

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 001-32686  
VIACOM INC.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

20-3515052  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification Number)

1515 Broadway  
New York, NY 10036  
(212) 258-6000  
(Address, including zip code, and telephone number,  
including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered
Class A Common Stock, \$0.001 par value	NASDAQ Global Select Market
Class B Common Stock, \$0.001 par value	NASDAQ Global Select Market

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None  
(Title Of Class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§ 229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of the registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company  Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes  No

As of the close of business on March 29, 2018, the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, there were 49,431,181 shares of the registrant's Class A common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, and 352,971,713 shares of its Class B common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, outstanding. The aggregate market value of Class A common stock held by non-affiliates as of March 29, 2018 was approximately \$395.6 million (based upon the closing price of \$39.60 per share as reported by the NASDAQ Global Select Market on March 29, 2018, the last trading day of the quarter). The aggregate market value of Class B common stock held by non-affiliates as of March 29, 2018 was approximately \$10.9 billion (based upon the closing price of \$31.06 per share as reported by the NASDAQ Global Select Market on March 29, 2018, the last trading day of the quarter).

As of October 31, 2018, 49,430,905 shares of our Class A common stock and 353,437,986 shares of our Class B common stock were outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of Viacom Inc.'s Notice of 2019 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and Proxy Statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, are incorporated by reference into this Annual Report on Form 10-K (Portion of Item 5; Part III).

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PART I

Item 1. *Business.*

OVERVIEW

Viacom creates entertainment experiences that drive conversation and culture around the world. Through television, film, digital media, live events, merchandise and solutions, our brands connect with diverse, young and young at heart audiences in more than 180 countries. We operate through two reportable segments: *Media Networks* and *Filmed Entertainment*, each of which is described below.

In fiscal year 2018, we executed against three strategic priorities:

- First, we are driving share and margins in our core business. We are focused on increasing our share of viewership in our core domestic and international media networks business as well as in Paramount’s film and television production divisions.
  - In our *Media Networks* business, we have designated key “flagship” brands - *Nickelodeon*, *MTV*, *BET*, *Comedy Central* and *Paramount Network* - as our highest priority brands. Our flagship brands are unique from our other brands, in that they have compelling, valuable and distinct brand propositions; serve diverse, substantial audiences with content largely owned by us; and have global reach and multi-platform distribution potential across linear, digital, film, consumer products, and live events and experiences. We continue to pursue opportunities to bring the best of Paramount Pictures to our *Media Networks* business, and the best of our *Media Networks* business to Paramount Pictures, as part of our efforts to enhance cross-company collaboration.
  - In our *Filmed Entertainment* business, we are focused on developing films designed to appeal specifically to a targeted audience or to broad audiences, with appropriate budgets and revenue projections. We also continue to focus on creatively and efficiently managing our distribution and marketing costs. Paramount’s resurgence is evident in its box office success, thriving television production business, and seven straight quarters of year-over-year adjusted operating income improvement.
  - During 2018, we launched a program of cost transformation initiatives to improve our margins, including an organizational realignment of support functions across *Media Networks*, new sourcing and procurement policies, real estate consolidation and technology enhancements. See Note 14 of the Consolidated Financial Statements for a detailed discussion of the restructuring and related costs associated with the cost transformation initiatives.
- Second, we are transitioning to next-generation platforms and marketing solutions. We are packaging and monetizing our content across mobile, social, over-the-top (“OTT”) and other platforms, and via multiple business models, including ad-supported, free and authenticated owned-and-operated apps, direct-to-consumer standalone and bundled subscription services, and product and content-based transactional offerings. We have also developed, and continue to expand, an advanced advertising, data marketing and brand solutions business.
- Third, we are diversifying beyond our core business. We are extending the reach of our brands in the physical world through consumer products, live events, recreation and other similar experiences. In 2018, we launched a global consumer products group to manage our consumer products business across the Company, with oversight over product and business development, licensing, merchandising, retail sales and marketing. We have also launched a global, cross-portfolio *Media Networks* studio production initiative with the aim of leveraging our considerable intellectual property library to produce new, first-run, episodic content for third-party distributors.

We were organized as a Delaware corporation in 2005 in connection with our separation from CBS Corporation (“CBS”), which was effective January 1, 2006. Our principal offices are located at 1515 Broadway, New York, New York 10036. Our telephone number is (212) 258-6000 and our website is [www.viacom.com](http://www.viacom.com). Information included on or accessible through our website is not intended to be incorporated into this report. References in this document to “Viacom,” “Company,” “we,” “us” and “our” mean Viacom Inc. and our consolidated subsidiaries, unless the context requires otherwise.

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### MEDIA NETWORKS

#### Overview

Our *Media Networks* segment provides entertainment content, services and related branded products for consumers in targeted demographics attractive to advertisers, content distributors and retailers. We create, acquire, distribute and sell programming and other content for our audiences worldwide, distributed through cable, satellite and broadband services, on linear, streaming, on-demand and transactional bases, for viewing on a wide range of devices such as televisions, PCs, tablets, smartphones and other connected devices. The *Media Networks* segment also delivers advertising and marketing services under our advanced marketing solutions portfolio, which both utilizes advanced addressable video inventory to allow dynamic ad insertion and advanced targeting, and provides our marketing partners with a variety of consulting and creative services and associated activations. The *Media Networks* segment also licenses its brands and properties for consumer products and recreation experiences, produces live events and creates original programming for third-party distributors.

Globally, our *Media Networks* segment reaches approximately 4.4 billion cumulative television subscribers in more than 180 countries and 46 languages, via 314 locally programmed and operated television channels, including our multimedia brands Nickelodeon®, MTV®, BET®, Comedy Central®, Paramount Network®, Nick Jr.®, VH1®, TV Land®, CMT® and Logo®. Outside of the United States (the “U.S.”), Viacom International Media Networks (“VIMN”) operates the international extensions of our multimedia brands and our program services created specifically for international audiences, such as British public service broadcaster (“PSB”) Channel 5® and Milkshake!™ in the United Kingdom (“UK”), Telefe® in Argentina, Colors® in India and Paramount Channel™. In fiscal year 2018, our *Media Networks* segment launched 9 new channels, including in the UK, Japan, Italy and Portugal. “Cumulative television subscribers” is an aggregation of the total subscribers to (or viewers of, in the case of our free-to-air channels) each Viacom owned-and-operated, joint venture and licensee channel.

In fiscal year 2018, we launched our cross-Viacom studio production initiative in the form of a global network of production studios to produce premium episodic and film content. Domestically, this initiative is driven by studios housed under Nickelodeon, MTV and Comedy Central, and focused on utilizing our considerable intellectual property library to create long-form episodic content for third-party platforms. Internationally, this initiative is organized under Viacom International Studios (“VIS”), leveraging our international brands and platforms, including at Telefe in Argentina, Porta dos Fundos in Brazil and Elephant House Studios in the UK. VIS has produced several Spanish- and Portuguese-language shows for Netflix, Amazon, Fox and others.

Our *Media Networks* brands develop and operate an extensive portfolio of online, mobile and OTT experiences, including “TV Everywhere” and subscription apps that offer audiences long and short-form video content, games and interactive features, across shows, events, news, music, community, culture and, for our younger audiences, educational and learning activities. During the quarter ended September 30, 2018, our *Media Networks* online properties, in the aggregate, averaged approximately 37.1 million unique visitors per month domestically, and according to internal data, 612 million content streams each month.



In November 2017, we launched Viacom Digital Studios (“VDS”), to accelerate the production of original programming for consumption across the leading social platforms to build loyalty for, and engagement with, our flagship brands. In fiscal year 2018, VDS led a significant increase in the volume of original online content from MTV, BET, Comedy Central and Nickelodeon, with more than 600 hours of content published domestically, entered into partnerships with Snap Inc. and Twitter, and completed new talent deals. In fiscal year 2018, VDS programming included Nickelodeon’s new animated series *The JoJo and BowBow Show Show*; MTV’s *Basic to Bougie*; Snapchat shows *Promposal*, *Girl Code* and *Cribs*; BET’s *Excess*; and Comedy Central’s *Mini-Mocks* on Facebook Watch. VDS also launched successful franchises from our brands such as *Wild ‘N Out* and *Jersey Shore* on dedicated YouTube channels. Through the widespread dissemination of VDS-generated content across a variety of platforms, in the quarter ended September 30, 2018, VDS drove year-over-year increases in our branded programming’s aggregate number of social video views and minutes viewed by 108% and 194%, respectively.

In August 2018, we launched Viacom Digital Studios International (“VDSI”) with a focus on creating, distributing and monetizing digital content for our flagship brands outside of the U.S. VDSI currently has three production hubs, in New York City, Buenos Aires and London.

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In February 2018, we acquired VidCon, an innovative conference and festival celebrating online video, to drive additional growth at VDS and our live events business. In June 2018, we hosted our first Viacom-owned VidCon US. The flagship event drew attendance of over 74,000 and participation from an extensive array of online video platforms, creators, fans, industry executives and brands. VidCon is also growing internationally, including the second-annual VidCon Australia event in August 2018 and an upcoming expansion to London in February 2019.

### Media Networks Properties

Our most significant *Media Networks* properties are discussed below. Unless otherwise indicated, the domestic cumulative television subscriber numbers are according to Nielsen Company (US), LLC (“Nielsen”), the Internet monthly unique visitor data is according to comScore, Inc. (“comScore”) Media Metrix (U.S. data only), the content video stream data is according to internal data (U.S. data only) and the international reach statistics and the cumulative social media followers are derived from internal data coupled with external sources when available.



- Nickelodeon, now in its 39th year, is a diverse, global business and a recognized leader in kids and family entertainment. Nickelodeon has been the number-one-rated ad-supported basic cable network for 23 consecutive years, featuring leading original and licensed series for kids across animation, live-action and preschool genres. Nickelodeon produces and distributes television programming worldwide. Nickelodeon is a key part of Viacom’s global consumer products licensing business and licenses its brands for recreation experiences such as hotels and theme parks, as well as live events.
- Programming highlights in fiscal year 2018 included the return of the Nick classic *Double Dare*; the reimagined *Rise of the Teenage Mutant Ninja Turtles*; returning hits *The Loud House*, *Henry Danger*, *I am Frankie*, *Hunter Street*, *Lip Sync Battle Shorties*, *Alvin!!!* and *the Chipmunks*, *The Thundermans* and *SpongeBob SquarePants*; and tentpole events such as *Kids’ Choice Awards*, *Kids’ Choice Sports*, *The HALO Awards* and *Worldwide Day of Play*.
- Internationally, we have introduced new content models that have led to Nickelodeon’s first internationally originated, globally distributed, non-preschool, animated program *Pony*; our first Chinese-originated, animated program *Deer Run*; and a new telenovela *Noobeas*, a VIS co-production with Mediapro, which premiered in Latin America in September 2018.
- During the evening and overnight hours, Nick at Nite airs on the same linear cable channel on which Nickelodeon airs during the daytime, and features licensed contemporary family comedies, such as *Friends*, *Mom*, *George Lopez*, *The Goldbergs* and *Full House*.
- NOGGIN is Nickelodeon’s advertising-free, direct-to-consumer, OTT preschool video subscription service, featuring over 1,000 full-length library episodes, plus interactive play-along videos and short-form educational content. In May 2018, NOGGIN was added to Amazon’s Prime Video Channels lineup, expanding the digital footprint of Nickelodeon’s preschool programming.
- In fiscal year 2018, Nickelodeon launched its *SlimeFest* music festival in Chicago, IL, and announced its plans to build an indoor Nickelodeon theme park within the Mall of China, in Chongqing, China. Other live and recreation initiatives include increased international recreation-related partnerships; multiple *PAW Patrol* live tours around the world; and the live Broadway production of *SpongeBob SquarePants*, which in 2018 was nominated for 12 Tony Awards and won 4 Outer Critics Circle Awards, including “Outstanding New Broadway Musical,” and is currently on tour in the U.S.
- Nickelodeon Movies continues to deepen its partnership with Paramount, working together to develop a slate of branded films based on some of Nick’s most iconic franchises and characters.
- In October 2018, as part of its initiative to work with a wider array of marquee creative talent, Nickelodeon entered into an exclusive first-look deal with comedian, actor and television personality Kevin Hart. Through his production entity, HartBeat Productions, Kevin Hart will develop and produce live-action, scripted kids’ content for Nickelodeon.
- In September 2018, Nickelodeon and Nick at Nite reached approximately 601 million cumulative television subscribers in 177 countries worldwide, excluding branded programming blocks.

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- In the quarter ended September 30, 2018, our Nick online properties in the aggregate averaged 2.0 million monthly unique visitors domestically and, according to internal data, 47 million content video streams each month. Nickelodeon has approximately 295 million cumulative followers across social media platforms.



- MTV is a global youth culture brand that creates original music and pop culture content. MTV Play, a multi-platform video streaming offering for adults available in approximately 29 countries and territories, provides on-demand access to fans' favorite shows and live streaming of the MTV linear channel in support of our TV Everywhere partnerships.
- Programming highlights in fiscal year 2018 included *Teen Mom*, *Teen Mom II*, *Teen Mum*, *Ridiculousness*, *Are You The One?*, *Siesta Key* and *The Challenge* franchise. New series launches in fiscal year 2018 included *Ex on the Beach*, *Floribama Shore* and *Teen Mom: Young and Pregnant*. In April 2018, MTV launched *Jersey Shore: Family Vacation*, a new installment of the signature MTV hit *Jersey Shore*, which broke records as the most-watched unscripted debut on cable since 2012, with more than 10 million viewers tuning in over its premiere weekend. The *Jersey Shore* format has been adapted for our international audiences, with multiple versions around the world, including as *Geordie Shore* in the UK (now in its 18<sup>th</sup> season) and *Acapulco Shore* in Mexico, while the *Are You the One?* format has been adapted by MTV's local channels in Brazil and Mexico. In addition, we have imported our international programming formats to the U.S., such as *Ex on the Beach*, which originated in the UK and has become a global franchise with 14 local adaptations airing worldwide. We have also expanded our music franchises *Yo! MTV Raps* and *MTV Unplugged* internationally, and debuted new international shows, including *True Love or True Lies?* in the UK.
- MTV's signature programming event is the *MTV Video Music Awards*, which in 2018 drew 5.2 million viewers across its live linear simulcast. The *VMA*s video streams doubled between fiscal year 2017 and 2018 and reached 285 million viewers in 2018. MTV's additional annual tentpole programming events included the *MTV European Music Awards*, *MTV Movie and TV Awards*, *MTV MIAW*s (celebrating the best in Latin music and the digital world of the millennial generation) and *MTV Fandom Awards*. In June 2018, MTV hosted its 12<sup>th</sup> annual *Isle of MTV Malta* concert and Malta Music Week events.
- In September 2018, MTV reached approximately 987 million cumulative television subscribers in 180 countries worldwide.
- In the quarter ended September 30, 2018, our MTV online properties in the aggregate averaged approximately 7.6 million monthly unique visitors domestically and, according to internal data, approximately 55 million content video streams each month. MTV has approximately 252 million cumulative followers across social media platforms.



- BET is a leading consumer brand in the urban marketplace, and the nation's leading provider of entertainment, music, news and public affairs programming to African-American audiences. BET Play, a direct-to-consumer OTT offering for adults available in approximately 99 countries and territories, provides hundreds of hours of content, including BET original series, awards shows, stand-up comedy, reality shows and documentaries.
- Programming highlights in fiscal year 2018 included the premieres of the miniseries *The Bobby Brown Story*, *The Mane Event*, *In Contempt*, *Hit the Floor* (formerly on VH1) and *The Grand Hustle*; returning favorites such as *Tales* and *Being Mary Jane*; and acquisitions such as *A Different World*, *House of Payne* and *Martin*. BET's tentpoles and live events in 2018 included the sixth annual *BET Experience*, BET's weekend-long celebration of music, entertainment and Black culture and featured the *2018 BET Awards*, which included an award category for *Best International Act* for the first time; *Black Girls Rock*; *BET Hip Hop Awards*; the first-ever *BET Social Awards*; and *Soul Train Awards*. BET's programming received nine NAACP Image Awards nominations and two wins in fiscal year 2018.
- BET has a comprehensive, multi-year content partnership with award-winning writer, director, producer, actor and playwright Tyler Perry, that extends through 2024 and encompasses television, film and short-form video. In 2019,

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Tyler Perry will begin production on approximately 90 episodes annually of original drama and comedy series for BET and other Viacom networks, and we will have exclusive licensing rights on this programming, as well as exclusive distribution rights to Tyler Perry's short-form video content.

- In September 2018, BET reached approximately 220 million cumulative television subscribers in 75 countries worldwide.
- In the quarter ended September 30, 2018, our BET online properties in the aggregate averaged approximately 8.8 million monthly unique visitors domestically and, according to internal data, 10 million content video streams each month. BET has approximately 47 million cumulative followers across social media platforms.



- Comedy Central is a leading destination for comedic talent and all things comedy, featuring award-winning late night, sketch, scripted, animated and stand-up series and specials.
- Connecting with comedy fans through multiple touchpoints, Comedy Central also produces nationwide stand-up events and festivals, operates a Grammy Award-winning record label (Comedy Central Records), produces a global podcast network and operates Comedy Central Radio on SiriusXM.
- Programming highlights in fiscal year 2018 included *The Daily Show with Trevor Noah*, *South Park* and *Drunk History*, all of which have received Emmy Award nominations for outstanding series in their respective categories in the past; the series premiere of *Corporate*; new seasons of returning favorites such as *Broad City*, *Tosh.0*, *Detroiters*, *Nathan For You* and *Jeff Ross Presents: Roast Battle*; international versions of *Drunk History* and *Roast Battle*; specials such as the *Roast of* series; and acquisitions such as *BoJack Horseman*, *Archer*, *The Office* and *King of the Hill*.
- In 2016, Comedy Central launched the digital series *Trevor Noah's Between the Scenes*, featuring videos from *The Daily Show* in which Trevor Noah engages with the audience between segments. The series has received two Emmy Award nominations for Outstanding Short Form Variety Series in each of 2017 and 2018, winning the Emmy Award in 2017.
- In June 2018, Comedy Central hosted its second *Clusterfest*, a three-day festival in San Francisco that featured an unprecedented mix of world-class standup comedy, live music and experiential activities. Comedy Central Latin America hosted *Comedy Central Fests* in Mexico, Argentina and Colombia, featuring stand-up, lip sync battles and open mic events, among other formats. In September 2018, we launched our first-ever UK comedy festival, *CC Live*, which hosted thousands of fans over three days.
- *The Daily Show's Donald J. Trump Presidential Twitter Library*, a critically-acclaimed pop-up exhibit that debuted in New York in July 2017, has since toured or is touring Chicago, San Francisco, Los Angeles and Miami. A book based on the exhibit was published in July 2018 and has become a *New York Times* best-seller.
- In March 2018, Viacom entered into a strategic partnership with Day Zero Productions, an international production and distribution company led by Trevor Noah. Under the long-term deal, we will have exclusive "first-look" rights on all projects developed by Trevor Noah and Day Zero Productions in all media, including television, feature films, digital and short-form video content.
- In September 2018, Comedy Central reached approximately 377 million cumulative television subscribers in 149 countries worldwide.
- In the quarter ended September 30, 2018, our Comedy Central online properties in the aggregate averaged approximately 2.6 million monthly unique visitors domestically and, according to internal data, approximately 13 million content video streams each month. Comedy Central has approximately 145 million cumulative followers across social media platforms.

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- In January 2018, we launched the Paramount Network, a premier general entertainment brand targeting adults 18 to 49. Paramount Network aims to leverage the best in our original scripted and non-scripted programming, and feature high-quality original and third-party programming, movies and documentaries, and combat sports.
- Since its launch, Paramount Network programming has featured *Yellowstone*, a drama starring Kevin Costner and written and directed by critically-acclaimed screenwriter Taylor Sheridan, which was one of the most-watched scripted cable series of 2018 and the most-watched drama series premiere on ad-supported cable television since 2016, and which garnered more than 63 million social views and an average of 5.1 million weekly linear viewers during its nine-episode first season. The network also featured Emmy Award-nominated *Waco*, a drama focused on the Branch Davidians; the documentary *Rest in Power: The Trayvon Martin Story*; and new episodes of *Ink Master*, *Ink Angels*, *Bar Rescue*, *Bellator MMA* and the multi-platform global hit *Lip Sync Battle*.
- In September 2018, Paramount Network reached approximately 81 million cumulative television subscribers in the U.S. In addition, Paramount Network also operates in the UK, Spain and Andorra.
- In the quarter ended September 30, 2018, our Paramount Network online properties in the aggregate averaged approximately 864,000 monthly unique visitors domestically and, according to internal data, 7.9 million content video streams each month. Paramount Network has approximately 22 million cumulative followers across social media platforms.

## AWESOMENESS

- In July 2018, we acquired AwesomenessTV Holdings, a leading digital-first destination for original programming serving global Gen-Z audiences, with a network of more than 8 million cumulative followers across social media platforms. The acquisition expanded Viacom's portfolio of premiere entertainment brands, and further accelerated the digital transformation efforts within VDS.
- Awesomeness creates programming for various social and subscription video-on-demand ("SVOD") platforms and produces premium original series and films through its Emmy Award-winning dedicated television and film studios. The Awesomeness portfolio is strengthened by a branded content sales team, a creator network, a creative agency and a roster of talent relationships. According to Netflix, in 2018, Awesomeness film production *To All the Boys I've Loved Before* became one of its most viewed original films with strong repeat viewing. Awesomeness's fiscal year 2019 slate includes *Light as a Feather* and *Pen 15* on Hulu, season four of *Foursome* and the premiere of *Overthinking with Kat & June* on YouTube Premium, and the returning hit *Growing Up Ellen* on the brand's YouTube channel.



- Nick Jr. seeks to educate and entertain preschoolers, providing kids an opportunity to engage with characters they love while building their imaginations, gaining key cognitive and social-emotional skills and learning about the world around them. Nick Jr. offers parents and their kids entertaining and enriching activities geared toward their interests, ages and developmental levels.
- Programming highlights in fiscal year 2018 included the new series *Top Wing*; returning hits such as *Nella the Princess Knight*, *PAW Patrol*, *Blaze and The Monster Machines*, *Shimmer and Shine* and *Rusty Rivets*; and licensed originals such as *Peppa Pig*, *Teletubbies* and *Max & Ruby*.
- In September 2018, Nick Jr. reached approximately 226 million cumulative television subscribers in 150 countries worldwide.



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- In the quarter ended September 30, 2018, our Nick Jr. online properties in the aggregate averaged 2.1 million monthly unique visitors domestically and, according to internal data, 446 million content video streams each month. Nick Jr. has approximately 14 million cumulative followers across social media platforms.

## VH1

- VH1 is a leading lifestyle brand with pop culture, celebrities and lifestyle topics, including original series, exclusive events and entertainment news.
- Programming highlights in fiscal year 2018 included the critically-acclaimed original program *RuPaul's Drag Race*, which had the most-watched season in its 10-season history, received 12 Emmy Award nominations and won five Emmy Awards in 2018; the premiere of *Love & Hip Hop: Miami*, part of our *Love & Hip Hop* franchise; *Basketball Wives*, *Black Ink Crew*, *Hip Hop Squares*, *Martha and Snoop's Potluck Dinner Party*, *Safeword* and *Baller Wives*; and VH1's premier tentpole event *Hip Hop Honors*. In fiscal year 2019, VH1 will relaunch in the UK as a lifestyle and general entertainment channel, featuring the UK debut of its popular U.S. programming.
- In September 2018, VH1 reached approximately 275 million cumulative television subscribers in 109 countries worldwide.
- In the quarter ended September 30, 2018, our VH1 online properties in the aggregate averaged approximately 2.8 million monthly unique visitors domestically and, according to internal data, 28 million content video streams each month. VH1 has approximately 51 million cumulative followers across social media platforms.

## TV LAND

- TV Land features a mix of original programming, classic and contemporary television shows and specials that appeal to adults aged 25 to 54. The channel is split into two dayparts - TV Land Classic airs during weekdays with beloved series like *M\*A\*S\*H\**, and TV Land airs in the evening hours and on weekends, focusing on content that appeals to adults aged 40 and older.
- Programming highlights in fiscal year 2018 included returning original favorite *Younger*, which in 2018 experienced its highest-rated season to date, and licensed favorites such as *Everybody Loves Raymond*, *Two and a Half Men* and *The King of Queens*.
- In September 2018, TV Land reached approximately 85 million cumulative television subscribers, airing only in the U.S.
- In the quarter ended September 30, 2018, our TV Land online properties in the aggregate averaged approximately 315,000 monthly unique visitors domestically and, according to internal data, 3.2 million content video streams each month. TV Land has approximately 7 million cumulative followers across social media platforms.

## CMT

- CMT is a leading country music and lifestyle destination, offering a mix of original series, music events and specials. CMT also has a 24-hour linear music channel, CMT Music, and online radio station, CMT Radio.
- Programming highlights in fiscal year 2018 included the premiere of *Music City*; returning favorites *Steve Austin's Broken Skull Challenge* and *Dallas Cowboys Cheerleaders: Making the Team*; and tentpole events and music programming such as the *CMT Music Awards*, *CMT Artists of the Year* and *CMT Crossroads*.
- In September 2018, CMT reached approximately 109 million cumulative television subscribers in 6 countries worldwide.

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- In the quarter ended September 30, 2018, our CMT online properties in the aggregate averaged approximately 1.1 million monthly unique visitors domestically and, according to internal data, 1.5 million content video streams each month. CMT has approximately 13 million cumulative followers across social media platforms.



- Logo is a leading entertainment brand inspired by the LGBTQ community. Logo features one-of-a-kind personalities, shows, specials and unique stories.
- Programming highlights in fiscal year 2018 included three groundbreaking projects from Logo Documentary Films - *Light in the Water*, *Quiet Heroes* and *When the Beat Drops* - as well as licensed favorites such as *Will & Grace*. Logo Digital premiered *Portrait of a Queen*, as well as the digital series *Out Of The Closet*.
- In September 2018, Logo reached approximately 43 million cumulative television subscribers, airing only in the U.S.
- In the quarter ended September 30, 2018, our Logo online properties in the aggregate averaged approximately 1 million monthly unique visitors domestically and, according to internal data, 476,000 content video streams each month. Logo has approximately 3 million cumulative followers across social media platforms.



- Channel 5, a free-to-air PSB in the UK, and its affiliated channels air a broad mix of popular content, including factual programming, entertainment, reality, sports, acquired and original drama, and preschool programming through its award-winning Milkshake! brand. In August 2018, Channel 5 was named "Best Channel of the Year" at the Edinburgh Television Festival.
- Programming highlights in fiscal year 2018 included *Michael Palin in North Korea*, the *Jeremy Vine Show*, *Cruising with Jane McDonald*, which won a BAFTA award in the "Features" category, *Britain by Bike*, *Blind Date* and popular returning series such as *The Yorkshire Vet*, *GPs: Behind Closed Doors* and *Paddington Station 24/7*.
- In September 2018, Channel 5 reached approximately 181 million cumulative television subscribers in the UK.
- In the quarter ended September 30, 2018, according to internal data, our Channel 5 online properties in the aggregate averaged approximately 6 million monthly unique visitors and 78 million content streams each month. Channel 5 has approximately 1.3 million cumulative followers across social media platforms.



- Telefe is a leading free-to-air channel and one of the biggest content producers in Argentina, with 11 studios and more than 3,500 hours of content produced each year. Telefe studios co-produced nine films in fiscal year 2018.
- Programming highlights in fiscal year 2018 included national telenovelas such as *100 Days to Fall in Love*, *Sandro*, *Rhizoma Hotel* and *Straight to the Heart*; unscripted programs, including *Time to Talk* (an original production), *Por el mundo* and *Drunk History*; international telenovelas, including *El Sultan* and *Elif*; and original reality series such as *Family Food Fight*, *Bake Off*, *La Voz Argentina* and the *Susana Giménez* specials.
- In September 2018, Telefe reached approximately 25 million cumulative television subscribers in 22 countries worldwide.

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- In the quarter ended September 30, 2018, our Telefe online properties in the aggregate averaged approximately 2.6 million monthly unique visitors in Argentina and, according to internal data, 21 million content video streams each month. Telefe has approximately 16.8 million cumulative followers across social media platforms.



- Paramount Channel is a 24-hour movie channel featuring classic and contemporary films from the Paramount library and other Hollywood studios as well as domestic and international television series. Paramount Channel is available free-to-air in Italy, and on basic cable television in France, Hungary, Russia, Romania, Poland, various countries in South East Asia and various Latin American countries, including Brazil, Mexico, Chile and Argentina.
- In September 2018, Paramount Channel reached approximately 110 million cumulative television subscribers in 112 countries worldwide.



- Paramount+ is an advertising-free, premium video-on-demand service, featuring films from Paramount Pictures and hundreds of television episodes from Viacom's library. Available as an authenticated service or to customers of select subscription service providers, as of September 2018, Paramount+ was available in Sweden, Denmark, Norway and Finland.



- Colors is a highly-rated Hindi-language general entertainment pay television channel operated by our Viacom18 joint venture in India. Colors is available in India and over 60 additional countries, including the U.S., Canada, the UK, parts of Europe, the Middle East and North Africa, Asia Pacific and South-East Asia. Colors is available in the U.S. as Aapka Colors. The Colors brand is also extended to the English language through Colors Infinity, an English general entertainment channel, and to six Indian regional languages through regional general entertainment channels that feature fiction shows, reality programming and feature films.
- In addition, our Viacom18 joint venture operates two Hindi language channels under its brand Rishtey, which is a free-to-air Hindi general entertainment channel, and a pay television Hindi movie channel, Rishtey Cineplex. Viacom18 also owns and operates Voot, a digital video-on-demand platform featuring original and television content and children's programming, as well as content from MTV, Nickelodeon and Colors.
- Viacom18 Studios, Viacom18's filmed entertainment business, includes Viacom18 Motion Pictures, a fully-integrated motion pictures studio, and Tipping Point, a digital content unit. In fiscal year 2018, Viacom18 Motion Pictures delivered critically and commercially successful films, such as *Padmaavat*, which set Bollywood box office records, and *Manto*, which received critical acclaim from several major International film festivals, including the Toronto International Film Festival, BFI London Film Festival and Busan International Film Festival. Viacom18 Motion Pictures also partners with Paramount to market and distribute Paramount films for theatrical exhibition in the Indian sub-continent, including *Mission: Impossible - Fallout*.

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- Programming highlights in fiscal year 2018 included the 19<sup>th</sup> annual International Indian Film Academy Awards, *Filmfare*, *Bigg Boss* and *Naagin* on Colors and *Enga Vittu Mapillai*, *Alloy Bhubon Bora*, *Agni Sakshi*, *Lakshmi Baramma*, *Ghadge and Sun* and *Sur Nava Dhyas Nava* on Colors' regional channels.
- In September 2018, Colors and Rishtey reached approximately 614 million cumulative television subscribers in 107 countries worldwide.

In addition, our *Media Networks* properties include:



- TeenNick appeals to kids ages 6 to 11 and features Nickelodeon original live action hits, signature originals and The Splat, a programming block targeting millennials with iconic Nick library content from the 1990s.
- Nicktoons is a leading cartoon destination for kids featuring signature franchises and fan favorites, as well as the Nick Sports block.
- Nick Music is a 24-hour music video destination featuring a Nickelodeon-curated lineup which gives kids their favorite Top 40 hits from breakout artists and ever-popular hit-makers.



- MTV2 is a music and lifestyle destination with content targeting male millennials aged 12 to 34 and featuring original music and irreverent lifestyle programming.
- MTV Classic features a mix of fan-favorite series and music programming from MTV's history, with a special focus on the 1990s and early 2000s.
- MTV Live is a music-centric high-definition television channel.



- BET Her is the first network designed for black women, reflecting the lifestyle of today's African-American and multicultural adult viewer and delivering a variety of culturally relevant movies, series, music, live performances, specials and reality programming.
- BET Gospel features gospel music and spiritual programming.
- BET Hip Hop spotlights hip hop music programming and performances.

## **Media Networks Revenues**

Our *Media Networks* segment generates revenues in three categories: (i) the sale of advertising and marketing services, (ii) affiliate fees from distributors of our programming and program services and (iii) ancillary activities such as consumer products. In fiscal year 2018, advertising revenues, affiliate revenues and ancillary revenues were approximately 47%, 46% and 7%, respectively, of total revenues for the *Media Networks* segment.

Revenues from the *Media Networks* segment accounted for 77%, 76% and 79% of our revenues for the fiscal years 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively, after the elimination of intercompany revenues.

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### *Advertising Revenues*

Our Media Networks segment generates revenues from the sale of advertising and from marketing services. Our advertising revenues generally depend on the number of viewers and viewership demographics. Demand and pricing for our advertising depend on the attractiveness of our offerings to advertisers, viewership and overall market conditions.

Ratings and demographic information for advertising purposes are determined by third-party research companies such as Nielsen and comScore, sometimes also including third- and first-party data.

Our *Media Networks* properties appeal to various key audiences attractive to advertisers. For example, MTV appeals to young adults, Nickelodeon appeals to kids and their families and BET appeals to African-American audiences. We also drive additional demand for our advertising services through integrated sales of multi-platform advertising and marketing opportunities and through our integrated marketing services, providing unique branded content and custom sponsorship opportunities to our advertisers.

Domestically, we sell a certain amount of our advertising inventory in advance each year in the upfront market, and other inventory in the scatter market closer to the time a program airs. Upfront sales and pricing for each new cable broadcast year are largely established in our third fiscal quarter and reflected in advertising revenue principally beginning in the first quarter of our subsequent fiscal year as marketing plans are finalized and orders are fulfilled to deliver advertising across various programs and dayparts. Pricing for advertising within our programming is generally established based on projected impression delivery, which may be guaranteed on a fixed price per impression unit basis. For advertising sold based on impression guarantees, audience deficiency may result in an obligation to deliver subsequent additional units, thereby reducing inventory available for scatter sales. Scatter advertising is sold throughout the year at pricing reflecting market conditions at the time of sale and customization of services delivered. Most scatter advertising is sold based on impression guarantees. To the extent we do not satisfy contracted impression delivery, we record deferred revenue until such time that the impression guarantee has been satisfied.

Internationally, advertising markets vary by jurisdiction; however, we do not typically sell our inventory in advance in an upfront market. The majority of our international inventory is sold in the equivalent of the U.S. scatter market, and in a number of markets we are represented by third-party sales houses. The terms of these relationships vary. For example, in the UK, which is our largest market outside the U.S., we are represented by a third party to whom we sell the inventory on our television channels in the form of commercial impacts at a price calculated in accordance with a pre-arranged pricing metric, and the third party then resells those impacts to UK agencies and advertisers. In Argentina, our inventory is sold to advertisers either directly or through advertising agencies.

We continue to expand our product offerings to enable our customers and partners to better target and more broadly activate their advertising campaigns. Our Advanced Marketing Solutions portfolio consists of two main categories - Addressable Video and Brand Solutions.

*Addressable Video* consists of pools of inventory that we are aggregating and enabling within both multichannel video programming distributor (“MVPD”) and OTT environments, to allow for advanced targeting to fulfill the demand for next generation video ad products. This inventory generally resides in 1) our owned and operated websites and apps, which are distributed either on a stand-alone basis, or via connected device platforms such as Roku, Amazon Fire, or AppleTV; 2) MVPD apps, which are controlled by our distribution partners, who license Viacom content into their platforms and grant us ad insertion rights; or 3) advanced set top boxes, where addressable units are trafficked through the set-top box infrastructure against video-on-demand and live linear television feeds.

Our Viacom Vantage platform combines data from multiple sources, which may include both first- and third-party data, in a predictive environment to deliver enhanced consumer targeting and campaign measurement. In addition, we license our proprietary targeting and data science software underpinning Vantage to third parties to enable them to engage in linear optimization across their networks.

*Brand Solutions* consists of a bundle of consulting, creative services, and media activation, under four different product types: 1) Influencer Marketing, an end-to-end creative product distributed across social platforms and optimized for the mobile platform, which we take to market under the recently acquired WhoSay brand; 2) Shopper Marketing, which leverages Viacom’s intellectual property and extends reach to physical stores, providing Viacom access to trade and promotion budgets; 3) Branded Programming, which offers advertisers a range of executions, from off the shelf sponsorship of our digital-first productions, to custom content, sometimes taking the form of an original custom series underwritten by an advertiser; and 4)

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Experiential, which began with the BET Experience and has now grown to include several other properties including Comedy Central's *Clusterfest*, Nickelodeon's *Slimefest* and the recently acquired VidCon.

Our consortium with Fox Networks Group, NBCU, Turner and Univision - OpenAP - is the television industry's first open platform for cross-publisher audience targeting. OpenAP enables advertisers and agencies to define and customize the audiences they want to reach beyond traditional age/gender segments, across member networks, with consistent standards of measurement and independent third-party posting for advertising campaigns.

Our advertising revenues may be affected by the strength of advertising markets and general economic conditions, and may fluctuate depending on the success of our programming, as measured by viewership, at any given time. Measured viewership may vary based on the success of our programming (due to, among other things, the timing of new episodes related to our popular programming and the performance of competing programs and other entertainment alternatives), the platforms on which our programming is available, and variations related to the methods used by third parties to measure viewership. Advertising revenues may also fluctuate due to the timing of holidays and significant programming events such as awards shows and premieres. Typically, advertising revenues are highest in the first quarter of our fiscal year.

### ***Affiliate Revenues***

Our affiliate revenues are generated through fees from distributors of our programming and program services, such as cable television operators, direct-to-home satellite television operators, mobile networks and SVOD and other OTT services.

Our agreements with multichannel television service providers are generally multi-year carriage agreements with set rate increases. The amount of fees we receive is generally a function of the number of subscribers and the rates we receive per subscriber. Expirations of these affiliate agreements are staggered.

Under SVOD and other similar OTT agreements, we make certain programs available for distribution on one or more dates, and our revenue under these OTT agreements is recognized when the content has been delivered by us and is available for use by the licensee; therefore, revenue will fluctuate depending on the timing of when programming is delivered and made available throughout the license period.

### ***Ancillary Revenues***

Our *Media Networks* ancillary revenues are principally derived from (i) our consumer products activities, which include licensing our brands and intellectual property, as well as creation and publishing of interactive games across various platforms (including mobile devices, PCs and consoles), (ii) recreation experiences and live events, (iii) viewing of our programming on a transactional basis through transactional video-on-demand ("TVOD") and through electronic sell-through services and the sale of DVDs and Blu-ray discs and (iv) television syndication of our content.

Our ancillary revenues vary based on consumer spending, the popularity of our programming and intellectual property, and the volume of content available during a particular period.

### **Media Networks Competition**

Our media networks generally compete with other widely distributed cable networks, broadcast television networks and digital programming services and platforms. Our media networks compete for advertising revenue with other cable and broadcast television networks, social media platforms, other connected outlets such as websites, apps and other online experiences, radio programming and print media. Each programming service competes for audience share with other programming services that target or include the same audience. For example, Nickelodeon's programming and services compete for younger viewers, and BET's programming and services compete for consumers of African-American culture, with other entertainment services, including cable and broadcast networks, digital distribution outlets and other content platforms. We also compete with other cable networks for affiliate fees and distribution. Our networks compete with other content creators for directors, actors, writers, producers and other creative talent and for new program ideas and the acquisition of popular programming. Competition from these sources may affect our revenues and costs.

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### FILMED ENTERTAINMENT

#### Overview

Our *Filmed Entertainment* segment develops, produces, finances, acquires and distributes films, television programming and other entertainment content through its Paramount Pictures®, Paramount Players™, Paramount Animation® and Paramount Television™ divisions, in various markets and media worldwide. It partners on various projects with key Viacom brands, including Nickelodeon Movies, MTV Films and BET Films.

Films produced, acquired and/or distributed by the *Filmed Entertainment* segment are generally first exhibited theatrically in domestic and/or international markets and then released in various markets through airlines and hotels, electronic sell-through, DVDs and Blu-ray discs, TVOD, pay television, SVOD, cable and free television. In fiscal year 2018, the *Filmed Entertainment* segment released 9 films theatrically, including *Mission: Impossible - Fallout*, *A Quiet Place*, *Daddy's Home 2* and *Book Club*.



Paramount Pictures is a major global producer and distributor of filmed entertainment and has an extensive library consisting of approximately 1,200 film titles produced by Paramount, acquired rights to approximately 2,200 additional films and a number of television programs. Paramount's library includes many Academy Award winners, including *Titanic*, *Braveheart*, *Forrest Gump*, *The Godfather*, *The Godfather Part II* and *Wings*, which won the first Academy Award ever awarded for Best Picture in 1929, and other Academy Award Best Picture nominees such as *Arrival*, *Fences*, *The Big Short*, *Selma* and *The Wolf of Wall Street*. The Paramount library also includes classics such as *The Ten Commandments*, *Breakfast at Tiffany's* and *Sunset Boulevard* and a number of successful franchises such as *Mission: Impossible*, *Transformers*, *Star Trek* and *Paranormal Activity*.



Paramount Players aims to expand Paramount's slate of films by partnering with our *Media Networks* flagship brands to develop, produce and release distinctive feature films in order to bring more of our leading brands to movie audiences around the world. These co-branded films are distributed by Paramount with a unique emphasis on marketing campaigns and integrations benefiting from the global reach of our flagship networks. Paramount Players also focuses on smaller budget films for specific genres and target audiences. *Nobody's Fool*, Tyler Perry's first feature film with Paramount Players and BET Films, was released in November 2018, and Paramount Players expects to theatrically release three additional films in fiscal year 2019, including *What Men Want* and *Dora the Explorer*, a live-action adaptation of the classic Nickelodeon series that is being co-produced with Nickelodeon Movies.

#### Paramount Animation

Paramount Animation creates high-quality animated films and aims to release one to two titles per year. Upcoming releases include *Wonder Park*, a film about the adventures of a young girl in a magical amusement park, expected to be released in 2019, and *Spongebob 3* and *Monster on the Hill*, both expected to be released in 2020. We anticipate that *Wonder Park* will be followed by a *Wonder Park* television series on Nickelodeon.



