Fund will not be suitable for investors seeking solely an index-linked return on their investment. Investment in the Fund should be regarded as long term in nature and may not be suitable as a short term investment. Typical investors in the Fund are expected to be asset and wealth managers regulated or authorised by the relevant local regulator, retail private clients who will invest through suitably authorised intermediaries and private individuals who are experienced in making equity investments and who have the resources to withstand the risks associated with them.

Base Currency

US Dollar.

Launch Date

16 November 2009.

Currency of Subscription

Shares of each Class may be purchased in any freely convertible currency at such conversion rates as may be determined by the Custodian and at the exchange rate risk of the investor, as more fully described in the section headed 'How to Subscribe' in this Prospectus.

Valuation Day

Every Business Day in Luxembourg.

Dealing Deadline

5.00pm (Luxembourg time) on the Business Day before every Valuation Day.

Price Information

www.jupiteram.com and at the registered office of the Company on every Valuation Day. Price information is also available on request from the Distributor and from the Administrator in Luxembourg.

Listing

There is currently no intention to list any Class of Shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Global Exposure

The global exposure of the Fund is calculated using the Commitment Approach.

Class Name and Class	Class L	Class L	Class L	Class D
Currency	EUR	USD	GBP	EUR
	Acc	Acc	A Inc	Acc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0425093456	LU0425093704	LU0425093530	LU0946218525
WKN	A0RMW1	AORMW3	A0RMW2	A1W1DP
Clearstream Common Code	42509345	42509370	42509353	094621852
SEDOL	B3XFKB3	B3XFKW4	B3XFKD5	BBPLTDO
MEX Code	JURNAE	JURHMQ	JUREQS	JUERED
Citicode	HPR2	HPR4	HPR3	JEWP
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	10286611	10286618	10829065	21700115
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%	0.20%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	€1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€50	US\$50	£50	€100,000
Minimum Holding	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	€1,000,000
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	€10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Annual dividend, if declared, with automatic reinvestment by default	Accumulation of Income

UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	No
Benchmark	S&P 500 Index			
Benchmark Ticker Code	SPX			
Passive Currency Hedging	No			

Class Name and Class Currency	Class D USD	Class D GBP
	Acc	Acc
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0946218798	LU0946218871
WKN	A1W1DQ	A1W1DR
Clearstream Common Code	094621879	094621887
SEDOL	BBPLTF2	BBPLTG3
MEX Code	JUERDE	JUERUI
Citicode	JEWQ	JEWR
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	21700116	21700117
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	0.75%	0.75%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.20%	0.20%
Minimum Initial Investment	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	US\$100,000	£100,000
Minimum Holding	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000
Performance Fee	None	

Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	US\$10	£10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	Νο	Yes
Benchmark	S&P 500 Index	
Benchmark Ticker Code	SPX	
Passive Currency Hedging	Νο	

The Jupiter Global Fund -

Jupiter Strategic Total Return

Investment Objective

To generate positive long term returns across varying market conditions from an actively managed portfolio of different asset classes, including equities, bonds, convertible bonds, currencies and money market securities on an international basis.

Investment Policy

The Investment Manager will make strategic investment and asset allocation decisions for the portfolio using a wide range of securities and financial derivative instruments in order to meet the Fund's objective of generating long term total returns for investors. In particular, the Fund is not subject to a predetermined country, industry sector, credit rating or market capitalisation bias. In seeking to meet the Investment Objective, the Investment Manager will aim to limit volatility for investors in the Fund through diversified portfolio holdings, asset class and sector exposures, active management of the net and gross portfolio exposures and through the use of financial derivative instruments for investment, hedging and efficient portfolio management purposes.

The types of financial derivative instruments that the Investment Manager intends to use include portfolio swaps, single stock and equity index options, equity index futures and options, interest rate and financial indices options and futures, bond futures and options and currency forwards, OTC derivatives and exposure to commodity indices.

Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund may also invest in portfolio swaps, futures and options referring to permitted indices associated with price trends in commodities. The Fund shall not be allowed to enter into commitments to take delivery over or to deliver physical commodities or precious metals, nor will the Fund be allowed to acquire commodities or precious metals or certificates representing them. All investments having an exposure to commodity or precious metals will be cash settled.

Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund may enter into portfolio swaps in order to gain both long and short exposure to indices, sectors, baskets or individual securities for both investment purposes and for hedging or efficient portfolio management purposes. To the extent that portfolio swaps are used for investment purposes, the Fund's gross exposure to the market (excluding FX for hedging purposes) shall not exceed 200% of its net assets at any time. The Fund's maximum long exposure to the market for investment purposes shall be 150% of its net assets and its maximum short exposure shall not exceed 30% of its net assets. Nevertheless, the Investment Manager does not seek to adhere to a specified ratio of long/short exposure in the use of portfolio swaps for investment purposes and there may be periods when the investment portfolio is not geared at all through the use of portfolio swaps.

The ability of the Fund to maintain a portfolio of both long and short positions provides the flexibility to hedge against periods of falling markets, to reduce the risk of absolute loss at portfolio level and to minimise the volatility of portfolio returns.

The Fund may invest in securities denominated in any currency. Non-base currency exposure may be hedged back to the base currency to moderate currency exchange risks. More specifically, currency futures, forwards and options may be used for this purpose.

Subject to the limits set out in the Investment Restrictions, the Fund may invest in fixed interest securities, equities and equity related securities (including participation notes) issued by governments or companies which have their registered office in emerging market economies or exercise the predominant part of their economic activities in emerging market economies.

The Fund may also invest in cash, fixed interest securities (whether or not of investment grade), currency exchange transactions, index related securities, money market instruments, exchange traded funds ('ETF') (whether open-ended or closed-ended) and deposits.

Investment in open-ended or closed-ended exchange traded funds (ETFs) will be allowed if they qualify as (i) UCITS or other UCIs within the meaning of article 41 (1) (e) of the Law or (ii) transferable securities within the meaning of article 41 of the Law, respectively.

Profile of the typical investor

This Fund may be suitable for investors with a broad attitude to risk looking for a long term investment opportunity in line with its Investment Objective and Policy. An investment in the Fund will not be suitable for investors seeking solely an index linked return on their investment. Investment in the Fund should be regarded as long term in nature and may not be suitable as a short term investment. Typical investors in the Fund are expected to be asset and wealth managers regulated or authorised by the relevant local regulator, retail private clients who will invest through suitably authorised intermediaries and private individuals who are experienced in making equity investments and who have the resources to withstand the risks associated with them.

Base Currency

Euro

Launch Date

1 October 2010.

Currency of Subscription

Shares of each Class may be purchased in any freely convertible currency at such conversion rates as may be determined by the Custodian and at the exchange rate risk of the investor, as more fully described in the section headed 'How to Subscribe' in this Prospectus.

Valuation Day

Every Business Day in Luxembourg.

Dealing Deadline

1.00pm (Luxembourg time) on every Valuation Day.

Price Information

www.jupiteram.com and at the registered office of the Company on every Valuation Day. Price information is also available on request from the Distributor and from the Administrator in Luxembourg.

Listing

There is currently no intention to list any Class of Shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Global Exposure

The global exposure of the Fund is calculated using the absolute VaR approach. The expected level of leverage for the Fund, calculated on the basis of the sum of the notionals, is 200%, whereas higher levels of leverage are possible.

Class Name and Class Currency	Class L EUR Acc	Class L USD Acc HSC	Class L GBP Acc HSC	Class L CHF Acc HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0522253292	LU0522253615	LU0522253706	LU0522254001
WKN	A1C1MR	A1C1MS	A1C1MT	A1C1MU
Clearstream Common Code	52225329	52225361	52225370	52225400
SEDOL	B3R8VW6	B3QVMS9	B3QK2C0	B3VR2Z9
MEX Code	RWMBRG	RWAPTR	JUTOTA	RWPTER

Citicode	L1C0	L1C2	L1C1	L1C3
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	11796019	11796021	11796024	11796026
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%	1.25%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.27%	0.27%	0.27%	0.27%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	CHF1,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€50	US\$50	£50	CHF50
Minimum Holding	€1,000	US\$1,000	£1,000	CHF1,000
Performance Fee	None.			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	CHF10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	No
Benchmark	1 month EURIBOR	1 month US Dollar LIBOR	1 month Sterling LIBOR	1 month CHF LIBOR
Benchmark Ticker Code	EUR001M	US0001M	BP0001M	SF0001M
Passive Currency Hedging	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