Paramount Television develops and finances a wide range of original, premium television content across all types of media platforms for distribution worldwide. Paramount Television's productions include *The Alienist* for TNT, *Tom Clancy's Jack Ryan* for Amazon, *13 Reasons Why* and *Maniac* for Netflix and *Berlin Station* and *The Contender* for EPIX. Paramount Television's fiscal year 2019 slate includes *The Haunting of Hill House* for Netflix, *Catch-22* for Hulu, *Boomerang* for BET and *First Wives Club* for Paramount Network. In 2018, Paramount Television's programming received nine Emmy Award nominations.

### **Film Production, Distribution and Financing**

Paramount produces many of the films it releases and also acquires films for distribution from third parties. In some cases, Paramount co-finances and/or co-distributes films with third parties, including other studios. Paramount also enters into film-specific financing and slate financing arrangements from time to time under which third parties participate in the financing of the costs of a film or group of films, typically in exchange for a partial copyright interest. Paramount distributes films worldwide or in select territories or media, and may engage third-party distributors for certain pictures in certain territories.

Paramount has several multi-picture production, distribution and financing relationships, including its recently extended agreement with Skydance Productions ("Skydance") and a new overall deal with Hasbro Inc. ("Hasbro"). Under the Skydance agreement, Paramount and Skydance will continue to work together to produce and finance certain Paramount films, and Paramount has a first look on Skydance-initiated projects, including animated films. Paramount's agreement with Hasbro involves the production, financing and distribution of live action and animated films based on Hasbro's expansive list of properties. Paramount and Hasbro will also continue to work together on the *Transformers* and *G.I. Joe* franchises, including the first *Transformers* spinoff - *Bumblebee* - which is scheduled for theatrical release in December 2018.

Domestically, Paramount generally performs marketing and distribution services for theatrical releases and sales and marketing services for its home entertainment releases. Paramount has an agreement with Universal Studios for certain back-office and distribution services for all physical DVD and Blu-ray discs released by Paramount in the U.S. and Canada. Paramount also distributes CBS's television and other library content on DVD and Blu-ray disc on a worldwide basis under an agreement that runs through 2020.

Internationally, Paramount generally distributes its theatrical releases through its own international affiliates or, in territories where it does not have an operating presence, through United International Pictures, a joint venture with Universal Studios, or third-party distributors. For home entertainment releases, Paramount's physical DVD and Blu-ray discs are distributed in certain international territories by Universal Pictures Home Entertainment and in certain other territories by Paramount licensees.

Paramount also distributes films domestically and internationally on electronic sell-through, TVOD, SVOD and television platforms. In the first domestic pay television distribution window, Paramount's feature films initially theatrically released in the U.S. are generally exhibited on EPIX, a multi-platform premium entertainment service.

Producing, marketing and distributing films and television programming can involve significant costs, and the timing of a film's release can cause our financial results to vary. For example, marketing costs are generally incurred before and throughout the theatrical release of a film and, to a lesser extent, other distribution windows, and are expensed as incurred. As a result, we typically incur losses with respect to a particular film prior to and during the film's theatrical exhibition, and recoupment of investment as well as profitability for the film may not be realized until well after its theatrical release. Therefore, the results of the *Filmed Entertainment* segment can be volatile as films work their way through the various distribution windows.

### **Filmed Entertainment Revenues**

Our *Filmed Entertainment* segment generates revenues in four categories: (i) the release and/or distribution of films theatrically, (ii) the release and/or distribution of film and television product through home entertainment, (iii) the licensing of film and television product to television and digital platforms and (iv) other ancillary activities. In fiscal year 2018, theatrical revenues, home entertainment revenues, licensing revenues and ancillary revenues were approximately 23%, 20%, 50% and 7%, respectively, of total revenues for the *Filmed Entertainment* segment.



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Revenues from the *Filmed Entertainment* segment accounted for 23%, 24% and 21% of our revenues for the fiscal years 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively, after the elimination of intercompany revenues.

### **Theatrical Revenues**

Paramount generates revenues worldwide from the theatrical distribution of films, primarily from audience ticket sales, including 3D and/or IMAX tickets that are generally sold at premium pricing. Our theatrical release strategy generally aims to develop films designed to appeal specifically to a targeted audience or to broad audiences, with appropriate budgets and projected revenue.

Each film is a separate and distinct product with its revenues, and ultimate profitability, dependent upon many factors, among which domestic and international audience response is of fundamental importance. Theatrical revenues may also be affected by the number, timing and mix of releases and competitive offerings in any given period, consumer tastes and consumption habits, and overall economic conditions, including trends in discretionary spending. The theatrical success of a film is a significant factor in determining the revenues it is likely to generate in home entertainment markets and licensing arrangements for television and other platforms. Revenues from theatrical film releases tend to be cyclical with increases in the summer months during our fourth quarter.

In fiscal year 2018, Paramount theatrically released in domestic and/or international markets *Mission: Impossible - Fallout*, *A Quiet Place*, *Daddy's Home 2*, *Book Club*, *Sherlock Gnomes*, *Annihilation*, *Downsizing*, *Action Point*, *Same Kind of Different as Me* and *Suburbicon*. In addition to *Nobody's Fool* and *Overlord*, which were released in November 2018, Paramount's fiscal year 2019 slate is expected to include *Instant Family*, *Bumblebee*, *What Men Want*, *Wonder Park*, *Pet Sematary*, *Rocketman* and *Dora the Explorer*.

### **Home Entertainment Revenues**

Home entertainment revenues are derived from the worldwide sales and distribution of DVDs and Blu-ray discs relating to the films released theatrically by Paramount and programming of other Viacom brands such as Nickelodeon, MTV, Comedy Central and BET, as well as certain acquired films and content distributed on behalf of third parties such as CBS. Home entertainment revenues are also derived from the viewing of our films on a transactional basis through TVOD and electronic sell-through services around the world, for a fee and/or on a revenue-sharing basis.

Our home entertainment revenues may be affected by the number, timing and mix of releases and competitive offerings in any given period, consumer tastes and consumption habits, the prominence given by distributors and retailers to our releases compared to those of our competitors, and overall economic conditions, including trends in discretionary spending.

Key home entertainment releases in fiscal year 2018 included *Daddy's Home 2* and *A Quiet Place*.

### **Licensing Revenues**

Paramount generates fees by licensing, around the world on a territory-by-territory basis, films and television programs produced, acquired or distributed by Paramount, for a fee or on a revenue-sharing basis, to SVOD, pay and basic cable television, free television and free video-on-demand services.

Revenue from the licensing of film and television exhibition rights is recognized upon availability for airing by the licensee and will fluctuate depending on the number and mix of available titles in any given territory.

Licensing revenues in fiscal year 2018 were generated from licensing of films, including *The Cloverfield Paradox*, *Transformers: The Last Knight*, *Mission Impossible: Rogue Nation*, *Daddy's Home 2*, *Daddy's Home* and *Baywatch*, and from distribution of Paramount Television titles, including *Jack Ryan*, *13 Reasons Why*, *The Alienist*, *Shooter* and *Berlin Station*.

### **Ancillary Revenues**

Paramount generates ancillary revenues by providing production and facilities services to third parties, primarily at Paramount's studio lot. Paramount also generates ancillary revenues by licensing its brands for consumer products, themed restaurants, hotels and resorts, live stage plays, film clips and theme parks and other location-based entertainment projects.

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### Filmed Entertainment Competition

Our *Filmed Entertainment* segment's competitive position primarily depends on the amount and quality of the content it produces, its distribution and marketing success and public response. It competes for audiences for its films, television programming and other entertainment content with releases by other major film studios, television producers and OTT services. It also competes with other forms of entertainment and consumer spending outlets. We also compete for creative talent, including producers, actors, directors and writers, and new film and television projects, all of which are essential to our success. Our film brands also compete with studios and other producers of entertainment content for distribution on third-party platforms. Competition from these sources may affect our revenues and costs.

### SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Viacommunity is the global umbrella covering all of Viacom's social impact and purpose-driven initiatives. By leveraging Viacom's culture of diversity and creativity, Viacommunity offers programs that empower, engage and inspire our employees, audiences and company to make a difference in the global communities we serve.

Following are just a few examples of our efforts:



Viacommunity Day, our global day of service, offers over 100 opportunities for thousands of employees across Viacom, in 25 countries, to join together to volunteer in our communities each year. From beautifying local parks to mentoring youth in schools to assembling kits for those in need and promoting many other types of volunteer activities, Viacommunity Day has long been a tradition for Viacom employees, celebrating its 22<sup>nd</sup> year in 2018.



In partnership with Viacom, Get Schooled leverages the power of pop culture to inspire and empower students to graduate from high school and succeed in college. Get Schooled partners with over 2,000 middle and high schools, and engages close to two million students, nationwide and has been recognized by Fast Company as a "Most Innovative Company."



The VH1 Save The Music Foundation is a nonprofit organization dedicated to restoring instrumental music education programs in America's public schools, and raising awareness about the importance of music as part of each child's complete education. Founded in 1997, VH1 Save The Music has donated more than \$56 million worth of new musical instruments to 2,100 public schools in 261 school districts around the country, impacting the lives of more than three million public school students.



Nickelodeon encourages kids to get up and get active on its annual Worldwide Day of Play by suspending programming for three hours in the afternoon across its platforms while thousands of local partners nationwide host activities focused on "just" playing. *The Road to Worldwide Day of Play* campaign, underway throughout each summer, travels to communities where kids are hometown heroes making play happen.

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Paramount has a long and proud tradition of giving back with a corporate social responsibility program focused on four key initiatives: supporting public education; protecting the environment; combating HIV/AIDS; and promoting volunteerism. By offering employee engagement opportunities, coupled with financial and in-kind contributions, Paramount supports numerous local, national, and global non-profit organizations. Kindergarten to Cap & Gown - Paramount's signature education program - mentors students through their educational experience, targeting four partner schools in Paramount's Los Angeles neighborhood.



Talent for Good, our skills-based employee volunteering program, leverages the knowledge and power of Viacom's workforce to assist organizations striving to impact social change. In partnership with Catchafire (a nonprofit skills-based volunteer matching service), the program offers employees the opportunity to hone their skills and forge lasting relationships both across Viacom and with local organizations, while giving back to worthy causes. To date, Talent for Good has engaged more than 700 Viacom employees domestically and assisted many nonprofit organizations across the U.S.



In August 2018, Paramount Network launched its first-ever *Stories Matter - Storytelling Lab* initiative, which aims to install filmmaking and editing equipment in schools across underrepresented communities in the U.S. Paramount Network plans to bring the best of the *Storytelling Lab* stories to its audiences, online and on television, to amplify these untold stories.



VIMN's multi-award-winning MTV Staying Alive Foundation engages in fighting the stigma, spread and threat of the HIV and AIDS epidemic globally by creating engaging media content such as *MTV Shuga* and funding youth-led, grassroots prevention projects.



MTV's Emmy Award-winning "Look Different" campaign helps America's youth better recognize and challenge hidden racial, gender and anti-LGBT biases, empowering them to create a more equal future.

## **REGULATION AND PROTECTION OF OUR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY**

We are, fundamentally, a media content company, so the trademark, copyright, patent and other intellectual property laws that protect our brands and entertainment content are of paramount importance to us. Our businesses and the intellectual property they create or acquire are subject to and affected by laws and regulations of U.S. federal, state and local governmental authorities, as well as laws and regulations of countries other than the U.S. and pan-national bodies such as the European Union

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(“EU”). The laws and regulations affecting our businesses are constantly subject to change as are the protections that those laws and regulations afford us. The discussion below describes certain, but not all, present and proposed laws and regulations affecting our businesses.

### **Certain Regulations Affecting Our Business**

#### *Children’s Programming*

Our business is subject to various regulations, both in the U.S. and abroad, applicable to children’s programming. Since 1990, federal legislation and rules of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (the “FCC”) have limited the amount and content of commercial matter that may be shown on cable channels during programming designed for children 12 years of age and younger, and since 2006 the FCC has limited the display of certain commercial website addresses during children’s programming. In July 2018, the FCC initiated rulemaking to revise its children’s programming rules. We are participating in that process. In addition, some policymakers have sought limitations on food and beverage marketing in media popular with children and teens. For example, restrictions on the television advertising of foods high in fat, salt and sugar (“HFSS”) to children aged 15 and under have been in place in the UK since 2007. The UK government is currently considering tighter controls, including a ban on all HFSS advertising before 9:00 p.m. Various laws with similar objectives have also been enacted in Ireland, Turkey, Mexico, Chile, Peru, Taiwan and South Korea, and significant pressure for similar restrictions continues to be felt globally, most acutely in Australia, Brazil, Canada, Colombia, India, Slovenia, South Africa and France. The implementation of these or similar limitations and restrictions could have a negative impact on our *Media Networks* advertising revenues, particularly for our networks with programming for children and teens.

#### *Global Data Protection Laws and Children’s Privacy Laws*

A number of data protection laws impact, or may impact, the manner in which Viacom collects, processes and transfers personal data. Most notably, the EU’s General Data Protection Regulation (“GDPR”), which went into effect in May 2018, expands data protection compliance obligations and authorizes significantly increased fines for noncompliance, requiring additional compliance resources and efforts on our part. Further, a number of other regions where we do business, including the U.S., Asia, and Latin America, have enacted or are considering new data protection regulations that may impact our business activities that involve the processing of personal data. In addition, some of the mechanisms Viacom relies upon for the transfer of personal data from the EU to the U.S., such as utilizing standard contractual clauses approved by the European Commission (“EC”), have been subject to legal challenges, and the EU-U.S. Privacy Shield framework, which permits the transfer of personal data from the EU to the U.S., is subject to review by the relevant EU and U.S. authorities. The outcomes of these proceedings are uncertain and may require changes to our international data transfer mechanisms.

In addition, we are subject to other laws and regulations intended specifically to protect the interests of children, including the privacy of minors online. The U.S. Children’s Online Privacy Protection Act (“COPPA”) limits the collection by operators of websites or online services of personal information online from children under 13 years of age. In addition to COPPA, the EU’s GDPR also limits our ability to process data from children under the age of 16. We have been required to limit some functionality on our websites and apps as a result of these regulations. Such regulations also restrict the types of advertising we are able to sell on these sites and apps and impose strict liability on us for certain actions of Viacom, advertisers and other third parties, which could affect advertising demand and pricing. State and federal policymakers are also considering regulatory and legislative methods to protect consumer privacy on the Internet, and these efforts have focused particular attention on children and teens.

Compliance with enhanced data protection laws requires additional resources and efforts on our part, and noncompliance with personal data protection regulations could result in increased regulatory enforcement and significant monetary fines.

#### *EU Commission’s Digital Single Market Strategy*

The EC continues to pursue its Digital Single Market (“DSM”) Strategy, which contains a broad range of proposals designed to create a more complete EU-wide market for digital goods and services, several of which are likely to impact Viacom’s businesses. The territorial nature of copyright has been identified by the EC as one of the main barriers to a single European market, and there has been strong pressure from politicians to undermine content owners’ commercial freedom to distribute exclusively on a territorial basis.

The EC published DSM-related legislative proposals in each of May 2016 and September 2016. Several of these proposals are of particular relevance to Viacom’s business practices in Europe given their impact on content owners’ exclusive control over distribution decisions for film and television productions. In June 2017, the Portability Regulation went into effect, requiring

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online content providers to ensure that their subscribers can access content while temporarily in another EU country. Another regulation currently under consideration by the EU Parliament and Council seeks to extend the EU Satellite and Cable Directive to permit EU-wide licenses for rights included in broadcasters' online ancillary services, with the aim of making it easier for platforms to respond to passive sales requests for those services from other EU countries without contravening copyright law. A further proposal would entitle talent to seek additional non-contractual compensation through the courts for highly-successful works, which would raise our operating expenses.

The EC has adopted a number of reforms to the Audio-Visual Media Services Directive, which sets content and advertising rules for European broadcasters. The revised Directive is expected to become effective at the end of 2018, followed by a 21-month implementation period for states to adopt the regulations at the national level. A liberalization of advertising minutage restrictions on linear channels could cause shifts of advertising spending between broadcasters with an adverse impact on some of our international channels in certain EU countries. In addition, changes to the operation of the 'country of origin' rule, which allows pan-EU broadcasters to be regulated in a single EU jurisdiction, could increase scrutiny of our licensing location decisions, and allow countries to impose levies on services licensed outside of their jurisdiction.

### *Restrictions on Content Distribution*

In addition to the regulations regarding territorial licensing in the EU discussed above, numerous countries around the world impose restrictions on the amount and nature of content that may be distributed in that country.

Such regulations in China have the greatest impact, as only 34 foreign films, as selected by relevant authorities in China, may be distributed annually on a revenue share basis based on box office performance. In addition, in September 2018, China's film and television regulator, the National Administration of TV and Radio, published proposed regulations that would severely limit the streaming and broadcasting of foreign film and television content in China, further reducing foreign access to the Chinese market.

### *UK Regulations Affecting Channel 5 Business*

As a PSB in the UK, Channel 5 is subject to certain OFCOM broadcasting regulations that impose detailed obligations including mandating the proportion of total programming and programming during peak hours that must be original productions; the hours devoted to news and current affairs; and the proportion of commissioned programming that must be made by independent producers. Channel 5 has also undertaken to air a certain amount of UK-originated children's programming. Like all UK broadcasters, Channel 5 must abide by the OFCOM Broadcasting Code, which contains content and scheduling regulations relating to harm and offense, protection of individuals under the age of 18, privacy, fairness and product placement, and by OFCOM's Code on the Scheduling of Television Advertising, which contains regulations on the amount and scheduling of advertising.

### *Program Access*

Under the U.S. Communications Act of 1934, as amended, vertically integrated cable programmers are generally prohibited from entering into exclusive distribution arrangements or offering different prices, terms or conditions to competing MVPDs unless the differential is justified by certain permissible factors set forth in the regulations promulgated by the FCC. Our wholly-owned program services are not currently subject to these program access rules. Because we and CBS are under common control, each company's businesses, as well as the businesses of any other commonly controlled company, may be attributable to the other companies for purposes of the program access rules, and therefore the businesses and conduct of CBS could have the effect of making us subject to the rules. If Viacom or its programming agreements were to become subject to the program access rules, our flexibility to negotiate the most favorable terms available for our content and our ability to offer cable television operators exclusive programming could be adversely affected.

### **Protecting our Content from Copyright Theft**

The unauthorized reproduction, distribution, exhibition or other exploitation of copyrighted material interferes with the market for copyrighted works and disrupts our ability to distribute and monetize our content. The theft of films, television and other entertainment content presents a significant challenge to our industry, and we take a number of steps to address this concern. Where possible, we make use of technological protection tools, such as encryption, to protect our content. We are actively engaged in enforcement and other activities to protect our intellectual property, including: monitoring online destinations that distribute or otherwise infringe our content and sending takedown or cease and desist notices in appropriate circumstances; using filtering technologies employed by some user-generated content sites; and pursuing litigation and referrals to law enforcement with respect to websites and other online platforms that distribute or facilitate the distribution and exploitation of

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our content without authorization. Through partnerships with various organizations, we also are actively involved in educational outreach to the creative community, labor unions, state and federal government officials and other stake holders in an effort to marshal greater resources to combat copyright theft. Additionally, we participate in various industry-wide enforcement initiatives, public relations programs and legislative activities on a worldwide basis. We have had notable success with site-blocking efforts in Europe and Asia, which can be effective in diverting consumers from piracy platforms to legitimate platforms.

Notwithstanding these efforts and the many legal protections that exist to combat piracy, the proliferation of content theft and technological tools with which to carry it out continue to be a challenge. The failure to maintain enhanced legal protections and enforcement tools and to update those tools as threats evolve could make it more difficult for us to adequately protect our intellectual property, which could negatively impact its value and further increase the costs of enforcing our rights as we continue to expend substantial resources to protect our content.

## **INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY**

We create, own and distribute intellectual property worldwide. It is our practice to protect our films, programs, content, brands, formats, characters, games, publications and other original and acquired works, and ancillary goods and services. The following brands, logos, trade names, trademarks and related trademark families are a few of those strongly identified with the product lines they represent and are significant assets of the Company: Viacom®, Nickelodeon®, Nick Jr.®, MTV®, BET®, Comedy Central®, Paramount Network®, Nick at Nite®, Nicktoons®, TeenNick®, MTV2®, MTV Classic®, VH1®, CMT®, TV Land®, Logo®, Channel 5® (UK), Milkshake!™, Telefe® (Argentina), Colors®, SPIKE®, Paramount Channel™, MTV Live™, BET Networks®, BET Her™, BET Gospel®, BET Hip Hop®, Tr3s®, Paramount Pictures®, Paramount Players™, Paramount Animation®, Paramount Television™, Paramount Vantage®, Paramount Classics®, Insurge Pictures®, MTV Films®, Nickelodeon Movies™, SLIME®, AwesomenessTV®, WhoSay®, VidCon®, Viacom Digital Studios™, Viacom Vantage™, Viacom Velocity™ and other domestic and international program services and digital properties.

## **EMPLOYEES AND LABOR MATTERS**

As of September 30, 2018, we employed approximately 10,400 full-time and part-time employees worldwide, and had approximately 960 additional project-based staff on our payroll. We also use many other temporary employees in the ordinary course of our business.

Our *Filmed Entertainment* segment, through in-house, affiliated and third-party production service companies, engages the services of writers, directors, performers, musicians and various crew members who are subject to certain industry-wide and/or specially negotiated collective bargaining agreements. The Alliance of Motion Picture and Television Producers is a multi-employer trade association, which, along with and on behalf of hundreds of member companies including Paramount Pictures, negotiates the industry-wide collective bargaining agreements with these parties. Certain collective bargaining agreements that apply to specific companies have been negotiated in the past, and we expect will be negotiated as the need arises in the future.

Our *Media Networks* segment, through in-house and third-party production service companies, engages for certain of our productions the services of writers, directors, performers, musicians and various crew members who are subject to certain specially negotiated collective bargaining agreements or one-off agreements. Since these agreements are entered into on a per-channel or per-project basis, negotiations occur on various agreements throughout the year.

Any dispute with the labor organizations that represent any of these parties could disrupt our operations and reduce our revenues.

## **AVAILABLE INFORMATION**

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy and information statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and any amendments to such reports filed with or furnished to the SEC pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, will be available free of charge on our website at [www.viacom.com](http://www.viacom.com) (under "Investor Relations") as soon as reasonably practicable after the reports are filed with the SEC. These documents are also available on the SEC's website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov).

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**OUR EXECUTIVE OFFICERS**

The following table sets forth the name, age and position of each person who serves as a Viacom executive officer.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Position</u>
Robert M. Bakish	54	President and Chief Executive Officer; Director
Christa A. D’Alimonte	49	Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary
Wade Davis	46	Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer
DeDe Lea	54	Executive Vice President, Global Government Affairs

Information about each of our executive officers is set forth below.

Robert M. Bakish	Mr. Bakish has been our President and Chief Executive Officer and a member of our Board of Directors since December 2016, having served as Acting President and Chief Executive Officer beginning November 2016. Mr. Bakish joined the predecessor of Viacom in 1997 and has held leadership positions throughout the organization, including as President and Chief Executive Officer of Viacom International Media Networks and its predecessor company, MTV Networks International (“MTVNI”), from 2007 to 2016; President of MTVNI; Executive Vice President, Operations and Viacom Enterprises; Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, MTV Networks Advertising Sales; and Senior Vice President, Planning, Development and Technology. Before joining Viacom’s predecessor, Mr. Bakish was a partner with Booz Allen Hamilton in its Media and Entertainment practice. Mr. Bakish has served as a director of Avid Technology, Inc. since 2009.
Christa A. D’Alimonte	Ms. D’Alimonte has been our Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary since April 2017. Prior to that, she was Senior Vice President, Deputy General Counsel and Assistant Secretary beginning November 2012. Prior to joining Viacom, Ms. D’Alimonte was a partner of Shearman & Sterling LLP, where she was Deputy Practice Group Leader of the Firm’s Global Mergers & Acquisitions group. She first joined Shearman & Sterling in 1993 and became a partner in 2001.
Wade Davis	Mr. Davis has been our Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer since November 2012. Prior to that, he served as Executive Vice President, Strategy and Corporate Development beginning August 2009, as Senior Vice President, Mergers & Acquisitions and Strategic Planning from January 2007 to August 2009 and as Senior Vice President of Mergers & Acquisitions beginning January 2006. Prior to joining Viacom, Mr. Davis was an investment banker in the technology and media sectors for more than a decade.
DeDe Lea	Ms. Lea has been our Executive Vice President, Global Government Affairs since January 2013, having previously served as Executive Vice President, Government Relations beginning November 2005. Prior to that, she was Senior Vice President, Government Relations of the predecessor of Viacom beginning September 2005. Prior to that, she served as Vice President of Government Affairs at Belo Corp. from 2004 to 2005 and as Vice President, Government Affairs of Viacom’s predecessor from 1997 to 2004.

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### CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Report on Form 10-K, including “Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition,” contains both historical and forward-looking statements. All statements that are not statements of historical fact are, or may be deemed to be, forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements reflect our current expectations concerning future results, objectives, plans and goals, and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that are difficult to predict and which may cause future results, performance or achievements to differ. These risks, uncertainties and other factors are discussed in “Item 1A. Risk Factors” below. Other risks, or updates to the risks discussed below, may be described in our news releases and filings with the SEC, including but not limited to our reports on Form 10-Q and Form 8-K. The forward-looking statements included in this document are made only as of the date of this document, and we do not have any obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances.

#### **Item 1A. Risk Factors.**

A wide range of risks may affect our business, financial condition or results of operations, now and in the future. We consider the risks described below to be the most significant. There may be other currently unknown or unpredictable factors that could have adverse effects on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

#### **Changes in Consumer Behavior, as Well as New Technologies, Distribution Platforms and Packaging, May Negatively Affect Our Business, Financial Condition or Results of Operations**

Technology and business models in our industry continue to evolve rapidly, and new distribution platforms, as well as increased competition from new entrants and emerging technologies, have added to the complexity of maintaining predictable revenue streams.

Technological advancements have driven changes in consumer behavior and empowered consumers to seek more control over when, where and how they consume content and have affected the options available to advertisers for reaching their target audiences. For example, the evolution of consumer preferences away from linear pay television, away from physical towards digital services, and away from rental and purchased services towards subscription services, and the substantial increase in availability of programming without advertising or adequate methodologies for audience measurement, may continue to have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations. In addition, consumers are increasingly using time-shifting and advertising-blocking technologies that enable users to fast-forward or circumvent advertisements, and substantial use of these technologies could impact the attractiveness of our programming to advertisers, adversely affecting our advertising revenue.

In response to perceived consumer demand, distributors of programming and program services are continuing to develop alternative offerings for consumers, including smaller, often customizable programming packages known as “skinny bundles,” which are delivered at lower costs than traditional offerings; SVOD services; ad-supported, free video-on-demand services; and original programming hosted on social media platforms. If these alternative offerings continue to gain traction and our networks and brands are not included in those packages and services, or if consumers increasingly favor alternative offerings over traditional cable subscriptions, we may experience a decline in viewership and ultimately demand for our programming, which could lead to lower affiliate and advertising revenues. These changing distribution models may also impact our ability to negotiate carriage deals on terms favorable to us, thereby having an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

In order to respond to these developments, we regularly consider and from time to time implement changes to our business models and strategies to remain competitive, and there can be no assurance that we will successfully anticipate or respond to these developments, that we will not experience disruption as we respond to the developments, or that the business models we develop will be as profitable as our current business models. Our inability to protect and exploit the value of our content, while adapting to and developing new technology and business models to take advantage of advancements in technology and the latest consumer preferences, could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

#### **Our Businesses Operate in an Industry That Is Highly Competitive and Swiftly Consolidating**

Companies in the television programming, film, digital, consumer products, live events and recreation businesses depend on the popularity of content and other offerings, appeal to advertisers and widespread distribution of their content. We compete with other media companies to attract creative talent and produce high quality content, and for distribution on a variety of third-party platforms to draw large audiences. Competition for talent, content, audiences, advertising and distribution is intense and comes



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from broadcast television, other cable networks (including our own), OTT distributors, social media platforms, film studios and independent film producers and distributors, consumer products companies and other entertainment outlets and platforms, as well as from search, social networks, program guides and “second screen” applications. Further, competition from additional entrants into the market for development and production of original programming, such as Apple, Facebook, YouTube, Netflix, Amazon and Hulu, continues to increase.

Our ability to obtain widespread distribution on favorable terms, which contributes to our ability to attract audiences and, in turn, advertisers, is adversely affected by the consolidation of programmers, distributors (including telecom companies) and television service providers. This consolidation reduces the number of distributors with whom we negotiate and increases the negotiating leverage and market power of the combined companies. In addition, consolidation in the film business may adversely affect the distribution of our films on various platforms.

In addition, our competitors include market participants with interests in multiple media businesses that are often vertically integrated, whereas our *Media Networks* business generally relies on distribution relationships with third parties. As more cable and satellite operators, Internet service providers, telecom companies and other content distributors, aggregators and search providers create or acquire their own content, they may have significant competitive advantages, which could adversely affect our ability to negotiate favorable terms for distribution or otherwise compete effectively in the delivery marketplace. Our competitors could also have preferential access to important technologies, customer data or other competitive information, as well as significant financial resources.

This competition and consolidation could result in lower ratings and advertising, lower affiliate and other revenues, and increased content costs and promotional and other expenses, negatively affecting revenue and profitability for us. There can be no assurance that we will be able to compete successfully in the future against existing or new competitors, or that competition or consolidation in the marketplace will not have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

### **Our Success Depends on Our Ability to Maintain Attractive Brands and Produce Popular Programming, Films and Other Entertainment Content, Which Is Difficult to Predict**

Our ability to maintain attractive brands and generate popular entertainment content, successful tentpole events and consumer products, recreation and live events offerings are key to the success of our business and our ability to generate revenues. The production and distribution of programming, films and other entertainment content is inherently risky because the revenues we derive from various sources primarily depend on our ability to satisfy consumer tastes and expectations in a consistent manner. The popularity of our content is affected by our ability to maintain or develop strong brand awareness and target key audiences, the quality and attractiveness of competing entertainment content and the availability of alternative forms of entertainment and leisure time activities, including online, mobile and other offerings. Audience tastes change frequently and it is a challenge to anticipate what offerings will be successful at any point in time. We invest substantial capital in our content, including in the production of original content on our networks, in our films and in our television production business, before learning the extent to which it will garner critical success and popularity with consumers.

In our *Media Networks* business, the popularity of our brands and programming has a significant impact on the revenues we are able to generate from advertising, affiliate fees, consumer products, and other licensing activities. Our ability to successfully predict and adapt to changing consumer tastes and preferences outside the U.S. also impacts our ability to expand our presence internationally. In our *Filmed Entertainment* business, the theatrical performance of a film affects not only the theatrical revenues we receive but also those from other distribution channels, such as home entertainment, television, various other platforms and apps and licensed consumer products. As a result, a lack of popularity of our offerings could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations in a particular period or over a longer term.

### **Our Advertising Revenues Have Been and May Continue to Be Adversely Impacted By Declines in Linear Television Viewing, Deficiencies in Audience Measurement and Advertising Market Conditions**

We derive substantial revenues from the sale of advertising on a variety of platforms, and a decline in advertising revenues could have a significant adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations in any given period.

Consumers are increasingly turning to online sources for viewing and purchasing content, and an increasing number of companies offer SVOD services, including some that offer exclusive high-quality original video programming and programming delivered directly to consumers over the Internet. The increasing number of entertainment choices available to consumers has intensified audience fragmentation and reduced the viewing of content through traditional and virtual multichannel video providers, which has caused, and likely will continue to cause, audience ratings declines for our cable networks and may adversely affect the pricing and volume of advertising.

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In addition, advertising sales are largely dependent on audience measurement, and the results of audience measurement techniques can vary for a variety of reasons, including the platforms on which viewing is measured and variations in the statistical sampling methods used. While Nielsen's statistical sampling method is the primary measurement technique used in our television advertising sales, we measure and monetize our campaign reach and frequency on and across digital platforms based on other third-party data as well as first-party data using a variety of methods, including the number of impressions served and demographics. In addition, multi-platform campaign verification remains in its infancy, and viewership on tablets, smartphones and other mobile devices, which continues to grow rapidly, still is not measured by any one consistently applied method. These variations and changes could have a significant effect on our advertising revenues.

The strength of the advertising market can also fluctuate in response to the economic prospects of specific advertisers or industries, advertisers' current spending priorities and the economy in general, and this may adversely affect our advertising revenues. Natural and other disasters, acts of terrorism, political uncertainty or hostilities could lead to a reduction in advertising expenditures as a result of disrupted programming and services, uninterrupted news coverage and economic uncertainty. Our ability to generate advertising revenue is also dependent on demand for our content, the consumers in our targeted demographics, advertising rates and results observed by advertisers. The pricing and volume of advertising may be affected by shifts toward new ways of purchasing advertising, such as through automated purchasing and advertising exchanges, some or all of which may not be as advantageous to us as current advertising methods.

These factors could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

### **Because We Derive a Significant Portion of Our Revenues from a Limited Number of Distributors, the Loss of Affiliation Agreements, Renewal on Less Favorable Terms or Adverse Interpretations Could Have a Significant Adverse Effect on Our Business, Financial Condition or Results of Operations**

A significant portion of our revenues are attributable to agreements with a limited number of cable television, direct-to-home satellite television and telecommunications operators, subscription and advertising supported video-on-demand services, and other distributors of our programming and program services. Our affiliation agreements generally have fixed terms that vary by market and distributor, and there can be no assurance that these agreements will be renewed in the future, or renewed on favorable terms, including but not limited to those related to pricing and programming tiers. We may also be unable to modify existing agreements with terms that have over time become less favorable. The loss of favorable packaging and positioning, the loss of carriage on the most widely available cable and satellite programming tiers or the failure to renew our agreements with any distributor, or renew or modify them on favorable terms, could reduce the distribution of our programming and program services and decrease the potential audience for our programs, thereby negatively affecting our growth prospects and revenues from both advertising and affiliate fees.

Similarly, our revenues are dependent on the compliance of major distributors with the terms of our affiliation agreements. As these agreements have grown in complexity, the number of disputes regarding the interpretation, and even validity, of the agreements has grown, resulting in greater uncertainty and, from time to time, litigation with respect to our rights and obligations. For example, some of our distribution agreements contain "most favored nation" ("MFN") clauses, which provide that if we enter into an agreement with a distributor and such agreement includes specified terms that are more favorable than those held by a distributor holding an MFN right, we must offer some of those terms to the distributor holding the MFN right. These clauses are generally complex and may lead to disagreement over interpretation and application of such clause. Disagreements with a distributor on the interpretation or validity of an agreement could adversely impact our revenues from both advertising and affiliate fees, as well as our relationship with that distributor.

These factors could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

### **Service Disruptions or Failures of, or Cybersecurity Attacks Upon, Our or Our Vendors' Networks, Information Systems and Other Technologies Could Result in the Disclosure of Confidential or Valuable Business or Personal Information, Disruption of Our Businesses, Damage to Our Brands and Reputation, Legal Exposure and Financial Losses**

Networks, information systems and other technologies, including technology systems used in connection with the production and distribution of our programming and films by us or our third-party vendors ("Systems"), are critical to our business activities, and shutdowns or service disruptions of, and cybersecurity attacks upon, these Systems pose increasing risks. Such shutdowns, disruptions and attacks may be caused by third-party hacking of computers and systems; dissemination of computer viruses, worms, malware, ransomware and other destructive or disruptive software; denial of service attacks and other bad acts; human error; and power outages, natural disasters, extreme weather, terrorist attacks or other similar events. Shutdowns,

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disruptions and attacks from such events could have an adverse impact on us, our business partners, our employees, our audiences and users of our online, mobile and app offerings, including degradation or disruption of service, loss of data and damage to equipment and data. System redundancy may be ineffective or inadequate, and our disaster recovery and business continuity planning may not be sufficient to cover everything that could happen. Significant events could result in a disruption of our operations, reduced revenues, the loss of or damage to the integrity of data used by management to make decisions and operate our businesses, viewer or advertiser dissatisfaction or a loss of viewers or advertisers, and damage to our reputation or brands. We may not have adequate insurance coverage to compensate us for any losses associated with such events.

We are also subject to risks caused by the misappropriation, misuse, falsification or intentional or accidental release or loss of business or personal data or programming content maintained in our or our third-party vendors' Systems, including proprietary and personal information (of third parties, employees and users of our online, mobile and app offerings), business information including intellectual property, or other confidential information. Outside parties may attempt to penetrate our Systems or those of our third-party vendors or fraudulently induce employees, business partners or users of our online, mobile and app offerings to disclose sensitive or confidential information in order to gain access to our data or our users' data, or our programming. The number and sophistication of attempted and successful information security breaches in the U.S. and elsewhere have increased in recent years. If a material breach of our Systems or those of our third-party vendors occurs, the market perception of the effectiveness of our information security measures could be harmed, we could lose advertisers and other business partners as well as users of our online, mobile and app offerings and viewers, and our reputation, brands and credibility could be damaged. In addition, if a material breach of our Systems occurs, we could be required to expend significant amounts of money and other resources to repair or replace such Systems or to comply with notification requirements. We could also be subject to actions by regulatory authorities and claims asserted in private litigation in the event of a breach of our or our third-party vendors' Systems.

Because the techniques used to obtain unauthorized access to, or disable, degrade or sabotage, these Systems change frequently and often are not recognized until launched against a target, we may be unable to anticipate these techniques, implement adequate preventative measures or remediate any intrusion on a timely or effective basis. Moreover, the development and maintenance of these preventative and detective measures is costly and requires ongoing monitoring and updating as technologies change and efforts to overcome security measures become more sophisticated. Despite our efforts, the possibility of these events occurring cannot be eliminated.

Each of these factors could have an adverse effect on our reputation, business, financial condition or results of operations.

### **The Failure, Destruction and/or Breach of Satellites and Facilities that We Depend Upon to Distribute Our Programming Could Adversely Affect Our Business, Financial Condition or Results of Operations**

We use satellite systems, fiber and other methods to transmit our program services to cable television operators and other distributors worldwide. The distribution facilities include uplinks, communications satellites and downlinks. Notwithstanding certain back-up and redundant systems, transmissions may be disrupted as a result of power outages, natural disasters, extreme weather, terrorist attacks, cyber attacks, failures or impairments of communications satellites or on-ground uplinks or downlinks used to transmit programming or other similar events. Currently, there are a limited number of communications satellites available for the transmission of programming, and if a disruption occurs, we may not be able to secure alternate distribution facilities in a timely manner. There can be no assurance that such failure or disruption would not have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

### **Theft of Our Content, Including Digital Copyright Theft and Other Unauthorized Exhibitions of Our Content, May Decrease Revenue Received from Our Programming, Films and Other Entertainment Content and Adversely Affect Our Business, Financial Condition or Results of Operations**

The success of our businesses depends in part on our ability to maintain and monetize our intellectual property rights in our entertainment content. We are fundamentally a content company and theft of our brands, films and home entertainment products, television programming, digital content and other intellectual property affects us and the value of our content. Copyright theft is particularly prevalent in many parts of the world that lack effective copyright and technical protective measures similar to those existing in the U.S. and Europe and/or lack effective enforcement of such measures. Such foreign copyright theft often creates a supply of pirated content for major markets as well. The interpretation of copyright, piracy and other laws as applied to our content, and our piracy detection and enforcement efforts, remain in flux, and some methods of copyright enforcement have encountered political opposition. The failure to appropriately enforce and/or the weakening of existing intellectual property laws could make it more difficult for us to adequately protect our intellectual property and negatively affect its value.

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Content theft is made easier by the wide availability of higher bandwidth and reduced storage costs, as well as tools that undermine encryption and other security features and enable infringers to cloak their identities online. In addition, we and our numerous production and distribution partners operate various technology systems in connection with the production and distribution of our programming and films, and intentional or unintentional acts could result in unauthorized access to our content. The continuing proliferation of digital formats and technologies heightens this risk. For example, non-browser-based content theft through Internet-connected televisions, set-top boxes and mobile devices continues to increase and includes illegal re-transmission platforms, OTT subscription services, illicit video-on-demand/streaming services and pre-loaded hardware, providing more accessible, versatile and legitimate-looking environments for consuming pirated film and television content. Unauthorized access to our content could result in the premature release of films or television shows as well as a reduction in legitimate audiences, which would likely have significant adverse effects on the value of the affected programming and our ability to monetize our content.

Copyright theft has an adverse effect on our business because it reduces the revenue that we are able to receive from the legitimate sale and distribution of our content, undermines lawful distribution channels, reduces the public's and some affiliate partners' perceived value of our content and inhibits our ability to recoup or profit from the costs incurred to create such content. While legal protections exist, piracy and technological tools with which to engage in copyright theft continue to escalate, evolve and present challenges for enforcement. We are actively engaged in enforcement and other activities to protect our intellectual property, and it is likely that we will continue to expend substantial resources in connection with these efforts. Efforts to prevent the unauthorized reproduction, distribution and exhibition of our content may affect our profitability and may not be successful in preventing harm to our business and may have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

### **Increased Costs for Programming, Films and Other Rights, and Judgments We Make on the Potential Performance of our Content, May Adversely Affect Our Business, Financial Condition or Results of Operations**

In our *Media Networks* segment, we have historically produced a significant amount of original programming and other content, and as part of our business strategy we invest significant resources in our flagship brands, in part with the aim of developing higher quality and quantity of original content. In our *Filmed Entertainment* business, we invest significant amounts in the production, marketing and distribution of films and television series.

We also acquire programming, films and television series, as well as a variety of digital content and other ancillary rights such as consumer and home entertainment product offerings, and we pay license fees, royalties and/or contingent compensation in connection with these acquired rights. We also license various music rights from the major record companies, music publishers and performing rights organizations, and some of these sources are highly consolidated.

Our investments in original and acquired programming are significant and involve complex negotiations with numerous third parties, and rapid changes in consumer behavior have increased the risk associated with the success of all kinds of programming. Competition for popular content is intense, and we may have to increase the price we are willing to pay for talent and intellectual property rights, which may result in significantly increased costs. As such, there can be no assurance that we will recoup our investments in programming, films and other content when the content is broadcast or distributed.

Further, increased competition from additional entrants into the market for development and production of original programming, such as Apple, Facebook, YouTube, Netflix, Amazon and Hulu, increases our content costs as they introduce different ways of compensating talent and approaching production. In addition, as competition with these entrants for the creation and acquisition of quality programming continues to escalate, the complexity of negotiations over acquired rights to the content and the value of the rights we aim to acquire may increase, leading to increased acquisition costs, and our ability to successfully acquire content of the highest quality may face greater uncertainty.

The accounting for the expenses we incur in connection with our programming, films and other content requires that we make judgments about the potential success and useful life of the program or film. If our estimates prove to be incorrect, it may result in decreased profitability and the accelerated recognition of the expense and/or write-down of the value of the asset. We estimate the ultimate revenues of a film before it is released based on a number of factors, and we then update our estimate of ultimate revenues, including following a film's initial theatrical release, based on expected future and actual results. If we reduce our estimate of ultimate revenues, it may result in the accelerations of capitalized film cost amortization. Similarly, if we determine it is no longer advantageous for us to air a program on our media networks, we would accelerate our amortization of the program costs.

These factors could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

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### **The Loss of Key Talent Could Adversely Affect Our Business, Financial Condition or Results of Operations**

Our business depends upon the continued efforts, abilities and expertise of not only our corporate and divisional executive teams, but also the various creative talent and entertainment personalities with whom we work. For example, we employ or contract with several entertainment personalities with loyal audiences and we produce films with highly regarded directors, producers, writers, actors and other talent. These individuals are important to achieving the success of our programs, films and other content. There can be no assurance that these individuals will remain with us or will retain their current appeal, or that the costs associated with retaining this and new talent will be reasonable. If we fail to retain these individuals on current terms or if our entertainment personalities lose their current appeal or we fail to attract new talent, our business, financial condition or results of operations could be adversely affected.

### **Political and Economic Conditions in a Variety of Markets around the World Could Have an Adverse Effect on Our Business, Financial Condition or Results of Operations**

Our businesses operate and have customers, partners and audiences worldwide, and we are focused on expanding our international operations in key markets, some of which are emerging markets. For that reason, economic conditions in many different markets around the world affect a number of aspects of our businesses, in particular revenues in both domestic and international markets derived from advertising sales, theatrical releases, home entertainment distribution, television licensing and sales of consumer products. Economic conditions in each market can also impact our audience's discretionary spending and therefore their willingness to access our content, as well as the businesses of our partners who purchase advertising on our networks, causing them to reduce their spending on advertising. In addition, as we have expanded our international operations, our exposure to foreign currency fluctuations against the U.S. dollar (compared to, for example, the Argentinian peso, the British pound and the Euro, among others) has increased. Such fluctuations could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations, and there is no assurance that downward trending currencies will rebound or that stable currencies will remain stable in any period.

In addition, our businesses are exposed to certain political and economic risks inherent in conducting a global business. These include, among others retaliatory actions by governments reacting to changes in other countries, including in the U.S.; potential for longer payment cycles; issues related to the presence of corruption in certain markets and enforcement of anti-corruption laws and regulations; increased risk of political instability in some markets as well as conflict and sanctions preventing us from accessing those markets; wars, acts of terrorism or other hostilities; and other political, economic or other uncertainties.

The formal two-year process governing the UK's departure from the EU ("Brexit") began on March 29, 2017. Depending upon the ultimate terms of Brexit, the UK could lose access to the single EU market and to the global trade deals negotiated by the EU on behalf of its members. The effects of the Brexit vote and the perceptions as to the impact of the withdrawal of the UK from the EU may adversely affect business activity, political stability and economic and market conditions in the UK, the Eurozone, the EU and elsewhere and could contribute to instability in global financial and foreign exchange markets, including volatility in the value of the Euro and the British Pound. In addition, Brexit could lead to additional political, legal and economic instability and uncertainty in the EU, including changes in the regulatory environment, which could impact our ability to use UK law under "country of origin" rules for programming in the EU, potential trade barriers between the UK and the EU and between the UK and other countries, and potential content production quota regulations. Given that a portion of our business is conducted in the EU, including the UK, any of these effects of Brexit, and others we cannot anticipate, could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

These political and economic risks could create instability in any of the markets where our businesses derive revenues, which could result in a reduction of revenue or loss of investment that adversely affects our businesses, financial condition or results of operations.

### **Changes in U.S. or Foreign Laws or Regulations May Have an Adverse Effect on Our Business, Financial Condition or Results of Operations**

Our program services, filmed entertainment and online, mobile and app properties are subject to a variety of laws and regulations, both in the U.S. and in the foreign jurisdictions in which we or our partners operate, including relating to intellectual property, content regulation, user privacy, data protection, anti-corruption, repatriation of profits, tax regimes, quotas, tariffs or other trade barriers, currency exchange controls, operating license and permit requirements, restrictions on foreign ownership or investment, export and market access restrictions, and exceptions and limitations on copyright and censorship, among others.

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Laws in some non-U.S. jurisdictions differ in significant respects from those in the U.S., and the enforcement of such laws can be inconsistent and unpredictable, which could impact our ability to expand our operations and undertake activities that we believe are beneficial to our business.

The U.S. Congress and the FCC currently have under consideration, and may in the future adopt, new laws, regulations and policies regarding a wide variety of matters that could directly or indirectly affect the operations of our businesses. Our Nickelodeon business in particular is subject to a number of regulations regarding children. For example, privacy regulations make it difficult to measure viewership by children. In addition, federal legislators and regulators have proposed voluntary guidelines on advertising to children in an effort to combat unhealthy eating and childhood obesity, and have considered imposing limitations on the marketing of certain movies and regulating product placement and other program sponsorship arrangements. The threat of regulatory action or increased scrutiny that deters certain advertisers from advertising or reaching their intended audiences could adversely affect advertising revenue.

Our businesses are also subject to laws and regulations in the U.S. and internationally governing the collection, use, sharing, protection and retention of personal data, which has implications for how such data is managed. For example, GDPR expands the regulation of personal data processing throughout the EU and significantly increases penalties for non-compliance. Complying with these laws and regulations could be costly, require us to change our business practices, or limit or restrict aspects of our business in a manner adverse to our business operations. Many of these laws and regulations continue to evolve, and substantial uncertainty surrounds their scope and application. Our failure to comply could result in exposure to enforcement by U.S. or foreign governments, as well as significant negative publicity and reputational damage.

Our businesses could be adversely affected by new laws and regulations, changes in existing laws, changes in interpretations of existing laws by courts and regulators and the threat that additional laws or regulations may be forthcoming, as well as our ability to enforce our legal rights. We could be required to change or limit certain of our business practices, which could impact our ability to generate revenues. We could also incur substantial costs to comply with new and existing laws and regulations, or substantial fines and penalties or other liabilities if we fail to comply with such laws and regulations.

### **We Could Be Subject to Material Liabilities as a Result of Changes in Tax Laws, Regulations and Administrative Practices, Interpretations and Policies**

We are subject to taxation in the U.S. and numerous international jurisdictions. Our tax rates are impacted by the tax laws, regulations and administrative practices, interpretations and policies in the federal, state and local and international territories where our businesses operate, and these rates may be subject to significant change. Our tax returns are routinely audited and litigation, adverse outcomes, or settlements may occur because tax authorities may disagree with certain positions we have taken, including our methodologies for intercompany arrangements. Further, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Act"), which was enacted in December 2017, may expose us to tax risks as a result of the on-going issuance of interpretive guidance issued by the U.S. Treasury Department, the Internal Revenue Service and other standard-setting bodies as to how provisions of the Act are to be applied which could be different from our current interpretations. Such changes, litigation, adverse outcomes, or audit settlements may result in the recognition of an additional charge to our income tax provision in the period and may adversely affect our effective income tax rate or cash payments and may therefore adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations.

### **Volatility and Weakness in Capital Markets May Adversely Affect Our Credit Availability and Related Financing Costs**

Bank and capital markets can experience periods of volatility and disruption. If the disruption in these markets is prolonged, our ability to refinance, and the related cost of refinancing, some or all of our debt could be adversely affected. Although we can currently access the bank and capital markets, there is no assurance that such markets will continue to be a reliable source of financing for us. In addition, our access to and cost of borrowing can be affected by our short- and long-term debt ratings assigned by ratings agencies. These factors, including the tightening of credit markets, or a decrease in our debt ratings, could adversely affect our ability to obtain cost-effective financing.

### **Our Ongoing Investment in New Businesses, Products, Services and Technologies Through Acquisitions and Other Strategic Initiatives Present Many Risks, and We May Not Realize the Financial and Strategic Goals We Had Contemplated, Which Could Adversely Affect Our Business, Financial Condition or Results of Operations**

We have acquired and invested, and expect to continue to acquire and invest, in new businesses, products, services and technologies as part of our ongoing efforts to transition to next-generation platforms and solutions and diversify beyond our core business. Such acquisitions and strategic initiatives may involve significant risks and uncertainties, including diversion of management attention from current operations; insufficient revenues from such investments to offset any new liabilities

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assumed and expenses associated with the new investments; failure to achieve projected synergies, cost savings or cash flow from acquired businesses, which are based on projections that are inherently uncertain; unidentified issues not discovered in our due diligence that could cause us to fail to realize the anticipated benefits of such investments and incur unanticipated liabilities; difficulties in integrating the operations, personnel, technologies and systems of acquired businesses and, in the case of foreign acquisitions, integrating operations across different cultures and languages and addressing the particular currency, political and regulatory risks associated with specific countries; the potential loss of key employees or customers of acquired businesses; and a failure to successfully further develop an acquired business or technology.

Because new investments are inherently risky, and the anticipated benefits or value of these investments may not materialize, no assurance can be given that such investments and other strategic alternatives will not adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations.

### **We Could Be Adversely Affected by Strikes and Other Union Activity**

We and our business partners engage the services of writers, directors, actors and other talent, trade employees and others who are subject to collective bargaining agreements. Some of our collective bargaining agreements are industry-wide agreements, and we may lack practical control over the negotiations and terms of the agreements. In addition, any labor disputes may disrupt our operations and reduce our revenues, and we may not be able to negotiate favorable terms for a renewal, which could increase our costs.

### **Our Revenues, Expenses and Operating Results May Vary Based on the Timing, Mix, Number and Availability of Our Films and Other Programming and on Seasonal Factors**

Our revenues, expenses and operating results fluctuate due to the timing, mix, number and availability of our theatrical films, home entertainment releases and programs for licensing. For example, our operating results may increase or decrease during a particular period relative to the corresponding period in the prior year due to differences in the number and/or mix of films released and the timing of delivery of programming to television and digital distributors. Our operating results also fluctuate due to the timing of the recognition of marketing expenses, which are typically largely incurred prior to the release of films, with the recognition of related revenues in later periods.

Our business also has experienced and is expected to continue to experience seasonality due to, among other things, seasonal advertising patterns and seasonal influences on audiences' viewing habits and attendance. Typically, our revenue from advertising is highest in the first quarter of our fiscal year due to the holiday season, among other factors, and revenue from films is highest in the summer. The effects of these variances make it difficult to estimate future operating results based on the results of any specific quarter.

### **Through National Amusements' Voting Control of Viacom and CBS, Certain Directors and Stockholders May Face Actual or Potential Conflicts of Interest, and National Amusements is in a Position to Control Actions that Require, or May be Accomplished by, Stockholder Approval**

National Amusements, directly and indirectly, is the controlling stockholder of both Viacom and CBS. National Amusements owns shares in Viacom representing approximately 79.8% of the voting interest in Viacom and approximately 10% of Viacom's combined common stock. National Amusements is controlled by Sumner M. Redstone, our Chairman Emeritus, who is the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of National Amusements, through the Sumner M. Redstone National Amusements Trust (the "SMR Trust"), which owns shares in National Amusements representing 80% of the voting interest of National Amusements. The shares representing the other 20% of the voting interest of National Amusements are held through a trust controlled by Shari E. Redstone, who is Mr. Redstone's daughter, the non-executive Vice Chair of Viacom's Board of Directors, the non-executive Vice Chair of CBS's board of directors, and the President and a member of the Board of Directors of National Amusements. The shares of National Amusements held by the SMR Trust are voted solely by Mr. Redstone until such time as his incapacity or death. Upon Mr. Redstone's incapacity or death, Ms. Redstone will also become a trustee of the SMR Trust and the shares of National Amusements held by the SMR Trust will be voted by the trustees of the SMR Trust. The current trustees include Mr. Redstone and David R. Andelman, both of whom are also members of the Board of Directors of National Amusements. In addition, Mr. Redstone serves as Chairman Emeritus of CBS.

The National Amusements ownership structure and the common directors among National Amusements, Viacom and CBS could create, or appear to create, potential conflicts of interest when the directors and controlling stockholder of the commonly controlled entities face decisions that could have different implications for each entity. For example, potential conflicts of interest, or the appearance thereof, could arise in connection with the resolution of any dispute between us and CBS, or when we and CBS enter into any commercial arrangements with each other, despite review by our directors not affiliated with CBS.

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In addition, National Amusements' voting control of us allows it to control the outcome of corporate actions that require, or may be accomplished by, stockholder approval, including the election and removal of directors, stockholder-proposed amendments to our bylaws, and transactions involving a change in control. For so long as National Amusements retains voting control of us, our stockholders other than National Amusements will be unable to affect the outcome of any corporate actions. The interests of National Amusements may not be the same as the interests of our other stockholders, who must rely on our independent directors to represent their interests.

### **Our Certificate of Incorporation Could Prevent Us from Benefiting from Corporate Opportunities that Might Otherwise Have Been Available to Us**

Our certificate of incorporation and the certificate of incorporation of CBS both contain provisions related to corporate opportunities that may be of interest to both us and to CBS. Our certificate of incorporation provides that in the event that a director, officer or controlling stockholder of Viacom who is also a director, officer or controlling stockholder of CBS acquires knowledge of a potential corporate opportunity for both Viacom and CBS, such director, officer or controlling stockholder may present such opportunity to Viacom or CBS or both, as such director, officer or controlling stockholder deems appropriate in his or her sole discretion, and that by doing so such person will have satisfied his or her fiduciary duties, and shall not be liable, to Viacom or its stockholders. In addition, Viacom's certificate of incorporation provides that Viacom renounces any interest in any such opportunity presented to CBS. These provisions create the possibility that CBS could have access to corporate opportunities from which Viacom could benefit in addition to, or instead of, CBS, which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

### **We, National Amusements and CBS, and our Respective Businesses, Are Attributable to Each Other for Certain Regulatory Purposes, Which May Limit Business Opportunities or Impose Additional Costs**

So long as we, National Amusements and CBS are under common control, each company's businesses, as well as the businesses of any other commonly controlled company, may be attributable to the other companies for purposes of U.S. and non-U.S. antitrust rules and regulations, certain rules and regulations of the FCC, certain rules under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and certain rules regarding political campaign contributions in the U.S., among others. The businesses of each company may continue to be attributable to the other companies for FCC and other purposes even after the companies cease to be commonly controlled, if the companies share common officers, directors, or attributable stockholders. As a result, the businesses and conduct of any of these other companies may have the effect of limiting the activities or strategic business alternatives available to us, including limitations to which we contractually agreed in connection with our separation from CBS, or may impose additional costs on us.

### **Item 1B. *Unresolved Staff Comments.***

Not applicable.

### **Item 2. *Properties.***

Our principal physical properties are described below. In addition, we own and lease office, studio, production and warehouse space and broadcast, antenna and satellite transmission facilities throughout the U.S. and around the world for our businesses. We consider our properties adequate for our present needs.

#### **Viacom**

- Our world headquarters is located at 1515 Broadway, New York, New York, where we lease approximately 1.4 million square feet for executive, administrative and business offices for the Company and certain of our operating divisions. The lease runs through June 2031, with two renewal options based on market rates at the time of renewal for ten years each.

#### **Media Networks**

- In addition to occupying space at 1515 Broadway in New York, we lease the following major office facilities: (a) approximately 400,000 square feet at 345 Hudson Street, New York, New York, through 2022, (b) approximately 278,000 square feet at 1540 Broadway, New York, New York, through 2021, and (c) approximately 210,000 square feet of office space at 1575 North Gower Street, Los Angeles, California, through 2028.



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- Viacom Media Networks' Network Operations Center in Hauppauge, New York contains approximately 65,000 square feet of floor space on approximately nine acres of owned land.
- The Nickelodeon Animation Studio at 203-231 West Olive Avenue, Burbank, California contains approximately 180,000 square feet of studio and office space, leased under two leases expiring in 2036.
- Nickelodeon's Live Action Studio contains approximately 108,000 square feet of stage and office space at Burbank Studios, 3000 West Alameda Avenue, Burbank, California, under a lease expiring in 2024.
- Viacom International Studios located at 50 NW 14th Street, Miami, Florida, contains approximately 60,000 square feet of sound stages, production facilities and office space, under a facilities license agreement expiring in 2019.
- CMT's headquarters in Nashville, Tennessee occupies approximately 86,000 square feet of space for CMT's executive, administrative and business offices and its studios, under leases expiring in 2020.
- Internationally, we occupy approximately 140,000 square feet of space at our owned and leased Hawley Crescent facilities in London, and Telefe occupies approximately 496,000 square feet of office, studio and production space, transmission facilities and for other ancillary uses at its owned and leased facilities in Buenos Aires.
- The Company maintains facilities for its Global Business Services Center at its offices in Budapest, Hungary where we lease approximately 44,200 square feet of space through 2023, and at its offices in Warsaw, Poland where we lease approximately 50,000 square feet of space through 2025.

### **Filmed Entertainment**

- Paramount owns the Paramount Pictures Studio situated at 5555 Melrose Avenue, Los Angeles, California, located on approximately 62 acres of land, and containing approximately 1.85 million square feet of floor space used for executive, administrative and business offices, sound stages, production facilities, theatres, equipment facilities and other ancillary uses. Paramount has embarked on a planned 25-year expansion and revitalization project for the studio.
- Paramount Pictures International has offices in Chiswick, West London, where it leases approximately 33,000 square feet of space used for executive, administrative and business offices and a viewing cinema through 2024.

### **Item 3. *Legal Proceedings.***

None.

### **Item 4. *Mine Safety Disclosures.***

Not applicable.

**PART II**

**Item 5. *Market for Viacom Inc.'s Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.***

Our voting Class A common stock and non-voting Class B common stock are listed and traded on The NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbols "VIA" and "VIAB", respectively.

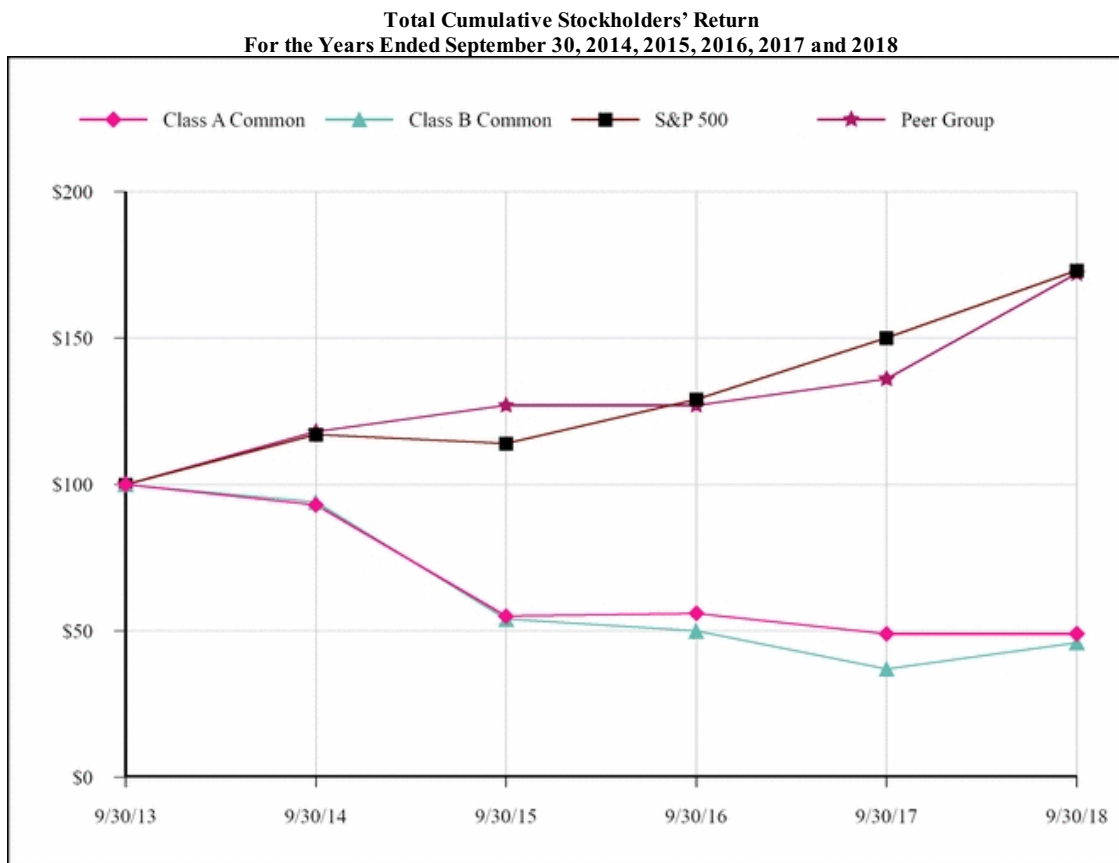
As of October 31, 2018, there were 1,258 record holders of our Class A common stock and 18,306 record holders of our Class B common stock.

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**Performance Graph**

The following graph compares the cumulative total stockholders' return of our Class A common stock and our Class B common stock with the cumulative total stockholders' return of the companies listed in the Standard & Poor's 500 Index and a peer group of companies comprised of The Walt Disney Company, Twenty-First Century Fox Inc., CBS Corporation, and Discovery Communications, Inc. (merged with Scripps Networks Interactive Inc. in March 2018).

The performance graph assumes \$100 invested on September 30, 2013 in each of our Class A common stock, our Class B common stock, the S&P 500 Index and the stock of our peer group companies, including reinvestment of dividends, for the years ended September 30, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018.



	9/30/13	9/30/14	9/30/15	9/30/16	9/30/17	9/30/18
<b>Class A Common</b>	\$100	\$93	\$55	\$56	\$49	\$49
<b>Class B Common</b>	\$100	\$94	\$54	\$50	\$37	\$46
<b>S&amp;P 500</b>	\$100	\$117	\$114	\$129	\$150	\$173
<b>Peer Group</b>	\$100	\$118	\$127	\$127	\$136	\$172

**Equity Compensation Plan Information**

Information required by this item will be contained in the Proxy Statement for our 2019 Annual Meeting of Stockholders under the heading "Equity Compensation Plan Information," which information is incorporated herein by reference.

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**Item 6. Selected Financial Data.**

The selected Consolidated Statement of Earnings Data for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 and the Consolidated Balance Sheet data as of September 30, 2018 and 2017 should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition and other financial information presented elsewhere in this report. The selected Consolidated Statement of Earnings Data for the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 and the Consolidated Balance Sheet Data as of September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 have been derived from audited financial statements not included herein.

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EARNINGS DATA**

(in millions, except per share amounts)	Year Ended September 30,				
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Revenues	\$ 12,943	\$ 13,263	\$ 12,488	\$ 13,268	\$ 13,783
Operating income	\$ 2,570	\$ 2,489	\$ 2,526	\$ 3,112	\$ 4,082
Net earnings from continuing operations (Viacom and noncontrolling interests)	\$ 1,728	\$ 1,919	\$ 1,471	\$ 2,002	\$ 2,464
Net earnings from continuing operations attributable to Viacom	\$ 1,688	\$ 1,871	\$ 1,436	\$ 1,922	\$ 2,392
Net earnings from continuing operations per share attributable to Viacom:					
Basic	\$ 4.19	\$ 4.68	\$ 3.62	\$ 4.78	\$ 5.54
Diluted	\$ 4.19	\$ 4.67	\$ 3.61	\$ 4.73	\$ 5.43
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:					
Basic	402.7	399.9	396.5	402.2	432.1
Diluted	403.0	400.6	398.0	406.0	440.2
Dividends declared per share of Class A and Class B common stock	\$ 0.80	\$ 0.80	\$ 1.40	\$ 1.46	\$ 1.26

**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET DATA**

(in millions)	September 30,				
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total assets	\$ 23,783	\$ 23,698	\$ 22,508	\$ 22,143	\$ 22,985
Total debt	\$ 10,082	\$ 11,119	\$ 11,913	\$ 12,285	\$ 12,699
Total Viacom stockholders' equity	\$ 7,407	\$ 6,035	\$ 4,277	\$ 3,538	\$ 3,719
Total equity	\$ 7,465	\$ 6,119	\$ 4,330	\$ 3,599	\$ 3,747

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### **Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition.**

Management’s discussion and analysis of results of operations and financial condition is provided as a supplement to and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes to enhance the understanding of our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows. References in this document to “Viacom,” “Company,” “we,” “us” and “our” mean Viacom Inc. and our consolidated subsidiaries, unless the context requires otherwise.

Significant components of the management’s discussion and analysis of results of operations and financial condition section include:

	<u>Page</u>
• <i>Overview</i> : The overview section provides a summary of Viacom and our business.	<a href="#">35</a>
• <i>Results of Operations</i> : The results of operations section provides an analysis of our results on a consolidated and reportable segment basis for the three years ended September 30, 2018. In addition, we provide a discussion of items that affect the comparability of our results of operations.	<a href="#">38</a>
• <i>Liquidity and Capital Resources</i> : The liquidity and capital resources section provides a discussion of our cash flows for the three years ended September 30, 2018, and of our outstanding debt, commitments and contingencies existing as of September 30, 2018.	<a href="#">49</a>
• <i>Market Risk</i> : The market risk section discusses how we manage exposure to market and interest rate risks.	<a href="#">53</a>
• <i>Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates</i> : The critical accounting policies and estimates section provides detail with respect to accounting policies that are considered by management to require significant judgment and use of estimates and that could have a significant impact on our financial statements.	<a href="#">53</a>
• <i>Other Matters</i> : The other matters section provides a discussion of related party transactions and agreements.	<a href="#">57</a>

## **OVERVIEW**

### **Summary**

Viacom creates entertainment experiences that drive conversation and culture around the world. Through television, film, digital media, live events, merchandise and solutions, our brands connect with diverse, young and young at heart audiences in more than 180 countries. We operate through two reportable segments: *Media Networks* and *Filmed Entertainment*. Our measure of segment performance is adjusted operating income. We define adjusted operating income for our segments as operating income, before equity-based compensation and certain other items identified as affecting comparability, when applicable. Equity-based compensation is excluded from our segment measure of performance since it is set and approved by the Compensation Committee of Viacom’s Board of Directors in consultation with corporate executive management, and is included as a component of consolidated adjusted operating income.

### **Media Networks**

Our *Media Networks* segment provides entertainment content, services and related branded products for consumers in targeted demographics attractive to advertisers, content distributors and retailers. We create, acquire, distribute and sell programming and other content for our audiences worldwide, distributed through cable, satellite and broadband services, on linear, streaming, on-demand and transactional bases, for viewing on a wide range of devices such as televisions, PCs, tablets, smartphones and other connected devices. The *Media Networks* segment also delivers advertising and marketing services under our advanced marketing solutions portfolio, which both utilizes advanced addressable video inventory to allow dynamic ad insertion and advanced targeting, and provides our marketing partners with a variety of consulting and creative services and associated activations. The *Media Networks* segment also licenses its brands and properties for consumer products and recreation experiences, produces live events and creates original programming for third party distributors.

**Management's Discussion and Analysis  
of Results of Operations and Financial Condition  
(continued)**

Globally, our *Media Networks* segment reaches approximately 4.4 billion cumulative television subscribers in more than 180 countries and 46 languages, via 314 locally programmed and operated television channels, including our multimedia brands Nickelodeon, MTV, BET, Comedy Central, Paramount Network, Nick Jr., VH1, TV Land, CMT and Logo. Outside of the United States (the "U.S."), Viacom International Media Networks ("VIMN") operates the international extensions of our multimedia brands and our program services created specifically for international audiences, such as British public service broadcaster Channel 5 and Milkshake! in the United Kingdom ("UK"), Televisión Federal S.A. ("Telefe") in Argentina, Colors in India and Paramount Channel. In fiscal year 2018, our *Media Networks* segment launched 9 new channels, including in the UK, Japan, Italy and Portugal. "Cumulative television subscribers" is an aggregation of the total subscribers to (or viewers of, in the case of our free-to-air channels) each Viacom owned-and-operated, joint venture and licensee channel.

Our *Media Networks* segment generates revenues in three categories: (i) the sale of advertising and marketing services, (ii) affiliate fees from distributors of our programming and program services and (iii) ancillary activities such as consumer products.

*Advertising Revenues*

Our *Media Networks* segment generates revenues from the sale of advertising and from marketing services. Our advertising revenues generally depend on the number of viewers and viewership demographics. Demand and pricing for our advertising depend on the attractiveness of our offerings to advertisers, viewership, and overall market conditions. We also drive additional demand for our advertising services through integrated sales of multi-platform advertising and marketing opportunities and through our integrated marketing services, providing unique branded content and custom sponsorship opportunities to our advertisers. Our advertising revenues may be affected by the strength of advertising markets and general economic conditions, and may fluctuate depending on the success of our programming, as measured by viewership, at any given time. Measured viewership may vary based on the success of our programming (due to, among other things, the timing of new episodes related to our popular programming and the performance of competing programs and other entertainment alternatives), the platforms on which our programming is available, and variations related to the methods used by third parties to measure viewership. Advertising revenues may also fluctuate due to the timing of holidays and significant programming events such as awards shows and premieres. Typically, advertising revenues are highest in the first quarter of our fiscal year.

We continue to expand our product offerings to enable our customers and partners to better target and more broadly activate their advertising campaigns. Our Advanced Marketing Solutions portfolio consists of two main categories - Addressable Video and Brand Solutions. Addressable Video consists of pools of inventory that we are aggregating and enabling within both multichannel video programming distributor ("MVPD") and over-the-top ("OTT") environments, to allow for advanced targeting to fulfill the demand for next generation video ad products. Brand Solutions consists of a bundle of consulting, creative services, and media activation.

*Affiliate Revenues*

Our affiliate revenues are generated through fees from distributors of our programming and program services, such as cable television operators, direct-to-home satellite television operators, mobile networks, subscription video-on-demand ("SVOD") and other OTT services. Our agreements with multichannel television service providers are generally multi-year carriage agreements with set rate increases. The amount of fees we receive is generally a function of the number of subscribers and the rates we receive per subscriber. Expirations of these affiliate agreements are staggered. Under SVOD and other similar OTT agreements, we make certain programs available for distribution on one or more dates, and our revenue under these OTT agreements is recognized when the content has been delivered by us and is available for use by the licensee; therefore, revenue will fluctuate depending on the timing of when programming is delivered and made available throughout the license period.

*Ancillary Revenues*

Our *Media Networks* ancillary revenues are principally derived from (i) our consumer products activities, which include licensing our brands and intellectual property, as well as creation and publishing of interactive games across various platforms (including mobile devices, PCs and consoles), (ii) recreation experiences and live events, (iii) viewing of our programming on a transactional basis through transactional video-on-demand ("TVOD") and through electronic sell-through services and the sale of DVDs and Blu-ray discs and (iv) television syndication of our content.

Our ancillary revenues vary based on consumer spending, the popularity of our programming and intellectual property, and the volume of content available during a particular period.

*Media Networks* segment expenses consist of operating expenses, selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses and depreciation and amortization.

**Management's Discussion and Analysis  
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Operating expenses are comprised of costs related to original and acquired programming, including programming amortization, expenses associated with the distribution of home entertainment products and consumer products licensing, participations and residuals, royalties, marketing services expenses and other costs of sales. SG&A expenses consist primarily of employee compensation, marketing, research and professional service fees and facility and occupancy costs. Depreciation and amortization expenses reflect depreciation of fixed assets, including transponders financed under capital leases, and amortization of finite-lived intangible assets.

**Filmed Entertainment**

Our *Filmed Entertainment* segment develops, produces, finances, acquires and distributes films, television programming and other entertainment content through its Paramount Pictures, Paramount Players, Paramount Animation and Paramount Television divisions, in various markets and media worldwide. It partners on various projects with key Viacom brands, including Nickelodeon Movies, MTV Films and BET Films.

Films produced, acquired and/or distributed by the *Filmed Entertainment* segment are generally first exhibited theatrically in domestic and/or international markets and then released in various markets through airlines and hotels, electronic sell-through, DVDs and Blu-ray discs, TVOD, pay television, SVOD, cable and free television. Paramount Television draws on Paramount's extensive library of film properties and develops original programming for television and digital platforms.

Producing, marketing and distributing films and television programming can involve significant costs and the timing of a film's release can cause our financial results to vary. For example, marketing costs are generally incurred before and throughout the theatrical release of a film and, to a lesser extent, other distribution windows, and are expensed as incurred. As a result, we typically incur losses with respect to a particular film prior to and during the film's theatrical exhibition, and recoupment of investment as well as profitability for the film may not be realized until well after its theatrical release. Therefore, the results of the *Filmed Entertainment* segment can be volatile as films work their way through the various distribution windows.

Our *Filmed Entertainment* segment generates revenues in four categories: (i) the release and/or distribution of films theatrically, (ii) the release and/or distribution of film and television product through home entertainment, (iii) the licensing of film and television product to television and digital platforms and (iv) other ancillary activities.

*Theatrical Revenues*

Paramount generates revenues worldwide from the theatrical distribution of films, primarily from audience ticket sales. Each film is a separate and distinct product with its revenues, and ultimate profitability, dependent upon many factors, among which domestic and international audience response is of fundamental importance. Theatrical revenues may also be affected by the number, timing and mix of releases and competitive offerings in any given period, consumer tastes and consumption habits, and overall economic conditions, including trends in discretionary spending. The theatrical success of a film is a significant factor in determining the revenues it is likely to generate in home entertainment markets and licensing arrangements for television and other platforms. Revenues from theatrical film releases tend to be cyclical with increases in the summer months during our fourth quarter.

*Home Entertainment Revenues*

Home entertainment revenues are derived from the worldwide sales and distribution of DVDs and Blu-ray discs relating to the films released theatrically by Paramount and programming of other Viacom brands such as Nickelodeon, MTV, Comedy Central and BET, as well as certain acquired films and content distributed on behalf of third parties such as CBS Corporation ("CBS"). Home entertainment revenues are also derived from the viewing of our films on a transactional basis through TVOD and electronic sell-through services around the world, for a fee and/or on a revenue-sharing basis. Our home entertainment revenues may be affected by the number, timing and mix of releases and competitive offerings in any given period, consumer tastes and consumption habits, the prominence given by distributors and retailers to our releases compared to those of our competitors, and overall economic conditions, including trends in discretionary spending.

*Licensing Revenues*

Paramount generates fees by licensing, around the world on a territory-by-territory basis, films and television programs produced, acquired or distributed by Paramount, for a fee or on a revenue sharing basis, to SVOD, pay and basic cable television, free television and free video-on-demand services. Revenue from the licensing of film and television exhibition rights is recognized upon availability for airing by the licensee and will fluctuate depending on the number and mix of available titles in any given territory.

**Management’s Discussion and Analysis  
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*Ancillary Revenues*

Paramount generates ancillary revenues by providing production and facilities services to third parties, primarily at Paramount’s studio lot. Paramount also generates ancillary revenues by licensing its brands for consumer products, themed restaurants, hotels and resorts, live stage plays, film clips and theme parks and other location-based entertainment projects.

*Filmed Entertainment* segment expenses consist of operating expenses, SG&A expenses and depreciation and amortization.

Operating expenses principally include the amortization of costs of our released feature films and television programming (including participations and residuals), print and advertising expenses and other distribution costs. SG&A expenses include employee compensation, facility and occupancy costs, professional service fees and other overhead costs. Depreciation and amortization expense principally consists of depreciation of fixed assets.

**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Our summary of consolidated results of operations are presented below for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016.

(in millions, except per share amounts)	Year Ended September 30,			2018 vs. 2017		2017 vs. 2016	
	2018	2017	2016	Better/(Worse)		Better/(Worse)	
	\$		\$	\$	%	\$	%
<b>GAAP</b>							
Revenues	\$ 12,943	\$ 13,263	\$ 12,488	\$ (320)	(2)%	\$ 775	6 %
Operating income	2,570	2,489	2,526	81	3	(37)	(1)
Net earnings from continuing operations attributable to Viacom	1,688	1,871	1,436	(183)	(10)	435	30
Diluted EPS from continuing operations	4.19	4.67	3.61	(0.48)	(10)	1.06	29
<b>Non-GAAP*</b>							
Adjusted operating income	\$ 2,795	\$ 2,743	\$ 2,732	\$ 52	2 %	\$ 11	— %
Adjusted net earnings from continuing operations attributable to Viacom	1,659	1,511	1,465	148	10	46	3
Adjusted diluted EPS from continuing operations	4.12	3.77	3.68	0.35	9	0.09	2

\* See “Factors Affecting Comparability” section below for a reconciliation of our reported results to our adjusted results, which are calculated on a non-GAAP basis.

**Factors Affecting Comparability**

The Consolidated Financial Statements reflect our results of operations, financial position and cash flows reported in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”). Our results have been affected by certain items identified as affecting comparability. Accordingly, when applicable, we use non-GAAP measures such as consolidated adjusted operating income, adjusted earnings from continuing operations before provision for income taxes, adjusted provision for income taxes, adjusted net earnings from continuing operations attributable to Viacom and adjusted diluted earnings per share (“EPS”) from continuing operations, among other measures, to evaluate our actual operating performance and for planning and forecasting of future periods. We believe that the adjusted results provide relevant and useful information for investors because they clarify our actual operating performance, make it easier to compare our results with those of other companies and allow investors to review performance in the same way as our management. Since these are not measures of performance calculated in accordance with GAAP, they should not be considered in isolation of, or as a substitute for, operating income, earnings from continuing operations before provision for income taxes, provision for income taxes, net earnings from continuing operations attributable to Viacom and diluted EPS from continuing operations as indicators of operating performance and they may not be comparable to similarly titled measures employed by other companies.

The following tables reconcile our reported results (GAAP) to our adjusted results (non-GAAP) for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016. The tax impacts included in the tables below have been calculated using the rates applicable to the adjustments presented.



**Management's Discussion and Analysis  
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2018

(in millions, except per share amounts)	Year Ended September 30, 2018				
	Operating Income	Earnings from Continuing Operations Before Provision for Income Taxes	Provision for Income Taxes	Net Earnings from Continuing Operations Attributable to Viacom	Diluted EPS from Continuing Operations
Reported results (GAAP)	\$ 2,570	\$ 1,997	\$ 269	\$ 1,688	\$ 4.19
Factors Affecting Comparability:					
Restructuring and related costs	225	225	55	170	0.42
Gain on asset sale	—	(16)	—	(16)	(0.04)
Gain on extinguishment of debt	—	(25)	(6)	(19)	(0.05)
Investment impairment	—	46	10	36	0.09
Discrete tax benefit	—	—	200	(200)	(0.49)
Adjusted results (Non-GAAP)	\$ 2,795	\$ 2,227	\$ 528	\$ 1,659	\$ 4.12

*Restructuring and related costs:* During 2018, we launched a program of cost transformation initiatives to improve our margins, including an organizational realignment of support functions across *Media Networks*, new sourcing and procurement policies, real estate consolidation and technology enhancements. We recognized pre-tax restructuring and related costs of \$225 million. The charges, as detailed in the table below, included severance charges, exit costs principally resulting from vacating certain leased properties and related costs principally comprised of third-party professional services. See Note 14 of the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Our cost transformation initiatives gave rise to approximately \$100 million of savings in fiscal 2018 and are expected to result in approximately \$300 million of run-rate savings, the benefit of which will be phased in through fiscal 2020. In connection with completing our cost transformation initiatives, we expect to incur additional exit costs in the first half of fiscal 2019 of approximately \$45 million and we may incur additional restructuring charges as we continue to evaluate cost transformation initiatives in fiscal 2019.

Restructuring and Related Costs (in millions)	Year Ended September 30, 2018			
	Media Networks	Filmed Entertainment	Corporate	Total
Severance	\$ 133	\$ 4	\$ 1	\$ 138
Exit Costs	38	—	—	38
Other related costs	1	—	48	49
Total	\$ 172	\$ 4	\$ 49	\$ 225

*Gain on asset sale:* During 2018, we completed the sale of a 1% equity interest in Viacom18 to our joint venture partner for \$20 million, resulting in a gain of \$16 million, included within *Other items, net* in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

*Gain on extinguishment of debt:* In 2018, we redeemed senior notes and debentures totaling \$1.039 billion. As a result, we recognized a pre-tax extinguishment gain of \$25 million included within *Other items, net* in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

*Investment impairment:* We recognized a \$46 million impairment loss included within *Other items, net* in the Consolidated Statement of Earnings in connection with the write-off of certain cost method investments in 2018.

*Discrete tax benefit:* The net discrete tax benefit in 2018 was principally related to the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act and a tax accounting method change granted by the Internal Revenue Service.

**Management's Discussion and Analysis  
of Results of Operations and Financial Condition  
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2017

(in millions, except per share amounts)	Year Ended September 30, 2017				
	Operating Income	Earnings from Continuing Operations Before Provision for Income Taxes	Provision for Income Taxes	Net Earnings from Continuing Operations Attributable to Viacom	Diluted EPS from Continuing Operations
Reported results (GAAP)	\$ 2,489	\$ 2,212	\$ 293	\$ 1,871	\$ 4.67
Factors Affecting Comparability:					
Restructuring and programming charges	381	381	135	246	0.61
Gain on asset sale	(127)	(412)	(116)	(285)	(0.71)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	—	20	7	13	0.03
Investment impairment	—	10	4	6	0.01
Discrete tax benefit	—	—	340	(340)	(0.84)
Adjusted results (Non-GAAP)	<u>\$ 2,743</u>	<u>\$ 2,211</u>	<u>\$ 663</u>	<u>\$ 1,511</u>	<u>\$ 3.77</u>

*Restructuring and programming charges:* We recognized a pre-tax charge of \$381 million, reflecting \$237 million of restructuring charges and \$144 million of programming charges resulting from the execution of our flagship brand strategy and strategic initiatives at Paramount. See Note 14 of the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Restructuring and Programming Charges (in millions)	Year Ended September 30, 2017			
	Media Networks	Filmed Entertainment	Corporate	Total
Severance	\$ 142	\$ 50	\$ 20	\$ 212
Asset impairment	22	—	—	22
Lease termination	—	3	—	3
Restructuring	164	53	20	237
Programming	113	31	—	144
Total	<u>\$ 277</u>	<u>\$ 84</u>	<u>\$ 20</u>	<u>\$ 381</u>

*Gain on asset sales:* In 2017, a consolidated entity completed the sale of broadcast spectrum in connection with the FCC's broadcast spectrum auction. The sale resulted in a pre-tax gain of \$127 million recorded within *Operating income*, with \$11 million attributable to the noncontrolling interest. We also completed the sale of our 49.76% interest in EPIX in 2017, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$285 million recorded within non-operating gains and losses in the Consolidated Statement of Earnings.