Class Name and Class Currency	Class I EUR Acc	Class I USD Acc HSC	Class I GBP Acc HSC	Class I CHF Acc HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0522254340	LU0522254423	LU0522254852	LU0522255156
WKN	A1C1MV	A1C1MW	A1C1MX	A1C1MY
Clearstream Common Code	52225434	52225442	52225485	52225515

				1
SEDOL	B3QKYV3	B3YYVS3	B3SH382	B3YJCJ6
MEX Code	RWBSRJ	JUTORE	JURETU	RWPITR
Citicode	L1C4	L1C6	L1C5	L1C7
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	11788183	11796099	11796100	11796101
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.21%	0.21%	0.21%	0.21%
Minimum Initial Investment	€10,000,000	US\$10,000,000	£10,000,000	CHF10,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€250,000	US\$250,000	£250,000	CHF250,000
Minimum Holding	€10,000,000	US\$10,000,000	£10,000,000	CHF10,000,000
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	CHF10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	Yes	No	Yes	No
Benchmark	1 month EURIBOR	1 month US Dollar LIBOR	1 month Sterling LIBOR	1 month CHF LIBOR
Benchmark Ticker Code	EUR001M	US0001M	BP0001M	SF0001M
Passive Currency Hedging	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

Class Name and Class Currency	Class D EUR Acc	Class D USD Acc HSC	Class D GBP Acc HSC	Class D CHF Acc HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0946217808	LU0946218012	LU0946218103	LU0946218368

WKN	A1W1DK	A1W1DL	A1W1DM	A1W1DN
Clearstream Common Code	094621780	094621801	094621810	094621836
SEDOL	BBPLT85	BBPLT96	BBPLTB8	BBPLTC9
MEX Code	JUERDA	JUERVN	JUERRE	JUERTO
Citicode	JEWL	JEWM	JEWN	JEWO
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	21700097	21700098	21700100	21700101
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%	0.65%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000	CHF1,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€100,000	US\$100,000	£100,000	CHF100,000
Minimum Holding	€1,000,000	US\$1,000,000	£1,000,000	CHF1,000,000
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	US\$10	£10	CHF10
Distribution Policy	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income	Accumulation of Income
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	Yes	No
Benchmark	1 month EURIBOR	1 month US Dollar LIBOR	1 month Sterling LIBOR	1 month CHF LIBOR
Benchmark Ticker Code	EUR001M	US0001M	BP0001M	SF0001M
Passive Currency Hedging	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

Class Name and Class Currency	Class L EUR	Class D EUR	Class L SEK	Class I SEK
	A Inc Dist	A Inc Dist	Acc HSC	Acc HSC
Securities Identification Number (ISIN)	LU0992293497	LU1074971372	LU1074971539	LU1074971455
WKN	A1W8AJ	A1170U	A1170T	A1170V
Clearstream Common Code	99229349	107497137	107497153	107497145
SEDOL	BGCZHQ9	BNY7SJ2	BNY7S47	BNY7SH0
MEX Code	JUAAAI	RWAAHB	RWAAGZ	RWAAHA
Citicode	JU8X	KKSR	ККЅР	KKSQ
Swiss Security Number (Valorennummer)	22816048	24811875	24810365	24810384
Initial Charge (up to)	5%	5%	5%	5%
Management Fee (up to)	1.25%	0.65%	1.25%	0.65%
Aggregate Operating Fee	0.27%	0.25%	0.27%	0.21%
Minimum Initial Investment	€1,000	€1,000,000	SEK 12,000	SEK 100,000,000
Minimum Incremental Investment	€50	€100,000	SEK 600	SEK 10,000,000
Minimum Holding	€1,000	€1,000,000	SEK 12,000	SEK 100,000,000
Performance Fee	None			
Initial Subscription Price at launch (before Initial Charge)	€10	€10	SEK 100	SEK 100
Distribution Policy	Annual dividend, if declared, with payment (i.e. no automatic reinvestment) by default		Accumulation of Income	
UK Reporting Fund	No	No	No	No
Benchmark	1 month EURIBOR		1 month Stockholm Interbank Offered Rate (STIBOR) in Swedish Krona	
Benchmark Ticker Code	EUR001M		SIBF1M	

Passive Hedging	Currency	No	Yes

Additional information specific to Jupiter Strategic Total Return

While the Fund aims to achieve long term total returns, there may be circumstances that negative returns could be generated. Investors should therefore not interpret the Fund's stated investment objective to mean or imply that total return is guaranteed.