*Loss on extinguishment of debt:* We redeemed senior notes and debentures totaling \$3.3 billion in 2017, resulting in the recognition of a net pre-tax extinguishment loss of \$20 million within *Other Items, net* in the Consolidated Statement of Earnings.

*Investment impairment:* We recognized a \$10 million impairment loss included within *Other items, net* in the Consolidated Statement of Earnings in connection with the write-off of a cost method investment in 2017.

*Discrete tax benefit:* The net discrete tax benefit was principally related to the recognition of foreign tax credits realized during the fourth fiscal quarter of 2017 on the distribution to Viacom's U.S. group of certain securities, the reversal of a valuation allowance on capital loss carryforwards in connection with the sale of our investment in EPIX and the release of tax reserves with respect to certain effectively settled tax positions.

**Management's Discussion and Analysis  
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2016

(in millions, except per share amounts)	Year Ended September 30, 2016				
	Operating Income	Earnings from Continuing Operations Before Provision for Income Taxes	Provision for Income Taxes	Net Earnings from Continuing Operations Attributable to Viacom	Diluted EPS from Continuing Operations
Reported results (GAAP)	\$ 2,526	\$ 1,990	\$ 519	\$ 1,436	\$ 3.61
Factors Affecting Comparability:					
Restructuring	206	206	75	131	0.33
Discrete tax benefit	—	—	102	(102)	(0.26)
Adjusted results (Non-GAAP)	\$ 2,732	\$ 2,196	\$ 696	\$ 1,465	\$ 3.68

*Restructuring:* We recognized a pre-tax restructuring charge of \$206 million in connection with the separation of certain senior executives. The restructuring charge includes the cost of separation payments of \$138 million and the acceleration of equity-based compensation expense of \$68 million. See Note 14 of the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

*Discrete tax benefit:* The net discrete tax benefit was principally related to a tax accounting method change granted by the Internal Revenue Service, the release of tax reserves with respect to certain effectively settled tax positions and the recognition of capital loss carryforwards, partially offset by a reduction in qualified production activity tax benefits as a result of retroactively reenacted legislation.

**YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 vs. 2017**

***Consolidated Results of Operations***

**Revenues**

Worldwide revenues decreased \$320 million, or 2%, to \$12.943 billion in the year ended September 30, 2018. *Filmed Entertainment* revenues decreased \$248 million, or 8%, reflecting the number and mix of released theatrical and home entertainment titles in each year, partially offset by increased revenues from Paramount Television product. *Media Networks* revenues decreased \$85 million, or 1%, driven by lower advertising and affiliate revenues, partially offset by an increase in ancillary revenues.

**Expenses**

Total expenses decreased \$528 million, or 5%, to \$10.373 billion in the year ended September 30, 2018. *Filmed Entertainment* expenses decreased \$489 million, or 14%, primarily reflecting lower operating expenses. *Media Networks* expenses increased \$86 million, or 1%, principally driven by higher operating expenses. The year ended September 30, 2018 included restructuring and related costs of \$225 million, compared with \$381 million of restructuring and programming charges in the prior year.

***Operating***

Operating expenses decreased \$557 million, or 7%, to \$6.879 billion in the year ended September 30, 2018. Consolidated operating expenses included a programming charge of \$144 million in the prior year, as described in more detail in “*Factors Affecting Comparability*”. *Filmed Entertainment* operating expenses decreased \$511 million, or 16%, and *Media Networks* operating expenses increased \$83 million, or 2%.

***Selling, General and Administrative***

SG&A expenses increased \$51 million, or 2%, to \$3.056 billion in the year ended September 30, 2018, reflecting higher segment expenses of \$36 million. SG&A costs include a 2-percentage point benefit of cost savings from our cost transformation initiatives. *Filmed Entertainment* SG&A expenses increased \$27 million, or 8% and *Media Networks* SG&A expenses were substantially flat at \$2.401 billion.

**Management's Discussion and Analysis  
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***Restructuring and Related Costs***

As discussed in “*Factors Affecting Comparability*”, restructuring and related costs of \$225 million and \$237 million were recognized in the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

**Gain on Asset Sale**

As discussed in “*Factors Affecting Comparability*”, the year ended September 30, 2017 includes a gain of \$127 million on the sale of broadcast spectrum.

**Operating Income**

Operating income increased \$81 million, or 3%, to \$2.570 billion in the year ended September 30, 2018, reflecting the operating results discussed above. Excluding the items discussed in “*Factors Affecting Comparability*”, adjusted operating income increased \$52 million to \$2.795 billion in the year ended September 30, 2018. *Filmed Entertainment* adjusted operating results improved \$241 million, or 86%, and *Media Networks* adjusted operating income decreased \$171 million, or 5%. Corporate expenses increased \$17 million, or 8%, in the year ended September 30, 2018 reflecting increased employee-related costs and fees for professional services.

**Income Taxes**

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the “Act”) was enacted on December 22, 2017. The currently relevant provisions of the Act provide for a reduction of the federal corporate income tax rate from 35% to 21% and a “transition tax” to be levied on the deemed repatriation of indefinitely reinvested earnings of international subsidiaries. As a result of these factors, as well as our fiscal year-end, the federal statutory tax rate decreased from 35% to a prorated rate of 24.5% for fiscal 2018. While the Act includes many provisions, those applicable to Viacom will be phased in and will not have full effect until fiscal 2019.

Our effective income tax rate was 13.5% in the year ended September 30, 2018. The net discrete tax benefit of \$200 million, taken together with the discrete tax impact of the other factors affecting comparability, reduced the effective income tax rate by 10.2 percentage points. Excluding the impact of discrete tax items, our adjusted effective income tax rate was 23.7% in 2018, a decline of 6.3 percentage points from the prior year, principally related to the enactment of the Act.

Our effective income tax rate was 13.2% in the year ended September 30, 2017. The net discrete tax benefit of \$340 million, taken together with the discrete tax impact of the other factors affecting comparability, reduced the effective income tax rate by 16.8 percentage points. Excluding the impact of discrete tax items, our adjusted effective income tax rate was 30.0% in 2017.

**Net Earnings from Continuing Operations Attributable to Viacom**

Net earnings from continuing operations attributable to Viacom decreased \$183 million, or 10%, to \$1.688 billion in the year ended September 30, 2018, due to the after-tax impact of gains on asset sales in the prior year, partially offset by lapping the prior year programming charge. Excluding the items discussed in “*Factors Affecting Comparability*”, adjusted net earnings from continuing operations attributable to Viacom increased \$148 million, or 10%, to \$1.659 billion in the year ended September 30, 2018, driven by the impact of the Act and the increase in adjusted operating income.

**Diluted Earnings Per Share from Continuing Operations**

Diluted EPS from continuing operations decreased \$0.48 per diluted share to \$4.19 in the year ended September 30, 2018, reflecting the impact of net earnings. Excluding the items discussed in “*Factors Affecting Comparability*”, adjusted diluted EPS from continuing operations increased \$0.35 per diluted share to \$4.12. Foreign exchange had an unfavorable \$0.02 impact on diluted and adjusted diluted EPS from continuing operations.

***Segment Results of Operations***

Transactions between reportable segments are accounted for as third-party arrangements for the purposes of presenting segment results of operations. Typical intersegment transactions include the purchase of advertising by the *Filmed Entertainment* segment on *Media Networks*' properties and the purchase of *Filmed Entertainment's* feature film and television content by *Media Networks*.

**Management's Discussion and Analysis  
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**Media Networks**

(in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		Better/(Worse)	
	2018	2017	\$	%
<b>Revenues by Component</b>				
Advertising	\$ 4,751	\$ 4,862	\$ (111)	(2)%
Affiliate	4,595	4,638	(43)	(1)
Ancillary	665	596	69	12
Total revenues by component	<b>\$ 10,011</b>	\$ 10,096	\$ (85)	(1)%
<b>Expenses</b>				
Operating	\$ 4,315	\$ 4,232	\$ (83)	(2)%
Selling, general and administrative	2,401	2,392	(9)	—
Depreciation and amortization	169	175	6	3
Total expenses	<b>\$ 6,885</b>	\$ 6,799	\$ (86)	(1)%
<b>Adjusted Operating Income</b>	<b>\$ 3,126</b>	\$ 3,297	\$ (171)	(5)%

**Revenues**

Worldwide revenues decreased \$85 million, or 1%, to \$10.011 billion in the year ended September 30, 2018. Domestic revenues decreased \$218 million, or 3%, to \$7.751 billion, driven by lower advertising and affiliate revenues, partially offset by increased ancillary revenues. International revenues increased \$133 million, or 6%, to \$2.260 billion, driven by increases in affiliate and advertising revenues and a 2-percentage point favorable impact from the Telefe acquisition.

*Advertising*

Worldwide advertising revenues decreased \$111 million, or 2%, to \$4.751 billion in the year ended September 30, 2018. Domestic advertising revenues decreased \$157 million, or 4%, to \$3.596 billion, principally reflecting lower linear impressions partially offset by higher pricing and growth in revenues from advanced marketing solutions, which increased 25%. International advertising revenues increased \$46 million, or 4%, to \$1.155 billion, primarily driven by a 2-percentage point favorable impact from the acquisition of Telefe, as well as growth at Telefe after the acquisition and growth in Europe.

*Affiliate*

Worldwide affiliate revenues decreased \$43 million, or 1%, to \$4.595 billion in the year ended September 30, 2018. Domestic affiliate revenues decreased \$129 million, or 3%, to \$3.791 billion, primarily driven by subscriber declines, which were partially offset by contractual rate increases. Rate increases were negatively impacted by renewal rate resets with certain distributors. International affiliate revenues increased \$86 million, or 12%, to \$804 million. Excluding a 2-percentage point favorable impact from foreign exchange, international affiliate revenues increased 10%, driven by increased subscription video-on-demand revenues, new channel launches and subscriber growth.

*Ancillary*

Worldwide ancillary revenues increased \$69 million, or 12%, to \$665 million in the year ended September 30, 2018, driven by increased consumer product, recreation and live event revenues. Domestic ancillary revenues increased \$68 million, or 23%, to \$364 million, benefiting from *SpongeBob SquarePants: The Broadway Musical*, as well as higher download-to-own and consumer product revenues. International ancillary revenues were substantially flat at \$301 million. Excluding a 1-percentage point favorable impact from foreign exchange, international ancillary revenues decreased 1%.

**Expenses**

*Media Networks* segment expenses increased \$86 million, or 1%, to \$6.885 billion in the year ended September 30, 2018, driven by higher operating expenses.

*Operating*

Operating expenses increased \$83 million, or 2%, to \$4.315 billion in the year ended September 30, 2018. Programming costs were substantially flat at \$3.758 billion. Distribution and other expenses increased \$81 million, or 17%, driven by costs related to growth initiatives.

*Selling, General and Administrative*

SG&A expenses were substantially flat at \$2.401 billion in the year ended September 30, 2018. SG&A costs include a 3-percentage point benefit of savings from our cost transformation initiatives offset by increased advertising and promotion costs for the launch of the Paramount Network.

**Management's Discussion and Analysis  
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**Adjusted Operating Income**

Adjusted operating income decreased \$171 million, or 5%, to \$3.126 billion in the year ended September 30, 2018, reflecting the operating results discussed above.

**Filmed Entertainment**

(in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		Better/(Worse)	
	2018	2017	\$	%
<b>Revenues by Component</b>				
Theatrical	\$ 695	\$ 808	\$ (113)	(14)%
Home entertainment	622	849	(227)	(27)
Licensing	1,529	1,315	214	16
Ancillary	195	317	(122)	(38)
Total revenues by component	<u>\$ 3,041</u>	<u>\$ 3,289</u>	<u>\$ (248)</u>	<u>(8)%</u>
<b>Expenses</b>				
Operating	\$ 2,672	\$ 3,183	\$ 511	16 %
Selling, general and administrative	369	342	(27)	(8)
Depreciation and amortization	39	44	5	11
Total expenses	<u>\$ 3,080</u>	<u>\$ 3,569</u>	<u>\$ 489</u>	<u>14 %</u>
<b>Adjusted Operating Loss</b>	<u>\$ (39)</u>	<u>\$ (280)</u>	<u>\$ 241</u>	<u>86 %</u>

**Revenues**

Worldwide revenues decreased \$248 million, or 8%, to \$3.041 billion in the year ended September 30, 2018. Domestic revenues decreased \$116 million, or 7%, to \$1.512 billion. International revenues decreased \$132 million, or 8%, to \$1.529 billion. Foreign exchange had a 1-percentage point favorable impact on our international revenues.

*Theatrical*

Worldwide theatrical revenues decreased \$113 million, or 14%, to \$695 million in the year ended September 30, 2018, principally reflecting the number and mix of current year releases. Significant current year releases included *Mission: Impossible - Fallout*, *A Quiet Place*, *Daddy's Home 2*, *Sherlock Gnomes* and *Book Club* compared with *Transformers: The Last Knight*, *xXx: Return of Xander Cage*, *Baywatch*, *Ghost in the Shell*, *Jack Reacher: Never Go Back* and *Arrival* in the prior year. Domestic theatrical revenues increased 8%, reflecting the strong performance of current year releases *Mission: Impossible - Fallout* and *A Quiet Place*, while international theatrical revenues decreased 27%, due to a difficult comparison against the strong international performance of *Transformers: The Last Knight* and *xXx: Return of Xander Cage* in the prior year.

*Home Entertainment*

Worldwide home entertainment revenues decreased \$227 million, or 27%, to \$622 million in the year ended September 30, 2018, primarily reflecting the number and mix of titles in release. Significant current year releases included *Daddy's Home 2* and *A Quiet Place* compared to *Star Trek Beyond*, *Jack Reacher: Never Go Back* and *Arrival* in the prior year. Foreign exchange had a 4-percentage point favorable impact on international home entertainment revenues. Domestic and international home entertainment revenues decreased 33% and 13%, respectively.

*Licensing*

Licensing revenues increased \$214 million, or 16%, to \$1.529 billion in the year ended September 30, 2018, primarily driven by the availability of Paramount Television product such as *Tom Clancy's Jack Ryan*, *Maniac* and *The Alienist*, the release of *The Cloverfield Paradox* and the mix of titles available in each market. Domestic and international licensing revenues increased 33% and 6%, respectively. Foreign exchange had a 1-percentage point favorable impact on international licensing revenues.

*Ancillary*

Ancillary revenues decreased \$122 million, or 38%, to \$195 million in the year ended September 30, 2018. The prior year includes revenues from the sale of a partial copyright interest in certain films in connection with an agreement then in place. Domestic ancillary revenues decreased 44% and international ancillary revenues decreased 15%.

**Expenses**

*Filmed Entertainment* segment expenses decreased \$489 million, or 14%, to \$3.080 billion in the year ended September 30, 2018, driven by lower operating expenses.

**Management's Discussion and Analysis  
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*Operating*

Operating expenses decreased \$511 million, or 16%, to \$2.672 billion in the year ended September 30, 2018. Distribution and other costs, principally print and advertising expenses, decreased \$633 million, or 40%, primarily driven by the number and mix of theatrical releases in the prior year, including *Transformers: The Last Knight*, and a prior year charge resulting from the termination of a slate financing agreement. Film costs increased \$122 million, or 8%, primarily driven by higher costs associated with television product.

*Selling, General and Administrative*

SG&A expenses increased \$27 million, or 8%, to \$369 million in the year ended September 30, 2018, primarily driven by higher employee-related costs.

**Adjusted Operating Loss**

Adjusted operating loss was \$39 million in the year ended September 30, 2018, compared with \$280 million in 2017, an improvement of \$241 million, or 86%, reflecting the operating results discussed above. Operating losses reflect the recognition of print and advertising expenses incurred in the period, generally before and throughout the theatrical release of a film, while revenues for the respective film are recognized as earned through its theatrical exhibition and subsequent distribution windows.

**YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 vs. 2016**

*Consolidated Results of Operations*

**Revenues**

Worldwide revenues increased \$775 million, or 6%, to \$13.263 billion in the year ended September 30, 2017. *Filmed Entertainment* revenues increased \$627 million, or 24%, and *Media Networks* revenues increased \$154 million, or 2%, with both segments reflecting increases across all revenue streams.

**Expenses**

Total expenses increased \$939 million, or 9%, to \$10.901 billion in the year ended September 30, 2017, principally reflecting higher segment expenses, as well as restructuring and programming charges of \$381 million in 2017, compared with \$206 million of restructuring charges in 2016. *Filmed Entertainment* expenses increased \$462 million, or 15%, primarily reflecting higher operating expenses. *Media Networks* expenses increased \$341 million, or 5%, principally driven by higher operating and SG&A expenses.

*Operating*

Operating expenses increased \$752 million, or 11%, to \$7.436 billion in the year ended September 30, 2017. Consolidated operating expenses include a programming charge of \$144 million in 2017, as described in more detail in "*Factors Affecting Comparability*". *Filmed Entertainment* operating expenses increased \$445 million, or 16%, and *Media Networks* operating expenses increased \$169 million, or 4%.

*Selling, General and Administrative*

SG&A expenses increased \$154 million, or 5%, to \$3.005 billion in the year ended September 30, 2017, reflecting higher segment expenses of \$186 million, partially offset by a decrease in equity-based compensation of \$41 million, primarily driven by management changes. *Media Networks* SG&A expenses increased \$163 million, or 7%, and *Filmed Entertainment* SG&A expenses increased \$23 million, or 7%.

*Restructuring*

As discussed in "*Factors Affecting Comparability*", restructuring charges of \$237 million and \$206 million were recognized in the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

**Gain on Asset Sale**

As discussed in "*Factors Affecting Comparability*", the year ended September 30, 2017 includes a \$127 million gain on the sale of broadcast spectrum.

**Operating Income**

Operating income decreased \$37 million, or 1%, to \$2.489 billion in the year ended September 30, 2017, reflecting the operating results discussed above. Excluding the items discussed in "*Factors Affecting Comparability*", adjusted operating income increased \$11 million to \$2.743 billion in the year ended September 30, 2017. *Filmed Entertainment* adjusted operating results improved \$165 million, or 37%, principally reflecting the lapping of a 2016 film impairment charge and higher profits

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from Paramount Television productions. *Media Networks* adjusted operating income decreased \$187 million, or 5%, to \$3.297 billion, as higher revenues were more than offset by increased expenses.

**Income Taxes**

Our effective income tax rate was 13.2% in the year ended September 30, 2017. The net discrete tax benefit of \$340 million, taken together with the discrete tax impact of the other factors affecting comparability, reduced the effective income tax rate by 16.8 percentage points. Excluding the impact of discrete tax items, our adjusted effective income tax rate was 30.0% in 2017, a decline of 1.7 percentage points from the prior year, primarily driven by the change in the mix of domestic and international income.

Our effective income tax rate was 26.1% in the year ended September 30, 2016. The net discrete tax benefit of \$102 million, taken together with the discrete tax impact of the restructuring charge, reduced the effective income tax rate by 5.6 percentage points. Excluding the impact of discrete tax items, our adjusted effective income tax rate was 31.7% in 2016.

**Net Earnings from Continuing Operations Attributable to Viacom**

Net earnings from continuing operations attributable to Viacom increased \$435 million, or 30%, to \$1.871 billion in the year ended September 30, 2017, principally due to gains on asset sales. Excluding the items discussed in "*Factors Affecting Comparability*", adjusted net earnings from continuing operations attributable to Viacom increased \$46 million, or 3%, to \$1.511 billion in the year ended September 30, 2017, driven by the decrease in adjusted effective tax rate and increase in adjusted operating income.

**Diluted Earnings Per Share from Continuing Operations**

Diluted EPS from continuing operations increased \$1.06 per diluted share to \$4.67 in the year ended September 30, 2017, reflecting the impact of net earnings. Excluding the items discussed in "*Factors Affecting Comparability*", adjusted diluted EPS from continuing operations increased \$0.09 per diluted share to \$3.77. Foreign exchange had an unfavorable \$0.05 impact on diluted and adjusted diluted EPS from continuing operations.

**Segment Results of Operations**

**Media Networks**

(in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		Better/(Worse)	
	2017	2016	\$	%
<b>Revenues by Component</b>				
Advertising	\$ 4,862	\$ 4,809	\$ 53	1 %
Affiliate	4,638	4,556	82	2
Ancillary	596	577	19	3
Total revenues by component	<u>\$ 10,096</u>	<u>\$ 9,942</u>	<u>\$ 154</u>	<u>2 %</u>
<b>Expenses</b>				
Operating	\$ 4,232	\$ 4,063	\$ (169)	(4)%
Selling, general and administrative	2,392	2,229	(163)	(7)
Depreciation and amortization	175	166	(9)	(5)
Total expenses	<u>\$ 6,799</u>	<u>\$ 6,458</u>	<u>\$ (341)</u>	<u>(5)%</u>
<b>Adjusted Operating Income</b>	<u>\$ 3,297</u>	<u>\$ 3,484</u>	<u>\$ (187)</u>	<u>(5)%</u>

**Revenues**

Worldwide revenues increased \$154 million, or 2%, to \$10.096 billion in the year ended September 30, 2017. Worldwide revenues include a 3-percentage point favorable impact from the acquisition of Telefe. Domestic revenues decreased \$70 million, or 1%, to \$7.969 billion. International revenues increased \$224 million, or 12%, to \$2.127 billion. Excluding a 5-percentage point unfavorable impact from foreign exchange, international revenues increased 17%, primarily driven by an 11-percentage point favorable impact from the Telefe acquisition.

*Advertising*

Worldwide advertising revenues increased \$53 million, or 1%, to \$4.862 billion in the year ended September 30, 2017. Foreign exchange had a 2-percentage point unfavorable impact on worldwide advertising revenues. Worldwide advertising revenues include a 4-percentage point favorable impact from the acquisition of Telefe. Domestic advertising revenues decreased \$85 million, or 2%, to \$3.753 billion, reflecting higher pricing, more than offset by lower impressions. International advertising revenues increased \$138 million, or 14%, to \$1.109 billion. Excluding an 8-percentage point unfavorable impact from foreign



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exchange, international advertising revenues increased 22%, primarily driven by an 18-percentage point favorable impact from the Telefe acquisition, as well as growth in Europe.

*Affiliate*

Worldwide affiliate revenues increased \$82 million, or 2%, to \$4.638 billion in the year ended September 30, 2017. Domestic affiliate revenues increased \$39 million, or 1%, to \$3.920 billion, principally reflecting rate increases and higher revenues from subscription video-on-demand and other OTT agreements, partially offset by a decline in subscribers. International affiliate revenues increased \$43 million, or 6%, to \$718 million. Excluding a 3-percentage point unfavorable impact from foreign exchange, international affiliate revenues increased 9%, driven by the impact of rate increases, subscriber growth, new channel launches and subscription video-on-demand and other OTT agreements, as well as a 2-percentage point favorable impact from the Telefe acquisition.

*Ancillary*

Worldwide ancillary revenues increased \$19 million, or 3%, to \$596 million in the year ended September 30, 2017. Worldwide ancillary revenues include a 2-percentage point favorable impact from the acquisition of Telefe. Domestic ancillary revenues decreased \$24 million, or 8%, to \$296 million, principally driven by lower consumer product revenue. International ancillary revenues increased \$43 million, or 17%, to \$300 million, principally driven by higher consumer product revenue and the acquisition of Telefe, which had a 6-percentage point favorable impact on international ancillary revenues.

**Expenses**

*Media Networks* segment expenses increased \$341 million, or 5%, to \$6.799 billion in the year ended September 30, 2017. Worldwide expenses include an unfavorable 3-percentage point impact from the acquisition of Telefe.

*Operating*

Operating expenses increased \$169 million, or 4%, to \$4.232 billion in the year ended September 30, 2017. Programming costs increased \$127 million, or 3%, primarily due to the acquisition of Telefe. Distribution and other expenses increased \$42 million, or 10%, driven by increased participation and royalty costs on certain distribution and advertising agreements.

*Selling, General and Administrative*

SG&A expenses increased \$163 million, or 7%, to \$2.392 billion in the year ended September 30, 2017, reflecting a 3-percentage point increase due to the acquisition of Telefe, and higher employee-related and advertising and promotion costs.

**Adjusted Operating Income**

Adjusted operating income decreased \$187 million, or 5%, to \$3.297 billion in the year ended September 30, 2017, reflecting the operating results discussed above.

**Filmed Entertainment**

(in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		Better/(Worse)	
	2017	2016	\$	%
<b>Revenues by Component</b>				
Theatrical	\$ 808	\$ 605	\$ 203	34 %
Home entertainment	849	783	66	8
Licensing	1,315	1,100	215	20
Ancillary	317	174	143	82
Total revenues by component	<u>\$ 3,289</u>	<u>\$ 2,662</u>	<u>\$ 627</u>	<u>24 %</u>
<b>Expenses</b>				
Operating	\$ 3,183	\$ 2,738	\$ (445)	(16)%
Selling, general and administrative	342	319	(23)	(7)
Depreciation and amortization	44	50	6	12
Total expenses	<u>\$ 3,569</u>	<u>\$ 3,107</u>	<u>\$ (462)</u>	<u>(15)%</u>
<b>Adjusted Operating Loss</b>	<u>\$ (280)</u>	<u>\$ (445)</u>	<u>\$ 165</u>	<u>37 %</u>

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**Revenues**

Worldwide revenues increased \$627 million, or 24%, to \$3.289 billion in the year ended September 30, 2017. Domestic revenues increased \$267 million, or 20%, to \$1.628 billion. International revenues increased \$360 million, or 28%, to \$1.661 billion.

*Theatrical*

Worldwide theatrical revenues increased \$203 million, or 34%, to \$808 million in the year ended September 30, 2017, principally driven by the release of *Transformers: The Last Knight*. Other significant 2017 releases included *xXx: Return of Xander Cage*, *Baywatch*, *Ghost in the Shell*, *Jack Reacher: Never Go Back* and *Arrival*, compared with *Star Trek Beyond*, *Daddy's Home*, *Teenage Mutant Ninja Turtles: Out of the Shadows* and *The Big Short* in 2016. Domestic theatrical revenues decreased 9%, while international theatrical revenues increased 86%, due to the strong international performance of *Transformers: The Last Knight*.

*Home Entertainment*

Worldwide home entertainment revenues increased \$66 million, or 8%, to \$849 million in the year ended September 30, 2017, primarily reflecting higher carryover revenues, driven by *Teenage Mutant Ninja Turtles: Out of the Shadows*, as well as catalog distribution revenues. Significant current year releases included *Star Trek Beyond*, *Jack Reacher: Never Go Back* and *Arrival*, while prior year releases included *Mission: Impossible - Rogue Nation*, *Terminator: Genisys* and *Daddy's Home*. Foreign exchange had a 4-percentage point unfavorable impact on international home entertainment revenues. Domestic and international home entertainment revenues increased 11% and 3%, respectively.

*Licensing*

Licensing revenues increased \$215 million, or 20%, to \$1.315 billion in the year ended September 30, 2017, primarily driven by Paramount Television productions, including *Shooter*, *13 Reasons Why* and *Berlin Station*. Domestic and international licensing revenues increased 32% and 13%, respectively.

*Ancillary*

Ancillary revenues increased \$143 million, or 82%, to \$317 million in the year ended September 30, 2017. Domestic ancillary revenues increased 89%, driven by the sale of a partial copyright interest in certain films released during the first half of the year in connection with an agreement then in place. International ancillary revenues increased 59%.

**Expenses**

*Filmed Entertainment* segment expenses increased \$462 million, or 15%, to \$3.569 billion in the year ended September 30, 2017.

*Operating*

Operating expenses increased \$445 million, or 16%, to \$3.183 billion in the year ended September 30, 2017. Distribution and other costs, principally print and advertising expenses, increased \$426 million, or 37%, primarily driven by higher marketing costs for our 2017 film slate and a charge resulting from the termination of a slate financing agreement. Film costs increased \$19 million, or 1%, primarily driven by the 2017 slate, including the release of *Transformers: The Last Knight*, partially offset by the lapping of a 2016 impairment charge.

*Selling, General and Administrative*

SG&A expenses increased \$23 million, or 7%, to \$342 million in the year ended September 30, 2017, primarily driven by higher employee-related costs.

**Adjusted Operating Loss**

Adjusted operating loss was \$280 million in the year ended September 30, 2017, compared with \$445 million in 2016, an improvement of \$165 million, or 37%, reflecting the operating results discussed above. Operating losses reflect the recognition of print and advertising expenses incurred in the period, generally before and throughout the theatrical release of a film, while revenues for the respective film are recognized as earned through its theatrical exhibition and subsequent distribution windows.

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**LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES**

**Liquidity**

*Sources and Uses of Cash*

Our primary source of liquidity is cash provided through the operations of our businesses. We have access to external financing sources such as our revolving credit facility and the capital markets. Our principal uses of cash from operations include the creation of new programming and film content, acquisitions of third-party content, interest and income tax payments. We also use cash for the repayment of debt, quarterly cash dividends, capital expenditures and acquisitions of businesses.

The *Media Networks* segment consistently generates a significant percentage of our cash flow from operating activities. Advertising is generally purchased by large media buying agencies and our affiliate revenues are earned from cable and direct-to-home satellite television operators and other distributors. The *Filmed Entertainment* segment's operational results and ability to generate cash flow from operations substantially depend on the number and timing of films and television series in development and production, the level and timing of print and advertising costs, and the public's response to our theatrical film and home entertainment releases. In general, our segments require relatively low levels of capital expenditures in relation to our annual cash flow from operations. This contributes to our ability to generate cash flow for future investment in our content and business operations, which we expect to be able to maintain over time.

We use commercial paper borrowings, backstopped by our credit facility, and the credit facility to fund short-term domestic liquidity needs principally driven by the timing of our domestic operating cash flows. Our cash and cash equivalents totaled \$1.557 billion as of September 30, 2018, of which \$671 million was held by our foreign subsidiaries.

As a result of the enactment of the Act, the Company recorded \$81 million of provisional transition tax on \$999 million of previously indefinitely reinvested foreign earnings and repatriated substantially all of these earnings to the U.S. during the fiscal year. We do not currently have plans to repatriate any undistributed international cash not subject to the transition tax. Should we require additional capital in the U.S., we could elect to repatriate these additional funds or access external financing, but repatriating these funds could result in approximately \$90 million to \$110 million of U.S. tax. Cash from earnings of our international subsidiaries generated after December 31, 2017 can be repatriated to the U.S. without incremental U.S. federal tax under the Act.

We believe that our cash flows from operating activities together with our credit facility provide us with adequate resources to fund our anticipated ongoing cash requirements. We anticipate that future debt maturities will be funded with cash and cash equivalents, cash flows from operating activities and future access to capital markets, including our credit facility.

We may continue to access external financing from time to time depending on our cash requirements, assessments of current and anticipated market conditions and after-tax cost of capital. Our access to capital markets can be impacted by factors outside our control, including economic conditions; however, we believe that our strong cash flows and balance sheet, our credit facility and our credit rating will provide us with adequate access to funding given our expected cash needs. Any new borrowing cost would be affected by market conditions and short and long-term debt ratings assigned by independent rating agencies, and there can be no assurance that we will be able to access capital markets on terms and conditions that will be favorable to us.

*Cash Flows*

Cash and cash equivalents were \$1.557 billion as of September 30, 2018, which increased \$168 million compared with September 30, 2017. The following tables include information driving the change in cash and cash equivalents and a reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities (GAAP) to free cash flow and operating free cash flow (non-GAAP). We define free cash flow as net cash provided by operating activities minus capital expenditures. We define operating free cash flow as free cash flow, excluding the impact of the cash premium on the extinguishment of debt, as applicable. Free cash flow and operating free cash flow are non-GAAP measures. Management believes the use of these measures provides investors with an important perspective on, in the case of free cash flow, our liquidity, including our ability to service debt and make investments in our businesses, and, in the case of operating free cash flow, our liquidity from ongoing activities.

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Change in cash and cash equivalents (in millions)	Year Ended September 30,			Better/(Worse) \$	
	2018	2017	2016	2018 vs. 2017	2017 vs. 2016
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,822	\$ 1,672	\$ 1,371	\$ 150	\$ 301
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	(224)	329	(299)	(553)	628
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,410)	(1,011)	(1,173)	(399)	162
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(20)	20	(26)	(40)	46
<b>Net change in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>\$ 168</b>	<b>\$ 1,010</b>	<b>\$ (127)</b>	<b>\$ (842)</b>	<b>\$ 1,137</b>
<b>Reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities to free cash flow and operating free cash flow</b>					
Net cash provided by operating activities (GAAP)	\$ 1,822	\$ 1,672	\$ 1,371	\$ 150	\$ 301
Capital expenditures	(178)	(195)	(172)	17	(23)
Free cash flow (Non-GAAP)	1,644	1,477	1,199	167	278
Debt retirement premium	—	33	—	(33)	33
<b>Operating free cash flow (Non-GAAP)</b>	<b>\$ 1,644</b>	<b>\$ 1,510</b>	<b>\$ 1,199</b>	<b>\$ 134</b>	<b>\$ 311</b>

*Operating Activities*

Cash provided by operating activities was \$1.822 billion in 2018, an increase of \$150 million compared with 2017, primarily reflecting lower income taxes and interest payments, partially offset by an increase in payments associated with film and television production. See Note 17 of the Consolidated Financial Statements for more information regarding income tax payments.

Cash provided by operating activities was \$1.672 billion in 2017, an increase of \$301 million compared with 2016, primarily reflecting lower film production spend, partially offset by other unfavorable working capital requirements, including higher income tax payments.

*Investing Activities*

Cash used in investing activities was \$224 million in 2018, principally reflecting capital expenditures and our acquisition activity, comprised of WhoSay Inc., VidCon LLC and Awesomeness TV Holdings, LLC.

Cash provided by investing activities was \$329 million in 2017, principally reflecting net proceeds of \$593 million from the sale of our investment in EPIX, \$147 million from the sale of certain broadcast spectrum and \$108 million from the sale of marketable securities, partially offset by the acquisition of Telefe for \$336 million, net of cash acquired, and capital expenditures.

Cash used in investing activities was \$299 million in 2016, principally reflecting capital expenditures and contributions made into grantor trusts in connection with the separation of certain senior executives. See Note 14 of the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

*Financing Activities*

Cash used in financing activities was \$1.410 billion in 2018, principally reflecting \$1.000 billion of debt repayments and dividend payments of \$322 million.

Cash used in financing activities was \$1.011 billion in 2017, principally reflecting net payments of \$783 million from debt transactions and dividend payments of \$319 million, partially offset by stock option exercise proceeds of \$172 million.

Cash used in financing activities was \$1.173 billion in 2016, primarily driven by dividend payments of \$635 million, debt repayments of \$368 million and the settlement of share repurchases totaling \$100 million.

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**Capital Resources****Capital Structure and Debt**

Our debt outstanding as of September 30, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

Debt (in millions)	September 30,	
	2018	2017
Notes and debentures	\$ 10,052	\$ 11,065
Capital leases and other obligations	30	54
Total debt	\$ 10,082	\$ 11,119

In 2018, we redeemed \$1.039 billion of senior notes and debentures for a redemption price of \$1.000 billion. As a result, we recognized a net pre-tax extinguishment gain of \$25 million, which included \$14 million of unamortized debt costs and transaction fees.

Our 5.875% Junior subordinated debentures due February 2057 and 6.250% Junior subordinated debentures due February 2057 accrue interest at the stated fixed rates until February 28, 2022 and February 28, 2027, respectively, collectively the "Junior Subordinated Debentures", on which dates the rates will switch to floating rates based on three-month LIBOR plus 3.895% and 3.899%, respectively, reset quarterly. The Junior Subordinated Debentures can be called by us at any time after the expiration of the fixed-rate period. The outstanding principal amount of each of the Junior Subordinated Debentures was \$650 million as of September 30, 2018.

The subordination, interest deferral option and extended term of the Junior Subordinated Debentures provide significant credit protection measures for senior creditors and, as a result of these features, the debentures received a 50% equity credit by S&P and Fitch, and a 25% equity credit by Moody's.

The interest rate payable on our 2.250% Senior notes due February 2022 and 3.450% Senior notes due October 2026, collectively the "Senior Notes", will be subject to adjustment from time to time if Moody's Investors Services, Inc. or S&P Global Ratings downgrades (or downgrades and subsequently upgrades) the credit rating assigned to the Senior Notes. The interest rate on these Senior Notes would increase by 0.25% upon each credit agency downgrade up to a maximum of 2.00%, and would similarly be decreased for subsequent upgrades. The outstanding principal amount of our 2.250% Senior notes due February 2022 and 3.450% Senior notes due October 2026 was \$103 million and \$479 million as of September 30, 2018, respectively.

Our outstanding notes and debentures provide for certain covenant packages typical for an investment grade company. There is an acceleration trigger for the majority of the notes and debentures in the event of a change in control under specified circumstances coupled with ratings downgrades due to the change in control, as well as certain optional redemption provisions for our junior debentures.

At September 30, 2018 and 2017, the total unamortized discount and issuance fees and expenses related to our outstanding notes and debentures was \$431 million and \$457 million, respectively.

*Credit Facility:* At September 30, 2018 and 2017, there were no amounts outstanding under our \$2.5 billion revolving credit facility due November 2019. The average credit facility amount outstanding for the twelve months ending September 30, 2018 was \$42 million, which had a weighted average interest rate of 2.74%. The credit facility is used for general corporate purposes and to support commercial paper outstanding, if any. The borrowing rate under the credit facility is LIBOR plus a margin ranging from 1.25% to 2.25% based on our current public debt rating. The credit facility has one principal financial covenant that requires our interest coverage for the most recent four consecutive fiscal quarters to be at least 3.0x, which we met as of September 30, 2018.

*Commercial Paper:* At September 30, 2018 and 2017, there was no commercial paper outstanding. The average commercial paper outstanding for the twelve months ending September 30, 2018 was \$683 million, which had a weighted average interest rate of 2.25%.

*Stock Repurchase Program:* During 2018 and 2017, we did not repurchase any shares of Class B common stock. During 2016, we repurchased 2.1 million shares under the program for an aggregate price of \$100 million. There is \$4.9 billion of remaining capacity under our \$20.0 billion stock repurchase program.

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**Commitments and Contingencies**

Our commitments primarily consist of programming and talent commitments, operating and capital lease arrangements, and purchase obligations for goods and services. These arrangements result from our normal course of business and represent obligations that may be payable over several years. See Note 11 of the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information. Additionally, we are subject to a redeemable put option (see Note 10 to our Consolidated Financial Statements).

*Guarantees:* In the course of our business, we both provide and receive the benefit of indemnities that are intended to allocate certain risks associated with business transactions. Similarly, we may remain contingently liable for various obligations of a business that has been divested in the event that a third party does not live up to its obligations under an indemnification agreement.

*Leases -* We have certain indemnification obligations with respect to leases primarily associated with the previously discontinued operations of Famous Players Inc. (“Famous Players”). In addition, we have certain indemnities provided by the acquirer of Famous Players.

*Other -* We have indemnification obligations with respect to letters of credit and surety bonds primarily used as security against non-performance in the normal course of business.

*Film Financing Arrangements:* From time to time we enter into film or television programming (collectively referred to as “film”) financing arrangements that involve the sale of a partial copyright interest in a film to third-party investors. Since the investors typically have the risks and rewards of ownership proportionate to their ownership in the film, we generally record the amounts received for the sale of copyright interest as a reduction of the cost of the film and related cash flows are reflected in net cash flow from operating activities. We also enter into collaborative arrangements with other studios to jointly finance and distribute films (“co-financing arrangements”), under which each partner is responsible for distribution of the film in specific territories or distribution windows. The partners’ share in the profits and losses of the films under these arrangements are included within participations expense under the individual-film-forecast-computation method.

**Contractual Obligations**

Our contractual obligations include amounts reflected on our balance sheet, as well as off-balance sheet arrangements. At September 30, 2018, our significant contractual obligations, including payments due for the next five fiscal years and thereafter, were as follows:

Contractual Obligations (in millions)	Total	2019	2020-2021	2022-2023	Thereafter
<b>Off-balance Sheet Arrangements</b>					
Programming and talent commitments <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 2,001	\$ 759	\$ 833	\$ 334	\$ 75
Operating leases <sup>(2)</sup>	1,686	176	426	294	790
Purchase obligations <sup>(3)</sup>	1,050	578	386	70	16
<b>On-Balance Sheet Arrangements</b>					
Capital lease obligations <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 34	\$ 19	\$ 14	\$ —	\$ 1
Debt	10,483	550	752	2,331	6,850
Interest payments <sup>(5)</sup>	9,415	518	950	867	7,080
Other long-term obligations <sup>(6)</sup>	2,412	1,391	846	169	6

(1) Programming and talent commitments include \$1.569 billion relating to media networks programming and \$432 million for talent contracts.

(2) Operating leases include long-term non-cancelable operating lease commitments for office space, equipment, transponders, studio facilities and vehicles.

(3) Purchase obligations include agreements to purchase goods or services that are enforceable and legally binding and that specify all significant terms, including open purchase orders.

(4) Capital lease obligations include capital leases for satellite transponders.

(5) Interest payments on our junior subordinated debentures subsequent to the expiration of their fixed-rate periods have been included based on their current fixed rates.

(6) Other long-term obligations principally consist of participations, residuals and programming obligations for content that is available for airing.

The table above does not include payments which may result from our defined benefit pension plans of \$402 million, unrecognized tax benefits of \$200 million, including interest and penalties, interest payments to be made under our credit facility and for commercial paper outstanding, \$246 million of redeemable noncontrolling interest and lease indemnification obligations of approximately \$141 million. The amount and timing of payments with respect to these items are subject to a number of uncertainties such that we are unable to make sufficiently reliable estimations of future payments.

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**MARKET RISK**

We are exposed to market risk related to foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. We use or expect to use derivative financial instruments to modify exposure to risks from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. In accordance with our policy, we do not use derivative instruments unless there is an underlying exposure, and we do not hold or enter into financial instruments for speculative trading purposes.

**Foreign Exchange Risk**

We conduct business in various countries outside the U.S., resulting in exposure to movements in foreign exchange rates when translating from the foreign local currency to the U.S. Dollar.

We use foreign currency forward contracts to economically hedge anticipated cash flows and foreign currency balances in such currencies as the British Pound, the Euro, the Canadian Dollar, the Australian Dollar, the Japanese Yen and the Brazilian Real. We also enter into forward contracts to hedge future production costs and programming obligations. The change in fair value of non-designated foreign exchange contracts is included in current period earnings as part of *Other items, net* in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings. We manage the use of foreign exchange derivatives centrally.

At September 30, 2018 and 2017, the notional value of all foreign exchange contracts was \$642 million and \$869 million, respectively. In 2018, \$345 million related to future production costs and \$297 million related to our foreign currency balances. In 2017, \$582 million related to future production costs and \$287 million related to our foreign currency balances.

**Interest Rate Risk**

A portion of our interest expense is exposed to movements in short-term rates. A 1% change to the weighted average interest rate on commercial paper and credit facility amounts outstanding in 2018 would increase or decrease interest expense by approximately \$7 million. Also, interest expense for future long-term debt issues is exposed to movements in long-term rates. Interest rate hedges may be used to modify both of these exposures at our discretion. There were no interest rate hedges outstanding at September 30, 2018 and 2017.

Viacom has issued notes and debentures that, at September 30, 2018, had an outstanding balance of \$10.1 billion and an estimated fair value of \$10.5 billion. A 1% increase or decrease in the level of interest rates would decrease or increase the fair value of the notes and debentures by approximately \$800 million and \$900 million, respectively.

**Credit Risk**

We continually monitor our positions with, and credit quality of, our customers and the financial institutions that are counterparties to our financial instrument agreements. We are exposed to credit loss in the event of nonpayment by our customers and nonperformance by the counterparties to our financial instrument agreements. However, we do not anticipate nonperformance by the counterparties to our financial instrument agreements and we believe our allowance for doubtful accounts is sufficient to cover any anticipated nonpayment by our customers.

**CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES**

The preparation of our financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates, which are based on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances. The result of these evaluations forms the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported amount of expenses that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Our critical accounting policies are those that are considered by management to require significant judgment and use of estimates and that could have a significant impact on our financial statements. An understanding of our critical accounting policies is necessary to analyze our financial results. Our critical accounting policies include our accounting for film and television production costs, acquired programming rights, revenue recognition, income taxes and goodwill. The risks and uncertainties involved in applying our critical accounting policies are provided below. Unless otherwise noted, we applied our critical accounting policies and estimation methods consistently in all material respects and for all periods presented, and have discussed such policies with our Audit Committee. For a summary of our significant accounting policies see Note 2 of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

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***Film and Television Production Costs***

We capitalize feature film and television production costs, on a title-specific basis, as *Inventory, net* in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. We use an individual-film-forecast-computation method to amortize original production costs and to accrue estimated liabilities for residuals and participations over the applicable title's life cycle based upon the ratio of current period to estimated remaining total gross revenues ("ultimate revenues") for each title. The estimate of ultimate revenues impacts the timing of amortization and accrual of participations and residuals.

Our estimate of ultimate revenues for feature films includes revenues from all sources that are estimated to be earned within 10 years from the date of a film's initial theatrical release. For acquired film libraries, our estimate of ultimate revenues is for a period within 20 years from the date of acquisition. Prior to the release of feature films, we estimate ultimate revenues based on the historical performance of similar content and pre-release market research (including test market screenings), as well as incorporating factors of the content itself, including, but not limited to, the expected number of theaters and markets in which the original content will be released, the genre of the original content and the past box office performance of the lead actors and actresses. We believe the most sensitive factor affecting our estimate of ultimate revenues for films intended for theatrical release is theatrical exhibition, as subsequent markets have historically exhibited a high correlation to theatrical performance. Upon a film's initial release, we update our estimate of ultimate revenues based on expected future and actual results. Our estimates of revenues from succeeding windows and markets are revised based on historical relationships to theatrical performance and an analysis of current market trends. We also review and revise estimates of ultimate revenue and participation costs as of each reporting date to reflect the most current available information. If estimates for a film are revised, the difference between amortization expense determined using the new estimate and any amounts previously expensed during that fiscal year are charged or credited to our Consolidated Statement of Earnings in the quarter in which the estimates are revised. The most sensitive factor affecting our estimates for films subsequent to their initial release is the extent of home entertainment sales achieved. In addition to theatrical performance, home entertainment sales vary based on a variety of factors including demand for our titles, the volume and quality of competing products, marketing and promotional strategies, as well as economic conditions.

Ultimate revenues for episodic television programming are limited to the amount of contracted revenue. Accordingly, television production costs in excess of the amount of contracted revenue are expensed as incurred. For original programming broadcast on our networks, capitalized original programming costs are amortized utilizing an individual-film-forecast-computation method over the applicable title's ultimate revenues based on genre and historical experience, beginning with the month of initial exhibition. The most sensitive factor affecting ultimate revenues is ratings, which are an indication of audience acceptance and directly impact the level of advertising revenues we will be able to generate during the airing of the programming. Poor ratings may result in effective abandonment of a program, which would result in the immediate write-off of any unamortized production costs.

If we believe that the release of our content will not be or has not been favorably received, then we would assess whether the fair value of such content is less than the unamortized portion of its capitalized costs and, if need be, recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the unamortized capitalized costs exceed the fair value. We utilize the individual-film-forecast-computation method (adjusted to incorporate revenue and related costs, including future exploitation costs, if any, expected to occur in periods beyond 10 years from the date of a film's initial release) to develop the cash flows which are subsequently discounted to compute the fair value of a title that is being assessed for impairment. The discount rate utilized takes into account the time value of money as well as a risk premium. The risk premium reflects the uncertainties of realizing the expected cash flows of a title which is impacted by the title's position within its product life cycle.

***Acquired Programming Rights***

Costs incurred in acquiring program rights, including advances, are capitalized and amortized to operating expenses over the license period or projected useful life of the programming, if shorter, commencing upon availability, based on estimated future airings. Program rights and the related liabilities are recorded at the commencement of the licensing period when the cost of the programming is known or reasonably determinable, the program material has been accepted and the programming is available for airing. If initial airings are expected to generate higher revenues an accelerated method of amortization is used. Determining factors used in estimating the useful life of programming include the expected number of future airings, which may differ from the contracted number of airings, the length of the license period and expected future revenues to be generated from the programming. The cost basis of acquired programming is the capitalized cost of each program and is equal to the cost of the programming pursuant to the license agreement less the cumulative amortization recorded for the program. Capitalized costs of rights to program materials are reported in our Consolidated Balance Sheets at the lower of unamortized cost or estimated net realizable value. We evaluate net realizable value of acquired rights programming on a daypart basis. A daypart is defined as an aggregation of programs broadcast during a particular time of day or an aggregation of programs of a similar type. We



**Management's Discussion and Analysis  
of Results of Operations and Financial Condition  
(continued)**

aggregate similar programming based on the specific demographic targeted by each respective program service. Net realizable value is determined by estimating advertising revenues to be derived from the future airing of the programming within the daypart as well as an allocation of affiliate revenues to programming. An impairment charge may be necessary if our estimates of future cash flows of similar programming are insufficient or if programming is abandoned.

***Revenue Recognition***

We recognize revenue when it is realized or realizable and earned. We consider revenue realized or realizable and earned when there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement, delivery has occurred, the sales price is fixed or determinable, and collectability is reasonably assured. Determining whether some or all of these criteria have been met involves assumptions and judgments that can have a significant impact on the timing and amount of revenue we report. This includes the evaluation of multiple element arrangements for bundled advertising sales and content licenses, which involves allocating the consideration among individual deliverables within the bundled arrangement.

***Multiple-Element Arrangements***

We enter into arrangements which involve multiple revenue-generating activities. In accounting for multiple-element arrangements, judgment is exercised in identifying the separate elements of the transaction and in determining the value of these elements.

Advertising revenues are principally generated from the sale of advertising time comprised of multiple commercial units. Each advertising spot comprises a deliverable for accounting purposes. Consideration for these arrangements is allocated among the individual advertising spots based on relative fair value using Viacom-specific prices.

Subscription video-on-demand and other OTT arrangements include certain programs made available to distributors on one or more dates for a fixed fee. Consideration for such arrangements is allocated among the programs based on relative fair value using stand alone selling price, where available, or management's best estimate considering viewing performance and other factors.

***Gross versus Net Revenue***

We earn and recognize revenues under distribution and outsourced agency agreements. In such cases, determining whether revenue should be reported on a gross or net basis is based on management's assessment of who our customer is in the transaction. To the extent the end consumer is our customer, we act as the principal in a transaction and revenues earned from the end user are reported on a gross basis. This determination involves judgment and is based on an evaluation of the facts and circumstances of the terms of an arrangement.

***Revenue Allowances***

In accordance with the accounting guidance related to revenue recognition when a right of return exists, revenue allowances are recorded to adjust amounts originally invoiced to the estimated net realizable value of a particular product. Upon the sale of DVDs and Blu-ray discs to wholesalers and retailers, we record a reduction of revenue for the impact of estimated future returns, rebates and other incentives ("estimated returns"). In determining estimated returns, we consider numerous sources of qualitative and quantitative evidence including forecasted sales data, customers' rights of return, units shipped and units remaining at retail, historical return rates for similar product, current economic trends, competitive environment, promotions and sales strategies.

Forecasted sales data is determined by comparing a particular release to product that has similar characteristics where applicable, such as franchise, genre, box office levels and release patterns, using regression analysis, decay rates and other tools. Based on the results of this analysis and the sales strategies to be used for the release, we reserve an appropriate percentage of each dollar of product revenue on a title taking into consideration the qualitative and quantitative factors described above. Forecasted sales data is reviewed and updated throughout each quarter and is consistent with the projections of ultimate revenues used in applying the individual-film-forecast-computation method to amortize our film costs. Accordingly, a change in forecasted sales affects both the revenue allowance and related expenses. Actual sell-through data is reviewed as it becomes available against the forecasted sales data to ensure that estimates continue to be consistent with actual sales performance.

Our estimate of future returns affects reported revenue and operating income. If we underestimate the impact of future returns in a particular period, then we may record less revenue and related expenses in later periods when returns exceed the estimated amounts. If we overestimate the impact of future returns in a particular period, then we may record additional revenue and related expenses in later periods when returns are less than estimated. An incremental change of 1-percentage point in our estimated sales returns rate (i.e., provisions for returns divided by gross sales of related product) for DVDs and Blu-ray

**Management's Discussion and Analysis  
of Results of Operations and Financial Condition  
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products would have a \$6 million impact on our total revenue for the year ended September 30, 2018. This revenue impact would be partially offset by a corresponding impact on related expenses depending on the margin associated with a specific film and other factors.

***Income Taxes***

Significant judgment is required in determining our annual provision for income taxes and evaluating our income tax positions. Our tax rates are impacted by the tax laws, regulations and policies in federal, state, local and international territories where our businesses operate. In determining our income tax provisions on a jurisdiction basis, we are required to make judgments on the need to record deferred tax assets and liabilities, including the realizability of deferred tax assets. A valuation allowance for deferred tax assets is established if it is more likely than not that a deferred tax asset will not be realized. In evaluating uncertain tax positions, we make determinations of the application of complex tax rules, regulations and practices. We evaluate our uncertain tax positions quarterly based on many factors including, but not limited to, new facts, changes in tax law and interpretations, as well as information received from regulators. A change in any one of these factors could change our evaluation of an existing uncertain tax position, resulting in the recognition of an additional charge or benefit to our income tax provision in the period and may result in fluctuations in our effective income tax rate. Additionally, our income tax returns are routinely audited and settlements of issues raised in these audits sometimes affect our income tax provisions. The resolution of audit issues and income tax positions taken may take extended periods of time due to the length of examinations by tax authorities and the possible extension of statutes of limitations.

A 1-percentage point change in our effective income tax rate would result in additional income tax expense of approximately \$20 million for the year ended September 30, 2018.

***Goodwill***

In 2017, the Company's reporting units, for purposes of goodwill impairment testing, were Global Entertainment Group, Nickelodeon Group, BET Networks and Paramount. During the fourth quarter of 2018, we reassessed our reporting units due to certain business, managerial and financial reporting changes to further integrate Media Networks' brands. To determine our reporting units, we evaluate the components one level below the operating segment level and we aggregate the components if they have similar economic characteristics. As a result of the assessment, we concluded that our reporting units have changed. As such, as of September 30, 2018, our reporting units were Media Networks (\$10.0 billion of goodwill) and Paramount (\$1.6 billion of goodwill). We test goodwill for impairment on August 31 of each year and have elected to perform a qualitative assessment test for our reporting units in 2018. We performed this qualitative assessment on our previous reporting units in connection with the change described above, as well as on our newly identified reporting units, as part of our annual goodwill assessment. The qualitative test is an evaluation, based on the weight of evidence, of the significance of all identified events and circumstances in the context of determining whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. A qualitative assessment includes, but is not limited to, consideration of the results of our most recent quantitative impairment test, performed in 2017, consideration of macroeconomic conditions and industry and market conditions. Based on our assessments, we concluded that it is not more likely than not that goodwill is impaired. Therefore, performing a quantitative impairment test was not considered necessary.

A quantitative goodwill impairment test, when performed, requires estimating fair value of a reporting unit based on a discounted cash flow analysis. A discounted cash flow analysis requires us to make various judgmental assumptions, including assumptions about the timing and amount of future cash flows, growth rates and discount rates. Given the inherent uncertainty in determining these assumptions, actual results may differ from those used in our valuations.

**Management's Discussion and Analysis  
of Results of Operations and Financial Condition  
(continued)**

**OTHER MATTERS**

**Related Parties**

In the ordinary course of business we enter into transactions with related parties, including National Amusements, Inc. ("National Amusements"), CBS, their respective subsidiaries and affiliates and companies that we account for under the equity method of accounting. See Note 20 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for details regarding the related party transactions and their impact on the Financial Statements.

**Agreements with CBS Corporation**

In connection with our separation from CBS, effective as of January 1, 2006 (the "separation"), we and CBS entered into a Separation Agreement, a Transition Services Agreement and a Tax Matters Agreement, as well as certain other agreements to govern the terms of the separation and certain of the ongoing relationships between CBS and us after the separation. These related party arrangements are more fully described below.

Pursuant to the Separation Agreement, each company is obligated to indemnify the other company and the other company's officers, directors and employees for any losses arising out of its failure to perform or discharge any of the liabilities it assumed pursuant to the Separation Agreement, including with respect to certain legal matters, its businesses as conducted as of the date of the separation and its breaches of shared contracts.

Subject to limited exceptions, the Separation Agreement provides that none of Viacom, any subsidiary of Viacom or any person that is controlled by Viacom after the separation will own or acquire an interest in a radio or television broadcast station, television broadcast network or daily newspaper, if such ownership or acquisition would (i) cause CBS, any subsidiary of CBS or any entity controlled by CBS after the date of the separation to be in violation of U.S. federal laws limiting the ownership or control of radio broadcast stations, television broadcast stations and/or television broadcast networks or (ii) limit in any manner at any time under such laws CBS's ability to acquire additional interests in a radio or television broadcast station and/or television broadcast network. These restrictions will terminate when none of Mr. Redstone, National Amusements, NAIRI Inc. or any of their successors, assigns or transferees are deemed to have interests in both CBS and Viacom that are attributable under applicable U.S. federal laws.

The Separation Agreement also provides that neither Viacom, any subsidiary of Viacom or any person controlled by Viacom nor CBS, any subsidiary of CBS or any person controlled by CBS will acquire any asset, enter into any agreement or accept or agree to any condition that purports to bind, or subjects to a legal order, the other company, its subsidiaries or any person it controls without such other party's written consent.

**Item 7A. *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.***

Disclosures on our market risk are included in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition – Market Risk."

**Item 8. *Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.***

Index to financial statements and supplementary data:

<a href="#"><u>Management’s Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>59</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>60</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>Consolidated Statements of Earnings for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>62</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>63</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2018 and 2017</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>64</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>65</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>Consolidated Statements of Stockholders’ Equity for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>66</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>67</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>Quarterly Financial Data (unaudited)</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>96</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>Schedule II – Valuation and Qualifying Accounts</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>101</u></a>

**MANAGEMENT’S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING**

Management has prepared and is responsible for our consolidated financial statements and related notes. Management is also responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Viacom Inc. and its subsidiaries’ (the “Company”) internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with the authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company’s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements prepared for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risks that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our personal participation, we conducted an assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* (2013) as issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on this assessment, management determined that as of September 30, 2018, Viacom maintained effective internal control over financial reporting.

The effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2018 has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report included herein.

**VIACOM INC.**

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
/s/ ROBERT M. BAKISH  
Robert M. Bakish  
*President and Chief Executive Officer*

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
/s/ WADE DAVIS  
Wade Davis  
*Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer*

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
/s/ KATHERINE GILL-CHAREST  
Katherine Gill-Charest  
*Senior Vice President, Controller and  
Chief Accounting Officer*

**Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Viacom Inc.

***Opinions on the Financial Statements and Internal Control over Financial Reporting***

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Viacom Inc. and its subsidiaries as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, and the related consolidated statements of earnings, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended September 30, 2018, including the related notes and schedule of valuation and qualifying accounts for each of the three years in the period ended September 30, 2018 appearing under Item 15(a)(2) (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). We also have audited the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2018, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended September 30, 2018 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2018, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the COSO.

***Basis for Opinions***

The Company's management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express opinions on the Company's consolidated financial statements and on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud, and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audits of the consolidated financial statements included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

***Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting***

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the

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company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
New York, New York  
November 16, 2018

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2005.

**VIACOM INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS**

(in millions, except per share amounts)	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
Revenues	\$ 12,943	\$ 13,263	\$ 12,488
Expenses:			
Operating	6,879	7,436	6,684
Selling, general and administrative	3,056	3,005	2,851
Depreciation and amortization	213	223	221
Restructuring and related costs	225	237	206
Total expenses	10,373	10,901	9,962
Gain on asset sale	—	127	—
Operating income	2,570	2,489	2,526
Interest expense, net	(560)	(618)	(616)
Equity in net earnings of investee companies	9	81	87
Gain on sale of EPIX	—	285	—
Other items, net	(22)	(25)	(7)
Earnings from continuing operations before provision for income taxes	1,997	2,212	1,990
Provision for income taxes	(269)	(293)	(519)
Net earnings from continuing operations	1,728	1,919	1,471
Discontinued operations, net of tax	31	3	2
Net earnings (Viacom and noncontrolling interests)	1,759	1,922	1,473
Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interests	(40)	(48)	(35)
Net earnings attributable to Viacom	\$ 1,719	\$ 1,874	\$ 1,438
Amounts attributable to Viacom:			
Net earnings from continuing operations	\$ 1,688	\$ 1,871	\$ 1,436
Discontinued operations, net of tax	31	3	2
Net earnings attributable to Viacom	\$ 1,719	\$ 1,874	\$ 1,438
Basic earnings per share attributable to Viacom:			
Continuing operations	\$ 4.19	\$ 4.68	\$ 3.62
Discontinued operations	0.08	0.01	0.01
Net earnings	\$ 4.27	\$ 4.69	\$ 3.63
Diluted earnings per share attributable to Viacom:			
Continuing operations	\$ 4.19	\$ 4.67	\$ 3.61
Discontinued operations	0.08	0.01	—
Net earnings	\$ 4.27	\$ 4.68	\$ 3.61
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:			
Basic	402.7	399.9	396.5
Diluted	403.0	400.6	398.0
Dividends declared per share of Class A and Class B common stock	\$ 0.80	\$ 0.80	\$ 1.40

*See accompanying notes to Consolidated Financial Statements*



**VIACOM INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

(in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
Net earnings (Viacom and noncontrolling interests)	\$ 1,759	\$ 1,922	\$ 1,473
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax:			
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(166)	29	(101)
Defined benefit pension plans	40	37	(65)
Cash flow hedges	(1)	7	1
Available-for-sale securities	48	—	—
Other comprehensive income/(loss) (Viacom and noncontrolling interests)	(79)	73	(165)
Comprehensive income	1,680	1,995	1,308
Less: Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	37	47	28
Comprehensive income attributable to Viacom	\$ 1,643	\$ 1,948	\$ 1,280

*See accompanying notes to Consolidated Financial Statements*

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**VIACOM INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(in millions, except par value)	September 30,	
	2018	2017
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,557	\$ 1,389
Receivables, net	3,141	2,970
Inventory, net	896	919
Prepaid and other assets	482	523
Total current assets	6,076	5,801
Property and equipment, net	919	978
Inventory, net	3,848	3,982
Goodwill	11,609	11,665
Intangibles, net	313	313
Other assets	1,018	959
Total assets	\$ 23,783	\$ 23,698
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 433	\$ 431
Accrued expenses	848	869
Participants' share and residuals	719	825
Program obligations	662	712
Deferred revenue	398	463
Current portion of debt	567	19
Other liabilities	427	434
Total current liabilities	4,054	3,753
Noncurrent portion of debt	9,515	11,100
Participants' share and residuals	523	384
Program obligations	498	477
Deferred tax liabilities, net	296	294
Other liabilities	1,186	1,323
Redeemable noncontrolling interest	246	248
Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)		
Viacom stockholders' equity:		
Class A common stock, par value \$0.001, 375.0 authorized; 49.4 and 49.4 outstanding, respectively	—	—
Class B common stock, par value \$0.001, 5,000.0 authorized; 353.7 and 353.0 outstanding, respectively	—	—
Additional paid-in capital	10,145	10,119
Treasury stock, 393.1 and 393.8 common shares held in treasury, respectively	(20,562)	(20,590)
Retained earnings	18,561	17,124
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(737)	(618)
Total Viacom stockholders' equity	7,407	6,035
Noncontrolling interests	58	84
Total equity	7,465	6,119
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 23,783	\$ 23,698

*See accompanying notes to Consolidated Financial Statements*

**VIACOM INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Net earnings (Viacom and noncontrolling interests)	\$ 1,759	\$ 1,922	\$ 1,473
Discontinued operations, net of tax	(31)	(3)	(2)
Net earnings from continuing operations	1,728	1,919	1,471
Reconciling items:			
Depreciation and amortization	213	223	221
Feature film and program amortization	4,785	4,739	4,568
Equity-based compensation	57	68	163
Equity in net earnings and distributions from investee companies	(2)	(14)	(83)
Gain on asset sales	(16)	(412)	—
Deferred income taxes	(45)	(174)	254
Operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:			
Receivables	(250)	(132)	149
Production and programming	(4,606)	(4,412)	(5,102)
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	(45)	(207)	(229)
Other, net	3	74	(41)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,822	1,672	1,371
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Acquisitions and investments, net	(112)	(378)	(58)
Capital expenditures	(178)	(195)	(172)
Proceeds received from asset sales	57	848	—
Grantor trust proceeds/(contributions)	9	54	(69)
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	(224)	329	(299)
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Borrowings	—	2,569	—
Debt repayments	(1,000)	(3,352)	(368)
Purchase of treasury stock	—	—	(100)
Dividends paid	(322)	(319)	(635)
Exercise of stock options	2	172	11
Other, net	(90)	(81)	(81)
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,410)	(1,011)	(1,173)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(20)	20	(26)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	168	1,010	(127)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,389	379	506
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,557	\$ 1,389	\$ 379

*See accompanying notes to Consolidated Financial Statements*

**VIACOM INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**

(in millions)	Common Stock (shares)	Common Stock/ Additional Paid-In Capital	Treasury Stock	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Viacom Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
<b>September 30, 2015</b>	398.1	\$ 10,017	\$ (20,725)	\$ 14,780	\$ (534)	\$ 3,538	\$ 61	\$ 3,599
Net earnings	—	—	—	1,438	—	1,438	35	1,473
Other comprehensive loss, net of income tax benefit of \$31	—	—	—	—	(158)	(158)	(7)	(165)
Noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	(32)	—	(32)	(36)	(68)
Dividends declared	—	—	—	(558)	—	(558)	—	(558)
Purchase of treasury stock	(2.1)	—	(100)	—	—	(100)	—	(100)
Equity-based compensation and other	1.0	122	27	—	—	149	—	149
<b>September 30, 2016</b>	397.0	10,139	(20,798)	15,628	(692)	4,277	53	4,330
Net earnings	—	—	—	1,874	—	1,874	48	1,922
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of income tax expense of \$27	—	—	—	—	74	74	(1)	73
Noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	(57)	—	(57)	(16)	(73)
Dividends declared	—	—	—	(321)	—	(321)	—	(321)
Equity-based compensation and other	5.4	(20)	208	—	—	188	—	188
<b>September 30, 2017</b>	402.4	10,119	(20,590)	17,124	(618)	6,035	84	6,119
Net earnings	—	—	—	1,719	—	1,719	40	1,759
Other comprehensive loss, net of income tax expense of \$77	—	—	—	—	(76)	(76)	(3)	(79)
Noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	—	(63)	(63)
Dividends declared	—	—	—	(325)	—	(325)	—	(325)
Equity-based compensation and other <sup>(1)</sup>	0.7	26	28	43	(43)	54	—	54
<b>September 30, 2018</b>	403.1	\$ 10,145	\$ (20,562)	\$ 18,561	\$ (737)	\$ 7,407	\$ 58	\$ 7,465

(1) Includes reclassification of \$43 million of stranded tax effects resulting from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, as discussed further in Note 1.

*See accompanying notes to Consolidated Financial Statements*

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

***Description of Business***

Viacom creates entertainment experiences that drive conversation and culture around the world. Through television, film, digital media, live events, merchandise and solutions, our brands connect with diverse, young and young at heart audiences in more than 180 countries. Viacom operates through two reportable segments: *Media Networks* and *Filmed Entertainment*. The *Media Networks* segment provides entertainment content, services and related branded products for consumers in targeted demographics attractive to advertisers, content distributors and retailers through our global media brands including flagship brands Nickelodeon, MTV, BET, Comedy Central and Paramount Network. The *Filmed Entertainment* segment develops, produces, finances, acquires and distributes films, television programming and other entertainment content through its Paramount Pictures, Paramount Players, Paramount Animation and Paramount Television divisions, in various markets and media worldwide, for itself and for third parties. It partners on various projects with key Viacom brands, including Nickelodeon Movies, MTV Films, and BET Films. References in this document to “Viacom,” “Company,” “we,” “us” and “our” mean Viacom Inc. and our consolidated subsidiaries, unless the context requires otherwise.

The consolidated financial statements present the Company’s financial results for the years ended September 30, 2018 (“2018”), September 30, 2017 (“2017”) and September 30, 2016 (“2016”).

***Use of Estimates***

Preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the dates presented and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the periods presented. Significant estimates inherent in the preparation of the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include estimates of film ultimate revenues, product returns, potential outcome of uncertain tax positions, fair value of acquired assets and liabilities, fair value of equity-based compensation and pension benefit assumptions. Estimates are based on past experience and other considerations reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

***Recent Accounting Pronouncements***

***Equity-Based Compensation***

On October 1, 2017, we adopted Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2016-09 - Compensation - Stock Compensation: Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting, which simplifies several aspects of the accounting for and presentation of share-based payments in the financial statements. The new guidance requires all excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies arising from share-based payment activity to be (i) recognized within *Provision for income taxes* in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings in the period in which the awards vest or are exercised or canceled, and (ii) reported as operating activities in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. We retrospectively reclassified \$1 million of excess tax benefits in 2017 from financing activities to operating activities in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

***Income Taxes***

During 2018, we adopted ASU 2018-02 - Income Statement - Reporting Comprehensive Income: Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (“AOCI”). ASU 2018-02 allows for reclassification of stranded tax effects on items resulting from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act from AOCI to retained earnings. Certain tax effects become stranded in AOCI when deferred tax balances originally recorded at the historical income tax rate are adjusted in income from continuing operations based on the lower newly enacted income tax rate. As a result of the adoption, we reclassified the stranded income tax effects resulting from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, increasing the accumulated other comprehensive loss by \$43 million with a corresponding increase to retained earnings. The reclassification was primarily comprised of amounts relating to pension benefit plan obligations and available-for-sale securities.

In October 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-16 - Income Taxes: Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory. ASU 2016-16 will require the tax effects of intercompany transactions, other than sales of inventory, to be recognized currently, eliminating an exception under current GAAP in which the tax effects of intra-entity asset transfers are deferred until the transferred asset is sold to a third party or otherwise recovered through use. The guidance will be effective for the first interim period of our 2019 fiscal year, with early adoption permitted. As of September 30, 2018, the Company had approximately \$175 million of unrecorded net deferred tax assets, primarily related to an intra-entity transfer of assets. Once recorded, the deferred tax assets will be amortized over the next 15 years.

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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*Statement of Cash Flows*

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15 - Statement of Cash Flows: Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments. ASU 2016-15 addresses how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the statement of cash flows. The guidance will be effective for the first interim period of our 2019 fiscal year, with early adoption permitted. The new standard will impact our statement of cash flows by increasing cash flow from operating activities and decreasing cash flow from financing activities in periods when debt prepayment or debt extinguishment costs are paid. The guidance is required to be applied retrospectively and the amount that will be reclassified for 2017 is \$33 million.

*Financial Instruments*

In connection with its financial instruments project, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13 - Financial Instruments - Credit Losses: Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments in June 2016 and ASU 2016-01 - Financial Instruments - Overall: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities in January 2016. Subsequent accounting standard updates have also been issued which amend and/or clarify the application of ASU 2016-01.

- ASU 2016-13 introduces a new impairment model for most financial assets and certain other instruments. For trade and other receivables, held-to-maturity debt securities, loans and other instruments, entities will be required to use a forward-looking “expected loss” model that will replace the current “incurred loss” model and generally will result in earlier recognition of allowances for losses. The guidance will be effective for the first interim period of our 2021 fiscal year, with early adoption in fiscal year 2020 permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact of the new standard.
- ASU 2016-01 addresses certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of financial instruments. Among other provisions, the new guidance requires the fair value measurement of equity investments. For equity investments without readily determinable fair values, entities have the option to either measure these investments at fair value or at cost adjusted for changes in observable prices minus impairment. All changes in measurement will be recognized in net income. The guidance will be effective for the first interim period of our 2019 fiscal year. Early adoption is not permitted, except for certain provisions relating to financial liabilities. We expect to adopt ASU 2016-01 using the modified retrospective method and record a transition adjustment to reclassify \$54 million, net of tax, of accumulated other comprehensive income related to our available-for-sale securities to retained earnings. We further expect to adopt prospectively the “measurement alternative” using subsequent available observable price changes for our investments without readily determinable fair values. Gains and losses resulting from the movements in fair value of equity investments will be recorded as a component of *Other items, net* in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

*Leases*

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02 - Leases. Subsequent ASUs have also been issued that amend and/or clarify the application of ASU 2016-02. ASU 2016-02 requires lessees to recognize a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet for most leases. For income statement purposes, leases will be classified as either operating or finance, generally resulting in straight-line expense recognition for operating leases (similar to current operating leases) and accelerated expense recognition for financing leases (similar to current capital leases). The guidance will be effective for the first interim period of our 2020 fiscal year, with early adoption permitted. See Note 11 for additional information regarding our future minimum lease commitments as of September 30, 2018. The guidance provides an option to either (1) adopt retrospectively and recognize a cumulative-effect adjustment at the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements or (2) recognize a cumulative-effect adjustment at the beginning of the period of adoption. We are evaluating the adoption methodology and the impact of the new guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

*Revenue Recognition*

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers, a comprehensive revenue recognition model that supersedes the current revenue recognition requirements and most industry-specific guidance. Subsequent ASUs have also been issued which amend and/or clarify the application of ASU 2014-09. The guidance provides a five step framework to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration it expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. The guidance will be effective for the first interim period of our 2019 fiscal year, and allows adoption either under a full retrospective or a modified retrospective approach.

We have assessed the impact of adopting this guidance and have finalized our implementation plan. The new standard will impact the timing of revenue recognition for renewals and extensions of existing licensing agreements for intellectual property, which upon adoption will be recognized as revenue when the renewal term begins rather than when the agreement is extended or renewed under guidance currently in effect. Additionally, under the new guidance, reserves related to sales returns and price

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(continued)**

protection will be classified as a liability, as compared to our current accounting as a contra-receivable. We have not identified any other significant impacts to our consolidated financial statements based on our assessment to date. We will apply the modified retrospective method of adoption, which will result in a cumulative effect adjustment that is not expected to be material to the opening retained earnings balance for our 2019 fiscal year. In future periods, the significance of the change to the accounting for renewals and extensions will depend on the dollar value of such transactions as well as the differences in timing between when agreements are executed and when the new rights periods begin.

*Derivatives and Hedging*

In August 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-12 - Derivatives and Hedging: Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities. Among other provisions, ASU 2017-12 expands the eligibility of hedging strategies that qualify for hedge accounting, changes the assessment of hedge effectiveness and modifies the presentation and disclosure of hedging activities. The guidance will be effective for the first interim period of our 2020 fiscal year, with early adoption permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact of the new standard on our consolidated financial statements.

**NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

***Principles of Consolidation***

Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Viacom Inc., its subsidiaries and variable interest entities (“VIEs”) where we are considered the primary beneficiary, after elimination of intercompany accounts and transactions. Investments in business entities in which Viacom lacks control but does have the ability to exercise significant influence over operating and financial policies are accounted for using the equity method. Our proportionate share of net income or loss of the entity is recorded in *Equity in net earnings of investee companies* in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

***Business Combinations***

We account for business combinations using the acquisition method of accounting. Under the acquisition method, once control is obtained of a business, 100% of the assets, liabilities and certain contingent liabilities acquired, including amounts attributed to noncontrolling interests, are recorded at fair value. Any transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

***Foreign Currency Translation and Remeasurement***

Assets and liabilities of subsidiaries with a functional currency other than the United States (“U.S.”) Dollar are translated into U.S. Dollars using period-end exchange rates, while results of operations are translated at exchange rates during the period. Foreign currency translation gains and losses are included as a component of *Accumulated other comprehensive loss* in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Substantially all of our foreign operations use the local currency as the functional currency. Effective July 1, 2018, Argentina has been designated as a highly inflationary economy. Subsidiaries’ transactions denominated in currencies other than their functional currency will result in remeasurement gains and losses, which are reflected within *Other items, net* in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

***Revenue Recognition***

We recognize revenue when it is realized or realizable and earned. We consider revenue realized or realizable and earned when there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement, delivery has occurred, the sales price is fixed or determinable, and collectability is reasonably assured. Determining whether some or all of these criteria have been met involves assumptions and judgments that can have a significant impact on the timing and amount of revenue we report. This includes the evaluation of multiple element arrangements for bundled advertising sales and content licenses, which involves allocating the consideration among individual deliverables within the bundled arrangement.

*Advertising Revenues:* Revenue from the sale of advertising earned by the *Media Networks* segment is recognized, net of agency commissions, when the advertisement is aired and to the extent the contracted audience rating is met. For advertising sold based on impression guarantees, audience deficiency may result in an obligation to deliver subsequent additional units. To the extent we do not satisfy contracted impression guarantees, we record deferred revenue until such time that the impression guarantee has been satisfied.

*Film and Television Production Revenues:* Theatrical revenue is recognized from theatrical distribution of films during the exhibition period. For sales of DVDs and Blu-ray discs to wholesalers and retailers, revenue is recognized upon the later of delivery or the date that those products are made widely available for sale by retailers. Revenue for transactional video-on-demand and similar arrangements are recognized as the films are exhibited based on end-customer purchases as reported by the distributor. Revenue from the licensing of film and television exhibition rights is recognized upon availability for airing by the licensee.

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(continued)**

*Affiliate Revenues:* Affiliate revenues from cable television operators, direct-to-home satellite television operators and mobile networks are recognized by the *Media Networks* segment as the service is provided to the distributor. Fees associated with arrangements with subscription video-on-demand and other over-the-top (“OTT”) services are recognized upon program availability.

*Ancillary Revenues:* Revenue associated with consumer products and brand licensing is typically recognized utilizing contractual royalty rates applied to sales amounts reported by licensees. Revenue from licensing of our programming content for download-to-own and download-to-rent services is recognized when we are notified by the multi-platform retailer that the product has been downloaded and all other revenue recognition criteria are met.

*Multiple-Element Arrangements:* We enter into arrangements under which we perform multiple revenue-generating activities. We allocate consideration to separate units of account in the arrangement and recognize the associated revenue as each unit of account is delivered.

Advertising revenues are principally generated from the sale of advertising time comprised of multiple commercial units. Each advertising spot comprises a deliverable for accounting purposes. Consideration for these arrangements is allocated among the individual advertising spots based on relative fair value using Viacom-specific prices.

Subscription video-on-demand and other OTT arrangements include certain programs made available to distributors on one or more dates for a fixed fee. Consideration for such arrangements is allocated among the programs based on relative fair value using stand alone selling price, where available, or management’s best estimate considering viewing performance and other factors.

*Gross versus Net Revenue:* We earn and recognize revenues under distribution and outsourced agency agreements. In such cases, determining whether revenue should be reported on a gross or net basis is based on management’s assessment of who our customer is in the transaction. To the extent the end consumer is our customer, we act as the principal in a transaction and revenues earned from the end user are reported on a gross basis. This determination involves judgment and is based on an evaluation of whether we have the substantial risks and rewards under the terms of an arrangement.

*Revenue Allowances:* We record a provision for sales returns and allowances at the time of sale based upon an estimate of future returns, rebates and other incentives (“estimated returns”). In determining estimated returns, we consider numerous sources of qualitative and quantitative evidence including forecasted sales data, customers’ rights of return, units shipped and units remaining at retail, historical return rates for similar product, current economic trends, competitive environment, promotions and sales strategies. Reserves for accounts receivable are based on amounts estimated to be uncollectible. Our reserve for sales returns and allowances was \$64 million and \$79 million at September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Our allowance for doubtful accounts was \$45 million and \$49 million at September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

***Advertising Expense***

We expense advertising costs as they are incurred. We incurred total advertising expenses of \$917 million in 2018, \$1.335 billion in 2017 and \$987 million in 2016.

***Equity-Based Compensation***

We measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant date fair value of the award. The fair value received is recognized in earnings over the period during which an employee is required to provide service.

***Income Taxes***

Our provision for income taxes includes the current tax owed on the current period earnings, as well as a deferred provision which reflects the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective income tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Changes in existing tax laws and rates, their related interpretations, as well as the uncertainty generated by the prospect of tax legislation in the future may affect the amounts of deferred tax liabilities or the realizability of deferred tax assets. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are classified as noncurrent and are included in *Other Assets* and *Deferred tax liabilities, net*, respectively, within the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

For tax positions we have taken or expect to take in a tax return, we apply a more likely than not assessment (i.e., there is a greater than 50 percent chance) about whether the tax position will be sustained upon examination by the appropriate tax authority with full knowledge of all relevant information. Amounts recorded for uncertain tax positions are periodically



**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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assessed, including the evaluation of new facts and circumstances, to ensure sustainability of the position. Interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions are included in the *Provision for income taxes* in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings. Liabilities for uncertain tax positions are classified as *Other liabilities – noncurrent* in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

***Earnings per Common Share***

Basic earnings per common share is computed by dividing *Net earnings attributable to Viacom* by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The determination of diluted earnings per common share includes the weighted average number of common shares plus the dilutive effect of equity awards based upon the application of the treasury stock method. Anti-dilutive common shares are excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per common share.

***Comprehensive Income***

Comprehensive income includes net earnings, foreign currency translation adjustments, amortization of amounts related to defined benefit plans, unrealized gains and losses on certain derivative financial instruments, and unrealized gains and losses on investments in equity securities which are publicly traded.

***Cash and Cash Equivalents***

All highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less at the date of purchase are considered to be cash equivalents.

***Inventory***

Inventories related to film and television productions (which include direct production costs, production overhead, acquisition costs and development costs) are stated at the lower of amortized cost or fair value. Acquired program rights and obligations are recorded based on the gross amount of the liability when the license period has begun, and when the program is accepted and available for airing. Acquired programming is stated at the lower of unamortized cost or net realizable value. Film, television and acquired programming inventories are included as a component of *Inventory, net*, in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Film, television and acquired programming costs, including inventory amortization, development costs, residuals and participations and impairment charges, if any, are included within *Operating expenses* in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

*Film and television production costs:* We use an individual-film-forecast-computation method to amortize film costs and to accrue estimated liabilities for residuals and participations over the applicable title's life cycle based upon the ratio of current period to estimated remaining total gross revenues ("ultimate revenues") for each title. The estimate of ultimate revenues impacts the timing of amortization and accrual of residuals and participations. Our estimate of ultimate revenues for feature films includes revenues from all sources that are estimated to be earned within 10 years from the date of a film's initial theatrical release. For acquired film libraries, our estimate of ultimate revenues is for a period within 20 years from the date of acquisition. These estimates are periodically reviewed and adjustments, if any, will result in changes to inventory amortization rates, estimated accruals for residuals and participations or possibly the recognition of an impairment charge to operating income. Film development costs that have not been set for production are expensed within three years unless they are abandoned earlier, in which case these projects are written down to their estimated fair value in the period the decision to abandon the project is determined. We have a rigorous greenlight process designed to manage the risk of loss or abandonment.

Capitalized original programming costs are amortized utilizing an individual-film-forecast-computation method over the applicable title's ultimate revenues based on genre and historical experience, beginning with the month of initial exhibition. Original programming costs that have not been greenlit for production are expensed. An impairment charge is recorded when the fair value of the television program is less than the unamortized production cost or abandoned.

*Acquired programming:* Costs incurred in acquiring program rights, including advances, are capitalized and amortized over the license period or projected useful life of the programming, if shorter, commencing upon availability, based on estimated future airings. If initial airings are expected to generate higher revenues an accelerated method of amortization is used. Net realizable value of acquired rights programming is evaluated quarterly by us on a daypart basis, which is defined as an aggregation of programs broadcast during a particular time of day or an aggregation of programs of a similar type. We aggregate similar programming based on the specific demographic targeted by each respective program service. Net realizable value is determined by estimating advertising revenues to be derived from the future airing of the programming within the daypart as well as an allocation of affiliate revenue to the programming. An impairment charge may be necessary if our estimates of future cash flows of similar programming are insufficient or if programming is abandoned.

*Home entertainment inventory:* Home entertainment inventory is valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined using the average cost method.