Risk Factors specific to Jupiter Strategic Total Return

Investors should note that the Fund may use financial derivative instruments extensively for investment purposes rather than solely for hedging and efficient portfolio management. This flexibility is intended to enable the Investment Manager to meet the investment objective of the Fund. Such exposure may potentially lead to a high risk of substantial capital loss. There are specific risks associated with the use of financial derivative instruments for investment purposes, which may be summarised as follows:

- Leverage Risk Investment in financial derivative instruments can introduce leverage risks and lead to volatility. This is because typically such instruments require very low margin payment in relation to the amount of underlying exposure, and hence a small price movement in the value of the underlying security may lead to a significant loss or gain on the money actually invested in the financial derivative instrument.
- Directional Risk The Fund has the power to use derivative transactions for both hedging and/or efficient portfolio management and for pure investment purposes. It should be noted that while financial derivative instruments used for hedging purposes can reduce or eliminate losses, such use can also reduce or eliminate gains. When financial derivative instruments are used purely for investment purposes, the Fund will be directly exposed to the risks of the financial derivative instrument and any gains or losses on the financial derivative instrument will not be offset by corresponding losses or gains in other assets within the Fund.
- Short Selling Risk Although the Fund does not have the ability to enter into physical short positions of individual securities, it may use financial derivative instruments to enter into synthetic short positions. While such positions give the potential for the Fund to benefit from falling market prices, it also opens the Fund up to the risk of potentially total loss of the assets of the Fund until such time as the derivative positions are closed out, as there is no upper limit on the price to which the underlying security may rise.
- **Counterparty Risk** The Fund may enter into derivative transactions in Over-The-Counter markets that expose it to the creditworthiness of its counterparties and their ability to satisfy the terms of such contracts. Where a Fund enters into such derivative contracts, it will be exposed to the risk that the counterparty may default on its obligations to perform under the relevant contract. The Investment Manager will seek to minimise such risk by only entering into transactions with counterparties that it believes to have a high credit rating at the time the transaction is entered into, and by ensuring that formal legal agreements covering the terms of the contract are entered into in advance. In certain circumstances however the Investment Manager may be unable to enforce or rely on rights and obligations arising under such agreements. In the event of bankruptcy or insolvency the Fund may only have the rights of a general creditor and could therefore experience delays in liquidating the position and may incur significant losses. The Investment Manager may use one or more counterparties to undertake derivative transactions and may be required to pledge a Fund's assets as collateral against these transactions. The Investment Manager will seek to further reduce counterparty risk by settling profits or losses on open contracts on a weekly basis.
- Liquidity Risk A number of the financial derivative instruments that the Investment Manager is likely to use will be traded Over-The-Counter, rather than on recognised exchanges. There is risk with such investments, that the more bespoke they become and the more complex they become the harder it is to unwind the positions at market prices. However it is the intention of the Investment Manager to invest mainly in financial derivative instruments which have a liquid underlying investment that is traded on a recognised exchange in order to reduce the exposure to liquidity risk.
- Cash Flow Risk With most derivative contracts the counterparty will require the investor to place a margin payment with it at the outset of the contract, and this margin payment will be subject to additional top-ups if and when the market moves against the investor. There is a risk therefore that the Investment Manager will have insufficient cash in the Fund to meet the margin calls necessary to sustain its position in a derivative contract. In such circumstances the Investment Manager will either have to close out the position, or dispose of other assets in the Fund to raise the required margin call.

Definitions used in this Information Sheet

- 'EURIBOR' means the Euro InterBank Offered Rate;
- 'Sterling LIBOR' means the London InterBank Offered Rate denominated in Sterling;
- 'CHF LIBOR' means the London InterBank Offered Rate denominated in Swiss Francs; and
- 'US Dollar LIBOR' means the London InterBank Offered Rate denominated in US Dollars.