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(continued)

***Property and Equipment***

Property and equipment is stated at cost. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method. Leasehold improvements are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of their useful lives or the life of the lease. Costs associated with repairs and maintenance of property and equipment are expensed as incurred.

***Goodwill, Intangible Assets and Other Long-Lived Assets***

Goodwill represents the residual difference between the consideration paid for a business and the fair value of the net assets acquired. Goodwill is not amortized, but rather is tested annually for impairment, on August 31 each year, or sooner when circumstances indicate impairment may exist. Goodwill is tested for impairment at the reporting unit level, which is an operating segment, or a business which is one level below that operating segment.

Identifiable intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over their estimated useful lives, which range up to 20 years, and identifiable intangible assets with indefinite lives are not amortized, but rather are tested annually for impairment, or sooner when circumstances indicate impairment may exist. Amortizable intangible assets and other long-lived assets are tested for impairment based on undiscounted cash flows upon the occurrence of certain triggering events and, if impaired, are written down to fair value. The impairment test is performed at the lowest level of cash flows associated with the asset.

***Investments***

Our investments primarily consist of equity investments. Investments in which we have a significant influence, but not a controlling interest, are accounted for using the equity method. Other investments are carried at fair value, to the extent publicly traded, with unrealized gains and losses recorded in other comprehensive income, or at cost. We monitor our investments for impairment and make appropriate reductions in carrying values if we determine that an impairment charge is required based on qualitative and quantitative information. Our investments are included in *Other assets – noncurrent* in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

***Guarantees***

At the inception of a guarantee, we recognize a liability for the fair value of an obligation assumed by issuing the guarantee. The related liability is subsequently reduced as utilized or extinguished and increased if there is a probable loss associated with the guarantee which exceeds the value of the recorded liability.

***Treasury Stock***

Treasury stock is accounted for using the cost method.

***Fair Value Measurements***

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. The framework for measuring fair value provides a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used in measuring fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurement). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2 – Inputs to the valuation methodology include: quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

***Derivative Financial Instruments***

Derivative financial instruments are recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as assets or liabilities and measured at fair value. For derivatives designated as hedges of the fair value of assets or liabilities, the changes in fair value of both the derivatives and the hedged items are recorded in current earnings as part of *Other items, net* in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings. For derivatives designated as cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the changes in fair value of the derivatives is recorded in *Accumulated other comprehensive loss* in the Consolidated Balance Sheets and subsequently recognized in earnings when the hedged items impact income. The fair value of derivative financial instruments is included in *Prepaid and other assets* and *Other liabilities – current* in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Changes in the fair value of derivatives not designated as hedges and the ineffective portion of cash flow hedges are recorded in earnings. We do not hold or enter into financial

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(continued)**

instruments for speculative trading purposes. Cash flows from derivative instruments are classified in the same category as the cash flows from the related assets, liabilities or forecasted transactions in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

**Pension Benefits**

Our defined benefit pension plans principally consist of both funded and unfunded noncontributory plans, which are currently frozen to future benefit accruals. The expense is determined using certain assumptions, including, among others, the expected long-term rate of return and discount rate. We recognize the funded status of our defined benefit plans (other than a multiemployer plan) as an asset or liability in the Consolidated Balance Sheets and recognize the changes in the funded status in the year in which the changes occur through *Accumulated other comprehensive loss* in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

**NOTE 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

We had \$520 million and \$486 million of noncurrent trade receivables as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Accounts receivables are principally related to long-term television license arrangements at *Filmed Entertainment* and subscription video-on-demand and other OTT arrangements at *Media Networks*. These amounts are included within *Other assets - noncurrent* in our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Such amounts are due in accordance with the underlying terms of the respective agreements with companies that are investment grade or with which we have historically done business under similar terms. We have determined that credit loss allowances are generally not considered necessary for these amounts.

**NOTE 4. ACQUISITIONS AND INVESTMENTS****Acquisitions**

In 2018, the Company acquired WhoSay Inc., a leading influence marketing firm, VidCon LLC, a host of conferences dedicated to online video, and Awesomeness TV Holdings, LLC, a multi-platform media company serving global Gen-Z audiences as a digital-first destination for original programming, for total consideration of \$87 million, net of cash acquired. The operating results of these acquisitions were not material.

On November 15, 2016, we acquired Televisión Federal S.A. (“Telefe”), one of the main free-to-air channels and biggest content producers in Argentina, for \$336 million, net of cash acquired. The operating results of Telefe were not material.

The following table summarizes our allocation of Telefe’s purchase price as of the acquisition date:

<b>Purchase Price Allocation</b> (in millions)	
Current assets	\$ 88
Goodwill	258
Intangible assets	49
Property and equipment	73
Other assets	13
Assets acquired	481
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	55
Other liabilities	90
Liabilities assumed	145
	<u>\$ 336</u>

The goodwill, which is not deductible for tax purposes, reflects the Company-specific synergies arising from the acquisition. Intangible assets primarily consist of trade names and broadcast licenses with a useful life of 15 years.

**Investments**

Our equity method investments total \$241 million and \$258 million as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. During the year ended September 30, 2018, we completed a sale of a 1% equity interest in Viacom18 to our joint venture partner for \$20 million, resulting in a gain of \$16 million, which is included in *Other items, net* in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

Our cost method investments total \$89 million and \$98 million as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. We recognized impairment losses of \$46 million and \$10 million to write off certain cost method investments during the years ended

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(continued)

September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The impairment charges are included in *Other items, net*, in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

On May 11, 2017, we completed the sale of our 49.76% interest in EPIX, a premium entertainment network, to Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer. The sale resulted in proceeds of \$593 million, net of transaction costs of \$4 million, and a gain of \$285 million. In addition, prior to the closing of the sale, EPIX paid a dividend, of which our pro rata share was \$37 million.

***Variable Interest Entities***

In the normal course of business, we enter into joint ventures or make investments with business partners that support our underlying business strategy and provide us the ability to enter new markets to expand the reach of our brands, develop new programming and/or distribute our existing content. In certain instances, an entity in which we make an investment may qualify as a VIE. In determining whether we are the primary beneficiary of a VIE, we assess whether we have the power to direct matters that most significantly impact the activities of the VIE and have the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE.

Our Consolidated Balance Sheets include amounts related to consolidated VIEs totaling \$72 million in assets and \$5 million in liabilities as of September 30, 2018, and \$159 million in assets and \$8 million in liabilities as of September 30, 2017. In 2017, a consolidated VIE completed the sale of broadcast spectrum in connection with the FCC's broadcast spectrum auction. The sale resulted in proceeds of \$147 million, a portion of which was used to repay outstanding debt, and a pre-tax gain of \$127 million, with \$11 million attributable to the noncontrolling interest.

**NOTE 5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

Property and Equipment, net (in millions)	September 30,		Estimated Life (in years)
	2018	2017	
Land	\$ 251	\$ 261	—
Buildings	468	491	up to 40
Capital leases	193	201	up to 15
Equipment and other	2,101	2,020	up to 20
Property and equipment	3,013	2,973	
Accumulated depreciation	(2,094)	(1,995)	
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$ 919</u>	<u>\$ 978</u>	

Depreciation expense, including assets under capital leases, was \$182 million in 2018, \$194 million in 2017, and \$188 million in 2016. Depreciation expense related to capital leases was \$15 million in 2018, \$16 million in 2017 and \$18 million in 2016. Accumulated depreciation of capital leases was \$172 million and \$160 million at September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
 (continued)

**NOTE 6. INVENTORY**

Inventory (in millions)	September 30,	
	2018	2017
Film inventory:		
Released, net of amortization	\$ 454	\$ 534
Completed, not yet released	11	85
In process and other	713	686
	<u>1,178</u>	<u>1,305</u>
Television production:		
Released, net of amortization	6	15
In process and other	201	237
	<u>207</u>	<u>252</u>
Original programming:		
Released, net of amortization	1,124	1,146
In process and other	757	673
	<u>1,881</u>	<u>1,819</u>
Acquired program rights, net of amortization	1,411	1,435
Home entertainment inventory	67	90
Total inventory, net	4,744	4,901
Less current portion	896	919
Noncurrent portion	<u>\$ 3,848</u>	<u>\$ 3,982</u>

We expect to amortize approximately \$1.4 billion of film inventory, television production and original programming, including released and completed, not yet released, during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019 using the individual-film-forecast-computation method. In addition, we expect to amortize 90% of unamortized released film and television costs, excluding acquired film libraries, at September 30, 2018, within the next three years.

**NOTE 7. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLES**

**Goodwill**

The following table details the change in goodwill by segment for 2018 and 2017:

Goodwill (in millions)	Media Networks		Filmed Entertainment		Total
<b>Balance at September 30, 2016</b>	\$ 9,807	\$ 1,593	\$ 11,400		
Acquisitions	279	—	279		
Foreign currency translation	(14)	—	(14)		
<b>Balance at September 30, 2017</b>	10,072	1,593	11,665		
Acquisitions	56	—	56		
Foreign currency translation	(112)	—	(112)		
<b>Balance at September 30, 2018</b>	<u>\$ 10,016</u>	<u>\$ 1,593</u>	<u>\$ 11,609</u>		

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
 (continued)

**Intangibles**

The following table details our intangible asset balances by major asset classes:

Intangibles (in millions)	September 30,	
	2018	2017
<b>Finite-lived intangible assets:</b>		
Trade names	\$ 194	\$ 189
Licenses	149	159
Subscriber agreements	55	55
Other intangible assets	185	154
	583	557
<b>Accumulated amortization on finite-lived intangible assets:</b>		
Trade names	(87)	(78)
Licenses	(28)	(21)
Subscriber agreements	(51)	(49)
Other intangible assets	(138)	(131)
	(304)	(279)
Finite-lived intangible assets, net	279	278
Indefinite-lived intangible assets	34	35
Total intangibles, net	\$ 313	\$ 313

Amortization expense relating to intangible assets was \$31 million for 2018, \$29 million for 2017 and \$33 million for 2016. We expect our aggregate annual amortization expense for existing intangible assets subject to amortization at September 30, 2018 to be as follows for each of the next five fiscal years:

Amortization of Intangibles (in millions)	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Amortization expense	\$ 31	\$ 32	\$ 25	\$ 21	\$ 19

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(continued)

**NOTE 8. DEBT**

Our total debt consists of the following:

Debt (in millions)	September 30,	
	2018	2017
<b>Senior Notes and Debentures:</b>		
Senior notes due September 2019, 5.625%	550	550
Senior notes due December 2019, 2.750%	252	252
Senior notes due March 2021, 4.500%	497	496
Senior notes due December 2021, 3.875%	596	595
Senior notes due February 2022, 2.250%	102	188
Senior notes due June 2022, 3.125%	194	297
Senior notes due March 2023, 3.250%	181	298
Senior notes due September 2023, 4.250%	1,239	1,237
Senior notes due April 2024, 3.875%	488	545
Senior notes due October 2026, 3.450%	474	587
Senior debentures due December 2034, 4.850%	281	585
Senior debentures due April 2036, 6.875%	1,068	1,067
Senior debentures due October 2037, 6.750%	75	75
Senior debentures due February 2042, 4.500%	62	102
Senior debentures due March 2043, 4.375%	1,102	1,096
Senior debentures due June 2043, 4.875%	32	37
Senior debentures due September 2043, 5.850%	1,230	1,229
Senior debentures due April 2044, 5.250%	345	545
<b>Junior Debentures:</b>		
Junior subordinated debentures due February 2057, 5.875%	642	642
Junior subordinated debentures due February 2057, 6.250%	642	642
Capital lease and other obligations	30	54
<b>Total debt</b>	<b>10,082</b>	<b>11,119</b>
Less current portion	567	19
Noncurrent portion	<b>\$ 9,515</b>	<b>\$ 11,100</b>

The amounts classified in the current portion of debt consist of the portion of capital leases payable in the next twelve months.

**Notes and Debentures**

In 2018, we redeemed \$1.039 billion of senior notes and debentures for a redemption price of \$1.000 billion. As a result, we recognized a net pre-tax extinguishment gain of \$25 million, net of \$14 million of unamortized debt costs and transaction fees included in *Other items, net* in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

In 2017, we issued \$2.6 billion of junior debentures and senior notes. Our 5.875% Junior subordinated debentures due February 2057 and 6.250% Junior subordinated debentures due February 2057 accrue interest at the stated fixed rates until February 28, 2022 and February 28, 2027, respectively, on which dates the rates will switch to floating rates based on three-month LIBOR plus 3.895% and 3.899%, respectively, reset quarterly. These debentures can be called by us at any time after the expiration of the fixed-rate period.

The interest rate payable on our 2.250% Senior notes due February 2022 and 3.450% Senior notes due October 2026, collectively the “Senior Notes”, will be subject to adjustment from time to time if Moody’s Investors Services, Inc. or S&P Global Ratings downgrades (or downgrades and subsequently upgrades) the credit rating assigned to the Senior Notes. The interest rate on these Senior Notes would increase by 0.25% upon each credit agency downgrade up to a maximum of 2.00%, and would similarly be decreased for subsequent upgrades.

In 2017, we redeemed \$3.331 billion of senior notes and debentures for a redemption price of \$3.333 billion. As a result of the redemptions, we recognized a net pre-tax extinguishment loss of \$20 million included within *Other items, net* in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings, which included \$18 million of unamortized debt discount and issuance fees.

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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Our outstanding notes and debentures provide for certain covenant packages typical for an investment grade company. There is an acceleration trigger for the majority of the notes and debentures in the event of a change in control under specified circumstances coupled with ratings downgrades due to the change in control, as well as certain optional redemption provisions for our junior debentures.

At September 30, 2018 and 2017, the total unamortized discount and issuance fees and expenses related to our outstanding notes and debentures was \$431 million and \$457 million, respectively.

The fair value of our notes and debentures was approximately \$10.5 billion and \$11.6 billion as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The valuation of our publicly traded debt is based on quoted prices in active markets.

**Credit Facility**

At September 30, 2018 and 2017, there were no amounts outstanding under our \$2.5 billion revolving credit facility due November 2019. The credit facility is used for general corporate purposes and to support commercial paper outstanding, if any. The borrowing rate under the credit facility is LIBOR plus a margin ranging from 1.25% to 2.25% based on our current public debt rating. The credit facility has one principal financial covenant that requires our interest coverage for the most recent four consecutive fiscal quarters to be at least 3.0x, which we met as of September 30, 2018.

**Commercial Paper**

At September 30, 2018 and 2017, there was no commercial paper outstanding.

**NOTE 9. PENSION AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS**

Our defined benefit pension plans principally consist of both funded and unfunded noncontributory plans, which are currently frozen to future benefit accruals. The funded plan provides a defined benefit based on a percentage of eligible compensation for periods of service.

The following tables summarize changes in the benefit obligation, the plan assets and the funded status of our pension plans utilizing a measurement date as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively:

<b>Change in Benefit Obligation</b> (in millions)	<b>Year Ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
Benefit obligation, beginning of period	\$ 999	\$ 1,014
Interest cost	35	33
Actuarial gain	(47)	(10)
Benefits paid	(42)	(38)
Benefit obligation, end of period	\$ 945	\$ 999

<b>Change in Plan Assets</b> (in millions)	<b>Year Ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
Fair value of plan assets, beginning of period	\$ 544	\$ 510
Actual return on plan assets	29	59
Employer contributions	12	13
Benefits paid	(42)	(38)
Fair value of plan assets, end of period	\$ 543	\$ 544

<b>Funded status</b> (in millions)	<b>September 30,</b>	
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
Funded status	\$ (402)	\$ (455)

Substantially all of the unfunded amounts are included within *Other liabilities – noncurrent* in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2018 and 2017.



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**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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**Accumulated Benefit Obligation**

The accumulated benefit obligation includes no assumption about future compensation levels since our plans are frozen. Included in the change in benefit obligation tables above are the following funded and unfunded plans with an accumulated benefit obligation equal to or in excess of plan assets at the end of the fiscal year.

Accumulated Benefit Obligation (in millions)	Funded Plans		Unfunded Plans		Total Plans	
	September 30,		September 30,		September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Accumulated benefit obligation	\$ 637	\$ 675	\$ 308	\$ 324	\$ 945	\$ 999
Fair value of plan assets	543	544	—	—	543	544
Funded status	(94)	(131)	(308)	(324)	(402)	(455)

**Net Periodic Benefit Costs**

Our net periodic benefit cost under Viacom's pension plans consists of the following:

Net Periodic Benefit Costs (in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
Interest cost	\$ 35	\$ 33	\$ 35
Expected return on plan assets	(40)	(37)	(38)
Recognized actuarial loss	7	7	5
Net periodic benefit costs	\$ 2	\$ 3	\$ 2

The items reflected in *Accumulated other comprehensive loss* in the Consolidated Balance Sheets and not yet recognized as a component of net periodic benefit cost are:

Unrecognized Benefit Cost (in millions)	Year Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017
Unrecognized actuarial loss	\$ 281	\$ 324

Unrecognized actuarial loss of \$6 million is expected to be recognized as a component of net periodic benefit cost during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

The amounts recognized in other comprehensive income during the year are:

Other Comprehensive Income (in millions)	Year Ended September 30, 2018
Net actuarial gain	\$ (36)
Recognized actuarial loss	(7)
Total pre-tax gain	\$ (43)

Key Assumptions	Year Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017
<b>Weighted-average assumptions - benefit obligations</b>		
Discount rate	4.38%	4.02%
<b>Weighted-average assumptions - net periodic costs</b>		
Discount rate	3.54%	3.30%
Expected long-term return on plan assets	7.50%	7.50%

Two key assumptions used in accounting for pension liabilities and expenses are the discount rate and expected rate of return on plan assets. The discount rate reflects the estimated rate at which the pension benefit obligations could effectively be settled. We used investment grade corporate bond yields to support our discount rate assumption. Interest cost is measured by applying the specific spot rates along the yield curve to the corresponding cash flows. The

expected long-term returns on plan assets were

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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based upon the target asset allocation and return estimates for equity and debt securities. The expected rate of return for equities was based upon the risk-free rate plus a premium for equity securities. The expected return on debt securities was based upon an analysis of current and historical yields on portfolios of similar quality and duration. The estimated impact of a 25 basis point change in the discount rate would change the accumulated benefit obligation by approximately \$38 million. The impact of a 25 basis point change in the expected rate of return on plan assets would change net periodic benefit cost by approximately \$1 million.

***Investment Policies and Strategies***

The Company's investment strategy is to manage the assets held in the funded pension plan in a prudent manner with a goal of preserving principal while providing reasonable risk appropriate returns. The investment policy establishes target asset allocations based upon an analysis of the timing and amount of projected benefit payments, the expected returns and risk of the asset classes and the correlation of those returns. Our practice is to review asset allocations regularly with our independent investment advisor and rebalance as necessary to maintain compliance with the plan's investment policies. The ranges of target asset allocations under our investment policy are 55-75% domestic and non-U.S. equity securities, 25-40% domestic and non-U.S. debt securities and 0-10% in cash and other instruments.

The Company utilizes an investment advisor who monitors the investment policy and provides guidance on recommended investments in mutual funds and other pooled asset portfolios. Investments will be diversified within asset classes with the intent to minimize the risk of large losses to the plan.

The percentage of asset allocation of our funded pension plan at September 30, 2018 and 2017, by asset category was as follows:

<b>Asset Allocation of Funded Pension Plan</b>	<b>September 30,</b>	
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
Equity securities	<b>65%</b>	65%
Debt securities	<b>34</b>	31
Cash and cash equivalents	<b>1</b>	4
Total	<b>100%</b>	100%

Viacom Class B common stock represents approximately 2% and 1% of the fair value of plan assets at September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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**Fair Value Measurement of Plan Assets**

The following table sets forth the plan's assets at fair value as of September 30, 2018 and 2017. For investments held at the end of the reporting period that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, there were no transfers between levels from 2017 to 2018. The funded pension plan has no investments classified within Level 3 of the valuation hierarchy.

Fair Value of Plan Assets (in millions)	Total		Level 1		Level 2	
	September 30,		September 30,		September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 5	\$ 19	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 5	\$ 19
<b>Equity Securities</b>						
Common and preferred stock	9	7	9	7	—	—
<b>Debt Securities</b>						
U.S. treasury securities	15	16	—	—	15	16
Municipal & government issued bonds	1	2	—	—	1	2
Corporate bonds <sup>(2)</sup>	44	41	—	—	44	41
Mortgage-backed & asset-backed securities	47	36	—	—	47	36
Emerging markets <sup>(3)</sup>	—	20	—	20	—	—
<b>Fair value of plan assets in the fair value hierarchy</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>114</b>
<b>Investments measured at net asset value</b> <sup>(4)(5)</sup>						
Equity securities - world funds	318	308				
Equity securities - emerging markets	27	39				
Debt securities - emerging markets	19	—				
Debt securities - multi-strategy	58	56				
<b>Total fair value of plan assets</b>	<b>\$ 543</b>	<b>\$ 544</b>				

<sup>(1)</sup> Assets categorized as Level 2 reflect investments in money market funds.

<sup>(2)</sup> Securities of diverse industries, substantially all investment grade.

<sup>(3)</sup> Assets categorized as Level 1 reflect mutual funds.

<sup>(4)</sup> Reflects investments in common/collective trust funds and limited partnerships.

<sup>(5)</sup> In accordance with the accounting guidance, certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy.

Money market funds are carried at amortized cost which approximates fair value due to the short-term maturity of these investments. Common and preferred stocks are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices on national securities exchanges. Investments in registered investment companies (mutual funds) are stated at the respective funds' net asset value ("NAV"), which is determined based on market values at the closing price on the last business day of the year and is a quoted price in an active market. The fair value of common/collective trust funds are based on their NAV at period-end. The fair value of U.S. Treasury securities and bonds is determined based on quoted market prices on national security exchanges, when available, or using valuation models which include certain other observable inputs including recent trading activity and broker quoted prices. Corporate bonds include securities of diverse industries, substantially all investment grade. Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities are valued using valuation models which incorporate available dealer quotes and market information. The fair value of limited partnerships is valued at period-end based on its underlying investments.

**Future Benefit Payments**

The estimated future benefit payments for the next ten fiscal years are as follows:

Future Benefit Payments (in millions)	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024-2028
Pension benefits	\$ 40	\$ 42	\$ 45	\$ 47	\$ 50	\$ 287

**Postretirement Health Care and Life Insurance Plans**

Eligible employees participate in Viacom-sponsored health and welfare plans that provide certain postretirement health care and life insurance benefits to retired employees and their covered dependents. Most of the health and welfare plans are contributory and contain cost-sharing features such as deductibles and coinsurance which are adjusted annually. Claims are paid either through certain trusts funded by Viacom or by our own funds. The amounts related to these plans were not material for all periods presented.

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(continued)**

**401(k) Plans**

Viacom has defined contribution (401(k)) plans for the benefit of substantially all our employees meeting certain eligibility requirements. Our costs recognized for such plans were \$52 million in 2018, \$53 million in 2017 and \$47 million in 2016.

**Multiemployer Benefit Plans**

We contribute to various multiemployer pension plans under the terms of collective bargaining agreements that cover its union-represented employees. The risks of participating in these multiemployer plans are different from single-employer plans such that (i) contributions made by us to these plans may be used to provide benefits to employees of other participating employers; (ii) if a participating employer stops contributing to the plan, the unfunded obligations of the plan may be borne by the remaining participating employers; and (iii) if we choose to stop participating in some of our multiemployer plans, we may be required to pay those plans an amount based on the underfunded status of the plan, referred to as a withdrawal liability.

While no multiemployer pension plan that we contributed to is considered individually significant to us, we were listed on one Form 5500 as providing more than 5% of total contributions to the plan based on current information available. The most recent filed zone status (which denotes the financial health of a plan) under the Pension Protection Act of 2006 for this plan is green, indicating that the plan is at least 80% funded. Total contributions that we made to multiemployer pension plans were \$61 million in 2018, \$49 million in 2017 and \$48 million in 2016.

We also contribute to various other multiemployer benefit plans that provide health and welfare benefits to active and retired participants. Total contributions that we made to these non-pension multiemployer benefit plans were \$69 million in 2018, \$57 million in 2017 and \$73 million in 2016.

**NOTE 10. REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTEREST**

We are subject to a redeemable put option, payable in a foreign currency, with respect to an international subsidiary. The put option expires in December 2022 and is classified as *Redeemable noncontrolling interest* in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The activity reflected within redeemable noncontrolling interest for the fiscal years 2018, 2017 and 2016 is presented below.

Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest (in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
<b>Beginning balance</b>	<b>\$ 248</b>	<b>\$ 211</b>	<b>\$ 219</b>
Net earnings	20	17	17
Distributions	(16)	(16)	(19)
Translation adjustment	(6)	7	(38)
Redemption value adjustment	—	29	32
<b>Ending balance</b>	<b>\$ 246</b>	<b>\$ 248</b>	<b>\$ 211</b>

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(continued)**

**NOTE 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

**Commitments**

Our commitments under contractual obligations result from our normal course of business and represent obligations that may be payable over several years.

The following table summarizes the Company's significant commitments and expected payments by fiscal year as of September 30, 2018:

Contractual Obligations (in millions)	Total	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Thereafter
<b>Off-balance Sheet Arrangements</b>							
Programming and talent commitments <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 2,001	\$ 759	\$ 501	\$ 332	\$ 199	\$ 135	\$ 75
Operating leases <sup>(2)</sup>	1,686	176	222	204	175	119	790
Purchase obligations <sup>(3)</sup>	1,050	578	221	165	53	17	16
<b>On-Balance Sheet Arrangements</b>							
Capital lease obligations <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 34	\$ 19	\$ 8	\$ 6	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1
Debt <sup>(5)</sup>	10,483	550	252	500	899	1,432	6,850
Interest payments <sup>(6)</sup>	9,415	518	481	469	444	423	7,080
Other long-term obligations <sup>(7)</sup>	2,412	1,391	545	301	101	68	6

<sup>(1)</sup> Programming and talent commitments include \$1.569 billion relating to media networks programming and \$432 million for talent contracts.

<sup>(2)</sup> Operating leases include long-term non-cancelable operating lease commitments for office space, equipment, transponders, studio facilities and vehicles.

<sup>(3)</sup> Purchase obligations include agreements to purchase goods or services that are enforceable and legally binding and that specify all significant terms, including open purchase orders.

<sup>(4)</sup> Capital lease obligations include capital leases for satellite transponders.

<sup>(5)</sup> Represents face value at maturity.

<sup>(6)</sup> Interest payments on our junior subordinated debentures subsequent to the expiration of their fixed-rate periods have been included based on their current fixed rates.

<sup>(7)</sup> Other long-term obligations principally consist of participations, residuals and programming obligations for content that is available for airing.

Future minimum operating lease payments have been reduced by future minimum sublease income of \$15 million. Future capital lease payments include \$4 million of interest. Rent expense amounted to \$266 million in 2018, \$267 million in 2017 and \$266 million in 2016.

Our collaborative arrangements principally relate to contractual arrangements with other studios to jointly finance and distribute film or television programming, collectively referred to as films ("co-financing arrangements"). In co-financing arrangements, each partner is responsible for distribution of the film in specific territories or distribution windows. The partners' share in the profits and losses of the film is included within participations expense under the individual-film-forecast-computation method. Such amounts recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings were not material.

**Contingencies**

**Guarantees:** In the course of our business, we both provide and receive the benefit of indemnities that are intended to allocate certain risks associated with business transactions.

**Leases -** We have certain indemnification obligations with respect to leases primarily associated with the previously discontinued operations of Famous Players Inc. ("Famous Players"). In addition, we have certain indemnities provided by the acquirer of Famous Players. These lease commitments amounted to approximately \$141 million as of September 30, 2018, and are recorded as a liability as of September 30, 2018. The amount of lease commitments varies over time depending on expiration or termination of individual underlying leases, or of the related indemnification obligation, and foreign exchange rates, among other things. We may also have exposure for certain other expenses related to the leases, such as property taxes and common area maintenance. We believe our accrual is sufficient to meet any future obligations based on our consideration of available financial information, the lessees' historical performance in meeting their lease obligations and the underlying economic factors impacting the lessees' business models.

**Other -** We have indemnification obligations with respect to letters of credit and surety bonds primarily used as security against non-performance in the normal course of business. The outstanding letters of credit and surety bonds at September 30, 2018 were \$48 million and are not recorded on our Consolidated Balance Sheet.

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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**NOTE 12. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY****Common Stock**

The Viacom Board of Directors has the power to issue shares of authorized but unissued Class A common stock and Class B common stock without further stockholder action, subject to the requirements of applicable law and stock exchanges. Viacom's certificate of incorporation authorizes 375 million shares of Class A common stock and 5 billion shares of Class B common stock. The number of authorized shares of Class A common stock and Class B common stock could be increased with the approval of the stockholders of a majority of the outstanding shares of Class A common stock and without any action by the holders of shares of Class B common stock.

The following is a description of the material terms of Viacom's capital stock. The following description is not meant to be complete and is qualified by reference to Viacom's certificate of incorporation and bylaws and Delaware General Corporation Law.

*Voting Rights:* Holders of Class A common stock are entitled to one vote per share. Holders of Class B common stock do not have any voting rights, except as required by Delaware law. Generally, all matters to be voted on by Viacom stockholders must be approved by a majority of the aggregate voting power of the shares of Class A common stock present in person or represented by proxy at a meeting of stockholders, except in certain limited circumstances and as required by Delaware law.

*Dividends:* Stockholders of Class A common stock and Class B common stock will share ratably in any cash dividend declared by the Board of Directors, subject to any preferential rights of any outstanding preferred stock.

*Conversion:* So long as there are 5,000 shares of Class A common stock outstanding, each share of Class A common stock will be convertible at the option of the holder of such share into one share of Class B common stock.

*Liquidation Rights:* In the event of liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of Viacom, all stockholders of common stock, regardless of class, will be entitled to share ratably in any assets available for distributions to stockholders of shares of Viacom common stock subject to the preferential rights of any outstanding preferred stock.

*Split, Subdivisions or Combination:* In the event of a split, subdivision or combination of the outstanding shares of Class A common stock or Class B common stock, the outstanding shares of the other class of common stock will be divided proportionally.

*Preemptive Rights:* Shares of Class A common stock and Class B common stock do not entitle a stockholder to any preemptive rights enabling a stockholder to subscribe for or receive shares of stock of any class or any other securities convertible into shares of stock of any class of Viacom.

**Preferred Stock**

Our capital stock includes 25 million authorized shares of preferred stock with a par value of \$0.001 per share. At September 30, 2018 and 2017, none of the 25 million authorized shares of the preferred stock were issued and outstanding.

**Stock Repurchase Program**

During 2018 and 2017, we did not repurchase any shares of Class B common stock. During 2016, we repurchased 2.1 million shares under the program for an aggregate price of \$100 million. There is \$4.9 billion of remaining capacity under our \$20.0 billion stock repurchase program.

**Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss**

The components of *Accumulated other comprehensive loss* are as follows:

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss (in millions)	September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$ (568)	\$ (405)	\$ (435)
Defined benefit pension plans	(229)	(221)	(258)
Cash flow hedges	6	8	1
Available for sale securities	54	—	—
Total	\$ (737)	\$ (618)	\$ (692)

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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**NOTE 13. EQUITY-BASED COMPENSATION**

Our 2016 Long-Term Management Incentive Plan, (the “LTMIP”), provides for various types of equity awards, including stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted shares, unrestricted shares of Class B common stock, phantom shares, dividend equivalents, time-vested and performance-based share units, and other awards, or a combination of any of the above. In addition, our equity plans for outside directors provide for an annual grant of time-vested restricted share units (“RSUs”). We have primarily granted stock options and RSUs to employees. Certain senior executives have also received performance-based share units.

Stock options generally vest ratably over a four-year period from the date of grant and expire eight years after the date of grant. Employee RSUs typically vest ratably over a four-year period from the date of the grant. Director RSUs typically vest one year from the date of grant. The target number of performance share units (“PSUs”) granted to executives and currently outstanding represent the right to receive a corresponding number of shares of Class B common stock depending on the Company’s performance against specific pre-determined goals that include total shareholder return (“TSR”) of our Class B common stock measured against the TSR of the common stock of the companies comprising the S&P 500 Index and/or a specified level of earnings per share set for one or more performance periods within the measurement period. The measurement period is three years. The number of shares of Class B common stock an executive is entitled to receive at the end of the applicable measurement period ranges from 0% to 200% of the target PSU award. If Viacom’s percentile rank of TSR relative to the TSR for the companies in the S&P 500 Index is less than the 25th percentile, and for PSUs including an earnings per share goal if earnings per share performance is less than 80% of the target earnings per share, the target grant is forfeited. No other performance-based share units were outstanding as of September 30, 2018.

Outstanding share units accrue dividends each time we declare a quarterly cash dividend, which are paid upon vesting on the number of shares delivered and are forfeited if the award does not vest.

Upon the exercise of a stock option award or the vesting of share units, shares of Class B common stock are issued from authorized but unissued shares or from treasury stock. At September 30, 2018, we had 393.1 million shares in treasury. The aggregate number of equity awards authorized and available under the LTMIP for future grants as of September 30, 2018 was approximately 24 million, assuming that outstanding PSU awards are paid at target except for those awards for which the measurement period has been completed.

Presented below is a summary of the compensation cost we recognized in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Earnings:

Equity-Based Compensation Expense (in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
Recognized in earnings:			
Stock options	\$ 14	\$ 15	\$ 29
Share units	39	39	66
Compensation cost included in SG&A expense	53	54	95
Compensation cost included in restructuring charge <sup>(1)</sup>	4	14	68
Total compensation cost in earnings	\$ 57	\$ 68	\$ 163
Tax benefit recognized	\$ 12	\$ 23	\$ 58
Capitalized equity-based compensation expense	\$ 3	\$ 2	\$ 4

<sup>(1)</sup> See Note 14 for additional information regarding the restructuring charge.

**Stock Options**

The fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The determination of volatility is principally based upon implied volatilities from traded options. The expected term, representing the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding, is estimated using a lattice-based model incorporating historical post-vest exercise and employee termination behavior. The risk-free rate assumed in valuing the options is based on the U.S. Treasury Yield curve in effect applied against the expected term of the option at the time of the grant. The expected dividend yield is estimated by dividing the expected annual dividend by the market price of our common stock at the date of grant. Below are the weighted average fair value of awards granted in the periods presented and the weighted average of the applicable assumptions used to value stock options at grant date.



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**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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Key Assumptions	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
Weighted average fair value of grants	\$ 8.83	\$ 7.48	\$ 8.65
Weighted average assumptions:			
Expected stock price volatility	36.7%	28.4%	36.1%
Expected term of options (in years)	5.3	4.9	5.4
Risk-free interest rate	2.5%	1.9%	1.5%
Expected dividend yield	2.6%	2.3%	4.1%

The following table summarizes information about our stock option transactions:

Stock Options (number of options in thousands)	Year Ended September 30, 2018		Year Ended September 30, 2017		Year Ended September 30, 2016	
	Options	Weighted average exercise price	Options	Weighted average exercise price	Options	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding at the beginning of the period	15,591.5	\$ 52.85	19,596.2	\$ 51.54	17,771.3	\$ 53.43
Granted	2,415.1	31.02	2,874.8	34.86	3,765.7	38.86
Exercised	(59.8)	30.12	(4,814.7)	35.72	(1,242.5)	35.24
Forfeited or expired	(2,206.2)	46.86	(2,064.8)	55.25	(698.3)	60.26
Outstanding at the end of the period	15,740.6	\$ 50.43	15,591.5	\$ 52.85	19,596.2	\$ 51.54
Exercisable at the end of the period	10,999.5	\$ 57.20	9,331.8	\$ 57.85	12,191.2	\$ 49.49

The weighted average remaining contractual life of stock options outstanding and exercisable at September 30, 2018 was 3 years and 2 years, respectively.

The following table summarizes information relating to stock option exercises during the periods presented:

Stock Option Exercises (in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
Proceeds from stock option exercises	\$ 2	\$ 172	\$ 11
Intrinsic value	\$ —	\$ 42	\$ 7
Excess tax benefit/(shortfall)	\$ —	\$ (3)	\$ (3)

Total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested stock option awards at September 30, 2018 was approximately \$35 million and is expected to be recognized on a straight-line basis over a weighted-average period of 3 years.

**Share Unit Awards**

The grant date fair value for the PSUs subject to the market and/or a performance condition indicated earlier in this note is computed using a Monte Carlo model to estimate the total return ranking of Viacom among the S&P 500 Index companies on the date of grant over the measurement periods. Compensation cost for PSUs is being recognized as the requisite service period is fulfilled and assumes all performance goals will be met for performance periods not yet completed. The grant date fair value for RSUs and other performance-based share units is based on our stock price on the date of the grant.

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The following table summarizes activity relating to our share unit transactions:

Share units (number of shares in thousands)	Year Ended September 30, 2018		Year Ended September 30, 2017		Year Ended September 30, 2016	
	Number of shares	Weighted average grant date fair value	Number of shares	Weighted average grant date fair value	Number of shares	Weighted average grant date fair value
Unvested at the beginning of the period	2,553.2	\$ 40.71	2,507.6	\$ 58.05	2,645.1	\$ 75.68
Granted <sup>(1)</sup>	1,554.6	32.42	1,550.5	34.86	1,701.1	44.75
Vested	(931.9)	47.88	(941.2)	55.84	(1,144.8)	63.83
Forfeited	(350.0)	28.61	(563.7)	76.53	(693.8)	83.12
Unvested at the end of the period	<u>2,825.9</u>	<u>\$ 35.28</u>	<u>2,553.2</u>	<u>\$ 40.71</u>	<u>2,507.6</u>	<u>\$ 58.05</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> Grant activity includes 0.2 million, 0.1 million and 0.4 million of performance-based share units at target for 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The total weighted average remaining contractual life and aggregate intrinsic value of unvested share units at September 30, 2018 was 2 years and \$95 million, respectively.

The fair value of share units vested was \$26 million in 2018, \$33 million in 2017 and \$46 million in 2016. Total unrecognized compensation cost related to these awards at September 30, 2018 was approximately \$83 million and is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2 years.

**NOTE 14. RESTRUCTURING AND PROGRAMMING CHARGES**

During 2018, we launched a program of cost transformation initiatives to improve our margins, including an organizational realignment of support functions across Media Networks, new sourcing and procurement policies, real estate consolidation and technology enhancements, and recognized \$225 million of restructuring and related costs. The charges, as detailed in the table below, included severance charges, exit costs principally resulting from vacating certain leased properties and related costs comprised of third-party professional services.

Restructuring and Related Costs (in millions)	Year Ended September 30, 2018			
	Media Networks	Filmed Entertainment	Corporate	Total
Severance <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 133	\$ 4	\$ 1	\$ 138
Exit Costs	38	—	—	38
Other related costs	1	—	48	49
Total	<u>\$ 172</u>	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>\$ 49</u>	<u>\$ 225</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes equity-based compensation expense of \$4 million.

During 2017, we recognized a pre-tax restructuring and programming charge of \$381 million, resulting from the execution of our flagship brand strategy and strategic initiatives at Paramount. The charges, as detailed in the table below, include severance charges, a non-cash intangible asset impairment charge resulting from the decision to abandon an international trade name and a programming charge associated with management's decision to cease use of certain original and acquired programming. The programming charge is included within *Operating expenses* in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

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**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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The following table presents the restructuring and programming charges incurred in 2017 by reportable segment:

Restructuring and Programming Charges (in millions)	Year Ended September 30, 2017			
	Media Networks	Filmed Entertainment	Corporate	Total
Severance <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 142	\$ 50	\$ 20	\$ 212
Asset impairment	22	—	—	22
Lease termination	—	3	—	3
Restructuring	164	53	20	237
Programming	113	31	—	144
Total	\$ 277	\$ 84	\$ 20	\$ 381

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes equity-based compensation expense of \$14 million.

During 2016, we recognized a restructuring charge of \$206 million in connection with the separation of certain senior executives. The restructuring charge included the cost of separation payments of \$138 million and the acceleration of equity-based compensation expense of \$68 million. We established grantor trusts in our name and initially funded the trusts with approximately \$69 million to facilitate the administration of certain payments, of which \$9 million and \$54 million have been paid during the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The assets held in the grantor trusts are Company assets and are therefore included in our Consolidated Balance Sheets within *Prepaid and other assets* and *Other assets - noncurrent* as of September 30, 2018 and 2017.

Our severance liability by reportable segment is as follows:

Severance liability (in millions)	Media Networks	Filmed Entertainment	Corporate	Total
<b>September 30, 2016</b>	\$ 36	\$ 12	\$ 94	\$ 142
Accruals	136	47	15	198
Severance payments	(53)	(14)	(65)	(132)
<b>September 30, 2017</b>	119	45	44	208
Accruals	129	4	1	134
Severance payments	(99)	(26)	(22)	(147)
<b>September 30, 2018</b>	\$ 149	\$ 23	\$ 23	\$ 195

As of September 30, 2018, of the remaining \$195 million liability, \$144 million is classified within *Other liabilities – current* in the Consolidated Balance Sheet, with the remaining \$51 million classified within *Other liabilities – noncurrent*. We expect to complete these restructuring actions in fiscal 2019. Amounts classified as noncurrent are expected to be substantially paid through 2021, in accordance with applicable contractual terms. In addition, during 2018, we made payments of \$14 million related to the current year exit costs.

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**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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**NOTE 15. INCOME TAXES**

Earnings from continuing operations before provision for income taxes consist of the following:

Earnings from Continuing Operations before Provision for Income Taxes (in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
United States	\$ 1,351	\$ 1,647	\$ 1,479
International	646	565	511
Pre-tax earnings from continuing operations	<u>\$ 1,997</u>	<u>\$ 2,212</u>	<u>\$ 1,990</u>

The provision for income taxes from continuing operations consists of the following:

Provision for Income Taxes from Continuing Operations (in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
Current provision for income taxes:			
Federal	\$ 148	\$ 312	\$ 112
State and local	32	43	31
International	134	112	122
Total current provision for income taxes	<u>314</u>	<u>467</u>	<u>265</u>
Deferred provision for income taxes	(45)	(174)	254
Provision for income taxes	<u>\$ 269</u>	<u>\$ 293</u>	<u>\$ 519</u>

A reconciliation of the effective income tax rate on continuing operations to the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate is as follows:

Effective Tax Rate	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
U.S. federal statutory income tax rate	24.5 %	35.0 %	35.0 %
State and local taxes, net of federal benefit	1.8	1.4	1.7
Effect of international operations	(3.5)	(5.5)	(4.4)
Qualified production activities deduction	(0.8)	(3.0)	(1.0)
Change in valuation allowance	—	(1.4)	(1.1)
Tax accounting method change	(3.9)	—	(2.7)
Tax Cuts and Jobs Act	(7.3)	—	—
Foreign tax credits of repatriated non-U.S. earnings	—	—	(0.4)
Foreign tax credits on distribution of securities	—	(12.6)	—
All other, net	2.7	(0.7)	(1.0)
Effective tax rate, continuing operations	<u>13.5 %</u>	<u>13.2 %</u>	<u>26.1 %</u>

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the “Act”) was enacted on December 22, 2017. The currently relevant provisions of the Act provide for a reduction of the federal corporate income tax rate from 35% to 21% and a “transition tax” to be levied on the deemed repatriation of indefinitely reinvested earnings of international subsidiaries. As a result of these factors, as well as our fiscal year-end, the federal statutory tax rate decreased from 35% to a prorated rate of 24.5% for fiscal 2018. While the Act includes many provisions, those applicable to Viacom will be phased in and will not have full effect until fiscal 2019.

As a result of the Act, provisional amounts have been recorded in accordance with SEC guidance provided in Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118, Income Tax Accounting Implications of the Act, for the remeasurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities and the transition tax. During 2018, we recognized a net discrete tax benefit of \$226 million that reflects the impact of the Act on our deferred tax balances. In addition, a provisional expense of \$81 million has been recorded on a net basis for the one-time transition tax on the deemed repatriation of indefinitely reinvested earnings of our international subsidiaries. These amounts are provisional because certain aspects were based on estimates and assumptions where guidance has yet to be provided. As guidance is received from federal and state authorities, these provisional amounts could change through December 31, 2018.

We recognized a net discrete tax benefit of \$200 million in 2018, \$340 million in 2017 and \$102 million in 2016, which served to reduce the provision for income taxes for those periods. The benefit in 2018 is principally related to the Act and a tax accounting method change granted by the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”).

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The benefit in 2017 is principally related to the recognition of foreign tax credits realized during the fourth fiscal quarter of 2017 on the distribution to Viacom's U.S. group of certain securities, the reversal of a valuation allowance on capital loss carryforwards in connection with the sale of our investment in EPIX and the release of tax reserves with respect to certain effectively settled tax positions. Total discrete tax benefits also include the impact of the gains on asset sales, restructuring and programming charges, the net loss on debt extinguishment and investment impairment.

The benefit in 2016 was principally related to a tax accounting method change granted by the IRS, the release of tax reserves with respect to certain effectively settled tax positions and the recognition of capital loss carryforwards, partially offset by a reduction in qualified production activity tax benefits as a result of retroactively reenacted legislation.

The tax effects of the items recorded as deferred tax assets and liabilities are:

Deferred Taxes (in millions)	September 30,	
	2018	2017
Deferred tax assets:		
Accrued liabilities	\$ 118	\$ 205
Postretirement and other employee benefits	167	348
Tax credit and loss carryforwards	131	259
All other	104	124
Total deferred tax assets	520	936
Valuation allowance	(87)	(156)
Total deferred tax assets, net	\$ 433	\$ 780
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Property, equipment and intangible assets	\$ (419)	\$ (619)
Unbilled revenue	(80)	(117)
Financing obligations	(70)	(113)
Film & TV production expenditures	(124)	(185)
Total deferred tax liabilities	(693)	(1,034)
Deferred taxes, net	\$ (260)	\$ (254)

We have recorded valuation allowances for certain deferred tax assets, which are primarily related to net operating losses in foreign jurisdictions, as sufficient uncertainty exists regarding the future realization of these assets.

We have U.S. federal and state net operating loss carryforwards of \$127 million and foreign tax credit carryforwards of \$19 million at September 30, 2018. The utilization of these carryforwards as an available offset to future tax is subject to limitations under current U.S. federal and state income tax laws. These carryforwards begin to expire in fiscal year 2027. In addition, we have \$233 million of tax losses in various international jurisdictions that are primarily from countries with unlimited carryforward periods and \$433 million of tax losses that expire in the fiscal years 2019 through 2038. The pre-valuation allowance deferred tax asset amount related to these U.S. and international carryforwards is \$131 million.

The net deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities included in the Consolidated Balance Sheets were as follows:

Deferred Tax Assets / (Liabilities) (in millions)	September 30,	
	2018	2017
Deferred tax assets	\$ 36	\$ 40
Deferred tax liabilities	(296)	(294)
Deferred taxes, net	\$ (260)	\$ (254)

Deferred tax assets are included within *Other assets* in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

As a result of the enactment of the Act, the Company recorded \$81 million of provisional transition tax on \$999 million of previously indefinitely reinvested foreign earnings and repatriated substantially all of these earnings to the U.S. during the fiscal year. We have not made any provision for U.S. income tax on the remaining undistributed cash of our international subsidiaries since these amounts are indefinitely reinvested outside the U.S. Repatriating these funds could result in approximately \$90 million to \$110 million of U.S. tax. Cash from earnings of our international subsidiaries generated after December 31, 2017 can be repatriated to the U.S. without incremental U.S. federal tax under the Act.

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amounts of unrecognized tax benefits, excluding interest and penalties, is as follows:

Unrecognized Tax Benefits (in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
Balance at beginning of the period	\$ 159	\$ 164	\$ 179
Gross additions based on tax positions related to the current year	13	36	21
Gross additions for tax positions of prior years	39	6	13
Gross reductions for tax positions of prior years	(24)	(14)	(23)
Settlements	(3)	(8)	(1)
Expiration of the statute of limitation	(5)	(25)	(25)
Balance at end of the period	<u>\$ 179</u>	<u>\$ 159</u>	<u>\$ 164</u>

The total amount of unrecognized tax benefits at September 30, 2018, if recognized, would favorably affect the effective tax rate.

As discussed in Note 2, we recognize interest and penalties accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of the *Provision for income taxes* in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings. We recognized interest and penalties of \$9 million in 2018, \$9 million in 2017 and \$11 million in 2016. We had accruals of \$21 million and \$34 million related to interest and penalties recorded as a component of *Other liabilities – noncurrent* in the Consolidated Balance Sheets at September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

We and our subsidiaries file income tax returns with the IRS and various state and international jurisdictions. The IRS began its examination of our 2014 and 2015 U.S. consolidated federal income tax returns in fiscal 2017. Tax authorities are also conducting examinations of Viacom subsidiaries in various international, state and local jurisdictions. Due to potential resolution of unrecognized tax positions involving multiple tax periods and jurisdictions, it is reasonably possible that a reduction of up to \$55 million of unrecognized income tax benefits may occur within 12 months, some of which, depending on the nature of the settlement, may affect our income tax provision and therefore benefit the resulting effective tax rate. The majority of these uncertain tax positions, when recognized in the financial statements, would be recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings as part of the *Provision for income taxes*. The actual amount could vary significantly depending on the ultimate timing and nature of any settlements.

**NOTE 16. EARNINGS PER SHARE**

The following table sets forth the weighted average number of common shares outstanding used in determining basic and diluted earnings per common share and anti-dilutive shares:

Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding and Anti-Dilutive Common Shares (in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic	402.7	399.9	396.5
Dilutive effect of equity awards	0.3	0.7	1.5
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, diluted	<u>403.0</u>	<u>400.6</u>	<u>398.0</u>
Anti-dilutive common shares	18.6	15.2	14.7

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**NOTE 17. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW**

Our supplemental cash flow information is as follows:

Supplemental Cash Flow Information (in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
Cash paid for interest	\$ 574	\$ 635	\$ 611
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 133	\$ 476	\$ 275

Cash paid for income taxes in 2018 reflects the benefits from the retroactive reenactment of legislation allowing for accelerated tax deductions on certain qualified film and television productions and a lower corporate U.S. income tax rate as a result of the Act.

**NOTE 18. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS*****Assets/Liabilities Measured and Recorded at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis***

During 2018, an investment previously accounted for using the cost method was listed on a public exchange. As a result, we reclassified our investment as available-for-sale. The fair value of our available-for-sale securities was \$80 million as of September 30, 2018, which is included within *Other assets, noncurrent* in our Consolidated Balance Sheets, as determined utilizing a market approach based on quoted market prices in active markets at period end (Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy).

The fair value of our foreign exchange contracts was a liability of \$8 million and an asset of \$7 million as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, as determined utilizing a market-based approach (Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy). We use derivative financial instruments to modify our exposure to market risks from changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates. We conduct business in various countries outside the U.S., resulting in exposure to movements in foreign exchange rates when translating from the foreign local currency to the U.S. Dollar. We use foreign currency forward contracts to economically hedge anticipated cash flows and foreign currency balances in such currencies as the British Pound, the Euro, the Canadian Dollar, the Australian Dollar, the Japanese Yen and the Brazilian Real. We also enter into forward contracts to hedge future production costs and programming obligations. We manage the use of foreign exchange derivatives centrally.

At September 30, 2018 and 2017, the notional value of all foreign exchange contracts was \$642 million and \$869 million, respectively. At September 30, 2018, \$345 million related to future production costs and \$297 million related to our foreign currency balances. At September 30, 2017, \$582 million related to future production costs and \$287 million related to our foreign currency balances.

***Assets Measured and Recorded at Fair Value on a Non-Recurring Basis***

Certain assets, such as film and television production costs, goodwill, intangible assets, and equity and cost method investments, are recorded at fair value only if an impairment charge is recognized. Impairment charges, if applicable, are determined using discounted cash flows, which is a Level 3 valuation technique.

**NOTE 19. REPORTABLE SEGMENTS**

The following tables set forth our financial performance by reportable segment. Our reportable segments have been determined in accordance with our internal management structure. We manage our operations through two reportable segments: (i) *Media Networks* and (ii) *Filmed Entertainment*. Typical intersegment transactions include the purchase of advertising by the *Filmed Entertainment* segment on *Media Networks*' properties and the licensing of *Filmed Entertainment*'s feature film and television content by *Media Networks*. The elimination of such intercompany transactions in the Consolidated Financial Statements is included within eliminations in the tables below.

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**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
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Our measure of segment performance is adjusted operating income. Adjusted operating income is defined as operating income, before equity-based compensation and certain other items identified as affecting comparability, when applicable.

Revenues by Segment (in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
Media Networks	\$ 10,011	\$ 10,096	\$ 9,942
Filmed Entertainment	3,041	3,289	2,662
Eliminations	(109)	(122)	(116)
Total revenues	\$ 12,943	\$ 13,263	\$ 12,488

Adjusted Operating Income/(Loss) (in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
Media Networks	\$ 3,126	\$ 3,297	\$ 3,484
Filmed Entertainment	(39)	(280)	(445)
Corporate expenses	(238)	(221)	(213)
Eliminations	(1)	1	1
Equity-based compensation	(53)	(54)	(95)
Programming charges <sup>(1)</sup>	—	(144)	—
Restructuring and related costs <sup>(2)</sup>	(225)	(237)	(206)
Gain on asset sale	—	127	—
Operating income	2,570	2,489	2,526
Interest expense, net	(560)	(618)	(616)
Equity in net earnings of investee companies	9	81	87
Gain on sale of EPIX	—	285	—
Other items, net	(22)	(25)	(7)
Earnings from continuing operations before provision for income taxes	\$ 1,997	\$ 2,212	\$ 1,990

<sup>(1)</sup> Included in *Operating expenses* in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes equity-based compensation expense of \$4 million, \$14 million and \$68 million for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Depreciation and Amortization and Total Assets (in millions)	Depreciation and Amortization			Total Assets	
	Year Ended September 30,			September 30,	
	2018	2017	2016	2018	2017
Media Networks	\$ 169	\$ 175	\$ 166	\$ 17,576	\$ 17,984
Filmed Entertainment	39	44	50	5,297	6,188
Corporate/Eliminations	5	4	5	910	(474)
Total	\$ 213	\$ 223	\$ 221	\$ 23,783	\$ 23,698

Capital Expenditures (in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
Media Networks	\$ 121	\$ 164	\$ 141
Filmed Entertainment	51	27	28
Corporate	6	4	3
Total capital expenditures	\$ 178	\$ 195	\$ 172



**VIACOM INC.**  
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Revenues by Component (in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
Advertising	\$ 4,751	\$ 4,862	\$ 4,809
Affiliate	4,595	4,638	4,556
Feature film	2,846	2,972	2,488
Ancillary	860	913	751
Eliminations	(109)	(122)	(116)
Total revenues	<u>\$ 12,943</u>	<u>\$ 13,263</u>	<u>\$ 12,488</u>

Revenues generated from international markets were approximately 29%, 28% and 25% of total consolidated revenues in 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Our principal international businesses are in Europe. The United Kingdom and Germany together accounted for approximately 51%, 51% and 57% of total revenues in the Europe, Middle East and Africa (“EMEA”) region in 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Geographic Information (in millions)	Revenues <sup>(1)</sup>			Long-lived Assets <sup>(2)</sup>	
	Year Ended September 30,			September 30,	
	2018	2017	2016	2018	2017
United States	\$ 9,178	\$ 9,497	\$ 9,308	\$ 4,777	\$ 5,049
EMEA	2,389	2,260	2,182	374	317
All other	1,376	1,506	998	187	157
Total	<u>\$ 12,943</u>	<u>\$ 13,263</u>	<u>\$ 12,488</u>	<u>\$ 5,338</u>	<u>\$ 5,523</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> Revenue classifications are based on customers’ locations. Transactions within Viacom between geographic areas are not significant.

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes deferred tax assets, goodwill, other intangible assets and investments.

**NOTE 20. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

National Amusements, Inc. (“National Amusements”), directly and indirectly, is the controlling stockholder of both Viacom and CBS Corporation (“CBS”). National Amusements owns shares in Viacom representing approximately 79.8% of the voting interest in Viacom and approximately 10% of Viacom’s combined common stock. National Amusements is controlled by Sumner M. Redstone, our Chairman Emeritus, who is the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of National Amusements, through the Sumner M. Redstone National Amusements Trust (the “SMR Trust”), which owns shares in National Amusements representing 80% of the voting interest of National Amusements. The shares representing the other 20% of the voting interest of National Amusements are held through a trust controlled by Shari E. Redstone, who is Mr. Redstone’s daughter, the non-executive Vice Chair of Viacom’s Board of Directors, the non-executive Vice Chair of CBS’s board of directors, and the President and a member of the Board of Directors of National Amusements. The shares of National Amusements held by the SMR Trust are voted solely by Mr. Redstone until such time as his incapacity or death. Upon Mr. Redstone’s incapacity or death, Ms. Redstone will also become a trustee of the SMR Trust and the shares of National Amusements held by the SMR Trust will be voted by the trustees of the SMR Trust. The current trustees include Mr. Redstone and David R. Andelman, both of whom are also members of the Board of Directors of National Amusements. In addition, Mr. Redstone serves as Chairman Emeritus of CBS.

Transactions between Viacom and related parties are overseen by our Governance and Nominating Committee.

***Viacom and National Amusements Related Party Transactions***

National Amusements licenses films in the ordinary course of business for its movie theaters from all major studios, including Paramount. During the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016, Paramount earned revenues from National Amusements in connection with these licenses in the aggregate amounts of approximately \$7 million, \$7 million and \$8 million, respectively.

***Viacom and CBS Corporation Related Party Transactions***

In the ordinary course of business, we are involved in transactions with CBS and its various businesses that result in the recognition of revenues and expenses by us. Transactions with CBS are settled in cash.

Our *Filmed Entertainment* segment earns revenues and recognizes expenses associated with its distribution of certain television products into the home entertainment market on behalf of CBS. Pursuant to its agreement with CBS, Paramount distributes CBS’s library of television and other content on DVD and Blu-ray disc on a worldwide basis. Under the terms of the agreement, Paramount is entitled to retain a fee based on a percentage of gross receipts and is generally responsible for all out-of-pocket

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(continued)

costs, which are recoupable prior to any participation amounts paid. Paramount also earns revenues from CBS through leasing of studio space and licensing of certain film products.

Our *Media Networks* segment recognizes advertising revenues and purchases television programming from CBS. The cost of the programming purchases is initially recorded as acquired program rights inventory and amortized over the estimated period that revenues will be generated.

Both of our segments recognize advertising expenses related to the placement of advertisements with CBS.

The following table summarizes the transactions with CBS as included in our Consolidated Financial Statements:

CBS Related Party Transactions (in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
<b>Consolidated Statements of Earnings</b>			
Revenues	\$ 117	\$ 138	\$ 133
Operating expenses	\$ 142	\$ 174	\$ 174
September 30,			
	2018	2017	
<b>Consolidated Balance Sheets</b>			
Accounts receivable	\$ 7	\$ 5	
Participants' share and residuals, current	\$ 58	\$ 69	
Program obligations, current	38	54	
Program obligations, noncurrent	32	49	
Other liabilities	2	1	
Total due to CBS	\$ 130	\$ 173	

**Other Related Party Transactions**

In the ordinary course of business, we are involved in related party transactions with equity investees. These related party transactions primarily relate to the provision of advertising services, licensing of film and programming content, distribution of films and provision of certain administrative support services, for which the impact on our Consolidated Financial Statements is as follows:

Other Related Party Transactions (in millions)	Year Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2016
<b>Consolidated Statements of Earnings</b>			
Revenues	\$ 49	\$ 131	\$ 125
Operating expenses	\$ 16	\$ 67	\$ 72
Selling, general and administrative	\$ —	\$ (7)	\$ (15)
September 30,			
	2018	2017	
<b>Consolidated Balance Sheets</b>			
Accounts receivable	\$ 43	\$ 49	
Other assets	3	5	
Total due from other related parties	\$ 46	\$ 54	
Accounts payable	\$ 7	\$ 8	
Other liabilities	2	—	
Total due to other related parties	\$ 9	\$ 8	

All other related party transactions are not material in the periods presented.

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(continued)

**NOTE 21. QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (unaudited):**

2018 (in millions, except per share information)	First	Second	Third	Fourth	Year Ended September 30, 2018
Revenues	\$ 3,073	\$ 3,148	\$ 3,237	\$ 3,485	\$ 12,943
Operating income	\$ 717	\$ 456	\$ 752	\$ 645	\$ 2,570
Net earnings from continuing operations (Viacom and noncontrolling interests)	\$ 551	\$ 264	\$ 514	\$ 399	\$ 1,728
Net earnings (Viacom and noncontrolling interests)	\$ 553	\$ 274	\$ 525	\$ 407	\$ 1,759
Net earnings from continuing operations attributable to Viacom	\$ 535	\$ 256	\$ 511	\$ 386	\$ 1,688
Net earnings attributable to Viacom	\$ 537	\$ 266	\$ 522	\$ 394	\$ 1,719
Basic earnings per share, continuing operations attributable to Viacom	\$ 1.33	\$ 0.64	\$ 1.27	\$ 0.96	\$ 4.19
Basic earnings per share attributable to Viacom	\$ 1.33	\$ 0.66	\$ 1.30	\$ 0.98	\$ 4.27
Diluted earnings per share, continuing operations attributable to Viacom	\$ 1.33	\$ 0.64	\$ 1.27	\$ 0.96	\$ 4.19
Diluted earnings per share attributable to Viacom	\$ 1.33	\$ 0.66	\$ 1.29	\$ 0.98	\$ 4.27

The following are certain items identified as affecting comparability in 2018:

- Restructuring and related charges:
  - A pre-tax charge of \$185 million (\$141 million after tax), reflecting \$123 million of severance, \$40 million of exit costs and \$22 million related costs comprised of third-party professional services in the second quarter.
  - A pre-tax charge of \$15 million (\$11 million after tax), comprised of third-party professional services in the third quarter.
  - A pre-tax charge of \$25 million (\$18 million after tax), reflecting \$15 million of severance, reduction of \$2 million related to exit costs and \$12 million of other related costs in the fourth quarter.
- A pre-tax debt extinguishment gain of \$25 million (\$19 million after tax) resulting from the retirement of debt in the first quarter.
- A pre-tax and after tax gain of \$16 million resulting from the sale of 1% equity interest in Viacom18 to our joint venture partner in the second quarter.
- A pre-tax impairment loss of \$46 million (\$36 million after tax) in connection with the write-off of a cost method investment in the second quarter.
- A net discrete tax benefit of \$103 million, \$46 million, \$47 million and \$4 million in the first through fourth quarters, respectively.

2017 (in millions, except per share information)	First	Second	Third	Fourth	Year Ended September 30, 2017
Revenues	\$ 3,324	\$ 3,256	\$ 3,364	\$ 3,319	\$ 13,263
Operating income	\$ 706	\$ 332	\$ 746	\$ 705	\$ 2,489
Net earnings from continuing operations (Viacom and noncontrolling interests)	\$ 408	\$ 128	\$ 688	\$ 695	\$ 1,919
Net earnings (Viacom and noncontrolling interests)	\$ 408	\$ 128	\$ 691	\$ 695	\$ 1,922
Net earnings from continuing operations attributable to Viacom	\$ 396	\$ 121	\$ 680	\$ 674	\$ 1,871
Net earnings attributable to Viacom	\$ 396	\$ 121	\$ 683	\$ 674	\$ 1,874
Basic earnings per share, continuing operations attributable to Viacom	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.30	\$ 1.69	\$ 1.67	\$ 4.68
Basic earnings per share attributable to Viacom	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.30	\$ 1.70	\$ 1.67	\$ 4.69
Diluted earnings per share, continuing operations attributable to Viacom	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.30	\$ 1.69	\$ 1.67	\$ 4.67
Diluted earnings per share attributable to Viacom	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.30	\$ 1.70	\$ 1.67	\$ 4.68

The following are certain items identified as affecting comparability in 2017:

- Restructuring and programming charges resulting from the execution of our flagship brand strategy and strategic initiatives at Paramount:
  - A pre-tax charge of \$42 million (\$28 million after tax) for severance in the first quarter.

**VIACOM INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(continued)**

- A pre-tax charge of \$280 million (\$180 million after tax), reflecting \$156 million of severance, \$18 million of intangible asset impairment and \$106 million of programming charges in the second quarter.
- A pre-tax charge of \$59 million (\$38 million after tax), reflecting \$14 million of severance, \$38 million of programming charges and \$7 million of other exit activities in the third quarter.
- Items resulting from the retirement of debt:
  - A pre-tax debt extinguishment loss of \$6 million (\$4 million after tax) and \$30 million (\$20 million after tax) in the first and second quarters, respectively.
  - A pre-tax gain on extinguishment of debt of \$16 million (\$11 million after tax) in the third quarter.
- A pre-tax gain of \$285 million (\$189 million after tax) resulting from the sale of our investment in EPIX in the third quarter.
- A pre-tax charge of \$10 million (\$6 million after tax) in connection with the write-off of a cost method investment in the third quarter.
- A pre-tax gain of \$127 million (\$96 million after tax and noncontrolling interest's share of gain) resulting from the sale of broadcast spectrum in the fourth quarter.
- A net discrete tax benefit of \$15 million, \$4 million, \$53 million, and \$268 million in the first quarter through fourth quarters, respectively.

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### **Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.**

None.

### **Item 9A. Controls and Procedures.**

#### *Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures*

We maintain “disclosure controls and procedures,” as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Exchange Act”), that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the disclosure controls and procedures are met. Additionally, in designing disclosure controls and procedures, our management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible disclosure controls and procedures. The design of any disclosure controls and procedures also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2018. Based on that evaluation, management has concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

#### *Management’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting*

Management’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting is set forth on page 59.

#### *Audit Opinion on Internal Control over Financial Reporting*

The effectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report, which is included herein on page 60.

#### *Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting*

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2018 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

### **Item 9B. Other Information.**

None.

## **PART III**

### **Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.**

The information required by this item with respect to our directors and certain corporate governance practices will be contained in our Proxy Statement for our 2019 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the “Proxy Statement”) under the headings “Corporate Governance,” “Our Board of Directors,” “Item 1 – Election of Directors” and “Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance,” which information is incorporated herein by reference. The information required by this item with respect to our executive officers (i) will be contained in the Proxy Statement under the headings “Corporate Governance” and “Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance” and (ii) is included in Part I of this Form 10-K under the caption “Our Executive Officers,” which information is incorporated herein by reference.

### **Item 11. Executive Compensation.**

The information required by this item will be contained in the Proxy Statement under the headings “Executive Compensation,” “Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation” and “Compensation Committee Report,” which information is incorporated herein by reference.

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**Item 12. *Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.***

The information required by this item will be contained in the Proxy Statement under the headings “Equity Compensation Plan Information” and “Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management,” which information is incorporated herein by reference.

**Item 13. *Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence.***

The information required by this item will be contained in the Proxy Statement under the headings “Related Person Transactions” and “Our Board of Directors,” which information is incorporated herein by reference.

**Item 14. *Principal Accounting Fees and Services.***

The information required by this item will be contained in the Proxy Statement under the heading “Services Provided by the Independent Auditor and Fees Paid,” which information is incorporated herein by reference.

**PART IV**

**Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules.**

(a) 1. *Financial Statements.*

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting  
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm  
Consolidated Statements of Earnings for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016  
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016  
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2018 and 2017  
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016  
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2. *Financial Statement Schedules.*

Schedule II. Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

All other Schedules are omitted since the required information is not present or is not present in amounts sufficient to require submission of the schedule.

3. *Exhibits.*

The exhibits listed in Item 15(b) of this Part IV are filed or incorporated by reference as part of this Form 10-K. The Index to Exhibits is on page 102.

(b) *Exhibits.*

The exhibits listed in Item 15(b) of this Part IV are filed or incorporated by reference as part of this Form 10-K. The Index to Exhibits is on page 102.

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Item 15(a)(2).

VIACOM INC.  
SCHEDULE II—VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

(in millions)	Beginning of period	Additions - expense and other	Deductions	End of period
<b>Year Ended September 30, 2018:</b>				
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 49	\$ 22	\$ (26)	\$ 45
Sales returns and allowances	\$ 79	\$ 148	\$ (163)	\$ 64
Deferred tax valuation allowance	\$ 156	\$ 5	\$ (74)	\$ 87
<b>Year Ended September 30, 2017:</b>				
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 44	\$ 26	\$ (21)	\$ 49
Sales returns and allowances	\$ 93	\$ 186	\$ (200)	\$ 79
Deferred tax valuation allowance	\$ 195	\$ 19	\$ (58)	\$ 156
<b>Year Ended September 30, 2016:</b>				
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 37	\$ 13	\$ (6)	\$ 44
Sales returns and allowances	\$ 126	\$ 218	\$ (251)	\$ 93
Deferred tax valuation allowance	\$ 202	\$ 25	\$ (32)	\$ 195



INDEX TO EXHIBITS

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description of Exhibit</u>
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Viacom Inc. effective December 31, 2015, as amended effective October 6, 2016 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 3.1</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Viacom Inc. filed November 9, 2016) (File No. 001-32686).
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Viacom Inc. effective August 18, 2016, as amended February 6, 2017 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 3.2</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed February 10, 2017) (File No. 001-32686).
4.1	Indenture, dated as of April 12, 2006, between Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed April 17, 2006) (File No. 001-32686).
4.2	First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 12, 2006, between Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York, including Form of 6.875% Senior Note due 2036 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.2</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed April 17, 2006) (File No. 001-32686).
4.3	Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 5, 2007, between Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York, including Form of 6.75% Senior Debenture due 2037 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed October 9, 2007) (File No. 001-32686).
4.4	Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 26, 2009, between Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon, including Form of 5.625% Senior Note due 2019 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed August 26, 2009) (File No. 001-32686).
4.5	Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 29, 2009, between Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon, including Form of 5.625% Senior Note due 2019 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed September 30, 2009) (File No. 001-32686).
4.6	Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 22, 2011, between Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon, including Form of 4.500% Senior Note due 2021 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed February 23, 2011) (File No. 001-32686).
4.7	Ninth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 12, 2011, between Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon, including Form of 3.875% Senior Note due 2021 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed December 12, 2011) (File No. 001-32686).
4.8	Tenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 28, 2012, between Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon, including Form of 4.500% Senior Debenture due 2042 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed February 28, 2012) (File No. 001-32686).
4.9	Eleventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 14, 2012, between Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon, including Form of 3.125% Senior Note due 2022 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed June 14, 2012) (File No. 001-32686).

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<b>Exhibit No.</b>	<b>Description of Exhibit</b>
4.10	Twelfth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 26, 2012, between Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon, including Form of 4.375% Senior Debentures due 2043 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed November 30, 2012) (File No. 001-32686).
4.11	Thirteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 4, 2012, between Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon, including Form of 4.375% Senior Debentures due 2043 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed December 21, 2012) (File No. 001-32686).
4.12	Fourteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 17, 2012, between Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon, including Form of 4.375% Senior Debentures due 2043 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.2</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed December 21, 2012) (File No. 001-32686).
4.13	Fifteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 14, 2013, between Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon, including Form of 3.250% Senior Notes due 2023 and 4.875% Senior Debentures due 2043 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed March 14, 2013) (File No. 001-32686).
4.14	Sixteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 19, 2013, between Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon, including Form of 4.250% Senior Notes due 2023 and 5.850% Senior Debentures due 2043 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed August 19, 2013) (File No. 001-32686).
4.15	Seventeenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 11, 2014, between Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon, including Form of 3.875% Senior Notes due 2024 and 5.250% Senior Debentures due 2044 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed March 11, 2014) (File No. 001-32686).
4.16	Eighteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 10, 2014, between Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon, including Form of 2.750% Senior Notes due 2019 and 4.850% Senior Debentures due 2034 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed December 10, 2014) (File No. 001-32686).
4.17	Nineteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 4, 2016, between Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon, including Form of 2.250% Senior Notes due 2022 and 3.450% Senior Notes due 2026 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed October 4, 2016) (File No. 001-32686).
4.18	Twentieth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 28, 2017, between Viacom Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon, including Form of 5.875% Junior Subordinated Debentures due 2057 and 6.250% Junior Subordinated Debentures due 2057 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 4.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed February 28, 2017) (File No. 001-32686).
10.1	\$2.0 Billion Three-Year Credit Agreement, dated as of October 8, 2010, among Viacom Inc., the subsidiaries of Viacom Inc. designated as borrowers from time to time thereunder, the Lenders named therein, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, Citibank, N.A. and Bank of America, N.A., as Syndication Agents, and Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., Morgan Stanley MUFG Loan Partners, LLC, The Royal Bank of Scotland PLC and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Documentation Agents (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.1</a> to the Transition Report on Form 10-K of Viacom Inc. filed November 12, 2010) (File No. 001-32686).

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<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description of Exhibit</u>
10.2	First Amendment, dated as of December 2, 2011, to the \$2.0 Billion Three-Year Credit Agreement dated as of October 8, 2010, among Viacom Inc., the subsidiaries of Viacom Inc. designated as borrowers from time to time thereunder, the Lenders named therein, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, Citibank, N.A. and Bank of America, N.A., as Syndication Agents, and Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., Morgan Stanley MUFG Loan Partners, LLC, The Royal Bank of Scotland PLC and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Documentation Agents (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.1</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed February 2, 2012) (File No. 001-32686).
10.3	Second Amendment, dated as of November 9, 2012, to the \$2.0 Billion Three-Year Credit Agreement dated as of October 8, 2010, among Viacom Inc., the subsidiaries of Viacom Inc. designated as borrowers from time to time thereunder, the Lenders named therein, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, Citibank, N.A. and Bank of America, N.A., as Syndication Agents, and Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., Morgan Stanley MUFG Loan Partners, LLC, The Royal Bank of Scotland PLC and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Documentation Agents (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.1</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed January 31, 2013) (File No. 001-32686).
10.4	Third Amendment, dated as of November 18, 2014, to the \$2.0 Billion Three-Year Credit Agreement dated as of October 8, 2010, among Viacom Inc., the subsidiaries of Viacom Inc. designated as borrowers from time to time thereunder, the Lenders named therein, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, Citibank, N.A. and Bank of America, N.A., as Syndication Agents, and Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., Morgan Stanley MUFG Loan Partners, LLC, The Royal Bank of Scotland PLC and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Documentation Agents (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.1</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed January 29, 2015) (File No. 001-32686).
10.5	Summary of Viacom Inc. Compensation for Outside Directors (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.1</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed February 9, 2017) (File No. 001-32686).**
10.6	Viacom Inc. 2011 RSU Plan for Outside Directors, as amended and restated as of November 13, 2013 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.3</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed January 30, 2014), and Amendment No.1 dated January 16, 2014 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.4</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed January 30, 2014) (both File No. 001-32686).**
10.7	Viacom Inc. 2011 RSU Plan for Outside Directors, as amended and restated as of January 1, 2016 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit B</a> to the Definitive Proxy Statement of Viacom Inc. filed January 23, 2015), as further amended and restated as of May 18, 2016 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.2</a> to the Quarterly Report of Viacom Inc. filed August 4, 2016) (both File No. 001-32686).**
10.8	Viacom Inc. Deferred Compensation Plan for Outside Directors, as amended and restated as of November 13, 2013 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.2</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed January 30, 2014) (File No. 001-32686).**
10.9*	<a href="#">Viacom Inc. Senior Executive Short-Term Incentive Plan, as amended and restated effective November 13, 2018.**</a>
10.10	Viacom Inc. 2006 Long-Term Management Incentive Plan, as amended and restated effective January 1, 2011 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit A</a> to the Definitive Proxy Statement of Viacom Inc. filed April 16, 2010) (File No. 001-32686).**
10.11	Viacom Inc. 2016 Long-Term Management Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit A</a> to the Definitive Proxy Statement of Viacom Inc. filed January 23, 2015) (File No. 001-32686).**

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<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description of Exhibit</u>
10.11.1	Viacom Inc. 2016 LTMIP: Form of Terms and Conditions to the Stock Option Certificate (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.3</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed August 4, 2016) (File No. 001-32686).**
10.11.2	Viacom Inc. 2016 LTMIP: Form of Terms and Conditions to the Restricted Share Units Certificate (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.4</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed August 4, 2016) (File No. 001-32686).**
10.11.3	Viacom Inc. 2016 LTMIP: Form of Terms and Conditions to the Performance Share Units (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.5</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed August 4, 2016) (File No. 001-32686).**
10.11.4	Viacom Inc. 2016 LTMIP: Form of Terms and Conditions to the Performance Share Units (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.1</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed February 8, 2018) (File No. 001-32686).**
10.12	Viacom Excess Pension Plan, as amended and restated January 1, 2009 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.13</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Viacom Inc. filed February 12, 2009) (File No. 001-32686).**
10.13	Amendment, effective as of March 31, 2009, to Viacom Excess Pension Plan, as amended and restated January 1, 2009 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.13</a> to the Transition Report on Form 10-K of Viacom Inc. filed November 12, 2010) (File No. 001-32686).**
10.14	Viacom Excess 401(k) Plan for Designated Senior Executives, as amended and restated January 1, 2009 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.14</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Viacom Inc. filed February 12, 2009) (File No. 001-32686).**
10.15	Amendments, effective as of April 1, 2009 and December 31, 2009, to Viacom Excess 401(k) Plan for Designated Senior Executives, as amended and restated January 1, 2009 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.15</a> to the Transition Report on Form 10-K of Viacom Inc. filed November 12, 2010) (File No. 001-32686).**
10.16	Viacom Bonus Deferral Plan for Designated Senior Executives, as amended and restated January 1, 2009 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.15</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Viacom Inc. filed February 12, 2009) (File No. 001-32686).**
10.17	Amendment, effective as of December 31, 2009, to Viacom Bonus Deferral Plan for Designated Senior Executives, as amended and restated January 1, 2009 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.17</a> to the Transition Report on Form 10-K of Viacom Inc. filed November 12, 2010) (File No. 001-32686).**
10.18	Employment Agreement between Viacom Inc. and Robert Bakish, dated as of December 12, 2016, as supplemented by Letter Agreement between Viacom Inc. and Robert Bakish, dated as of December 12, 2016 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.4</a> and <a href="#">Exhibit 10.5</a> , respectively, to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed February 9, 2017) (File No. 001-32686).**
10.19	Employment Agreement between Viacom Inc. and Christa D'Alimonte, dated as of March 9, 2017 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.2</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed February 8, 2018) (File No. 001-32686).**
10.20*	Employment Agreement between Viacom Inc. and Wade Davis, effective as of November 27, 2014 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.3</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed January 29, 2015) (File No. 001-32686), as amended by <a href="#">Letter Agreement</a> between Viacom Inc. and Wade Davis, dated as of November 1, 2018.**
10.21	Employment Agreement between Viacom Inc. and DeDe Lea, effective as of November 14, 2016 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.10</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed February 9, 2017) (File No. 001-32686).**

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<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description of Exhibit</u>
10.22	Employment Agreement between Viacom Inc. and Scott Mills, dated as of January 1, 2018 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.3</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed February 8, 2018) (File No. 001-32686).**
10.23	Employment Agreement between Viacom Inc. and Philippe P. Dauman, effective as of January 15, 2015 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.2</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed January 29, 2015) (File No. 001-32686).**
10.24	Employment Agreement between Viacom Inc. and Thomas E. Dooley, as amended and restated as of May 27, 2010 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.1</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed August 5, 2010), as amended by Letter Agreement dated March 17, 2016 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.1</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed April 28, 2016), and as further amended by Letter Agreement dated September 21, 2016 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed September 21, 2016) (File No. 001-32686).**
10.25	Employment Agreement between Viacom Inc. and Michael D. Fricklas, dated as of October 2, 2009 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.17</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Viacom Inc. filed February 11, 2010), as amended by Letter Agreement dated August 6, 2012 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.21</a> to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Viacom Inc. filed November 15, 2012), as further amended by Amendment dated May 20, 2015 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.1</a> to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Viacom Inc. filed August 6, 2015), and as further amended by the Confidential Settlement and Release Agreement, effective as of August 18, 2016 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed August 23, 2016) (File No. 001-32686).**
10.26	Confidential Settlement and Release Agreement, effective as of August 18, 2016 (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed August 23, 2016) (File No. 001-32686).
10.27	Separation Agreement dated as of December 19, 2005 by and between Former Viacom and New Viacom Corp. (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of New Viacom Corp. filed December 21, 2005) (File No. 001-32686).
10.28	Tax Matters Agreement dated as of December 30, 2005 by and between Former Viacom and New Viacom Corp. (incorporated by reference to <a href="#">Exhibit 10.1</a> to the Current Report on Form 8-K of Viacom Inc. filed January 5, 2006) (File No. 001-32686).
21.1*	<a href="#">Subsidiaries of Viacom Inc.</a>
23.1*	<a href="#">Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent registered public accounting firm for Viacom Inc.</a>
24.1*	<a href="#">Powers of Attorney.</a>
31.1*	<a href="#">Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of Viacom Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>
31.2*	<a href="#">Certification of the Chief Financial Officer of Viacom Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>
32.1*	<a href="#">Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of Viacom Inc. furnished pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>
32.2*	<a href="#">Certification of the Chief Financial Officer of Viacom Inc. furnished pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema.
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase.

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<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description of Exhibit</u>
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase.
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase.
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase.

\* Filed herewith.

\*\* Represents a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement required to be filed as an exhibit.

**Item 16. Form 10-K Summary.**

None.



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<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<hr/> * Deborah Norville	Director	November 16, 2018
<hr/> * Charles E. Phillips, Jr.	Director	November 16, 2018
<hr/> * Nicole Seligman	Director	November 16, 2018
*By: <u>/s/ Christa A. D'Alimonte</u> Christa A. D'Alimonte <i>Attorney-in-Fact for the Directors</i>		November 16, 2018



**VIACOM INC.**  
**SENIOR EXECUTIVE SHORT-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN,**  
**AS AMENDED AND RESTATED EFFECTIVE NOVEMBER 12, 2018**

**ARTICLE I**  
**GENERAL**

**Section 1.1 Purpose.**

The purpose of the Viacom Inc. Senior Executive Short-Term Incentive Plan, as amended and restated effective November 12, 2018 (the “Plan”) is to benefit and advance the interests of Viacom Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), by granting annual performance-based awards (“Awards”) to reward selected senior executive officers of the Company for their contributions to the Company’s financial success and thereby motivate them to continue to make such contributions in the future.

**Section 1.2 Definitions.**

As used in the Plan, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- (a) “Award” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 1.1.
- (b) “Board” shall mean the Board of Directors of the Company.
- (c) “Class B Common Stock” shall mean shares of Class B Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, of the Company.
- (d) “Code” shall mean the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, including any successor law thereto, and the rules, regulations and guidance promulgated thereunder from time to time.
- (e) “Committee” shall mean the Compensation Committee of the Board (or such other Committee(s) as may be appointed or designated by the Board to administer the Plan in accordance with Section 1.3 of the Plan). The Committee shall consist of at least two (2) individuals, each of whom shall be independent of the Company, as “independence” is defined in the listing standards of the NASDAQ Global Select Market (“NASDAQ”) and in the Viacom Inc. Corporate Governance Guidelines.
- (f) “Company” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 1.1.
- (g) “Earnings Per Share” shall have the meaning provided in GAAP.
- (h) “Effective Date” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 4.11.
- (i) “Equity Plan” means the Viacom Inc. 2016 Long-Term Management Incentive Plan, and any successor or similar plan of the Company.
- (j) “Exchange Act” shall mean the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, including any successor law thereto.

(k) “Fair Market Value” of a share of Class B Common Stock on a given date shall be, unless otherwise determined by the Committee, the 4:00 p.m. (New York time) closing price on such date on NASDAQ or any other principal stock exchange on which the Class B Common Stock is then listed.

(l) “Free Cash Flow” shall mean the Company’s Operating Income before depreciation and amortization, less cash interest, taxes paid, working capital requirements and capital expenditures.

(m) “GAAP” shall mean generally accepted accounting principles in the United States.

(n) “Net Earnings” shall have the meaning provided in GAAP.

(o) “Net Earnings from Continuing Operations” shall have the meaning provided in GAAP.

(p) “Net Revenue” shall have the meaning provided in GAAP.

(q) “OIBDA” shall mean the Company’s Operating Income before depreciation and amortization.

(r) “OIBDA Without Inter-Company Eliminations” shall mean the Company’s Operating Income before depreciation, amortization and inter-company eliminations.

(s) “Operating Income” shall have the meaning provided in GAAP.

(t) “Participant” shall mean any “executive officer” of the Company, as designated as such by the Company under the rules and regulations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

(u) “Performance Goals” shall mean the performance goals determined by the Committee as set forth in Section 2.2 from which the Committee shall establish performance targets for a given Performance Period.

(v) “Performance Period” shall mean a period of time over which performance is measured as determined by the Committee in its sole discretion.

(w) “Plan” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 1.1.

(x) “Revenue” shall have the meaning provided in GAAP.

(y) “Salary” for any Performance Period shall mean the annual base salary of the Participant as in effect on the first day of the applicable Performance Period, unless otherwise determined by the Committee.

(z) “Section 409A” shall mean Section 409A of the Code.

(aa) “Subsidiary” shall mean a corporation (or a partnership or other enterprise) in which the Company owns or controls, directly or indirectly, more than 50% of the outstanding shares of stock normally entitled to vote for the election of directors (or comparable equity participation and voting power).

(bb) “Target Award” means the target established by the Committee for each Performance Period based on a multiple (either a fraction or a whole number multiple) of the Participant’s Salary or a specified dollar amount.

### **Section 1.3 Administration of the Plan.**

The Plan shall be administered by the Committee, which shall adopt such rules as it may deem appropriate in order to carry out the purpose of the Plan. All questions of interpretation, administration and application of the Plan shall be determined by the Committee, except that the Committee may authorize any one or more of its members, or any officer of the Company, to execute and deliver documents on behalf of the Committee. The determination of the Committee shall be final and binding in all matters relating to the Plan. The Committee shall have authority to determine the terms and conditions of the Awards.

### **Section 1.4 No Liability.**

Subject to applicable law: (i) no member of the Committee shall be liable to any Participant or any other person for anything whatsoever in connection with the administration of the Plan except such Committee member's own willful misconduct; (ii) under no circumstances shall any member of the Committee be liable for any act or omission of any other member of the Committee; and (iii) in the performance of its functions with respect to the Plan, the Committee shall be entitled to rely upon information and advice furnished by the Company's officers, the Company's accountants, the Company's counsel and any other party the Committee deems necessary, and no member of the Committee shall be liable for any action taken or not taken in good faith reliance upon any such advice.

## **ARTICLE II AWARDS**

### **Section 2.1 Awards.**

The Committee may grant Awards to Participants with respect to each Performance Period, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Plan.

### **Section 2.2 Terms of Awards.**

(a) For each Participant, the Performance Period, Performance Goal or Goals and related performance targets shall be the same as the Committee has selected for other executives in the Participant's business pool. The Committee shall establish Target Awards for each Participant.

(b) The Performance Goals selected by the Committee shall relate to the achievement of financial goals based on the attainment of budgeted (or otherwise specified) levels of one or more performance measures selected by the Committee. Such performance measures may include, without limitation, one or more of the following: OIBDA, OIBDA Without Intercompany Eliminations, Operating Income, Free Cash Flow, Gross Cash Flow, other specified cash results, Net Earnings, Net Earnings from Continuing Operations, Earnings Per Share, Revenue, Net Revenue, operating revenue, total shareholder return, share price, return on equity, return in excess of cost of capital, profit in excess of cost of capital, return on assets, return on invested capital, net operating profit after tax, operating margin, profit margin or any combination thereof. The Performance Goals may be described in terms of objectives that are related to the individual Participant or objectives that are Company-wide or related to a Subsidiary, division, department, region, function or business unit and may be measured on an absolute or cumulative basis or on the basis of percentage of improvement over time, and may be measured in terms of Company performance (or performance of the applicable Subsidiary, division, department, region, function or business unit) or measured in terms of performance relative to selected peer companies or a market index.

### **Section 2.3 Limitation on Awards.**

The aggregate amount of all Awards granted under the Plan to any Participant for any Performance Period shall not exceed the amount determined by multiplying such Participant's Salary by a factor of eight (8), but in no event shall such amount exceed \$50 million.

### **Section 2.4 Determination of Award.**

After reviewing whether the Performance Goal or Goals have been met based on the Company's financial results for a particular Performance Period, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, reduce the amount of any Award to reflect the Committee's assessment of the Participant's individual performance or for any other reason.

### **Section 2.5 Payment of Award.**

Subject to Section 2.6, Awards may be paid, in whole or in part, in cash, in the form of grants of equity-based awards issued under the Equity Plan, or in any other form prescribed by the Committee, and may be subject to such additional restrictions as the Committee, in its sole discretion, may impose. Such Awards shall be paid by the 15th day of the third calendar month following the end of the calendar year in which the last day of the applicable Performance Period occurs. If the Committee determines that an Award shall be paid in the form of an equity-based award issued under the Equity Plan, then, for purposes of determining the number of shares of Class B Common Stock subject to an Award, the Class B Common Stock shall be valued based on its Fair Market Value on the date such equity-based awards are granted. Where Awards are paid in property other than cash and Class B Common Stock, the value of such property, for purposes of the Plan, shall be determined by reference to the fair market value of the property on the date the Committee grants the award. Notwithstanding anything in this Section 2.5 to the contrary, the Committee may establish procedures pursuant to which the payment of any Award may be deferred. To the extent an Award provides for the right of a recipient to elect to defer compensation and such deferral would be subject to Section 409A, the Committee shall set forth in writing (which may be in electronic form), on or before the date the applicable deferral election is required to be irrevocable in order to meet the requirements of Section 409A, the conditions under which such election may be made.

### **Section 2.6 Employment Requirement.**

Unless otherwise provided in a Participant's employment agreement or as otherwise determined by the Committee, to be eligible to receive payment of an Award, the Participant must have remained in the continuous employ of the Company or a Subsidiary during the Performance Period applicable to the Participant.

### **Section 2.7 Repayment.**

The Committee may require a Participant to return all or a portion of any payment made in respect of an Award (including any payment in the form of an equity-based award or other property) if the Performance Goals or any of the quantitative factors considered in connection with the Committee's negative discretion pursuant to Section 2.4 used to determine the amount of such Award are subsequently restated or otherwise adjusted and the Committee determines either (1) that in light of such restatement or adjustment the Award was not earned within the meaning of Section 2.4 or (2) that such restatement or adjustment alters the Committee's assessment of the Participant's individual performance in a manner that warrants reduction of the amount paid to the Participant in respect of the Award.

**ARTICLE III  
ADJUSTMENT OF AWARDS**

In the event that, during a Performance Period, any recapitalization, reorganization, merger, acquisition, divestiture, consolidation, spin-off, combination, liquidation, dissolution, sale of assets, or other similar corporate transaction or event or any other extraordinary event occurs, or any other event or circumstance occurs that has the effect, as determined by the Committee, of distorting the applicable Performance Goals, including, without limitation, changes in accounting standards, the Committee shall adjust or modify the calculation of the applicable performance targets based on the Performance Goals, to the extent necessary to prevent reduction or enlargement of Awards for such Performance Period attributable to such transaction, circumstance or event. Such adjustments shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes.

**ARTICLE IV  
MISCELLANEOUS**

**Section 4.1 No Rights to Awards or Continued Employment.**

The Plan does not confer on any employee any claim or right to receive Awards. Neither the Plan nor any action taken hereunder shall be construed as giving any employee any right to be retained by the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

**Section 4.2 Restriction on Transfer.**

The rights of a Participant in any Awards shall not be transferable by the Participant to whom such Award is granted, otherwise than by will, the laws of descent and distribution or beneficiary designation or as otherwise permitted by the Committee subject to any conditions that it, in its sole discretion, may impose.

**Section 4.3 Withholding.**

The Company, or a subsidiary thereof, as appropriate, shall have the right to deduct from all payments made under the Plan to a Participant or to a Participant's beneficiary or beneficiaries any federal, state, local, income or payroll taxes required by law to be withheld with respect to such payments and to make any other deductions permitted by law.

**Section 4.4 No Restriction on Right of Company to Effect Changes.**

The Plan shall not affect in any way the right or power of the Company or its stockholders or a Subsidiary to make or authorize any recapitalization, reorganization, merger, acquisition, divestiture, consolidation, spin-off, combination, liquidation, dissolution, sale of assets, or other similar corporate transaction or event involving the Company or a Subsidiary thereof or any other event or series of events, whether of a similar character or otherwise, whether or not such action would have an adverse effect on any Awards. No Participant, beneficiary or other person shall have any claim against the Company or any Subsidiary as a result of any such action.

#### **Section 4.5 Source of Payments.**

The Company shall not have any obligation to establish any separate fund or trust or other segregation of assets to provide for payments under the Plan. To the extent any person acquires any rights to receive payments hereunder from the Company, such rights shall be no greater than those of an unsecured creditor.

#### **Section 4.6 Section 409A.**

If any provision of the Plan or any Award contravenes Section 409A or could cause a Participant to recognize income for United States federal tax purposes in respect of an Award prior to payment of the Award or to be subject to any tax or interest under Section 409A, such provision of the Plan or any Award may be modified to maintain, to the maximum extent practicable, the original intent of the applicable provision without the imposition of any tax or interest under Section 409A. Moreover, any discretionary authority that the Board or the Committee may have pursuant to the Plan shall not be applicable to an Award that is subject to Section 409A to the extent such discretionary authority would contravene Section 409A or cause a Participant to recognize income for United States federal tax purposes in respect of an Award prior to payment of the Award or to be subject to any tax or interest under Section 409A.

#### **Section 4.7 Amendment and Termination.**

The Board may at any time and from time to time alter, amend, suspend or terminate the Plan in whole or in part. No such alteration, amendment, suspension or termination of the Plan may, without the consent of the Participant to whom an Award has been made, adversely affect the rights of such Participant in such Award; *provided, however*, that no such consent shall be required if the Committee determines in its sole discretion that any such alteration, amendment, suspension or termination is necessary or prudent (i) to comply with, or take into account changes in, applicable tax laws, securities laws, accounting rules and other applicable laws, rules and regulations or (ii) to ensure that a Participant is not required to recognize income for United States federal tax purposes in respect of an Award prior to payment of the Award or subject to interest and additional tax under Section 409A with respect to any Award.

#### **Section 4.8 Governmental Regulations.**

The Plan, and all Awards, shall be subject to all applicable rules and regulations of governmental or other authorities.

#### **Section 4.9 Headings.**

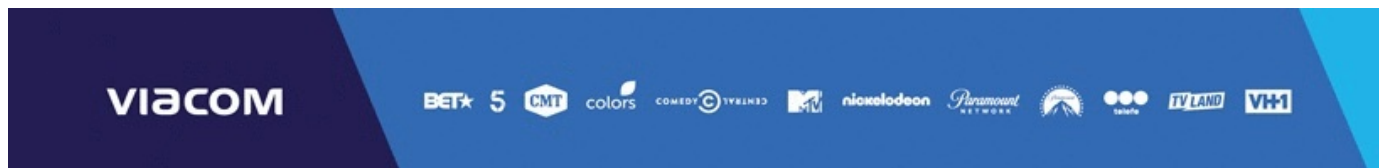
The headings of sections and subsections herein are included solely for convenience of reference and shall not affect the meaning of any of the provisions of the Plan.

#### **Section 4.10 Governing Law.**

The Plan and all rights and Awards hereunder shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of Delaware.

**Section 4.11 Effective Date.**

The Plan became effective as of November 12, 2018 as the successor to the Viacom Inc. Senior Executive Short-Term Incentive Plan, as amended and restated December 12, 2016.



As of November 1, 2018

Mr. Wade Davis  
 c/o Viacom Inc.  
 1515 Broadway  
 New York, NY 10036

Dear Mr. Davis:

Reference is made to that certain employment agreement between you and Viacom International Inc. (the "Company") dated as of November 27, 2014 (your "Employment Agreement"). All defined terms used without definitions shall have the meanings provided in your Employment Agreement.

This letter, when fully executed below, shall amend your Employment Agreement as follows:

1. Contract Period. Paragraph 1 shall be amended to extend your Contract Period through November 30, 2019.
2. LTMP. Paragraph 3(c) shall be amended to change the target value of your participation in the Long-Term Management Incentive Program to Two Million Seven Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$2,750,000).

Except as herein amended, all other terms and conditions of your Employment Agreement shall remain the same and your Employment Agreement as herein amended shall remain in full force and effect.

If the foregoing correctly sets forth our understanding, please sign and return both copies of this letter that have been provided to you. This document shall constitute a binding agreement between us only after it also has been executed by the Company and a fully executed copy has been returned to you.

Very truly yours,

**VIACOM INC.**

By: /s/ Fukiko Ogisu

Name: Fukiko Ogisu  
 Title: Executive Vice President,  
 Chief People Officer

**ACCEPTED AND AGREED:**

/s/ Wade Davis  
 Wade Davis

Dated:  
11/8/2018



**Subsidiaries of Viacom Inc.  
(as of October 31, 2018)**

<u>Subsidiary Name</u>	<u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u>
2POP, LLC	California
365Gay LLC	Delaware
37th Floor Productions Inc.	Delaware
38th Floor Productions Inc.	Delaware
5555 Communications Inc.	Delaware
Aardvark Productions, Inc.	Delaware
AC INVERSORA S.A.	Argentina
Acquisition Group West LLC	Delaware
Adoy LLC	Delaware
After School Productions Inc.	Delaware
AfterL.com LLC	Delaware
Air Realty Corporation	Delaware
Air Realty LLC	Delaware
All About Productions LLC	Delaware
Animated Productions Inc.	Delaware
Artrcraft Productions Inc.	Delaware
ATCO I S.A.	Argentina
Atlántida Comunicaciones S.A.	Argentina
Atom Digital Inc.	Delaware
Atom Entertainment, Inc.	Delaware
ATV ACME, LLC	California
August Street Films Limited	United Kingdom
Awesomeness BP, LLC	California
Awesomeness Distribution, LLC	California
Awesomeness Inc.	Delaware
Awesomeness Music Publishing, LLC	California
Awesomeness UK Distribution Limited	United Kingdom
Awesomeness UK Limited	United Kingdom
Awesomeness UK Network Limited	United Kingdom
Awesomeness, LLC	California
AwesomenessTV Holdings, LLC	Delaware
Awestruck, LLC	California
AXN, LLC	California
Babunga Inc.	Delaware
Bahía Blanca TV S.A.	Argentina
Beijing Yalian Online Network Technology Co. Ltd.	China
Belhaven Limited	Bahamas

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**Subsidiary Name****Place of Incorporation or Organization**

Bellator Sport Worldwide LLC	Delaware
Benjamin Button Productions LLC	Louisiana
BET Acquisition Corp.	Delaware
BET Arabesque, LLC	Delaware
BET Comic View II, LLC	Delaware
BET Consumer Services, Inc.	Delaware
BET Creations, Inc.	Delaware
BET Development Company	Delaware
BET Documentaries, LLC	Delaware
BET Event Productions, LLC	Delaware
BET Holdings LLC	Delaware
BET Innovations Publishing, Inc.	Delaware
BET Interactive, LLC	Delaware
BET International, Inc.	Delaware
BET Live from LA, LLC	Delaware
BET Music Soundz, Inc.	Delaware
BET Oh Drama!, LLC	Delaware
BET Pictures II Development & Production, Inc.	Delaware
BET Pictures II Distribution, Inc.	Delaware
BET Pictures II, LLC	Delaware
BET Productions II, Inc.	Delaware
BET Productions IV, LLC	Delaware
BET Productions V, Inc.	Delaware
BET Productions, LLC	Delaware
BET Satellite Services, Inc.	Delaware
BET Services, Inc.	District of Columbia
BET ST LLC	Delaware
Beta Theatres Inc.	Delaware
BETCH SKETCH, LLC	California
BETN Theatre Ventures, LLC	Delaware
Big Frame, LLC	Delaware
BIG JOHN, LLC	California
Big Shows Inc.	Delaware
Bikini Bottom Holdings Inc.	Delaware
Bikini Bottom Productions Limited Liability Company	New York
Black Entertainment Television LLC	District of Columbia
Blackout Productions Inc.	Delaware
Bling Productions Inc.	Delaware
Blue Sea Productions, Inc.	Delaware
Blue/White Productions, Inc.	Delaware

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<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
BN Productions Inc.	Delaware
Bob's Post House, LLC	California
BODYBAG, LLC	California
Breakdown Productions Inc.	Delaware
Bronson Avenue LLC	Delaware
Bronson Gate Film Management GmbH	Germany
Caper Productions LLC	Delaware
Capital Equipment Leasing Limited	United Kingdom
CC Direct Inc.	Delaware
Central Productions LLC	Delaware
Channel 5 Broadcasting Limited	United Kingdom
Cinematic Arts B.V.	Netherlands
CJD, LLC	California
Cloverleaf Productions Inc.	Delaware
CMT Productions Inc.	Delaware
Columbus Circle Films LLC	Delaware
Comedy Partners	New York
Commerce Street Productions Inc.	Delaware
Country Music Television, Inc.	Tennessee
Country Network Enterprises, Inc.	Delaware
Country Services Inc.	Delaware
country.com, Inc.	Delaware
Cradle of Life Productions LLC	Delaware
Creative Mix Inc.	Delaware
CVV (Japan) B.V.	Netherlands
Danielle Productions LLC	Delaware
Daza Productions Inc.	Delaware
DEAD X, LLC	California
DIGICO Inc.	Delaware
Direct Court Productions, Inc.	Delaware
DM Holding Inc.	Delaware
DMS Holdco Inc.	Delaware
DT Investor Inc.	Delaware
DTE Films LLC	Delaware
DW (Netherlands) B.V.	Netherlands
DW Distribution L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Dramatic Television L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Films L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Finance L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Funding, LLC	Delaware

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**Subsidiary Name****Place of Incorporation or Organization**

DW Holdco LLC	Delaware
DW International Distribution L.L.C.	Delaware
DW International Productions L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Internet L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Music Publishing L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Music Publishing Nashville L.L.C.	Delaware
DW One Corp.	Delaware
DW Project Development L.L.C.	Delaware
DW SKG TV L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Studios L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Studios Productions L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Television Animation L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Television L.L.C.	Delaware
DW TV Finance I L.L.C.	Delaware
DW Two Corp.	Delaware
DWTT Productions Limited	New Zealand
Eighth Century Corporation	Delaware
Elevate Productions Inc.	Delaware
ELIANIMAL, LLC	California
Emily Productions LLC	Delaware
ENFISUR S.A.	Argentina
Express Lane Productions Inc.	Delaware
Failure To Launch Productions LLC	Louisiana
Fall, LLC	California
Famous Orange Productions Inc.	Delaware
Famous Players International B.V.	Netherlands
Festival Inc.	Delaware
Films Paramount SARL	France
Futa B.V.	Netherlands
Future General Corporation	Delaware
Game One SAS	France
Games Animation Inc.	Delaware
Games Productions Inc.	Delaware
GC Productions Inc.	Delaware
Gladiator Productions L.L.C.	Delaware
Global Film Distributors B.V.	Netherlands
Government Issue LLC	Louisiana
Gower Avenue Films Limited	United Kingdom
Grace Productions LLC	Delaware
Grad Night, LLC	California

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<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
Guidance, LLC	California
Hard Caliche LLC	New Mexico
HERO Broadcasting Holding LLC	Delaware
Hey Yeah Productions Inc.	Delaware
High Command Productions Limited	United Kingdom
House of Yes Productions Inc.	Delaware
Hudson Street Productions, Inc.	Delaware
HUSD, LLC	California
Imagine Radio, Inc.	California
Invisions Holding B.V.	Netherlands
Joseph Productions Inc.	Delaware
Jupiter Spring Productions Limited	United Kingdom
King Street Productions Inc.	Delaware
KVMM LLC	Delaware
Ladies Man Productions USA Inc.	Delaware
Last Holiday Productions LLC	Louisiana
LAXG, LLC	California
Light Meter, LLC	California
Lisarb Holding B.V.	Netherlands
List Productions, LLC	California
Little Boston Company Inc.	Delaware
Long Branch Productions LLC	Louisiana
Long Road Productions	Illinois
Louisiana CMT LLC	Louisiana
Louisiana RPI LLC	Louisiana
M4Mobile, LLC	California
MAD MOMS, LLC	California
MAD Production Trucking Company	Delaware
Magical Motion Pictures Inc.	Delaware
Magicam, Inc.	Delaware
Marathon Holdings Inc.	Delaware
Mattalex Two LLC	Delaware
MDP Productions, LLC	Delaware
MDR, LLC	California
Meadowland Parkway Associates	New Jersey
Melange Pictures LLC	Delaware
Michaela Productions Inc.	Delaware
MMA Holdco Inc.	Delaware
MonkeyWurks LLC	Delaware
MoonMan Productions Inc.	Delaware

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**Subsidiary Name****Place of Incorporation or Organization**

MTV Animation Inc.	Delaware
MTV Asia	Cayman Islands
MTV Asia Development Company Inc.	Delaware
MTV Asia Ventures (India) Pte. Limited	Mauritius
MTV Asia Ventures Co.	Cayman Islands
MTV DMS Inc.	Delaware
MTV Games Inc.	Delaware
MTV Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong
MTV India	Cayman Islands
MTV Networks Argentina LLC	Delaware
MTV Networks Argentina S.R.L.	Argentina
MTV Networks Canada, ULC	Canada
MTV Networks Colombia S.A.S.	Colombia
MTV Networks Company	Delaware
MTV Networks de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
MTV Networks Enterprises Inc.	Delaware
MTV Networks Europe Inc.	Delaware
MTV Networks Europe LLC	Delaware
MTV Networks Global Services Inc.	Delaware
MTV Networks Holdings SARL	France
MTV Networks Latin America Inc.	Delaware
MTV Networks Music Productions Inc.	Delaware
MTV Networks s.r.o.	Czech Republic
MTV Networks Sarl	France
MTV Networks, Unipessoal, LDA	Portugal
MTV NZ Limited	New Zealand
MTV Ownership (Portugal), LDA	Portugal
MTV Russia Holdings Inc.	Delaware
MTV S.A.	Cayman Islands
MTV Songs Inc.	Delaware
MTV Taiwan LDC	Cayman Islands
MTVBVI Inc.	Delaware
MTVN Direct Inc.	Delaware
MTVN Online Partner I Inc.	Delaware
MTVN Social Gaming Inc.	Delaware
Music by Nickelodeon Inc.	Delaware
Music by Video Inc.	Delaware
N.V. Broadcasting (Canada) Inc.	Canada
Netherlands Management Services LLC	Delaware
Netherlands Overseas LLC	Delaware

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**Subsidiary Name****Place of Incorporation or Organization**

Neuquén TV S.A.	Argentina
Neutronium Inc.	Delaware
New 38th Floor Productions Inc.	Delaware
New Country Services Inc.	Delaware
New Creative Mix Inc.	Delaware
New Games Productions Inc.	Delaware
New International Mix Inc.	Delaware
New Nickelodeon Animation Studios Inc.	Delaware
New Not Before 10AM Productions Inc.	Delaware
New Open Door Productions Inc.	Delaware
New Pop Culture Productions Inc.	Delaware
New Remote Productions Inc.	Delaware
Newdon Productions	Illinois
Nick at Nite's TV Land Retromercials Inc.	Delaware
Nickelodeon Animation Studios Inc.	Delaware
Nickelodeon Asia Holdings Pte Ltd	Singapore
Nickelodeon Australia	Australia
Nickelodeon Australia Inc.	Delaware
Nickelodeon Australia Management Pty Ltd.	Australia
Nickelodeon Brasil Inc.	Delaware
Nickelodeon Direct Inc.	Delaware
Nickelodeon Global Network Ventures Inc.	Delaware
Nickelodeon Huggings U.K. Limited	United Kingdom
Nickelodeon India Pvt Ltd	India
Nickelodeon International Limited	United Kingdom
Nickelodeon Magazines Inc.	Delaware
Nickelodeon Movies Inc.	Delaware
Nickelodeon Notes Inc.	Delaware
Nickelodeon Online Inc.	Delaware
Nickelodeon U.K. Limited	United Kingdom
Nickelodeon UK Holdings LLC	Delaware
Nickelodeon Virtual Worlds LLC	Delaware
Night Falls Productions Inc.	Delaware
NM Classics Inc.	Delaware
Noggin LLC	Delaware
Not Before 10am Productions Inc.	Delaware
NP Domains, Inc.	Delaware
NTM, LLC	California
NV International, Inc.	Georgia
OHBWAY Investco Inc.	Delaware

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**Subsidiary Name****Place of Incorporation or Organization**

On Second Thought Productions Inc.	Canada
On-Site Productions Inc.	Delaware
OOO VIMN Holdings Vostok	Russian Federation
OOO VIMN Media Vostok	Russian Federation
Open Door Productions Inc.	Delaware
ORB, LLC	California
Outdoor Entertainment, Inc.	Tennessee
Override Pictures LLC	Delaware
Paramount British Pictures Limited	United Kingdom
Paramount China B.V.	Netherlands
Paramount Digital Entertainment Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Films of China, Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Films of India, Ltd.	Delaware
Paramount Films of Southeast Asia Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Home Entertainment (Australasia) Pty Limited	Australia
Paramount Home Entertainment (Brazil) Limitada	Brazil
Paramount Home Entertainment (France) S.A.S.	France
Paramount Home Entertainment (Germany) GmbH	Germany
Paramount Home Entertainment (Italy) SRL	Italy
Paramount Home Entertainment (Mexico) S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
Paramount Home Entertainment (Mexico) Services S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
Paramount Home Entertainment (UK)	United Kingdom
Paramount Home Entertainment Distribution Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Home Entertainment Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Home Entertainment International (Holdings) B.V.	Netherlands
Paramount Home Entertainment International B.V.	Netherlands
Paramount Home Entertainment International Limited	United Kingdom
Paramount Images Inc.	Delaware
Paramount International (Netherlands) B.V.	Netherlands
Paramount Japan G.K.	Japan
Paramount LAPT V Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Latin America SRL	Argentina
Paramount Licensing Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Movie and TV Program Planning (Beijing) Co., Ltd.	China
Paramount Network Espana, S.L.U.	Spain
Paramount NMOC LLC	Delaware
Paramount Overseas Productions, Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Pictures Australia Pty.	Australia
Paramount Pictures Brasil Distribuidora de Filmes Ltda	Brazil
Paramount Pictures Corporation	Delaware

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<b><u>Subsidiary Name</u></b>	<b><u>Place of Incorporation or Organization</u></b>
Paramount Pictures Corporation (Canada) Inc.	Canada
Paramount Pictures Entertainment Canada ULC	Canada
Paramount Pictures France Sarl	France
Paramount Pictures Germany GmbH	Germany
Paramount Pictures Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong
Paramount Pictures International Limited	United Kingdom
Paramount Pictures Louisiana Production Investments II LLC	Louisiana
Paramount Pictures Louisiana Production Investments III LLC	Louisiana
Paramount Pictures Louisiana Production Investments LLC	Louisiana
Paramount Pictures Mexico S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
Paramount Pictures NZ	New Zealand
Paramount Pictures Services UK	United Kingdom
Paramount Pictures UK	United Kingdom
Paramount Poland sp. z.o.o.	Poland
Paramount Production Support Inc.	Delaware
Paramount Productions Service Corporation	Delaware
Paramount Spain S.L.U.	Spain
Paramount Sweden AB	Sweden
Paramount Worldwide Productions Inc.	Delaware
ParaUSD Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
Park Court Productions, Inc.	Delaware
Peanut Worm Productions Inc.	Delaware
Pen Productions, LLC	California
Peppercorn Productions, Inc.	Tennessee
Pet II Productions Inc.	Delaware
Pop Channel Productions Inc.	Delaware
Pop Culture Productions Inc.	Delaware
Pop Toons Inc.	Delaware
Porta dos Fundos Produtora e Distribuidora Audiovisual S.A.	Brazil
PPC Film Management GmbH	Germany
PPG Holding 5 B.V.	Netherlands
PPG Holding 95 B.V.	Netherlands
Premiere House, Inc.	Delaware
Prime Directive Productions Inc.	Delaware
Project Drew, LLC	California
PT MTV Indonesia	Indonesia
Red Devs LLC	Delaware
RED MIRROR, LLC	California
Remote Productions Inc.	Delaware
Rosario TV S.A.	Argentina

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**Subsidiary Name****Place of Incorporation or Organization**

Salta TV S.A.	Argentina
Samarnick Insurance Corporation	New York
Screenlife Licensing, LLC	Nevada
Screenlife, LLC	Washington
See Yourself Productions Inc.	Delaware
Servicios Para Empresas de Entretenimiento, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
SFI Song Company	Delaware
SHAUNTENT, LLC	California
Shovel Buddies, LLC	California
Show Pants LLC	Delaware
SKG Louisiana L.L.C.	Louisiana
SKG Music L.L.C.	Delaware
SKG Music Nashville Inc.	Delaware
SKG Music Publishing L.L.C.	Delaware
SKG Productions L.L.C.	Louisiana
SKG Studios Canada Inc.	Canada
SnowGlobe LLC	Delaware
Social Project LLC	Delaware
South Park Digital Studios LLC	Delaware
Spelling Films Inc.	Delaware
Spelling Films Music Inc.	Delaware
Spelling Pictures Inc.	Delaware
Spike Cable Networks Inc.	Delaware
Spike Digital Entertainment LLC	Delaware
Springy Productions Pty. Limited	Australia
STAND IN, L.L.C.	Louisiana
Stepdude Productions LLC	Louisiana
Stuart Street, LLC	California
Study Hall Films Inc.	Delaware
Sunday Best, LLC	Louisiana
Superstar Productions USA Inc.	Delaware
SURRENDER, LLC	California
Talent Court Productions, Inc.	Delaware
TAM 3, LLC	California
TATB, LLC	California
Televisión Federal S.A.	Argentina
Televisora Santafesina S.A.	Argentina
Tentpole Productions, LLC	California
TEVEFE COMERCIALIZACIÓN S.A.	Argentina
TG Film, LLC	California

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**Subsidiary Name****Place of Incorporation or Organization**

The Box Holland B.V.	Netherlands
The Box Italy LLC	Delaware
The Box Worldwide LLC	Delaware
The Gramps Company Inc.	Delaware
The Love Sickness, LLC	California
The MTVi Group, Inc.	Delaware
The Paramount UK Partnership	United Kingdom
Thespians, LLC	California
Thinner Productions, Inc.	Delaware
Thunder, Inc.	Delaware
Timeline Films Inc.	Canada
TNN Classic Sessions, Inc.	Delaware
TNN Productions, Inc.	Delaware
TSM, LLC	California
Tucuman TV S.A.	Argentina
Tunes by Nickelodeon Inc.	Delaware
Turnip Productions LLC	Delaware
Twofer, LLC	California
UE Site Acquisition LLC	Delaware
Untitled Productions II LLC	Delaware
Untitled Science LLC	Delaware
Uptown Productions Inc.	Delaware
URGE PrePaid Cards Inc.	Virginia
VDS, LLC	California
VGS Management Services Inc.	Delaware
Viacom (Deutschland) Beteiligungen GmbH	Germany
Viacom Alto Finance C.V.	Netherlands
Viacom Alto Overseas C.V.	Netherlands
Viacom Animation of Korea Inc.	Delaware
Viacom Asia (Beijing) Advertising and Media Co. Ltd.	China
Viacom Asia Inc.	Delaware
Viacom ATV Inc.	Delaware
Viacom August Songs Inc.	Delaware
Viacom Blue Sky Inc.	Delaware
Viacom Brand Solutions Limited	United Kingdom
Viacom Caledonia LP	United Kingdom
Viacom Camden Lock Inc.	Delaware
Viacom Camden Lock Limited	United Kingdom
Viacom Canadian Productions Holdings Inc.	Canada
Viacom Domains Limited	Canada

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**Subsidiary Name****Place of Incorporation or Organization**

Viacom Finance B.V.	Netherlands
Viacom Global Limited	United Kingdom
Viacom Global Services Inc.	Delaware
Viacom Hearty Ha!Ha! LLC	Delaware
Viacom Holdings Germany LLC	Delaware
Viacom Holdings Italia S.r.l.	Italy
Viacom Interactive Limited	United Kingdom
Viacom International Administration Inc.	Delaware
Viacom International Film Finance Holdings Limited	Jersey
Viacom International Film Finance Limited	Jersey
Viacom International Hungary Kft.	Hungary
Viacom International Inc.	Delaware
Viacom International Inc. Political Action Committee Corporation	New York
Viacom International Media Networks (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia
Viacom International Media Networks Africa (Pty) Limited	South Africa
Viacom International Media Networks España, S.L.	Spain
Viacom International Media Networks Italia S.r.l.	Italy
Viacom International Media Networks Middle East FZ-LLC	United Arab Emirates
Viacom International Media Networks Nigeria Limited	Nigeria
Viacom International Media Networks U.K. Limited	United Kingdom
Viacom International Services Inc.	Delaware
Viacom International Studios Inc.	Delaware
Viacom Limited	New Zealand
Viacom Limited	United Kingdom
Viacom Media Argentina S.A.	Argentina
Viacom Netherlands Coöperatief U.A.	Netherlands
Viacom Netherlands Management LLC	Delaware
Viacom Networks Brasil Programacao Televisiva E Publicidade Ltda.	Brazil
Viacom Networks Europe Inc.	Delaware
Viacom Networks Italia Limited	United Kingdom
Viacom Networks Japan G.K	Japan
Viacom Networks Japan K.K.	Japan
Viacom Notes Inc.	Delaware
Viacom Origins Inc.	Delaware
Viacom Overseas Holdings C.V.	Netherlands
Viacom Realty Corporation	Delaware
Viacom RMP International LLC	Delaware
Viacom RMP LLC	Delaware
Viacom SG Inc.	Delaware
Viacom Songs Inc.	Delaware

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**Subsidiary Name****Place of Incorporation or Organization**

Viacom Sterling Finance C.V.	Netherlands
Viacom Subsidiary Management Corp.	Delaware
Viacom Telecommunications LLC	Delaware
Viacom Theater Inc.	Delaware
Viacom TN Inc.	Delaware
Viacom Treasury (UK) Limited	United Kingdom
Viacom Tunes Inc.	Delaware
Viacom TV Investco Inc.	Delaware
Viacom Ventures B.V.	Netherlands
Viacom Ventures Inc.	Delaware
VidCon International LLC	Montana
VidCon LLC	Delaware
VIMN Advertising and Brand Solutions S.r.l.	Italy
VIMN Argentina Limited	United Kingdom
VIMN Australia Pty Limited	Australia
VIMN Belgium BvbA	Belgium
VIMN Brasil Participações Ltda.	Brazil
VIMN CP Services (UK) Limited	United Kingdom
VIMN CP Services, ULC	Canada
VIMN CP Serviços (Brasil) Ltda.	Brazil
VIMN Finance Holding (UK) Ltd	United Kingdom
VIMN Finance Jersey Limited	Jersey
VIMN Germany GmbH	Germany
VIMN Netherlands B.V.	Netherlands
VIMN Netherlands Holding B.V.	Netherlands
VIMN Nordic AB	Sweden
VIMN Poland sp. z o.o.	Poland
VIMN Polska B.V.	Netherlands
VIMN Russia C.V.	Netherlands
VIMN Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
VIMN Switzerland AG	Switzerland
VIVA Media GmbH	Germany
VMN Digital Inc.	Delaware
VMN Noord LLC	Delaware
WhoSay, Inc.	Delaware
Wildness, LLC	California
Wilshire Court Productions LLC	Delaware
Wordsmith, LLC	California
World Sports Enterprises	Tennessee
Worldwide Productions, Inc.	Delaware

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**Subsidiary Name**

Wuthering Heights, CA Productions Inc.

Yellams

Yellowstone Finance LLC

Zarina 99 Vermögensverwaltungs GmbH

ZDE, LLC

Zoo Films LLC

Zukor LLC

**Place of Incorporation or Organization**

Delaware

Cayman Islands

Delaware

Germany

California

Delaware

Delaware

**CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Form S-8 (No. 333-172255, No. 333-172249, No. 333-131040, No. 333-130905, No. 333-130881) of Viacom Inc. of our report dated November 16, 2018 relating to the financial statements and financial statement schedule and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, which appears in this Form 10-K.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
New York, New York  
November 16, 2018

**VIACOM INC.**

Power of Attorney

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned director of VIACOM INC., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), hereby constitutes and appoints Christa A. D’Alimonte to be her true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for her and in her name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign or cause to be signed electronically (1) the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and any amendments thereto, (2) the Company’s Registration Statement on Form S-3 (the “Form S-3”), and any amendments thereto (including post-effective amendments), and (3) any and all instruments and documents filed as part of or in connection with the Form S-3 or any amendment(s) thereto, registering, in each case, for offer and sale the securities of the Company specified in the Form S-3 and any and all documents relating to such securities, in each case to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) and/or any national securities exchange under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully for all intents and purposes as she might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or her substitute or substitutes, shall lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this 16<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2018.

/s/ Cristiana Falcone Sorrell

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Cristiana Falcone Sorrell

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**VIACOM INC.**

Power of Attorney

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned director of VIACOM INC., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), hereby constitutes and appoints Christa A. D’Alimonte to be his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for him and in his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign or cause to be signed electronically (1) the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and any amendments thereto, (2) the Company’s Registration Statement on Form S-3 (the “Form S-3”), and any amendments thereto (including post-effective amendments), and (3) any and all instruments and documents filed as part of or in connection with the Form S-3 or any amendment(s) thereto, registering, in each case, for offer and sale the securities of the Company specified in the Form S-3 and any and all documents relating to such securities, in each case to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) and/or any national securities exchange under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully for all intents and purposes as he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or her substitute or substitutes, shall lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this 16<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2018.

/s/ Thomas J. May

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Thomas J. May

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**VIACOM INC.**

Power of Attorney

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this 16<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2018.

/s/ Judith A. McHale

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Judith A. McHale

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**VIACOM INC.**

Power of Attorney

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned director of VIACOM INC., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), hereby constitutes and appoints Christa A. D’Alimonte to be his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for him and in his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign or cause to be signed electronically (1) the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and any amendments thereto, (2) the Company’s Registration Statement on Form S-3 (the “Form S-3”), and any amendments thereto (including post-effective amendments), and (3) any and all instruments and documents filed as part of or in connection with the Form S-3 or any amendment(s) thereto, registering, in each case, for offer and sale the securities of the Company specified in the Form S-3 and any and all documents relating to such securities, in each case to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) and/or any national securities exchange under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully for all intents and purposes as he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or her substitute or substitutes, shall lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this 16<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2018.

/s/ Ronald L. Nelson

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Ronald L. Nelson

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**VIACOM INC.**

Power of Attorney

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned director of VIACOM INC., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), hereby constitutes and appoints Christa A. D’Alimonte to be her true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for her and in her name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign or cause to be signed electronically (1) the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and any amendments thereto, (2) the Company’s Registration Statement on Form S-3 (the “Form S-3”), and any amendments thereto (including post-effective amendments), and (3) any and all instruments and documents filed as part of or in connection with the Form S-3 or any amendment(s) thereto, registering, in each case, for offer and sale the securities of the Company specified in the Form S-3 and any and all documents relating to such securities, in each case to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) and/or any national securities exchange under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully for all intents and purposes as she might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or her substitute or substitutes, shall lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this 16<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2018.

/s/ Deborah Norville

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Deborah Norville

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**VIACOM INC.**

Power of Attorney

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned director of VIACOM INC., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), hereby constitutes and appoints Christa A. D’Alimonte to be his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for him and in his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign or cause to be signed electronically (1) the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and any amendments thereto, (2) the Company’s Registration Statement on Form S-3 (the “Form S-3”), and any amendments thereto (including post-effective amendments), and (3) any and all instruments and documents filed as part of or in connection with the Form S-3 or any amendment(s) thereto, registering, in each case, for offer and sale the securities of the Company specified in the Form S-3 and any and all documents relating to such securities, in each case to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) and/or any national securities exchange under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully for all intents and purposes as he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or her substitute or substitutes, shall lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this 16<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2018.

/s/ Charles E. Phillips, Jr.

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Charles E. Phillips, Jr.

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**VIACOM INC.**

Power of Attorney

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned director of VIACOM INC., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), hereby constitutes and appoints Christa A. D’Alimonte to be her true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for her and in her name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign or cause to be signed electronically (1) the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and any amendments thereto, (2) the Company’s Registration Statement on Form S-3 (the “Form S-3”), and any amendments thereto (including post-effective amendments), and (3) any and all instruments and documents filed as part of or in connection with the Form S-3 or any amendment(s) thereto, registering, in each case, for offer and sale the securities of the Company specified in the Form S-3 and any and all documents relating to such securities, in each case to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) and/or any national securities exchange under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully for all intents and purposes as she might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or her substitute or substitutes, shall lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this 16<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2018.

/s/ Shari Redstone

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Shari Redstone

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**VIACOM INC.**

Power of Attorney

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS that the undersigned director of VIACOM INC., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), hereby constitutes and appoints Christa A. D’Alimonte to be her true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for her and in her name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign or cause to be signed electronically (1) the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and any amendments thereto, (2) the Company’s Registration Statement on Form S-3 (the “Form S-3”), and any amendments thereto (including post-effective amendments), and (3) any and all instruments and documents filed as part of or in connection with the Form S-3 or any amendment(s) thereto, registering, in each case, for offer and sale the securities of the Company specified in the Form S-3 and any and all documents relating to such securities, in each case to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) and/or any national securities exchange under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agent full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done, as fully for all intents and purposes as she might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agent, or her substitute or substitutes, shall lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto signed my name this 16<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2018.

/s/ Nicole Seligman

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Nicole Seligman

CERTIFICATION

I, Robert M. Bakish, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Viacom Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 16, 2018

/s/ ROBERT M. BAKISH

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President and Chief Executive Officer



CERTIFICATION

I, Wade Davis, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Viacom Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 16, 2018

/s/ WADE DAVIS

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

**Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350,  
as adopted pursuant to  
Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Viacom Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ended September 30, 2018 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Robert M. Bakish, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify that to my knowledge:

1. the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ ROBERT M. BAKISH

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Robert M. Bakish

November 16, 2018

This written statement is being furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission as an exhibit to the Report. A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Viacom Inc. and will be retained by Viacom Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

**Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350,  
as adopted pursuant to  
Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Viacom Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ended September 30, 2018 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Wade Davis, Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify that to my knowledge:

1. the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ WADE DAVIS

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Wade Davis

November 16, 2018

This written statement is being furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission as an exhibit to the Report. A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Viacom Inc. and will be retained by Viacom Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

